

Report Minister of Education

Province of Ontario (CANADA)

1922



CAZØNDE -R25

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2022 with funding from University of Toronto

Gov Doc Ont E Outario. Education, socht. A.

REPORT

OF THE

Minister of Education

Province of Ontario

FOR THE YEAR

1922

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO





18.403.

TORONTO:

THE STATE OF THE S

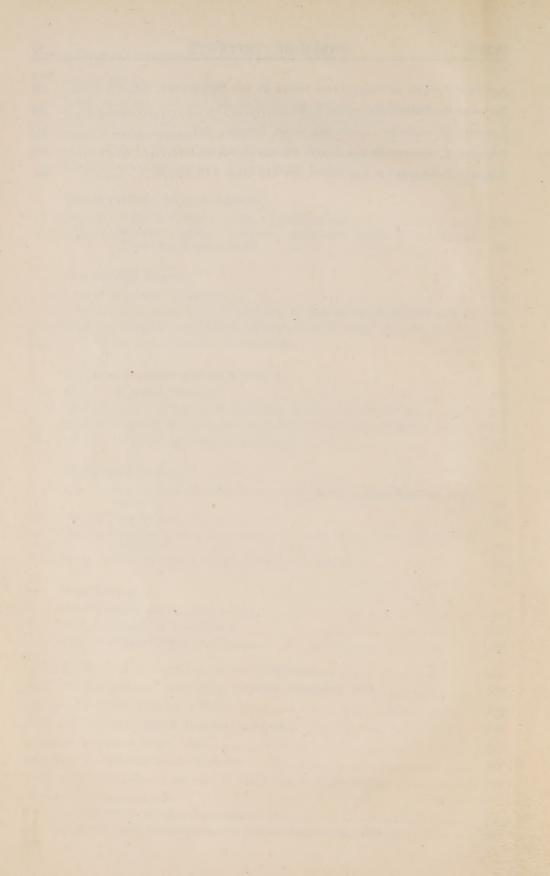
Printed by
THE UNITED PRESS LIMITED
400 Richmond St. W., Toronto

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	REPORT OF THE MINISTER	PAGE vii
	APPENDICES	
	APPENDIX A,—REPORT OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS	1
	APPENDIX B.—REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION	15
	APPENDIX C.—REPORT OF THE INSPECTORS OF CONTINUATION SCHOOLS	30
	APPENDIX D.—REPORT OF THE INSPECTORS OF HIGH SCHOOLS	34
×	APPENDIX E.—REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF RURAL SCHOOL ORGANIZATION	
-	APPENDIX F.—REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF MANUAL TRAINING AND HOUSEHOLD	
	SCIENCE	60
	Appendix G.—Report of the Inspector of Elementary Agricultural Classes	68
	Appendix H.—Report of the Inspector of Public Libraries	83
	APPENDIX I.—REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF AUXILIARY CLASSES	90
	Appendix J.—Report of the Provincial School Attendance Officer	92
	APPENDIX K.—REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF PROFESSIONAL TRAINING	97
	Appendix L.—Statistics of Elementary and Secondary Schools:	
	Summary of Statistics	
	I.—Elementary Schools	101
	III.—Secondary Schools. III.—General: Elementary and Secondary Schools.	102
	111, General Elementary and Secondary Schools	100
	Comparative Statistics, 1867-1921	
	I.—Public Schools (including Separate Schools):	
	1. School Attendance	104 104
	3. Teachers' Certificates	105 106
	5. Receipts and Expenditures	107
	Cost per Pupil	108
	III.—Protestant Separate Schools.	109
	IV.—Continuation Schools	110
	V.—Collegiate Institutes and High Schools:	
	1. Receipts, Expenditures, Attendance, etc	111
	Cost per Pupil	111
	2. Occupation of Parents of Pupils	112
	VI.—TEACHERS' INSTITUTES	112
	VII.—DEPARTMENTAL AND MATRICULATION EXAMINATIONS, NORMAL SCHOOL ATTENDANCE ETC	113

Public Schools	
I.—Table A.—Attendance and Pupils in the Various Branches of Instruction	PAGE 116
II.—TABLE B.—Attendance in Urban Schools by Age, Sex and Grade	132
III.—Table C.—Teachers, Salaries, Certificates, Experience	136
IV.—Table D.—School Houses, Medical and Dental Inspection, Libraries	142
V.—TABLE E.—Financial Statement, Value of School Property	146
Roman Catholic Separate Schools	1
I.—Table F.—Financial Statement, Value of School Property	156
II.—Table G.—Teachers, Salaries, Certificates, Attendance, Pupils in the Various Branches of Instruction, etc	162
Continuation Schools	
I.—Table H.—Financial Statement	174
II.—Table I.—Schools under Public School Board, Equipment, Destination of Pupils, etc.	182
III.—Table J.—Attendance, Pupils in the Schools and in the Various Subjects, etc	190
IV.—TABLE K.—Attendance by Age, Sex and Grade	200
Collegiate Institutes and High Schools	
I.—Table L.—Financial Statement	206
II.—TABLE M.—Boards of Education, Equipment, Destination of Pupils, etc	214
III.—TABLE N.—Attendance, Pupils in the Schools and in the Various Subjects, etc	228
IV.—Table O.—Attendance by Age, Sex and Grade	244
Vocational Schools	
I.—Table P.—Day Schools, Attendance, etc., Pupils in the Various Branches of Instruction, etc.	260
II.—Table Q.—Day Schools, Value of Equipment, etc	266
III.—TABLE R.—Evening Schools, Attendance, etc., Pupils in the Various Branches of Instruction	268
IV.—Table S.—Day and Evening Schools, Financial Statement	276
Miscellaneous	
TABLE T.—Protestant Separate Schools	278
Table U.—Report on Night Schools	279
Table V.—General Statistical Abstract	280
Appendix M.—List of Inspectorates and Inspectors	297
Appendix N.—Teachers' Institutes, Financial Statement, 1921	302
Appendix O.—Fifth Classes, 1921–22	306
Appendix P.—Rural School Libraries, 1921-22	314
Appendix Q.—Cadet Corps, 1922	316
Appendix R.—Superannuated Teachers	317
APPENDIX S.—FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE COLLEGE OF EDUCATION	318
Appendix T.—Examinations:	
I.—High School Entrance Examination, 1922	320
II — Junior Public School Graduation Diploma Evamination 1022	325

	PAGE
Appendix U.—List of Certificates Issued by the Department, 1922	
Appendix V.—Orders-in-Council, 1922	338
Appendix W.—Autumn and Summer Model Schools, 1922	342
Appendix X.—Report of the School for the Blind, 1921-22	343
APPENDIX Y.—REPORT OF THE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, 1921-22	367



REPORT

OF THE

Minister of Education

FOR THE YEAR 1922

To His Honour,

HENRY COCKSHUTT, Esq.,

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario

Your Honour,-

I beg leave to present the annual report of the Department of Education for the year 1922. The statistics are for the calendar year 1921 and exhibit the progress of the elementary and secondary schools in respect to (1) number of schools, (2) attendance, (3) professional training, (4) number of certificated teachers, (5) salaries paid to teachers, and (6) amounts spent on education by the provincial and local authorities. The appendices include the reports of departmental officers on the various educational activities carried on under the supervision of the Province.

The expansion of the school system from year to year is satisfactory evidence that Ontario maintains its deep interest in education and meets the larger requirements of the time with courage and enterprise characteristic of the people. The progress recorded corresponds with the increase of population, which in itself entails a steady annual increase in school accommodation and larger staffs. The higher costs involved, both for capital outlay and maintenance, are cheerfully met, and the readiness of the people to tax themselves in order to make the necessary provision is worthy of all praise. The generosity of the Legislature in voting larger sums of money from the provincial funds is also a gratifying proof of the general zeal for education. It may be well to set forth at the outset a statistical summary of the actual facts of the situation. As already noted, the returns in the following pages are for the calendar year 1921 in the case of elementary schools, and the financial statements of the secondary schools. The attendance in secondary schools is for the school year 1921–22.

Elementary Education

There was an increase of 100 in the number of elementary school houses in 1921. The total number was 6,901. The enrolled attendance was 585,213. This is an increase of 20,241 over the preceding year. The average daily attendance was 405,825, or 43,426 over that in 1920. The percentage of average to total enrolled attendance increased from 64.14 to 69.38. Under a new system—in operation for the first time in 1921—of obtaining the aggregate as compared with the possible aggregate attendance, there is full allowance made for those pupils who, in compliance with the law, entered school at any time after the opening of school in January or left before the close of the year. These statistics show that in 1921 the percentage of actual aggregate attendance to possible aggregate attendance was 86.18.

In 1921 a beginning was made in classifying the pupils in these schools according to age, sex, and grade. In table B those enrolled in the urban public schools are thus classified. The numbers given between the heavy black lines indicate the normal progression of the pupils, the numbers to the left show those more advanced, while those to the right of the lines show pupils who have been retarded owing to illness, irregular attendance, etc., or through being, at least to some extent, subnormal. These statistics show that 10.8 per cent. of the pupils up to and including the Fourth Book class are in the advance columns, 61.3 per cent. are normal, while 27.8 per cent. show varying degrees of retardation. Of the latter, however, more than half (57.8 per cent.) are only a year or part of a year behind the normally progressive pupils. This means that 11.7 per cent. of the pupils in these urban public schools are to some considerable extent subjects of retardation. Almost an equal number (10.8 per cent.) are in advance of their time.

The proportion of rural enrolment increased slightly (from 40.08 to 40.28 per cent.). The actual number enrolled in the rural schools increased by 9,307

or from 226,444 to 235,751.

The total value of elementary school sites, buildings, and furniture is \$69,037,869, and the value of the equipment is \$2,738,659. This is an increase of \$8,214,415 in sites, buildings, and furniture, and of \$462,462 in equipment.

Another advance in the average salaries of the teachers in these schools was made in 1921 as shown below:

	1920		1921		Increase	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Rural Schools. Urban Schools. All Schools.	1,964	\$868 1,146 1,000	\$1,125 2,053 1,628	\$961 1,203 1,079	\$66 89 53	\$93 57 79

The percentage of increase for the year is as follows:

	Male	Female
Rural Schools	6.2	10.7
Urban Schools	4.5	4.9
All Schools	3.3	7.9

The percentage of increase in salaries of all elementary teachers, male and female, is 7.4.

Teachers with the higher grade of certificates command the higher salaries. This fact is shown in the following table:

		Salary	1920	Salary	1921	1920	1921
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Number	Number
First Class certificated			\$1,075	\$2,236	\$1,180	1,303	1,276
Second Class "	44	1,367	1,034	1,436	1,101	9,544	10,133
Third Class "	44	873	768	928	845	1,160	1,146

These figures also show an increase of 589 in the number of Second Class teachers. The small decrease (27) in the number of First Class teachers is, no doubt, due to the advancement of this class to the Continuation and High Schools.

There were 14,404 or a total increase of 535 in the number of elementary school teachers and an increase of 135 in the number of men teachers in 1921. There were 1,641 male teachers, or 11.39 per cent. of the whole. In the previous year they formed but 10.85 per cent.

The Legislative grants to these elementary schools in 1921 amounted to \$2,454,018, an increase of \$841,181 over the previous year. The amount paid in teachers' salaries advanced by nearly two and a half million dollars, or from \$13,070,038 to \$15,473,049, while the total expenditure increased by \$4,498,281 and reached the grand total of \$29,714,793. The cost per pupil of enrolled attendance increased from \$44.63 to \$50.77.

Continuation Schools

The total number of Continuation Schools increased to 160 in 1921-22, or 16 more than in the previous year. (There are now over 180 of these schools). The expenditure amounted to \$649,474, as compared with \$473,085 in 1920. The cost per pupil increased from \$81.24 to \$86.53. The amount spent on teachers' salaries was \$406,162, as compared with \$317,602. The value of the equipment reached the sum of \$134,714, or \$17,085 more than in 1920. The enrolled attendance increased from 5,823 in 1920-21 to 7,505 in 1921-22. This is an increase of 28.8 per cent. More than half (51.17 per cent.) of the pupils are the sons and daughters of farmers.

Three-quarters (74.82 per cent.) of the teachers in these schools are women.

In the previous year they formed 72.15 per cent.

High Schools and Collegiate Institutes

The 170 High Schools and Collegiate Institutes in 1921–22—two more than in the preceding year—had an enrolled attendance of 39,405 pupils or 5,277 more than in 1920–21,—an increase of 15.4 per cent. The Toronto High School of Commerce was transferred last year from the High School list to the Vocational School list. Including this school, as formerly, the increase in attendance was 19.1 per cent. The percentage of average to enrolled attendance increased from 84.83 to 86.94. The attendance was derived from the specified classes as follows:

Commercial, 23.62 per cent.; Agriculture, 25.68 per cent.; Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church, 4.62 per cent.; Teaching, 1.40 per cent.; the Trades, 20.68 per cent.; Labouring occupations, 8.73 per cent., and other classes, 15.25 per cent.

The total expenditure on these secondary schools in 1921 amounted to \$4,790,211 or \$1,201,278 more than in 1920. The cost per pupil increased from \$105.16 to \$121.56. The expenditure on teachers' salaries increased by \$261,682 and amounted in all to \$2,531,069 or 52.83 per cent. of the total expenditure for all purposes. The total value of all school buildings and sites increased by \$754,921 and now amounts to \$9,569,685. An increase of \$33,708 was shown in equipment. The total value of the equipment was \$941,634.

Of the 1,302 teachers in 1921-22, 613 (47.08 per cent.) were men. In

the previous year 48.63 per cent. were men.

Summary of Secondary School Attendance

Due in part at least to the Adolescent School Attendance Act, a large increase—22.5 per cent.—in the total attendance at the secondary schools for the school year 1921–22 over 1920–21 is recorded as below:

Continuation Schools	5,823 34,128	7,505 39,405 5,344	28.8 19.1 56.7 See note.
	42,551	52,254	22.8

Note.—To obtain these percentages the enrolment (1,268) for 1921-22 at the Vocational School—the Toronto High School of Commerce—is placed in the High School list where it appeared in 1920-21.

Conference with County Representatives

An important conference upon the administration of secondary schools in counties took place in October. As the result of invitations to the County Councils, representatives of those bodies met to consider various phases of the secondary school situation, dealing with the future extension of advanced courses in rural areas, the financial support and the method of apportioning it, and the relation of the county authorities to the whole subject. A summary of the suggestions made by the committee to be embodied in legislation later on has been made public and may be given here:

- 1. Respecting Facilities for Secondary Education in Rural Districts. The committee is of the opinion that the facilities for full-time and part-time education should be extended as widely as possible to people residing in the rural communities, and makes the following suggestions regarding means.
 - (1) That the solution of the problem is to be found in the multiplication of continuation schools judiciously distributed over the counties.
 - (2) That these schools grow naturally out of the fifth forms of public schools and that they, in turn, be advanced to high schools when the increase in attendance warrants the change.
 - (3) That where advisable, continuation schools should be established in connection with consolidated schools.
 - (4) That in considering the question of the extension of schools due regard should be had to the possibility of serving wider areas through providing transportation by busses or otherwise when this means would appear to be better and more economical than through the multiplication of schools.
 - (5) That the provisions should be made in secondary schools not only for those who can attend school throughout the year, but also for part-time classes of instruction of pupils who desire to attend short courses.
- 2. Respecting the Equalization of the Support of Secondary Schools. The conference examined carefully the present mode of distribution which places the cost of education, after the government grants are deducted, (1) of resident pupils on the ratepayers of municipalities or school sections in which they are established, and (2) of county pupils on all ratepayers of the county including the municipalities in which schools are established.

The committee pointed out that this mode of distribution is not fair to all parties concerned because the ratepayers residing in the school sections or municipalities in which the secondary schools are established pay not only for the full cost of education of the children in those school sections or municipalities but are also required to pay their share of the cost of education of the county pupils.

The committee proposed two alternative schemes for equalization:—

- (1) To continue the present scheme of support and to equalize it by relieving the municipalities included in the secondary school areas from contributions towards the cost of education of pupils who reside outside their own high school district.

 Or
- (2) To adopt a new basis of support which would divide the cost of education of resident pupils between the school sections and municipalities concerned and the county, and the cost of education of county pupils between the townships from which the pupils come and the county.

- 3. Consultative County Committee. The committee recommended that a county consultative committee be appointed as an advisory body when asked to investigate or report upon any matter relating to secondary education within the county. This committee should not assume any of the functions of the local school boards or of the county council's committee on education. It should consist of three members appointed by the county council, the county inspectors of the public schools, and an inspector appointed by the Minister of Education.
- 4. Equalization of Assessments. It recommended also that in view of the largely increased county grants for educational purposes, the attention of the Provincial Government be directed to the advisability of having the assessment law amended to provide for the equalization of the assessment rolls of a county by valuators only.

The Adolescent School Attendance Act

The compulsory attendance laws of the Province were revised and amended under the administration of my predecessor with a view of extending the period of education and of securing greater regularity of attendance, because it was recognized that the efficiency of a school system depends very largely on the extent to which the children of the country avail themselves of the instruction offered in the schools.

The reports of the Provincial Attendance Officer show that the authorities responsible in both the urban and the rural municipalities have very largely appointed Attendance Officers, and that in most cases these officers are performing efficiently the duties for which they are responsible under the Act, but in certain areas, more especially in rural municipalities, there is need yet for a more careful enforcement of the law.

The provisions of the Adolescent School Attendance Act relating to the extension of the period of education from fourteen to sixteen years of age have been very generally observed in urban municipalities. Surveys of several of the cities and towns show that a relatively small percentage of children of these ages are out of school. These results have been obtained in most cases without the serious opposition of parents. School authorities have shown commendable enterprise in the endeavour to provide adequate school accommodation for the largely increased attendance of pupils in the upper grades of the elementary schools and in the secondary schools.

Home permits and employment certificates have been granted freely by the Attendance Officers to those whose circumstances have made it necessary for them to work. The officers have been concerned mainly in making certain that all pupils between the age limits named in the Act are either at school or at work.

The section of the Act providing for part-time courses of instruction for those at work on home permits or employment certificates came into operation in September last, and some progress has been made in organizing such courses. The willingness of Boards to meet their new responsibilities has been commendable. Some of the Boards have already made quite adequate provisions for instruction, and many others are completing their plans for offering a much wider range of work when the schools open in September next.

The Supply of Teachers

The large attendance in the professional training schools, which is reassuring as a promise of an adequate supply of certificated teachers, may be



APPENDIX A

REPORT OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS

TO THE HONOURABLE R. H. GRANT, M.P.P. Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,—I beg leave, herewith, to submit my annual report for your consideration.

I have the honour to be.

Sir.

Your obedient servant.

INO. WAUGH.

Toronto, January 16th, 1923.

Teacher Supply

The past year has witnessed the accomplishment of the solution of one of the most difficult and fundamental problems in connection with the Elementary Schools. The Minister was able to announce during the year that there was a sufficient supply of fully qualified teachers for all the Public and Separate schools in the well settled and progressive portions of the Province. In a year or two there will be a sufficient supply to make it essential for a teacher to ensure his reputation in order to be an acceptable candidate for a position.

The following are quotations from the reports of Inspectors of elementary

schools:

"For the first time in many years all the schools opened in September with

legally certificated teachers in charge."

"Our schools are better supplied with teachers this year than they were last. We have no teachers employed at the present time who have not had

professional training."

"The character of the teaching reflects credit on the training schools. The beginners bring with them zeal and enthusiasm which carries them through many difficulties. I am of the opinion that I have now the best staff that I have ever had."

"Boards found little difficulty in obtaining qualified teachers in September. It would seem practicable in this district to reduce considerably the number of schools recommended for the special list of schools in which Third Class teachers may be employed."

The number of teachers holding Second Class certificates in 1922 is 10,589

as against 10,133 in 1921 or a gain of 456 teachers in a single year.

The number of Temporary certificates during the same period decreased

by 257, a decrease of more than 20 per cent.

The improved conditions in this regard will go a long way toward the solution of a second problem, viz., that of permanency in the profession and

permanency in the tenure of office in a particular school; and this in turn will result in greatly increased opportunities for the Elementary School Inspectors to improve education in their respective districts. So long as the teachers were mere transients, the Inspectors were faced with the never-ending task of Sisyphus. Under the new conditions, as the teaching staffs become more permanent, it will be possible for the Inspectors to carry out a definite line of educational development, each in his own area.

Some years ago the suggestion was made in one of these reports that there were obvious advantages in an exchange of Inspectors between one inspectoral division and another. The value of this proposal will come more clearly to the

front under the new and more desirable conditions described above.

The increased permanency will set the Inspectors free from a great proportion of their most difficult and troublesome tasks, and they will thus be in a position to give more attention to inspiring and directing the teachers under their control.

Duties and Qualifications of Inspectors

The work of the Public and Separate School Inspectors has greatly increased in recent years. We are now in the midst of a great transition period in which changes of a more or less radical nature are taking place in our educational system. The responsibility of guiding the people aright at such a time rests largely upon the Inspectors. They are obliged to attend many public meetings for the discussion of educational questions of pressing importance; they must also attend to the work of school inspection and administration as well as to a rapidly increasing amount of office work and correspondence. To maintain the efficiency of their schools must be their constant aim; while at the same time, under modern conditions, they must assume a larger share in community life.

In view, therefore, of the increasing demands upon the time and thought of the Inspectors, it is quite evident that many of the present inspectorates are much too large. For some time it has been recognized by the Department of Education that no Inspector should have more than 100 teachers under his charge, especially where the majority of these are in rural schools. At present

in many of the inspectorates this number is greatly exceeded.

It is evident also that the present supply of Public School Inspectors will be quite inadequate for the number of positions which will soon be vacant through retirement or otherwise and immediate steps should be taken to meet this contingency. When the County Council of Prescott and Russell advertised for a Public School Inspector, only three applicants presented themselves. One of these refused the appointment; the other two have since been appointed to positions.

It is suggested in this connection that the academic standing for an Inspector's certificate be an Honour degree in Arts, in a Canadian or British University, equivalent to an Honour degree in the Ontario Provincial University, obtained on a course selected by the Minister; and that the professional require-

ments be:

- (a) Five years' teaching experience in the Province of Ontario, of which three shall have been in a Public or Separate School; or as an alternative for part of the three years' Public School or Separate School experience, such special additional training in a Normal School or College of Education as the Minister may direct, together with a period of approved apprenticeship with a selected Public School Inspector.
 - (b) The professional examinations for Inspectors' certificates.

Under the present regulations the candidates for Inspectors' certificates are mainly of two classes:

(1) Persons qualifying themselves for prospective positions as Inspectors of city schools who would not undertake the duties of a rural school Inspector.

(2) Men of long experience, the larger part of which has been acquired in the High Schools of the Province and whose Public School experience was obtained years ago.

There is, of course, a third class of candidates for these certificates consisting of men who with the required academic standing have had long and successful experience in the Public Schools of the Province, but their numbers are inconsiderable.

The change in the requirements with regard to experience would open the doors to a much larger number of candidates. It is, of course, true that in order to make any scheme workable for improving the inspectoral service, the remuneration should be increased. The success of the whole elementary school system depends to a great extent upon the Public School Inspectors, and the salary should be sufficient to attract successful teachers from any class of schools in the Province.

Changes in the Staff of Inspectors

During the year 1922 a number of changes occurred in the Provincial Inspectoral staff.

The educational services of Northern Ontario suffered severely by the death of Mr. L. A. Green in June. Mr. Green had been identified with the development of education in the District of Algoma from the time of the reorganization of the Districts after the retirement of Inspector McCaig. He lived to see the fruits of his labours in the development of schools in practically every part of the great area intrusted to his charge. From year to year as his tasks increased, he met them with renewed vigour and efficiency until a short time before his lamented death. He will long be remembered, not only for his educational work, but for his nobility and sweetness of disposition. He was succeeded by Inspector D. T. Walkom, transferred from the Cochrane area, who in turn was replaced by Inspector L. A. Marlin, M.A.

Mr. John Nelson, B.A., Inspector of Public Schools for the Counties of Prescott and Russell, died in September. He was a very valuable official of the Department of Education and a man of good judgment and great sagacity in dealing with very difficult matters. In all probability the complexity and responsible nature of his work and his whole-souled devotion to it shortened his days. Mr. Archibald McVicar, M.A., of St. Catharines, has been appointed his successor.

Inspector H. D. Johnson, of West Middlesex, has resigned his position after a service of many years. He is to be succeeded in February by Mr. J. H. Sexton, M.A., Principal of the Strathroy Collegiate Institute. Mr. Johnson, during his long period of service, has been one of the most faithful officials of the Department and with singular tact has been able to secure many needed reforms in his Inspectorate at the cost of very little friction with local authorities.

In September of the present year, Mr. G. A. Wheable, B.A., who had successfully passed his examinations for an Inspector's certificate in June, was appointed Assistant Inspector of Public Schools of the City of London, succeeding Inspector V. K. Greer who had, after the death of Inspector Edwards, been made Senior Inspector of the City. Mr. Wheable's valuable services to his country during the Great War and his personal popularity in the City of London with teachers and school authorities augur well for his success in his new field of labour.

Mr. A. W. Morris, who was recently appointed an additional Inspector for the City of Hamilton, resigned to accept the principalship of the Hamilton Collegiate Institute and was succeeded by Mr. E. T. Seaton, B.A., formerly of the Hamilton Normal School staff.

Mr. D. D. Moshier, an Inspector of Public Schools in the City of Toronto exchanged positions with Mr. MacKenzie, an Inspector of Public Schools in New Zealand. The arrangement for the exchange of services will terminate at the close of the present school year. Exchanges of this kind cannot fail to have their influence upon educational progress by enlarging the horizon, not only of those who themselves directly benefit by the exchange, but of all with whom they come into contact in the performance of their duties. I am glad to be able to report that Mr. McKenzie has already established for himself an honoured place in educational circles in the City of Toronto, and is carrying on his work with zeal and excellent judgment.

The Inspectors referred to in my last year's Report as having recently taken office have all been approved by the Department and are carrying on their duties with a considerable measure of success.

New Departmental Appointments

The appointment of Dr. Karr as Director of Rural School Organization, and the appointment of Mr. N. McDougall as General Inspector, made it possible for the Department to give a good deal more attention and direction to Public School Inspectors and School Authorities during the latter part of the year.

Dr. Karr's appointment released Assistant Chief Inspector, Mr. Chisholm. from the duties he formerly so ably performed in connection with the propaganda for consolidated schools and is making it possible for him to give special consideration to many types of difficult educational problems which are arising

in all parts of the Province.

General Inspector McDougall assisted with the inspection of public schools in Wentworth, Lambton, Carleton, Prescott and Russell, and Algoma. the case of the first three, this course was made necessary as the local inspectors were overloaded. In the case of Algoma and Prescott and Russell, Inspector McDougall filled the period between the decease of the local Inspectors and the appointment of their successors. He has done valuable work also in assisting the incoming Inspectors where their work presented special difficulty.

Reports from Inspectors

Very encouraging reports of the year's work have been received from the Public and Separate School Inspectors throughout the Province. While these reports show a keen appreciation of the many and varied educational problems to be solved, yet they are characterized by an optimistic outlook begotten of

continued and substantial progress.

The great majority of schools are reported to be reasonably well equipped, while in almost every inspectorate more or less improvement was made during the year in school buildings and school grounds. In several of the cities very magnificent public school buildings have been erected, involving the expenditure of large sums of money. These buildings conform to the modern ideals of architecture and make adequate provision for all the requirements of the present Public School Course of Study. A question raised in this connection by some of the Inspectors is whether there should be a standardized type of school construction with a few standardized types of school buildings, the result of which might be that the ratepayers would secure a maximum of school accommodation for a minimum of cost.

During the last few years a staff of nurses and doctors, in the employ of the Department of Education, have been making a health survey in various school inspectorates of the Province. This work has been carried on without expense to the local authorities and the reports are gradually awakening the people to the urgent need of medical and dental inspection in our common schools. In a number of cases the Inspectors report that these surveys have been followed by local arrangements for the appointment of a permanent nurse to carry on the work of health inspection. Progress along this line, though necessarily somewhat slow, has been gratifying. Details of this work are given under "School Health Division."

Another gratifying feature of the reports from the various Inspectors is that almost without exception teachers' salaries are said to have increased during the year, notwithstanding somewhat adverse industrial conditions. This would seem to indicate that the people, as a whole, have a keen appreciation of the value of education in its relation to modern life, and are willing to make sacrifices in order that their children may secure an efficient school training. The very generous grants given by the Department of Education are also reported to have had a very marked effect in keeping up salaries and thus enabling trustees to secure fully qualified and competent teachers. Very many of the inspectorates have no teachers with lower than First or Second Class certificates, while in the other cases the number of teachers with lower grade certificates or permits shows a considerable decrease for the year. In the majority of the inspectorates there also seems to have been more permanence in the teaching staffs than has been the case for some years.

Many of the Inspectors situated in different parts of the Province, where conditions vary greatly, are agreed in their opinion that a larger unit of administration would be a great step in advance in our rural education. Their suggestion is that the present system of a Board of Trustees for each section should be replaced by a system of Township Boards of Trustees. Such a system it is believed would greatly facilitate progress along several lines.

Conditions in Northern Ontario

Dr. J. B. MacDougall, Assistant Chief Inspector for Northern Ontario, reports as follows: "The past year has seen distinct progress along both educational and administrative lines. There is still, however, the pressing problem of providing educational facilities for the sequestered groups of children who are in sparsely settled areas, along the railroad right-of-way, in the timber and pulp wood camps, and in various isolated spots chosen by the hunter, the trapper, and the fisherman.

"There are hundreds of such children unhappily placed. The remedies are few as the problem is difficult. The following have been applied: the creation of sections where numbers warrant; transportation by rail, motor, launch, or horse drawn vehicle where conditions allow; or boarding convenient to some existing school. Added devices and a special policy are essential—such as the travelling school or itinerant teacher, which plan space forbids enlarging upon. The Northern Academy at Monteith is proving a large factor in the solution and this type of school should be multiplied.

"There are also difficulties in connection with the financing of school sections in wild and unsurveyed parts of the north and in securing an adequate

supply of competent teachers for such schools. The guarantee of debentures and generous grants by the Province have greatly assisted in overcoming these difficulties."

More Advanced Education for Rural Communities

I am very much pleased to note that during the year there has been considerable advancement made in the matter of providing more extended education for rural communities. This has taken place chiefly in three ways:

1. By greatly increasing the number of Fifth Classes in rural schools.

2. By establishing high or continuation schools at rural or small village centres that will conveniently serve rural districts.

3. By establishing consolidated schools which provide high school as well

as public school training.

In regard to the wisdom of having a fifth class in an ordinary one-teacher rural school there has been much discussion. In this connection it is well that all concerned should remember that the fifth form is just as much a part of the Public School as any of the other forms. In fact, where there are no other convenient facilities for an education beyond the High School Entrance examination, it is very essential that the teachers, the inspectors, and the trustees, co-operate in carrying on fifth class work in rural schools as efficiently as possible, where there are pupils desiring to take up this work.

So far as consolidated schools are concerned there were 16 in operation during the whole or part of the year, while 10 others are in process of construction. These are situated chiefly in the Eastern and Northern parts of the Province. In every case they are very popular in the communities which they serve. In some cases it is reported that school sections which recently voted by large majorities against consolidation are now expressing their desire to join the consolidated area.

The reason for this sudden and complete change of view on the part of the people is that having seen the consolidated school in operation for a year they are thoroughly convinced that such a school offers, at a reasonable cost, much greater educational advantages than the ordinary one-teacher rural school.

The consolidated school buildings are constructed according to plans approved by the Department of Education They afford all the conveniences and comforts of the best urban schools and provide opportunity for carrying on, not only the ordinary public and high school courses of study, but such special courses in Agriculture, Manual Training and Domestic Science as the trustees may determine. In some cases in the consolidated sections large numbers of young men and young women, who are beyond school age, are attending these schools for the purpose of receiving instruction in certain subjects under the direction of the local Agricultural Representative and special teachers sent by the Provincial Departments.

School Attendance

In almost every case the public and separate school Inspectors report a gratifying improvement in attendance both as regards numbers and regularity. There has evidently been a more careful enforcement of The School Attendance Act. The Attendance Officers are reported to have discharged their duties more effectively than in the preceding year and to have acted also with commendable tact and discretion.

The following is a quotation from one of the reports: "It is pleasing to be able to report an increase in the average attendance since the School Attendance

Act came into force. During the Fall term it was not unusual to find when visiting the schools, that the average attendance had been 90 per cent. or over. This result is partly due to the activity of the School Attendance Officers and partly due to a quickening of the public conscience regarding the duty of parents

to send their children to school regularly."

The total enrolment of the elementary schools of the Province for the year 1921 was 585,213. This is an increase of 20,241 over that of the preceding year. The average daily attendance was 405,825, or 43,426 over that of 1920. The percentage of actual aggregate attendance to possible aggregate attendance was 86.18. In securing the possible aggregate attendance, teachers were instructed to place in the proper column of the daily school registers the total number of days from the day of enrolment, or from the day that a child of compulsory school age should have been enrolled, to the end of the year, or to the time of his enrolment in another school, or to the date on which he legally left school. Therefore, the percentage attendance, 86.18, may be relied upon as giving a fairly accurate idea of attendance of the youth of this Province.

There were enrolled in the secondary schools of the Province for the school year 1921-22, 52,254 pupils with a daily average attendance of 44,831. Thus the entire enrolment in the elementary and secondary schools was 637,467 or

21.74 per cent. of the entire population of the Province.

Northern Academy

The Northern Academy at Monteith has continued to justify the expectations which brought it into existence. This school has now a complete staff of six highly qualified and efficient teachers who are carrying on the work of the elementary and secondary schools as far as Matriculation. About seventy-five per cent. of those enrolled are preparing themselves to teach in Northern Ontario. The results of the last Departmental Examinations were highly gratifying. The fullest provision has also been made in this school for physical education. It has been found necessary to increase the capacity of the school by fitting up a boys' residence and by the erection of a new school building.

The details of the building programme are set forth in the accompanying

report made by the Consulting Architect.

In September, 1922, the Department of Education took over the Monteith Experimental Farm of seven hundred acres, together with the necessary stock, implements, and general farm equipment, as a school farm. Along with the Farm, the Department at the same time took over the power plant which furnishes power to the Hawke Lake Lumber Company and electric light for the school, farm, and village of Monteith. The school with its subsidiaries is thus in a position to furnish not only a thorough academic education but also a practical education in several of the most important occupations of modern life.

"Building operations being carried on at Monteith include the new School Building, the Central Power Plant, the drainage and sewage disposal systems.

"1st. The school consists of a building of one storey and a basement with the following accommodation on the ground floor: Assembly Hall, 30' x 52' with a stage 19' x 12'; four standard class-rooms, each 23' x 33', a principal's room, teachers' room with lavatories off; and in the basement, Manual Training rooms, Domestic Science, Chemistry and Physics Laboratories, the latter two with preparation rooms attached; male teachers' room, and boys' and girls' locker rooms and lavatories. This building is of concrete in the lower storey, and of frame brick veneered in the upper, and is roofed with asphalt slate

shingles. The brick used for face work is tapestry brick from the Provincial Clay Plant at Mimico. The building was staked out on the 14th of June and operations have been proceeding satisfactorily. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupation on the 3rd of January, 1923.

"2nd. The power plant is a brick building with concrete foundations, accommodating meantime one tubular boiler, but having sufficient room for two additional boilers of the same type to take care of the whole of the heating of the Institution. In the meantime the school only is heated from this plant.

"3rd. The sewage plant is a concrete structure consisting of an activated sludge tank and settling tank, to which the whole of the drainage from the Institution will be carried. Meantime, the school and the present residence are connected with this plant, which has been placed in a hollow near the river, so that the overflow can discharge into the stream without polluting it.

"4th. Minor alterations have been made in the present residence; and alterations have been made in one of the farm houses, to convert it into a resi-

dence for boys."

The School staff consists of the following:

G. S. Johnson, B.A., Principal; F. C. Hartley, B.A., Science and Mathematics; Miss Lois G. Black, B.A., Modern Languages and Literature; Miss Estelle M. Gillham, First Class Certificate, Art, General Subjects; Arthur Archibald, B.Sc.A., Agriculture and Manual Arts, Science; Norman Campbell, B.A., Elementary School subjects.

It is expected that it will be necessary to make still further additions to the building and accommodations, in view of the number of pupils applying for admission and of the importance of the work in this remote and rapidly

developing section of the Province.

Re Schools in Fire Area, Northern Ontario

For the past two years Mr. George White, the Assistant Provincial Architect, who was designated by the Department of Public Works, at the request of the Minister of Education, has done valuable service in connection with the programme for better school accommodations throughout the Province. The advantages to this Department of having a competent and highly skilled architect at hand cannot be overestimated, either from the point of view of economy effected, or of the beauty and propriety of the school buildings which have been made possible. His services, too, have been of the greatest value in re-building the schools in Northern Ontario destroyed in the recent terrible conflagration. On this matter Mr. White's report is submitted herewith.

"The following work has been undertaken and has been carried on by this Department in connection with the providing of accommodation to take the

place of schools destroyed by fire.

"1st. Haileybury.—Five separate buildings of one room each, of a temporary nature have been built, three on the old school site and two on the present school site. These buildings are now in occupation. The ruins of the Public School have been taken down, the debris cleaned out, and the salvage roofed in, and part of the basement is being used for lavatory accommodation in connection with the temporary schools.

"2nd. Haileybury.-A two-room school and a one-room temporary school have been built on the site of the Separate School and the ruins of the Separate School have been taken care of in the same way as in the case of the Public

School.

"3rd. North Cobalt.-Two two-room buildings have been built.

"4th.—One-room school buildings are being erected at Evanturel, Thornloe and No. 2 Bucke.

"All the schools in the fire area are of frame, set on mud sills, and those at North Cobalt, the Separate School at Haileybury, Evanturel, Thornloe and No. 2 Bucke may eventually be placed on concrete foundations and be brick veneered.

"The Department has arranged for the full equipment of all the above buildings."

School Health Division

The work of the School Health Division is being carried forward successfully under the direction of Dr. J. T. Phair, who is to be congratulated besides upon having added to his honours by winning the Degree of D.P.H. (Doctor of Public Health), University of Toronto, a distinction shared with few others in the Province. His report is submitted herewith.

"The decision of the Department, some three years ago, to place a larger measure of emphasis on the close relationship between Good Health and Mental Efficiency, has evidently been more than justified, an increased interest in the question of School Hygiene having been noted throughout the year 1922.

"While no radical change has been made in the original programme of the Division, it was decided early in the year that the hope of making available for every child in the Province some effective type of School Health Service could best be realized by attempting to establish at least one rural unit in every county, hoping that its evident value would be sufficiently patent to the neighbouring townships to warrant the country-wide adoption of the suggested plan. We were prompted in this partly by the magnitude of the original task as compared with the staff available, and partly by a desire to make the physical examination, which had formerly been of necessity more or less superficial, as thorough as time and the co-operation of the parents would permit. With this end in view, the field staff completed the work begun last year in Wellington, Huron, Brant, Durham, and Carleton Counties, and entered Kent, Lincoln, Prince Edward, and Northumberland, and in all but one of these, combinations of rural and urban schools for the purpose of employing a permanent school nurse resulted. At the present time, some twenty of these units are in actual operation with two commencing operations at the first of the new year.

"In no instance in the units operating has the service been discontinued, and in most much satisfaction has been expressed with the work done by the nurse employed. This is particularly pleasing, as in many instances the plan was adopted by the local group purely as an experiment, and its permanent adoption is evident proof of the practicability of the Department's programme.

"In the larger centres in which some form of School Health Service had been previously carried on, the Department's suggestions for strengthening this service have in most instances been readily accepted, and the almost universal adoption by the entire Province of a standard physical record card is to be noted. There are now sixty-three centres in the Province equipped with full-time School Health Service, employing in all, six physicians, twelve dentists, and ninety-five nurses, an encouraging increase over last year.

"The Division's activities have not been solely confined to older Ontario, but much good work has been done in Haliburton, North Frontenac, North

Addington and in the Districts of Sudbury and Algoma.

"Some interesting facts have been elicited as the result of the work of the staff, for example: the amount of unexplained malnutrition among rural children, the relation of physical sub-normality to academic progress; and with the cooperation of the City of Toronto staff, an attempt was made to estimate in a large group of children, the degree of mental and physical improvement, following the correction of previously existing physical defects.

"The Summer Class for School Nurses held under Department auspices during July and August had the maximum enrolment, and many applications for admission were received from outside the Province. The Course was evidently much appreciated, and those in attendance have in all instances gone back to their various centres with interest in their work materially increased.

"Much of the attention of the Division has been focused on the matter of improved School Sanitation, and an excouraging response has been received in many districts. It is planned to continue the stressing of this too often neglected phase of School Health Supervision throughout the coming year, and also to urge an increased appreciation of the value of practical Health teaching as a solution to many of the present problems in personal and community hygiene."

The Junior Red Cross

According to reports from various parts of the Province, increased attention is being paid to the sanitary condition of the schools. The Department's association with the Ontario Red Cross has again proved helpful. The work in the schools, carried on by the Junior Red Cross in association with the Schools' Health Branch is undoubtedly leading teachers to pay more attention to their pupils' health and the sanitation of their schools. Through the organization of the Junior Red Cross Auxiliary, the task of establishing habits of cleanliness of person and surroundings, good posture, caring for teeth, deep breathing, sleeping with open window and other such fundamental health practices, has been a rich source of training in self-government for the pupils. This plan, therefore, has the additional advantage of serving as a practical training in the subject of Civics as well as in that of Hygiene. It makes Health and Citizenship actual and vital school accomplishments. As the Normal and Model Schools are beginning to use Junior Red Cross, the general adoption of the methods may be expected before long.

The appeal made by your Department to the schools on behalf of the children who lost their homes and schools in and about Haileybury in the Timiskaming District last October has met with a liberal response. Up to the present date (Dec. 26th) the sum of \$4,574.28 has been received from 601 schools, in addition to large quantities of clothing, books, and toys. Approximately \$2,000 of this sum was spent for Christmas toys, sleighs, dolls, beads, skates, rubber shoes, pencil boxes, games and books. These were distributed before Christmas in

all the homes.

There was thus a Christmas gift for every boy and girl provided by their school friends in other parts of the Province. This service has been under the care of the Junior Red Cross. It has provided the occasion for the exercise of practical unselfishness.

The balance of the Fund will be applied to the care of sick and crippled children in the Fire Area or to provide clothing as need may arise. Undoubtedly this interest in the helping of those in need is a valuable preparation for the larger duties which the children of to-day will be called upon to perform as citizens of the future.

Summer Courses for Teachers

The Summer Courses established at convenient centres throughout the Province, in order to give teachers an opportunity of securing higher grade certificates and special certificates in Art, Music, Physical Culture, Vocational and Auxiliary departments, were attended last mid-summer by over 2,000 public school teachers. It is gratifying to note that such a large percentage of teachers are eager to improve their academic and professional standing.

Auxiliary Classes

Rapid and gratifying progress is being made in the adjustment of the School Course to the needs of special classes of pupils, through the establishment of Auxiliary Classes. The benefits have not only fallen upon these children, but have occasioned relief and increased efficiency in the classes from which the children have been withdrawn.

There are now in Ontario seventy-four Auxiliary Classes, of which twenty-five were established during 1922.

Visual Instruction

The organization of Visual Instruction hinted at in my last year's report has been carried into effect by the appointment of Dr. L. B. Jackes as Director. At the present time some three thousand modern lantern slides have been secured by the Department, many of which have been made into sets, containing from thirty to fifty slides per set. Typewritten notes accompany each set. The material deals with Nature Study and popular science, also with the Geography and the History of the British Empire and a number of foreign countries. At the present time, there are in course of preparation sets of lantern slides dealing with Modern Italy, France, the Royal Ontario Museum, public health; and a larger series from very rare material depicting Canadian History in episodes from the time of Jacques Cartier to the present. Many of these slides were obtained by Dr. Jackes during his recent visit to Europe.

Teachers desiring the use of these slides, may obtain them, free of charge, by making application for them to this Department. Ten days is the limit of time allowed for their use.

Visits to United States Schools

During the year pamphlets were issued by the Department dealing with various phases of education in the United States. Very valuable contributions to this series of Educational pamphlets were made by Inspectors Hutchison, Benson, Marshall, Taylor, and by Messrs. Bell and McLaren. These Reports deal especially with rural school education, consolidation of schools, rural High Schools, qualifications of teachers and inspectors and methods of educational administration. The Reports cover Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio, and portions of Indiana and Minnesota. A number of other Inspectors have been instructed to make further investigations this year upon questions of educational reconstruction which may be regarded at present as in only the experimental stage. It is hoped that investigations of this kind, and the exchange of teachers and inspectors now going on between this and other parts of the Empire will direct and encourage the expansion and development of our own educational system.

Elementary School Courses

One of the later acts of Egerton Ryerson was the introduction of the Limit Table, which practically made the Readers the basis of classification into Forms and which required a certain standard in all of the other subjects of the curriculum for promotion.

Ryerson's views were largely dominated by the educational theory, at that time much in vogue, of a well rounded and balanced education. Although this theory has at present much less influence on education than it had then, the Ryerson Limit Table has never been substantially modified. The changes from that day to this have been mainly in the direction of enlivening and broadening the Course of Studies so as to meet the increasing demands of modern society and the special capabilities of the individual pupils. It is singular that this Limit Table, which gave rise to a storm of opposition at its inception, was subsequently received with patient equanimity and has since contributed to his reputation as an educational reformer.

All this would seem to suggest the profound wisdom and foresight which he displayed, but the time has surely come for a careful testing of the principles upon which this Limit Table was founded, and for a readjustment, if in any respect these principles fail to satisfy the present trend of social and economic

thinking.

One question persistently obtrudes itself on the mind of every thinking educationist, that is, the question whether we have sufficiently considered the natural order of the development of the human faculties in our present scheme of educational studies. Putting the matter concretely, are we requiring at an early age too great proficiency in Arithmetic, for example, in relation to progress in other studies? This question receives additional emphasis from the investigation of many school time-tables, which give approximately 20 to 25 per cent. of the school day to the study of Arithmetic and that too, although it may be questioned whether mental Arithmetic receives its due share of attention.

The greater portion of the early years of a child's school life may with profit be directed especially to acquiring a knowledge of the spoken and written language and even from the earliest years, considerable attention should be given—far more than is now the case—to clearness of enunciation, quality of tone and even purity of expression. It is to be feared and greatly to be deplored that, in these most important particulars, our every-day speech does not seem to be improving, even although illiteracy is fortunately decreasing.

Considerations of this kind induced the Department of Education in 1919 to modify materially the Regulations governing the requirements for the High School Entrance examination. These modifications had reference especially to the courses in Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, and History, and were all in the direction of lessening the strain. A further revision of the "Regulations and Courses of Study for the Public and Separate Schools, 1915," is under consideration with a view to bringing them into closer conformity with the

standards and requirements recognized to-day.

New Problems

Among the problems still awaiting solution there are two which are insistent; the first relates to providing the pupils in the remoter districts with suitable school accommodations and in some cases, with means of transportation. This problem is in some of its aspects linked up with the second which relates to the

distribution of Legislative grants to equalize, so far as possible, the burdens of the taxpayers.

The present scheme of distribution of the Legislative grants was at its inception intended to increase the efficiency of the schools in important respects. Subsequent modifications were rendered necessary by the exodus of teachers from the schools and by the depreciation of salaries in relation to the standard of living. With the conditions which now happily prevail, it will become possible to readjust the distribution of these grants so as to equalize the cost of education among all classes of citizens. The outstanding difficulty, however, is that the present methods of assessment indicate very inadequately the relative wealth, and in consequence, the comparative needs of the different communities.

The Assisted School Fund and the Special Grants to meet special conditions are only applicable to those communities where the wealth and resources of the ratepayers in a given area are nearly on a parity. They clearly fail, for example, to meet the conditions in many rapidly developing residential areas for the industrial classes, where they would give little relief to the poor and would serve merely to enhance the profits of the speculators.

The attempt to provide educational facilities for every child in the Province and the liberal grants on teachers' salaries now offered by the Department have led to the setting up of a great number of small schools especially in the remoter and more backward areas, and also to the perpetuation of small schools already in existence. Many of these, through the falling off in the number attending, are being conducted with too small an attendance for practical efficiency.

Consolidation, if readily accepted, would obviously solve some of these difficulties. Section 74 of the Public Schools Act, 1920, and Section 3 of the Act respecting Consolidated Schools are intended to provide a remedy for special cases. An amendment passed in 1922 to facilitate the education of pupils at the most accessible school, is also a step in the same direction. But with all these agencies at work the problem is only half solved. Portions of Dr. McDougall's report quoted above under "Conditions in Northern Ontario," give some suggestions as to the method by which a further solution is sought.

It is believed that whilst some of these small schools may be necessary, a great many of them, at least in the class of those with less than 7 pupils, might with advantage be closed and the method of transportation so amply provided for in the Public Schools Act be invoked.

The method of transportation by water has been successfully called into play at Moon River, Pointe au Baril and the Ragged Rapids and everything seems to indicate the possibility of largely extending the method, especially in those areas where Summer Schools, conducted through the months from April to November, are in operation. The method of transportation by motor launch in some parts of Ontario unvisited by the Schoolmaster seems to offer possibilities for much larger school sections than ordinary as the homes of the settlers are close to the shore along the waterways.

Conclusion

The fundamental conditions of success in the work of inspection are of course an understanding of the child nature, a revealing sympathy with the teacher in his difficulties, courage, tact and courtesy in the performance of duties; and it is only fair to add that in all these respects, notwithstanding admitted defects and in some cases disabilities, the elementary schools of this Province are well served by the present highly qualified and efficient officials.

Permit me also to state that I believe there never has been a time in our educational history when it was more essential that character building and training for citizenship be given first place in the aims of our schools. For the highest success of the individual, for the welfare of the community and for the good of the nation, this ideal should prevail. If education is to enable us to do our best as a nation and as part of a great empire, it must be based on those moral principles for which our empire stands. The annual Empire Day celebrations which are conducted with much enthusiasm in the schools are proving a valuable means of fostering a truer and broader patriotism in the minds of those who will soon be guiding the destinies of our country.

I wish, on behalf of the Public and Separate Schools, to express sincere appreciation of the very valuable assistance rendered to the cause of education by the "Women's Institutes," "The Home and School Clubs," the "Parent and Teacher Associations," and various other organizations of a similar character which have lent valued aid and counsel to school authorities everywhere

throughout the Province.

APPENDIX B

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

To the Honourable R. H. GRANT.

Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,-

I have the honour to submit herewith my Annual Report on Industrial and Technical Schools.

I have the honour to be.

Sir.

Your obedient servant,

F. W. MERCHANT, Director of Industrial and Technical Education.

Toronto, January 22nd, 1923.

Progress during the year 1921-22

An examination of the statistical tables attached to this report shows that the number of students enrolled in the vocational classes continues to increase.

In the day schools the total enrolment in full-time, part-time, and special classes for the year 1921-22 was 7,522, making an increase of 2,996 over the enrolment for the previous year. This large increase in the day class enrolment was made up, in part, of a satisfactory increase in the enrolment in the industrial and technical classes and, in part, by the transference under the provisions of the Vocational Education Act, of a number of high school commercial departments to the technical schools.

In the evening classes the enrolment for 1921-22 was 32,549, which, compared with the enrolment for the previous year, shows an increase of 5,248.

Increased Accommodation for Vocational Education

I pointed out in my earlier reports that the chief obstacle in the way of the establishment and extension of technical schools was the lack of accommodation and that boards found difficulty in supplying this lack on account of the excessive cost of equipment for technical education. This obstacle is now being rapidly removed. The liberal grants of the Department of Education, made possible in part by the grant of the Dominion Government, have enabled local school authorities to enter upon extensive building programmes.

A recapitulation of the building projects that have been completed, are under way, or have been adopted, will show that much progress has been made

by boards in providing facilities for vocational education.

In 1919 the City of Ottawa completed an addition to the technical school to provide needed shop accommodation and to relieve congestion in the school. The attendance at this school has increased to such an extent that the accommodation which in 1919 was thought to be ample for years has become quite inadequate.

Niagara Falls was one of the first places to take advantage of the grants on capital costs, and erected a new building adjacent to the Collegiate Institute for the use of vocational classes. The accommodation provided in this building has become overtaxed, and the local school authorities are reported to be considering the question of the addition of four class-rooms for technical purposes.

Sudbury in 1920-21 erected on the high school grounds a separate building devoted exclusively to vocational education and specially planned to provide facilities for mining classes. Here also the attendance taxes the capacity of

the building.

In the same year Fort William erected a special wing to the new Collegiate Institute to be used for vocational classes. The buildings in both Sudbury and

Fort William were occupied in September, 1921.

A very fine new building in Sarnia designed to provide accommodation for all types of secondary education, academic, industrial and technical, commercial, home economics, part-time and special, was completed in September, 1922. The opening of this school, with its excellent shops, laboratories, assembly hall, and facilities for household science and arts, and physical training, furnished another example of the well-known truth that increased and improved school accommodation means increased enrolment and improved attendance. In this case the new building provided not only better accommodation for the usual secondary school classes, but also facilities for vocational education for a large group of adolescents for whom the ordinary programme makes no provision.

Sault Ste. Marie adopted the policy of providing for vocational education in an independent school, quite separate from the High School. One o the factors determining this policy was the need for locating the school in a part of the city where it would be readily accessible for evening classes and part-time students. This school was opened in September, 1922. The enrolment was,

as in the case of Sarnia, highly satisfactory.

The main building of the Hamilton Technical School, which has been under

erection for the past year, was ready for occupation in September, 1922.

The completion of the large new Windsor-Walkerville Technical School has been delayed somewhat through lack of material and labour at critical moments. It is expected that this school will be opened in September, 1923. In the meantime, the Technical School Board has provided for the vocational classes by securing accommodation in the Windsor Collegiate Institute and the Walkerville High School.

Work on the new Branch Technical School in East Toronto is proceeding satisfactorily, and it is probable the building will be ready for use in September, 1923.

The City of St. Catharines is dealing with the problem of vocational education on the plan adopted by Sarnia. The new building will make provision for all types of secondary education, including instruction in agriculture. The erection of this building has proceeded rapidly, and the school will be ready for occupancy in September, 1923. The school will furnish an excellent addition to the educational facilities of St. Catharines.

Guelph also has adopted the policy of the composite school, and is erecting a new building on the Collegiate Institute grounds near the old school. This school also will be opened in September, 1923.

Kitchener is providing for a composite school by erecting a new building adjacent to the old school, with the necessary accommodation for the types of

technical education needed in that city.

Renfrew is erecting a building for composite school purposes of a type somewhat different from those just mentioned. Accommodation is being provided to furnish opportunities for vocational classes mainly along agricultural lines.

Galt has been considering the problem of providing technical education for its youth. Plans and specifications for a large addition to the Collegiate Institute have been submitted to the Department and approved. A contract for the erection of the building has recently been made by the Board.

Plans for a vocational school designed to meet the needs of Weston have been submitted to the Department and approved, and the Advisory Committee

intends to proceed immediately with the work.

Owen Sound has adopted a scheme for providing vocational classes and the plans have been approved by the Department.

The need for vocational schools is shown by the willingness of local municipalities to provide their share of the expenditure for buildings and equipment.

The following table shows the value of the accommodation for vocational education that has been provided in the last three years or is being provided in the places mentioned. In some cases the accommodation is in a self-contained vocational school, in others it forms a separate wing or a portion of a so-called composite school specially set aside for vocational classes.

Ottawa\$115,000 00	į
Niagara Falls	
Sudbury	
Fort William	
Sarnia	
Sault Ste. Marie	
Windsor and Walkerville	
Hamilton	
Toronto (East End Technical School)	
St. Catharines	
Guelph	
K tchener	
Galt	
Weston	
\$Renfrew	
*Owen Sound	

Summer Schools for Teachers of Vocational Subjects

The second annual session of the summer school for the training of teachers of vocational subjects was held in the Central Technical School, Toronto, from July 3rd to August 4th, 1922.

The total enrolment was as follows:-

Men	First year 17	Second year. 13
Women: Dressmaking Group Millinery Group Teachers' Group	27 15	15 3 11
	73	42

^{*}Approximate value.

The second year students consisted of those who had completed satisfactorily the work of the first year as given in 1921. The first year students were made up of three groups: (1) teachers of trade or technical subjects who held temporary certificates; (2) other persons with approved qualifications looking forward to teaching vocational subjects; (3) teachers holding certificates in domestic science who wished to take the practical course in dressmaking.

The men's classes were composed of teachers of machine shop practice, motor mechanics, carpentry and cabinet making, electricity, power plant operating, and mechanical drawing. The women's classes were composed of teachers of dressmaking or millinery or other persons taking the practical work in preparation

for teaching these subjects.

The courses of study included (1) Principles of teaching; (2) School management, for all except professional teachers; (3) Special methods of instruction in vocational subjects; (4) Courses of study and lesson plans for all students in training. The women had, in addition, practical work in dressmaking and millinery.

The work of the session was completed satisfactorily by thirteen men and twenty-three women of the second year group, and by fifteen men and forty-one women of the first year. Those who have completed the work of the second year will be awarded interim certificates if the teaching methods used by them are reported as satisfactory by the Inspector.

The present arrangements for training teachers of vocational subjects require the student in training to attend two summer sessions, each of about twentyfive days of instruction of five hours per day. This arrangement is temporary, pending the establishment of a permanent training institution, and is expected

to terminate in September, 1924.

The experience of the past two years in the summer school shows that the time available is not adequate to give the amount and kind of training that is desirable. Not only is more time needed for instruction in the principles of teaching and in school methods, but much more time is needed for practice teaching. Each student in training should have an opportunity to teach in actual classes of adolescents some twenty to thirty practice lessons before being certificated as a competent teacher. The necessity for the establishment of a training institution offering facilities for practice teaching is steadily becoming more urgent. The supply of well-equipped instructors in vocational subjects is not equal to the demand.

Part-time Classes

Every urban municipality with a population of 5,000 or over is required to establish and to maintain part-time courses of instruction for the education of adolescents who have home permits or work certificates. Since the majority of the young people who are required to attend such courses are engaged in wage-earning, it may be expected that they will wish to take part-time instruction related to occupational interests.

The fundamental purpose of the part-time school is to bridge over the gap between the full-time school and the full-time employment, to help the young worker in the difficult task of adjustment to a new environment. The state has a vital interest in this period of adjustment, as upon its success or failure will depend the health, the vocational efficiency, and the character of its future citizens.

The part-time school is the agency of the state, which, acting as the guardian of the child, will see that he is aided in choosing a useful career for which he is

fitted, and that he is afforded every assistance in fitting himself for that career, both as a worker and as a citizen.

In more concrete terms, the aims of the part-time school have been stated as follows (Prof. Myers in "Vocational Education," November, 1922):

1. To increase the proficiency of its pupils in the jobs they now hold, however temporary these jobs may be.

2. To help them to get into work for which they are well fitted by native ability, interest and temperament, and then to train them for this work so far as school training is necessary.

3. To help them obtain from their employment the best training that it has to offer 4. To help them protect and, if possible, improve their health under employment conditions.
5. To help them understand and interpret in terms of their jobs some of the more fundamental economic principles underlying industry and business.

6. To help them see and assume the growing civic responsibilities that come to them as

7. To help them form habits of work and habits of using leisure time that will contribute to their health, success, and personal growth.

8. To help them develop attitudes of mind towards work, towards employers, towards their fellow-workers of whatever nationality, and towards the community, that make for good citizenship.

The vocational schools in the cities are making a fair beginning in establishing part-time courses. In Hamilton the authorities in charge of the Technical School have their arrangements completed for taking care of some twelve hundred adolescents between the ages of fourteen and sixteen. All adolescents at work on employment certificates in Sarnia are in attendance at part-time courses. One hundred and seventy-eight part-time pupils are enrolled in the London Technical School, and three hundred and twenty-six in the Central Technical School in Toronto. Accommodation for part-time classes is being provided in all the new buildings being erected for vocational education.

Co-ordinating Officer

The programme of a vocational school is planned to give those in attendance (1) a good general education and (2) a special training in preparation for entrance into some wage-earning occupation. The essentials for a general education are fairly well known, but the requirements for special training vary greatly in different times and in different places. That this special training may best meet the needs of the time or the place it is important that the school keep in close touch with the occupational opportunities of its graduates. Further, it is equally important that the educational opportunities of the school should be made available not only to all who may be looking forward to entering wage-earning occupations, but also to all who are already in the occupations.

The attention of Advisory Committees should be drawn to the fact that the Vocational Education Act provides a method for keeping the school in close touch with the employments of the community. The method is by the appointment of an officer whose special duty it is to co-ordinate the work of the school with the needs of the outside world.

This co-ordinating officer should bring to the attention of employers and employees the work of the school and make the necessary arrangements with employers, employees, and the school for part-time, co-operative, apprenticeship, or other special classes. In performing these duties he should visit the homes and places of employment of adolescents, apprentices, and other young people to explain to them the opportunities offered by the school in these classes. He should keep in close touch with the principal fields of employment of young people in order to determine what educational or training attainments are needed for entrance into each field or for promotion in the field. He should seek the 2 D.E.

co-operation of employers in organizing part-time classes for employees and in placement of pupils leaving school for employment. He should make suggestions to the teachers and principal about any adjustments in the courses of study and methods of instruction that will more effectively meet the requirements of the vocations and needs of the pupils. His function, therefore, should be to bring the school to the people and the people to the school.

The first school in Ontario to appoint such an agent is the Central Technical School, Toronto, where a co-ordinating officer entered on his duties on January

1st, 1923.

Haileybury Mining School

On October 4th, 1922, a disastrous fire in the areas adjacent to Haileybury swept down on the town and practically wiped it out. Fortunately, the Haileybury High School and School of Mines escaped destruction and afforded a place of refuge for many of the homeless. On October 24th Principal Tuke reported that the school had been reopened, and stated, "There are not many pupils back yet, owing to the fact that regular car service is not resumed to Cobalt. From enquiries I learn that the number who have removed too far to attend this school is much smaller than I expected. There should be close to 200 of the 233 enrolled before the fire who can come back. It has been one of the compensations of the situation to find what a hold the school has on the affections of the students and the confidence of the parents and to what an extent its operations are holding the population in this vicinity."

The following extracts from communications from Mr. Tuke are a tribute to the energy and devotion shown by members of the staff during the disaster:

"I am at last taking a little time to report to you that the buildings of the High School and Mining School were not destroyed or damaged by the fire. They were used as places of refuge for a large number the night of the fire, and though in danger once or twice, did not at any time actually take fire."

"The High School is still being used as a relief station, about thirty people,

at first over a hundred, being housed and fed here."

"Miss Hutchinson has done wonders; she carried water and secured food from the burning houses so as to serve the refugees on the night of the fire; gave first aid to sufferers and kept her head in face of danger; she has nursed the sick, planned meals, issued clothing, and generally shown herself a marvel of efficiency."

"Miss Best and Miss Stewart did work scarcely second to that of Miss Hutchinson in caring for the refugees. Their actual physical labour and unselfish

devotion to their work were no less than hers."

"Mr. Pickard and his wife are working on the Central Relief Committee,

Mrs. Pickard having charge of the clothing distribution."

"Mr. Clemmer, mathematics teacher, did heroic work fighting the fire at the station and other points, and after the south and centre of the town were on fire came up to our end and saved my house by working on the roof in the face of a terrific gale. He worked the rest of the night at the numerous fires starting up in the woods and clearings and gave efficient service with the relief work."

"The confidence and determination of the people here are amazing. The work of restoring public service has gone on with unbelievable rapidity, and the spirit of sacrifice shown by the people, many of them sufferers themselves, in helping the less fortunate, the generosity of our Cobalt and New Liskeard neighbours, the failure of their merchants to take advantage of the situation and the whole-hearted response from Ontario and the rest of the world in general restore one's faith in human nature."

Commercial Education

The Vocational Education Act of 1921 made provisions for the organization of commercial departments in connection with vocational schools. Prior to the passing of the Act all commercial instruction in secondary schools was carried on under the High Schools Act.

Such instruction was introduced at first by making bookkeeping, stenography and typewriting optional subjects of study. Later, special commercial departments were established in connection with the Collegiate Institutes and most of the larger High Schools. The courses of study in these departments, as a rule, extended over a period of two years and were intended to prepare young people for wage-earning employments. On the whole these courses have been popular, but they have been confined to a moderately narrow field.

The commercial departments of the vocational schools have been organized in response to the need for broader and more extended courses for those who are to enter any department of business life. The requirements of these courses should be worked out with a great deal of care. Stress should be laid on the academic subjects necessary for a good general education, and on the practical side the courses should be adapted to fit young people for the varied demands of business. It is important to find out just what are these demands. As a preliminary step in this direction, Mr. M. A. Sorsoleil, one of the organizers of the Technical Branch, made an enquiry among the business men in Toronto. The results of this enquiry are illuminating and should be studied by all teachers in commercial departments. Mr. Sorsoleil's report is as follows:

To F. W. Merchant,

D'1111 Ct 1 C-1-

Director of Industrial and Technical Education.

Acting under your instructions given early in September, I called upon a number of representative business men in Toronto for the purpose of learning their opinions as to what type of instruction would best prepare young people for commercial employment.

The aim of the discussion was to obtain general information and also definite answers to the following questions:

1. What weakness, if any, is noticeable in beginners?

2. What change should be made in the commercial subjects taught at present?

3. Is a knowledge of (a) stenography, (b) bookkeeping, necessary for promotion in your

4. What subjects should be stressed?
5. What new subjects should be added to the course?
6. Should training be given in office machines other than typewriters?
7. Can salesmanship be taught? If so, what should be the content of such a course? 8. What foreign languages should be taught?

9. Would you be willing to co-operate in giving students a chance to obtain practical experience before being graduated?

The following is a list of firms and officials visited:

Riddell, Stead, Granaill &	
HutchinsonAccountants	Mr. Jamieson
Norris-Patterson, Limited Advertising Agency	7Mr. J. P. Patterson
J. J. Gibbons, Limited " "	Mr. Tedman
StarNewspaper	
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. Ltd	Mr. Ieeves, Mr. Tipple
Bank of Commerce	Mr. A. St. L. Trigge
Bank of Commerce	M. W 4400
Bank of Nova Scotia	wir. watson
Wood Gundy & Co Bond Brokers	Mr. G. H. Wood
A F Ames & Co	Mr. Peacock
J. G. Beatty & CoStock Brokers	Mr. Davis
F. H. Deacon & Co	
H. & C. Blachford, LtdRetail Boots & Sho	Mr C F Blachford
H. & C. Blachford, Ltd Retail Doots & Sho	Ci
Davies Footwear Co	Shoes Mr. C. A. Davies

N	Vasmiths, Ltd	Bread and Biscuits	. Mr.	Calder
C	mistie, Brown & Co., Ltd	. Discuits	Mr.	Edmonds
T.	I M Daney & San Itd	Builders	Mic	c Crawford Socratory
77	V. D. Johnston Co. I td.	. Wholesale Clothing	N/I ==	LI W Insland
V	v. R. Johnston Co., Ltd	Condita Description	3/1.	D. W. Heland
K	L. G. Dun & Co	.Credit Reports	. IVIT.	Brent
		Wholesale Men's Furnishings		
		. Confectioners		
		. Retail Stores		
T	`. Eaton Co., Limited	. Retail Store		
			Mr.	. Ireland, Mr. Hiscox
Т	he Bell Telephone Co. of Cana	ada, Ltd	.Mr	. Kennedy
N	Iurray-Kay Ĉo., Limited	. Retail Dry Goods	.Mr.	O'Connor
C	anadian General Electric Co.	.Electrical Supplies	Mr.	Golden
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Č	'oneumers' Gas Co		Mr	Hewitt
	onsumers das co		Mr	Armetrone
т	Saranta Hydra Flastria System		N/I	E M Ashworth
1	oronto Trydro-Electric System		7/L-	Dame !!
T	County Mr. Co			Powell
1.	oronto Carpet Mig. Co		. Çap	ot. Cragg
		Wholesale Dry Goods		
		. Wholesale Rubbers, etc		
C	anada Permanent Trust Co		.Mr.	Geo. H. Smith
N	Iedland Bros	. Wholesale Grocers	.Mr.	Medland
V	Vm. Rennie Co., Ltd	. Wholesale Seeds	.Mr.	I. Rennie
S	ellers Gough Fur Co	Mfr. and Sale of Fur Goods	.Mr.	A. I. Gough-
Ti	mperial Life Insurance Co		Mr.	Mathews, Mr. Moore
В	riodens Limited	. Art Printers and Engravers	Me	ssrs G and F Brigden
R	vrie Bros Limited	Mfr. and Sale of Silverware	Mr	Tas Ryrie
	Tyric Dros., Elimited	. MIII. and Sale of Shiver ware	Mr	Cooper Mr C Maynard
C	alada Taa Ca of Canada I td	W/L-11- W/11	7/1-	Clarks
N.	lishet & Auld Limited	Wholesale Woollens	7/1.	AI.d
11	isbet & Aulu, Linnteu	. Wholesale Woollens	. IVII.	Const
C	1 0 1 11 00 1		Wir.	Gray
U	anada Central Loan & Savings	3	. IVIT.	Fisher
13	tational Trust Co		. IVII.	Dreckenriage
Já	ames Robertson Co., Ltd	Sanitary Engineers	. Mr.	H. S. Harwood
C	anadian National Railways		.Mr.	Price-Green
			Mr.	Wardell
В	Surroughes Adding Machine o	f		
	of Canada, Limited		.Mr.	Whitelaw
	· ·		Mr.	Conlin
Si	turgeons, Limited	Painters' Supplies	.Mr.	Sturgeon
V	V. G. A. Lambe & Co.	Brokers	.Mr	Charles
C	P.R. City Ticket Office		Mr	Underwood
n	le La Salle High School	Commercial Dept	Bro	Aloveine
1	La Dalle High Delloul	Commercial Dept	. DIU	. moysius

At least ten of these firms carry on organized educational work, much of it during business hours. The work taken includes commerce and finance, salesmanship, mathematics, business forms and organization, the use and technique of the telephone, business correspondence, and reading courses covering a wide range. It is obvious that business men recognize the need and value of more

complete and, in some cases, special commercial training.

I found the gentlemen whom I interviewed unfailingly courteous, keenly interested and ready to contribute from their knowledge and experience. They heartily approved of the method taken to obtain information and freely placed themselves at my disposal. Not infrequently I was shown through the whole office system, and the qualifications and duties of each employee were carefully explained. The way was left open for future visits by an invitation to return at any time. They also expressed a desire to have the teachers and others connected with educational work visit their plants and study business organization at first-hand.

M. A. Sorsoleil, Organizer of Technical Education.

Bro. Victor

The information gathered in the course of the conversations will be reported in four sections:

A.—Preliminary Training for Beginners.

B.—Discussion of the Subjects Comprising the Present Commercial Courses.

C.—Additional Subjects Suggested.

D.—Recapitulation.

Section A

For convenience the business firms have been grouped as follows: financial, wholesale, retail, and manufacturing concerns, public utilities, and a group

comprising those not included in the foregoing classes.

The replies to the question, "What preliminary training do you demand in your beginners?" fall into two classes; (1) Those answers that are common to all firms; (2) those that are characteristic of a group. Replies common to all groups:

- (a) Good character.
- (b) Good grounding.
- (c) Competency in stenographers.

The expression, "Good character," generally comprised honesty, interest and initiative. It was recognized that the schools of the Province aimed to develop character. In all five suggestions as to how this work might be helped were made:

- 1. Direct talks on character in business by the teachers.
- 2. Talks on the same subject by business men.
- 3. Methods in teaching that throw the pupils back on their own resources.

4. Insistence on neat, complete, accurate work.

5. A study of the biographies of several great business men.

By good grounding was meant good penmanship, good English, correct spelling, and the ability to do simple arithmetic. The competency of the stenographer will be discussed later. It may be noted, however, that the stenographer with only entrance standing can scarcely hope to attain to the degree of efficiency that is generally desired.

Specific requirements of each group:

Financial Houses: Banks, trust and loan corporations, and stock brokers ask for a junior about sixteen or seventeen years of age who has had one or two years' high school experience. Bond brokers and insurance companies require matriculation or its equivalent. Some of the bond brokers are looking for university men, undergraduates, or graduates, and the actuarial departments of insurance companies are insisting on university training as a minimum qualification. There is a general feeling that those going into commerce should have some actual business contact not later than eighteen. In this group commercial training is not regarded as essential, although all, with the exception of the banks and loan companies, conceded that a knowledge of double-entry bookkeeping, commercial geography, and economics, and even advanced mathematics might prove very helpful. The bank regulations advise their clerks to become acquainted with some system of accountancy, the Bank Act, exchange and bankruptcy laws. This generally is beyond the student of sixteen or seventeen and must be done after the junior has left school.

Wholesale Firms: In the accountancy branch juniors sixteen or seventeen years old with training beyond the public school are required. They are

expected to follow office routine up through mailing, invoicing, and posting. There may be a very large staff preparing the records for one or two experts who actually do the accounting. While not absolutely essential, it was thought that these juniors should have a comprehensive knowledge of business paper and of double-entry bookkeeping.

In the warehouse branch the same kind of junior is demanded, and as many of these become salesmen and heads of departments, a knowledge of business paper, bookkeeping, commercial geography, and a study of materials would

furnish an excellent equipment.

Retail Stores: In the large stores the work is highly specialized. The minimum age for beginners is sixteen and they must have at least entrance standing. Higher wages are paid by one firm to employees with a year or more of high school training. In the accounting branch much of the work, such as auditing cash slips, is clerical and is done by girls. Very few bookkeepers are required even by the largest firms.

In the sales department no previous experience or training is asked for, but any assistance that could be given in the way of merchandising, study of materials, salesmanship, and business forms would be welcome and would lead to the more

rapid advance of the employee and to greater efficiency.

The smaller stores require employees with a more general business training. *Manufacturing Plants*: There is considerable variety in the attainments required in the accountancy and merchandising departments of these firms. A junior of about seventeen with a good education is required. If he knows business forms and double-entry bookkeeping and commercial geography, so much the better. His work, however, soon becomes a matter of routine. A wide knowledge of bookkeeping enables him soon to learn the system and prepares him for promotion in his own firm or elsewhere.

Each firm requires one or more expert accountants or auditors. Occasionally there is a demand for a knowledge of a voucher system, cost accounting and

transportation.

In the selling departments there is an occasional demand for experts in

merchandising and quite generally a demand for trained salesmen.

Public Utilities: In these concerns much of the work in accounting is purely clerical. Very few accountants are required by each. The usual junior sixteen or seventeen years old with a year or two at high school is accepted. If he has had commercial training, his advancement is more rapid. These corporations require several filing experts and also one or more office machine operators.

In the railways stenography is regarded as the road to promotion. The stenographer becomes secretary to the head of the department and through the correspondence learns the business. In the freight and express departments there are transportation salesmen who require a very definite knowledge of freight classification and rates. These, however, begin as clerks and learn transportation by experience.

The last group consisted of an art printing firm, two advertising companies, a firm of accountants, and several customs and importing brokers, and a newspaper publishing company.

The art printer, the publishing company, and the advertising firms each engaged two or three accountants with fairly well educated juniors doing clerical work. One advertising firm expected all male employees to know stenography as a convenience in note-taking. In the commercial art department of the printing establishment, the beginner must have some technical art training.

The firm of accountants required matriculation standing in those who were learning accountancy. General information and accuracy were also desired. A knowledge of bookkeeping was not considered essential, but would be helpful.

The customs broker stressed arithmetic, business paper, and exchange.

The importing brokers desired in their employees commercial geography, transportation, French or Spanish, and wide acquaintance with business paper and practice, commercial law, and banking and exchange.

It will be seen that this work demands special training. The number of persons engaged is small. Each of the larger firms does some importing. One member of the staff looks after this work and becomes efficient through experience.

Section B

Opinions concerning the subjects generally taught in commercial departments:

The idea of courses covering a period of at least three, and preferably four years, in which between forty and fifty per cent. of the total time is spent on academic subjects, met with general approval.

Academic Subjects

English: There is a very general complaint concerning the spoken and written English of those seeking commercial employment. Business men demand good flexible English which has been given a commercial bent by the assignment of letters relating to business transactions, and by compositions on commercial subjects, visits to industries and kindred topics. Most business men dislike stereotyped phrases in correspondence. Training in public speaking was quite generally demanded and the need for a continued study of spelling was emphasized.

Foreign Languages: There is no very pronounced demand for training in foreign languages. French or Spanish letters are the exception. Comparatively little difficulty is experienced in finding translators when necessary. It was generally acknowledged, however, that a stenographer who could read and, above all, write French or Spanish would be a valuable acquisition. Twelve out of the forty-five firms asked for French, seven for Spanish, and one for German.

Science: There was but little direct discussion on this subject. Indirectly, however, it came up a number of times. It was asserted by several that a knowledge of raw materials and their production, the processes through which they pass, and the ultimate product, was closely related to salesmanship, intelligent stenography and cost accounting. One expert stated that frequently the first step in auditing was a week or more spent in studying the operations and the products of the plant where the books were to be audited.

History and Civics: These were not usually suggested as important subjects by the business men. When suggested to them, their value was readily acknowledged and their definite bearing on general culture and citizenship recognized.

Related Subjects

Commercial Geography: In every department of business the benefit to be derived from a study of this subject was freely asserted. A very detailed knowledge of Ontario and Canada was insisted on, but there was also a general

request that the scope of the subject should be world-wide. One or two who had given the subject some thought hoped that the commercial geography would be based on a study of physical and political geography.

Mathematics: There is a general desire for greater rapidity and accuracy in the simple rules, and in handling decimals and fractions. In some places commercial arithmetic was emphasized. In firms where statistics are carefully made, and the number is increasing, there is a demand for graphs and graphic representation and sufficient mathematics for statistics. The use of interest tables is considered more important than their making.

Economics: Six of the men with whom the matter was discussed definitely asked that economics be included in the course as really fundamental to business. All admitted the general educational value of this subject.

Business Law: There was a fairly general demand for the teaching of business law. It should include contracts, the Bank Act, bankruptcy laws, federal and provincial acts relating to joint stock companies. The whole subject should be related, where possible, to the question of business credit and business conduct.

Art: Some difficulty was experienced in obtaining opinions on this subject. Persons interested in advertising, and art printers thought that the place for commercial art was in a technical art school or department. The few who ventured an opinion on art as an aid to commerce suggested that the subject should embrace form, perspective, colour harmonies, design, shop decoration, and window dressing. It was generally doubted if enough could be given in connection with a commercial course to make it worth while.

Technical Subjects

Business Forms: The need for a study of these was freely asserted. Complaint was made that in the past the work was neither practical enough nor comprehensive enough. The actual forms should be exhibited and used in the schools.

Stenography: Dictaphones and other office machines are not replacing the stenographer to any considerable extent. Opinion was divided as to whether all going into commercial employment should learn stenography. Eight of the concerns, including the Canadian National Railways, looked upon stenography as the natural way for promotion. The remaining thirty-seven thought stenography for boys a waste of time. This form of employment has become almost entirely a woman's occupation. Of the 338 stenographers employed in twenty-seven firms, only thirty-two, or about nine and one-half per cent., were males. There was no demand for increased speed, but a very general demand for increased accuracy in taking dictation and in reading the notes.

Typewriting: There was found a growing opinion that if time could be given, all students should be able to use the typewriter at least with moderate skill. Some half-dozen asked for this. There is no complaint regarding the speed of the operators. The demand is for accuracy, judgment, and taste in setting up and mailing. There is some little call for typists who are not stenographers to do duplicating, price tags, stock lists, and similar work. The general education of the typist has been discussed under English and Business Correspondence.

Bookkeeping: This work is very largely done by men. In the twenty-seven concerns previously referred to, the number of bookkeepers and accountants was 293. Of these sixty-four, or a little over twenty-one per cent., were

women. There is a decided preference for men because they are more permanent in their positions. Bookkeeping machines and office organization are lessening the demand for trained bookkeepers. The machine may be run by an operator and one definite part of the bookkeeping may be done by a clerk. But it is recognized that both clerk and operator are better employees because of a knowledge of bookkeeping. Bookkeeping is quite generally a "blind alley." However, the clerk who has a sufficient knowledge of accountancy to grasp the whole system stands better chance of promotion either in his own or some other firm than one who does not. This subject will always be a most important part of a commercial course, because it affords training in so many phases of commerce. Business men regard time spent on single entry as waste time. They ask that terms and prices be as close to actual business as possible; that, when the principle of double entry is thoroughly learned, attention be given to special column journals, special ledgers, departmental accounting, control accounts, and looseleaf systems. In the larger firms there is some demand for training in a voucher system and in cost accounting.

Filing: Filing is used in every business, and stenographers and clerks and even accountants require a knowledge of some simple system. In public utilities where accounts sometimes exceed a hundred thousand, filing is an important part of the work. The use of docket, voucher, or stub systems of accounting increases the need of careful, easily accessible filing.

Business Correspondence: This subject involves English, general business information, and typewriting technique. There was a clamorous demand for thorough training in this branch. The minimum standard required is a stenographer who will reproduce accurately the letter dictated and turn out a letter with judgment and taste. The standard desired is a stenographer who can do all that has been suggested and, if necessary, edit and even take charge of a considerable portion of the correspondence. The opinion was frequently expressed that students should know office reference books and how to use them.

Writing: The business people everywhere ask for improvement in penmanship. A plain legible hand is desired. They are not concerned about movement; such legibility as is generally seen in the English or Scotch trained youth is the standard. Not infrequently the possibility of obtaining employment depends upon the penmanship of the applicant.

Section C.—Discussion of Other Subjects Suggested for the Course

The following subjects were suggested in the course of the various conversations as of value to business people: Salesmanship, transportation, the business telephone, advertising, window-dressing, merchandising, office machines, and business deportment.

Salesmanship: Business men in general think that salesmanship can and should be taught. They want the subject stripped of high-sounding terms and give as the content for a course, English, arithmetic, penmanship, deportment, knowledge of the goods to be sold, approach, closing, the relation of the salesman to the customer and to the business, and for retail selling, merchandising. If practice were desired, doubtless arrangements could be made with the merchants for this purpose. Fifteen of the firms interviewed expressed themselves as willing to co-operate with the schools. The T. Eaton Co. would take on pupils constantly at peak-load periods of business during the day.

Transportation: There are two aspects to this subject. In companies selling transportation, knowledge is obtained by experience. The beginner goes

in as a clerk or a stenographer and works up through to salesman and local manager. From the purchaser's standpoint there is no great demand for trained transportation men. Some of the larger firms have departments (in one case it numbered eighteen persons) devoted exclusively to this work, while some leave it in the hands of a shipper. However, in any business an employee with a working knowledge of transportation would be an asset. The subject includes familiarity with ocean and railway rates, freight classification, areas to which rates apply, car tracing, freight bill checking, and bills of lading. This subject has connection with commercial geography and economics which gives it an excellent teaching content.

The Business Telephone: The importance of the telephone in business and the value of the right kind of operator is very generally recognized. At the same time many business men doubt whether it is worth while attempting to train students for this work. The telephone is included in the curriculum of the Toronto High School of Commerce as a topic in the subject, "Commerce and Transportation." A few lessons have been devoted to it for the purpose of showing its possible uses and the legal aspects of telephone transactions. Three or four additional lessons affording practice in the actual business use would be sufficient.

Advertising: There is not sufficient demand for trained advertising men even in Toronto to warrant the opening of a comprehensive course in this subject.

The T. Eaton Co. has a department of about sixty persons comprising copy writers, sign writers, and artists. But only one or two of these are advertising men. Most of the advertising in the city is done by contracting companies who undertake to furnish satisfactory publicity. The majority of workers in these concerns are clerks. Each has but one or two advertising experts. On the other hand, some knowledge of the principles and mechanics of advertising would be of assistance to anyone in business. Any demand for this subject might be met by special classes or in night classes.

Window-dressing: The demand for trained window-dressers is comparatively limited. If required, it might be taken in a special class or in evening classes.

Merchandising: This includes arrangement and display of goods, care and handling of goods, shop arrangement and design, and also advertising and window-dressing. Two or three were enthusiastic over the possibilities of this subject. Others, however, thought that sufficient could be picked up in business. Doubtless some suggestive work along this line would be of value to any engaged in selling goods, but there is no marked demand for special training as yet.

Office Machines: Many varieties of office machines are being placed on the market and great numbers of them are coming into use. While there is not sufficient demand for operators to make it necessary to train students for that occupation alone, it is advisable that students, and especially those in secretarial courses, going out from the schools should be able to handle the commoner machines. Owing to the rapidity with which these machines are learned, a very limited number would serve the purpose.

Business Deportment: There was a very general insistence that instruction

in business conduct was both necessary and possible.

All the subjects mentioned in this group have value to those engaged in buying and selling. But, as already indicated, there is no general demand for some of them and in some cases there is not very much teaching content. These topics, with the exception of salesmanship, and with the addition of business

credit and filing, might be grouped as one subject under some such name as "Business Practice." Combined they would furnish sufficient material to make a helpful subject for study.

Section D.—Recapitulation

1. A number of business concerns find it necessary and advisable to give

instruction, academic or commercial or both, to their employees.

2. There is a constant demand for juniors sixteen or seventeen years of age with education carried beyond the public school for whom some commercial education would be an advantage.

3. There is also a demand for beginners with matriculation standing,

or the equivalent, for whom business education would be helpful.

4. Business men ask that training in penmanship, arithmetic, English, and spelling be very thorough.

5. The stenographer generally required is an expert typist equipped with

secretarial qualifications.

- 6. Clerks and machines are replacing the bookkeeper. However, there is still need for the trained bookkeeper, the accountant, the auditor and the cost accountant.
- 7. Persons going into office employment should have some skill in the commoner office machines.
 - 8. There is a general opinion in favour of the teaching of salesmanship.
 9. The teaching of bookkeeping should illustrate modern business methods.
- 10. Opinion is divided as to the desirability of teaching stenography to all students in schools of commerce. Only eight out of forty-five firms recognize it as the road to promotion.
- 11. There is a growing opinion that all going into business should receive
- some training in typewriting.

 12. A large percentage of persons in commercial employment are neither accountants nor stenographers. The suggestion was made that the course in commerce should be comprehensive enough to furnish training for these persons.

13. Many business men regard a knowledge of economics and commercial

geography as fundamental to a business course.

14. Fifteen of the firms interviewed expressed themselves as willing to co-

operate with the schools in giving the students some business practice.

15. It was commonly recognized that a study of materials, processes, and products of manufacture is an important factor in the business intelligence of salesman, stenographer, and accountant.

Statistical Reports

The statistical reports will be found on pages 260-277.

APPENDIX C

REPORT OF THE INSPECTORS OF

CONTINUATION SCHOOLS

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,-

We have the honour to submit the following joint report of the condition of the Continuation Schools of the Province for the year 1921-22.

G. K. Mills. J. P. Hoag.

Toronto, December 28th, 1922.

For the purpose of inspection of Continuation Schools, the Province of Ontario is divided into two districts. District number one consists of that part of the Province lying west of the County of York and between Lake Erie and Georgian Bay together with that part of the Province lying along the main lines of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways west of Sudbury. District number two consists of the remainder of the Province. During the school year 1921-22, Inspector Mills had inspectoral supervision of district number One and Inspector Hoag of district number Two.

The numbers of schools and of teachers in each district appear in the table below:

	Description of School		ict I.		Distri	
_		10 011 0 0 10	Teachers	5		Teachers
	One teacher	26	26		20	20
C	$1\frac{1}{2}$ One full time and one-half time teacher.	4	- 8		9	18
В	Two teachers	51	102		52	104
A	Three teachers or more	12	37		7	21
	Totals	93	173		88	163

Inspection and Character of Work

During the year all the Continuation Schools in the Province have been duly inspected. At least one full day has been spent in the inspection of each school. In many cases where local conditions or changes in the teaching staffs made it advisable, a second day has been spent.

It is a pleasure to be able to report that the Con tinuation Schools are, in general, in good condition and are doing good work. While in so me of the older buildings there is need for adding to or improving the accommodations and while a few of the new schools are being carried on in temporary quarters, Boards are providing very much better accommodations than in any previous period. The teaching is also steadily improving and the influence of the summer courses, so generously provided by the Department of Education, is very marked.

Teachers and pupils are finding the new course of study more satisfactory than the old and they are also finding the organization much more workable. Much closer attention can now be given by the teachers to the work of supervising and directing study periods and side reading.

During the year 1921-22, 26 new Continuation Schools have been established, V13 in each district. These new schools are:

Beachburg, Blackstock, Bobcaygeon, Brownsville, Caledon East, Copetown, Danforth Park (York Tp.), Fenwick, Florence, Hallville, Inglewood, Laurel, Long Branch, Lyndhurst, Mindemoya, Mount Elgin, New Dundee, Onondago, Pickering, Rainy River, Schreiber, South River, Stevensville, Wellington, Wolfe Island, Woodville.

Three of these new schools are in consolidated school districts, namely,—Mindemoya on Manitoulin Island, Hallville in Dundas County, and Wellington in Prince Edward County. Fine modern school buildings have been erected at Mindemoya and Wellington, and the building at Hallville is well on the way towards completion. It seems certain that in most consolidated schools, provision will be made for secondary school work as one of the many advantages obtainable through co-operation.

Public Interest

During the past year, in every part of the Province, great public interest has been aroused in regard to Continuation Schools. This interest has been especially noticeable in rural districts. The various County and Township Associations of Trustees and Ratepayers have done much to direct attention to the opportunities provided by Continuation Schools, for the youth of the rural communities. Women's Institutes have also been active in awakening and stimulating interest. Many public meetings have been held for the purpose of discussing ways and means to establish Continuation Schools. The demands on the time of the Inspectors to attend such meetings have been very great. Inspector Mills attended no fewer than 40 meetings between February 1st and June 29th, 1922; and Inspector Hoag attended 38 such meetings. In addition many conferences were held with Boards of Trustees to discuss the question of providing secondary education. We believe that interest is likely to increase and that the development of Continuation Schools is only beginning to be seen.

Increase in Number of Continuation Schools

Probably the most striking feature in connection with the Continuation School movement in the Province is the remarkable growth during the past few years. In 1921 there were 17 new schools opened; in 1922 there have been 26 such schools opened. It is likely that a large number will be opened in 1923. In addition to this increase in the number of schools, many of the schools previously established have found it necessary to increase their staffs and

- This development is due to five main causes:

The increase in legislative assistance given in recent years.

The Schools Acts Amendments of 1920 and 1921, increasing the County liability for (2) the support of secondary education.

The abolition of fees.

The coming into operation of The Adolescent Schools Act.
The growing public opinion that every child is entitled to an opportunity to receive a sound secondary school education.

Statistical Table

The following table shows how the numbers of Continuation Schools and teachers have changed from year to year since 1918.

	School	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922
Č B	One teacher	8 97	25 9 101 2	23 13 100 8	34 11 102 12	46 13 103 19
	Total schools		137 251	144 273	159 297	181 336

This table does not take into consideration those schools which were raised to the status of High Schools during the years mentioned. In 1920, 4 Continuation Schools became High Schools; in 1921, 3; in 1922, 5. Probably within the next two years, most of the A schools will become High Schools. The normal order of development of a school seems to be as follows: a V Class Public School, becomes a C Continuation School, then a B School, then an A School, and finally is raised to the status of a High School.

·Schools that Should be High Schools

The attendance at a number of schools is large enough to necessitate a staff of three or four teachers. Owing to the location of these schools there is nothing that would indicate the possibility of a decrease in attendance in the future. As everything points to a larger attendance it would be in the interest of these schools if they were given the status of High Schools. The grant to three-teacher High Schools is larger than to three-teacher Continuation Schools, and the very name "High School" is more likely to attract attendance than the name "Continuation School." As schools of this kind may be mentioned: Blenheim, Dresden, Bridgeburg, Hanover, Huntsville, Lakefield, Mimico, New Liskeard, Port Colborne, Port Credit, Sturgeon Falls, Timmins (12).

Schools Whose Future May be Considered Doubtful

Besides the above named schools there are a number at which the attendance is so large that a third teacher has been engaged, or must be employed if the present attendance is maintained. It is quite possible that the area served by many of these schools would be served better if one-teacher schools that would do Lower School work were established at a distance of six miles or more. If such schools were established, the attendance at the larger school would probably fall off to such extent that two teachers could do the work now prescribed for this grade of school. As examples of schools in the condition outlined may be mentioned:—Alvinston, Beaverton, Brussels, Cookstown, Creemore, Eganville R.C.S.S., Finch, Grand Valley, Lanark, Lucknow, Marmora, Maxville, Millbrook, Ridgeway, Ripley, Rodney, Sutton, Teeswater, Thessalon, Thornbury (20). In a number of places, however, there would arise a demand for a school at the larger centre that would do the work of the courses prescribed for First Class certificates or for Honour Matriculation. Such a school would of necessity be a High School.

Effect of the Spread of Continuation Schools

When a Continuation School is established in a village or rural section and is carried on efficiently, it has a decided influence on the work of the surrounding

country schools as well as on the Public school of the centre in which it is established. A High School education has been brought within reach of many homes. Both parents and pupils have the incentive of successful work done by other pupils, children attend more regularly, do better work and pass Entrance examinations in much larger numbers than formerly. A generation ago it was an event of some importance when a pupil passed the Entrance examination from the average rural school. Now it is not unusual to find from 75 to 90 per cent. of the pupils of the areas within moderately easy reach of Continuation Schools passing the Entrance examination.

Additions Needed to the Present Course of Study

In many places not only do from 75 to 90 per cent. of the pupils of the surrounding rural schools pass Entrance examinations but they attend the neighbouring Continuation Schools, and the great majority take the course leading to Pass Matriculation. In this course or in the course leading to a Normal Entrance there is little to interest the pupils in the work of the farms or of the homes from which they come. Apart from this fact, most of the associations formed in the centres where the schools are located tend to pull away from farm and home. The cry goes up that we are educating the youth away from the farms and, while it is not so much the course of study as the associations and habits formed while in secondary schools that constitutes the pull away from the farm, it is true that we are not doing what we might to create an intelligent interest in the things of the farm and the home. While it was the occasional pupil that left the farm to attend the neighbouring High School the need for a modification of the course of study to meet the condition was not apparent but now when in many places from 50 to 90 per cent. of the youth of the country attend the secondary schools it is a very serious matter if the majority of these leave the farms never to return.

There does not seem to be any sufficient reason why courses in Agriculture and Homemaking should not form part of the work of the secondary schools. At present the course leading to Normal Entrance may be completed in three years. If Agriculture and Homemaking or their equivalent were added to the course of all secondary schools in rural or village centres the whole course leading to Normal Entrance or Pass Matriculation could be completed in the usual four years of High School work.

Winter Schools for Adolescents

Under The Adolescent School Attendance Act every boy and girl must attend school regularly until he reaches the age of sixteen. To compel boys and girls from fourteen to sixteen to attend school and to offer them nothing except a little more Grammar, History, Geography, etc., subjects in which they have little interest, and to force upon them a confinement that they detest is not doing as much as might be done for them. The need of these pupils is another very strong argument for making Agriculture and Homemaking a part of the course of the secondary schools and of establishing Winter schools in 'connection with these Continuation schools. The special teachers needed for the work of these departments could give their attention to the students of the winter schools when in session and to the regular students of the school during the other months of the spring and fall terms.

APPENDIX D

REPORT OF THE INSPECTORS OF HIGH SCHOOLS

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,-

We have the honour to submit the following joint report of the condition of the High Schools and Collegiate Institutes of the Province for the academic year 1921-1922.

We have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servants,

J. A. HOUSTON.
I. M. LEVAN.
G. F. ROGERS.

Toronto, December, 1922.

During the year all the High Schools and Collegiate Institutes in the Province were duly inspected.

Attendance

Of the many things observed in the condition of the schools, the most important, beyond all doubt, is the increase in the number of young people who are seeking the benefits of secondary education. There is scarcely a High School or Collegiate in the Province in which the attendance has not increased; and in many of the larger towns and cities the growth has been remarkable. To this several causes seem to have contributed. One is the operation of the Adolescent School Attendance Act in the larger towns and cities, whereby the school age has been increased from fourteen to sixteen years. Another is probably the period of depression through which the Province is passing, by reason of which boys and girls are not lured away from school by the demand for labour and the tempting attraction of high salaries. But undoubtedly the greatest cause of the increasing attendance is the growing appreciation of the importance of secondary education and a general desire among parents to have their children share in its benefits. But whatever the causes, the fact remains that the High Schools have entered upon a new era of prosperity, their class-rooms are filled with students and their influence is being exercised over a much wider field than formerly.

Accommodations

The year has been remarkable also for the activity shown in providing accommodation for the increasing attendance by the erection of new buildings or by the extension of the old. During the war the building of schools was practically at a standstill. Until recently the cost of building was so great that needed extensions could not be effected. But now that the cost of building has

assumed more reasonable proportions, there has been a marked revival in the erection of new schools or in increasing the accommodations by adding extensions to the old buildings. It is only fair to add that this revival has been considerably helped by recent legislation by which county councils are required to bear a proportionate share of the cost of new buildings in which county pupils are educated.

It is doubtful if any previous year can show a record of so much construction. New buildings have been opened in Amherstburg, Burford, Burlington, Cayuga, Colborne, Kingsville, Nepean, Ottawa, Scarborough, Sarnia, and Walkerville. Others are in course of construction in Carleton Place, Fort Frances, Renfrew, St. Catharines, and Toronto (Jarvis St.). Extensions have been made or are being made to the buildings in Alliston, Aurora, Essex, Galt, Guelph, Kitchener, Leamington, Lindsay, Owen Sound, Tillsonburg, Weston, and to the following Collegiate Institutes in Toronto: Harbord, Humberside, Malvern, Oakwood, Parkdale and Riverdale. New buildings have been decided on in Richmond Hill and Uxbridge; and the matter of increasing the accommodations is under consideration in Arnprior, Athens, Caledonia, Campbellford, Cornwall, Hamilton, Paris, Pembroke, Port Arthur, and Port Hope.

It will be observed that the activity in building is not confined to any particular section, but is very general in all parts of the Province. Moreover, the new buildings now being erected are of a distinctly better type than has hitherto been attempted. It would seem that communities are realizing that it is wise economy to secure the best, and consequently, most of the new buildings make full provision for all the activities of the modern school. For the completeness with which they have provided for all such activities, the new buildings at Ottawa, Sarnia, and Walkerville will doubtless be regarded as models of excel-

lence for years to come.

The New Course of Study

The new programme of study has been in partial operation in all the schools since September, 1921, and in full operation since September, 1922. While it is still too soon to judge of its ultimate effect on the standard of secondary education in this Province, it may not be out of place to give here some impressions of its general tendencies as they have been revealed up to the present. It is not too much to say that the new course has given general satisfaction, and that its reception by teachers and pupils has been warmly sympathetic. Had it done no more than to relieve the overpressure which had become so burdensome under the former scheme, it would have served a useful purpose. But it has done much more. By limiting the number of subjects to be taken by each pupil it has provided more time for the thorough mastery of what is attempted, more opportunity for the proper assimilation of knowledge and for growth in intellectual power. By the introduction of new subjects each year, it makes a constant appeal to the pupil's interest. Moreover, it has greatly lessened the burden of examinations, not by lessening their number, but by distributing the papers over the four years, so that in no one year is the examination strain oppressive. As each school year has its new subjects of study, the pupil's interest is not allowed to lag. The method of dealing with History may be cited as an example. In the former course an examination in British and Canadian History was held at the end of the second year, another examination on British and Canadian History, together with an examination on Ancient History at the end of the fourth year, and examinations on Mediaeval History and on Modern History at the end of the fifth and sixth years. In the new course, Canadian

History is generally taken up and finished in the first year of the course, British History in the third year, Ancient History in the fourth, and Modern World History in the fifth. Thus the student is not surfeited by going over the same course in History for four consecutive years, but has some new department of the subject to hold his interest in the various years of the course. Similarly in Science, Botany is taken up and finished in the first year, Zoology and Physiography in the second, Physics in the third, Chemistry in the fourth, and Biology and advanced Chemistry in the fifth. In the single matter of distributing the subjects of study over the several years of the course, the new course presents many points of superiority over the old.

Organization

When the new course was first proposed, there was a good deal of anxiety among Principals as to the possibility of organizing their schools so as to give effect to the new system. Happily, their fears have not been realized. In most of the schools, it has been found possible to organize the work on a basis of eight periods a day, while in some it has been found necessary to organize on a basis of nine, though in at least one school the Principal has found it possible to organize on a basis of seven periods. It may be interesting to examine how the organization of the Lower School classes has been worked out in some representative schools. The following weekly time-table shows how a school may be organized into eight periods a day to cover the ordinary subjects that are common to most of the smaller schools:

- First year: English, 7 periods; Algebra, 5 periods; Latin, 5 periods; French, 4 periods; Art, 5 periods; Botany, 4 periods; Geography, 3 periods; History, 4 periods; Physical Culture (sexes taken simultaneously), 3 periods.
- Second year: English, 7 periods; Geometry, 5 periods; Latin, 5 periods; French, 4 periods; Grammar, 4 periods; Zoology, 3 periods; Physiography, 5 periods; Arithmetic, 5 periods; Physical Culture, 2 periods.

The following time-table shows how, by omitting French in the first year, and substituting Latin for English Grammar in the second, provision has been made in an eight-hour day for Manual Training and Household Science in the first two years, Music in the first year, and Greek in the second:

- First year: English, 5 periods; Algebra, 5 periods; Latin, 5 periods; Art, 4 periods; Botany, 4 periods; Geography, 4 periods; History, 4 periods; Physical Culture (sexes taken separately), 4 periods; Manual Training and Household Science (taken together), 2 periods; Music, 2 periods.
- Second year: English, 6 periods; Geometry, 4 periods; Latin, 5 periods; French, 4 periods; Greek, 2 periods; Zoology, 4 periods; Physiography, 4 periods; Arithmetic, 4 periods; Physical Culture, 4 periods; Manual Training and Household Science, 3 periods.

The following time-table shows the allotment of time in a school organized into seven 45-minute periods a day:

- First year: English, 5 periods; Algebra, 5 periods; Latin, 4 periods; Art, 4 periods; Botany, 4 periods; Grammar, 3 periods; Geography, 3 periods; History, 3 periods; Physical Culture (sexes taken at the same time), 2 periods; Manual Training and Household Science (taken at same time), 2 periods.
- Second year: English, 5 periods; Geometry, 4 periods; Latin, 4 periods; French, 5 periods; German, 3 periods; Zoology, 3 periods; Physiography, 3 periods; Arithmetic, 4 periods; Physical Culture, 2 periods; Manual Training and Household Science, 2 periods.

For various reasons there has arisen a certain degree of uniformity in the selection of the subjects to be taken in the different years of the course. In most schools the subjects selected for the first year are Canadian History, Geography, Botany, and Art, together with English, Algebra, Latin and French, eight subjects in all. In the second year, the course then consists of Zoology, Physiography, English Grammar, and Arithmetic, together with English, Geometry, Latin and French. This seems to be a logical division of the work of the Lower School, as the subjects enumerated for the second year are, in the main, more difficult than those selected for the first year, and can be mastered more easily with greater maturity. And for a pupil who is obliged to move from one school to another during his High School course, there is an added advantage in finding that in his new school the subjects to be taken up year by year are the same as in his former school.

The Upper School Course

The change by which Upper School standing can be secured in one year instead of two is producing results which were not realized when the change was made. The average pupil finishes the Middle School course at sixteen or seventeen years of age. Being still too young to enter the Normal School, he is likely to remain and in many cases does remain in High School for another year to secure Upper School standing, and thus at eighteen years of age he is able to enter the Normal School as a candidate for a first-class certificate, and not for a second-class certificate. There is no doubt whatever that from this last year's schooling he receives more benefit than from any preceding two years in the way of getting independence of thought, initiative and self-reliance. He enters the Normal School much better able to benefit by its courses than he was a year before; and on completing the year of pedagogical training he is awarded a first class teacher's certificate, and is worth much more to the state by being able to do better work in the Public Schools than he would have been a year earlier. The increase in the number of first class teachers prepared in the High Schools will have a very beneficial effect on the teaching in the Public Schools. present there are some 275 candidates for first class teachers in training at the Normal Schools, a number far in excess of what has been for years. This increase in undoubtedly due to the working out of the new course of study in the High Schools. And it is likely that the numbers of such teachers will increase from year to year. Nothing has happened for years which will do more to raise the standing of the Public School teacher than the making of the work of the Upper School a one year's course.

Registration

The Regulations make it a duty of the Principal to see that a permanent record is kept of the school history of every pupil. For this purpose a General Register has been supplied to every school, which for want of a better, is still in use in most schools. But as it cannot be fully used in connection with the new course of study, it should either be brought up to date or should be abandoned in favour of a better system. In its place some of the Principals are using a card system; and many others would employ such a system if a suitable card were available. For the information of Principals who may be considering the installation of a card system, the following reproduction is given of a card, eight inches by five in size, that is in use in the Ottawa Collegiate Institute:

Occupation selected:

OTTAWA COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

	000000	2 2210222022	
Pupil's name in full: Date of birth:	Date of admis	ssion to Institute:	
 Parent or Guardian:		Resident or N	Von-Resident:
Address of Parent:	Occupation:		
Telephone:	Religious pers	uasion:	
School Previously Attended.			
Entrance Examination—	Place:		Date
Marks (out of 50):	Reading:	, Writing:	Dictation:
(out of 100):	Arithmetic:	, Grammar:	, Composition:
History:	Literature:	, Geography:	, Total
University, or Departmental E. Standing):	xaminations, (I	Dates, Name of Uni	versity and Honou
Number of days present—1st yea	r , 2nd year	, 3rd year , 4th	h year , 5th year
Date of leaving Institute:		Remarks:	

NA	ME	,								1	1		and a second	1	l		LA	TIN	GR	EEK	FR	ENC	Н	GE SP	RMA	AN. SH	н	то	RY		
FORM	Arithmetic	Algebra	Geometry	Trigonom- etry	Physics	Chemistry	Botany	Zoology	Physiography	Grammar	Composition	Literature	Art	Book-keeping	Shorthand	Typewriting	Authors	Composition	Authors	Composition	Orals	Authors	Composition	Orais	Authors	Composition	Canadian	British	Ancient	Geography	Total and Percentage
I																															
п																															
Ш																															
IV																															
v																															

English Composition

There is no part of the work of the High School more useful and yet none more difficult to teach than the subject of English Composition. Because of the immense amount of labour involved in the reading of compositions, it is customary in most schools to divide the Composition among the teachers of the staff so that no teacher may have charge of more than two classes in this subject. In the process of division the subject of Composition is sometimes assigned to a teacher who feels himself disqualified for the work by lack of training. The following directions were compiled by Miss Ethel M. Sealey, B.A., head of the English department in the Harbord Collegiate Institute, Toronto, for the guidance of the teachers of Composition on the staff. They are here reproduced in the hope that they may be of assistance to teachers in smaller schools who find difficulty in dealing with this subject.

General Directions

"It is suggested that uniformity of instruction be observed with regard to the following points:

Spacing: There should be a double space

1. Between titles, headings, etc., and the first line of the composition.

Between stanzas.

Before and after quotations in verse; and before and after quotations in prose, if, special emphasis is required.

Between marked divisions in plans.

Indentation: Attention should be drawn to

- The indentation of the paragraph.
- The indentation of quotations.The indentation of quotations.
- The indentation of various parts of letters.

Usage with regard to dates: e.g., December 25, 1922.

Spelling: With regard to such words as "honour", "through", "centre".

Abbreviations: These are to be discouraged in formal composition, as is also the use of the sign "&".

Titles: The title should appear on the plan page, and on the first page of the essay proper, and not thereafter. Pupils should be instructed to write on the top line of the page, and on the left-hand page.

Revisions: Pupils should be required to make revision of every sentence in which an error occurs. It will be found convenient to have the corrections made directly opposite the sentences in which the errors occur.

Oral Work: Adequate provision should be made for Oral Composition, which should be taken up regularly throughout the year. Each pupil should be given an opportunity to speak at least once during the term. Additional practice in procedure may be obtained by organizing each class into a miniature Literary Society, with regularly appointed Chairman and Secretary for each meeting.

FORM I

Fall Term: Chiefly Narration. Teach and stress capitalization, punctuation, correct sentence form, indentation, spacing, neatness of manuscript.

September—Personal Incidents.

October—Letters, both friendly and business.

November—(a) Home: Biography, preferably of noted Canadians.

(b) Class: Original stories, preferably Christmas stories, introducing dialogue.

Winter Term-Chiefly Description. Stress paragraph structure, especially Explicit Reference and Unity.

January-Familiar Scenes, landscapes. -(a) Home: Landscapes.
(b) Class: Towns, Cities, etc. February-

March—Familiar Assemblies, in school, in church, etc.

Spring Term—Chiefly Exposition. Stress the coherence of the essay as a whole, paying special attention to suitable introductions and conclusions.

April—How to make or do something.

May—Enumerative Exposition, or explanation through division into parts or kinds.

Subjects may be selected from the pupils' work in science or nature study, or from games or modern inventions.

Throughout the year students should write frequently short exercises, which should be thoroughly discussed in class.

FORM II

Fall Term—Narration and Description. Stress again the introductory material on form.

September—Incidents of the holidays, told in friendly letters.

October—Games, contests, accidents, etc.

November—(a) Home: Heroes and Heroines.

(b) Class: Original stories, introducing dialogue.

Winter Term—Descriptive Exposition. Stress paragraph structure, especially Method (Continuity) and Proportion.

January—Buildings, emphasizing various aspects, as the familiar, the picturesque, the mysterious, the beautiful.

February—(a) Home: Character sketches.

(b) Class: Portraits, form and lineament, expression of character.

March—Pictures, form, colour, light, suggestion.

Spring Term—Narrative Exposition. Stress Unity, Coherence, Emphasis, in the essay as a whole.

April—Stories of animals, to illustrate intelligence, fidelity, etc. May—Stories designed to "point a moral."

The short exercises for class discussion should be continued throughout this year.

FORMS III & IV

Fall Term—Chiefly Narration and Description; review the theory of these forms of composition. Stress clearness of thought, precision of expression, neatness of manuscript. Discuss sentence forms (simple, compound, complex) to emphasize the logical connection of ideas and to secure variety of structure.

September—Minor forms of composition, invitations, letters of congratulation, letters of thanks, press notices, advertisements.

October—Indoor scenes, a pleasant room, a study.

November—(a) Home: A book review.

(b) Class: Original sketches and stories, emphasizing "local colour."

Winter Term—Chiefly Exposition. Review the theory and require pupils to make plans for and analyze their own work. Review the paragraph laws by means of both analysis and application.

January—Pictures, music, poetry.

February—Exposition of theories, especially of life and conduct. (Home and class essays on same theme.)

March—Subjects of Current Interest.

Spring Term—Rapid review of Narration, Description, Exposition. Stress rhetorical side of subject.

Attention is given in these two years to qualities of style, nicety and purity of expression, cadence and rhythm of sentences. Models are freely used.

FORM V

Review and expansion of junior work. The bulk of the time is devoted to Exposition and Argument.

The Teachers

In conclusion, we desire to pay our sincere tribute of respect to the work and character of the teachers, to express our admiration of the skill and patience they employ in the discharge of their onerous duties, and to recall the lasting benefit which the Province derives from their unselfish devotion to the task of forming the mind and character of the youth of this land. In the high calling to which they are devoting their lives, they are deserving of our deepest gratitude. What this Province has to-day of intelligence, of integrity, and of lofty ideals, is in large measure due to the teachers of the past. What it shall have to-morrow will be due to the teachers of the present. And to-morrow will be better than to-day.

APPENDIX E

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF RURAL SCHOOL ORGANIZATION

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,-

I have the honour to submit herewith my first report on the Organization of the Rural Schools.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. J. KARR,

Director of Rural School Organization.

Toronto, December 21st, 1922.

The Organization of the Rural Schools of Ontario

Present Status

The basis of the present scheme of organization of the rural schools of Ontario was laid by the School Bill of 1846, framed by Dr. Ryerson. This Act gave authority to each municipal council to divide its township into numbered sections, and arranged for the election in each section of a board of trustees, whose duty it was to provide a school building and a teacher. Though minor changes have been made in the organization since 1846, the scheme instituted at that time is essentially the scheme that exists to-day.

The number of sections has greatly increased since their original establishment through the opening up of new areas for settlement, and through the subdivision of sections as the population has grown. On the other hand, the number has been somewhat reduced by the incorporation of the more populous sections as villages, which have established urban organizations. In 1921 there were in the Province 4,989 school sections with schools of one room only; 328 with schools of two rooms; 72 with schools of three rooms; 26 with schools of four rooms; 46 with schools of more than four rooms.

It will be observed that there are 472 rural schools with more than one teacher. These are located in small centres of population which have not yet been incorporated as villages, or in areas contiguous to the larger cities. These schools present a graded organization more or less intensive, varying from three or four classes to a single class in each room. Many of them are, to all intents, as minutely graded as the urban schools. But the great majority of the rural schools are situated in the open country, at fairly central points in their respective sections, and have but one class-room and one teacher.

The internal organization of these one-roomed schools is determined by the diversity in the age and the attainments of the pupils, which makes it necessary to divide the school into five Forms, though usually the Fifth Form is absent. In general, the work of each Form requires two years for its completion, and so it becomes necessary to subdivide each into two classes. Thus it frequently occurs that in a rural school there are as many as eight classes, each of which has to be taught separately in many, if not all, of the school subjects.

Each rural school is administered by a board of trustees who are selected by the electors of the section at the annual meeting in December. A measure of continuity of the board is secured by making the period of the tenure of office three years and arranging that one member shall retire at the end of each year.

Such, in outline, is the present organization of the rural schools of the Province. It is, perhaps, inevitable that a system, established more than three-quarters of a century ago, and still existing in a practically unaltered state, should exhibit certain inadequacies, especially in view of the changed conditions in other fields. It is doubtless true that the system was the best that could have been devised for that period when the Province was in its infancy, when the country was not completely opened, when settlements were often more or less isolated, when roads were bad and communication difficult. Now that these circumstances have entirely disappeared, the question arises as to whether the present organization of rural schools does not properly lend itself to improvement in some degree in order to keep pace with improved conditions elsewhere.

Two Great Problems

In any plan for the improvement of business organization in any sphere, there are two essentials which are always sought, viz., economy and efficiency. These may be taken, then, as the essentials to be secured in any scheme for the improvement of the organization of the rural schools. It is purposed in this report, therefore, to consider these two essentials in their relation to the present rural school organization, to point out where they are lacking, and to indicate how they may be secured in a higher degree by making certain changes in existing conditions.

I. Economy

Economy does not necessarily mean the reduction of expenditure in money and effort; but it does mean the securing of the highest results for what is expended. That the Province is not obtaining the best educational returns for the money and effort expended in the rural schools in their present condition will be apparent from the following considerations.

The recent census returns for the Province indicate that there has been, during the last decade, a considerable increase in the population of large urban centres and a fairly general decrease in the population of the townships and country towns and villages. The gradual exodus from the country communities is reflected in the attendance of the rural schools. In 1903, of all the pupils attending the elementary schools, 58 per cent. were in the rural schools, and 42 per cent. in the urban schools. In 1920, the figures were practically reversed, 40 per cent. of the pupils being rural and 60 per cent. urban.

The decline in the total number of rural pupils is the result of a considerably lowered attendance in many individual rural schools. The following tables, compiled from the latest available report, show the number of one-roomed rural schools in the organized Counties and in the Districts of the Province, graded according to average attendance.

Table I.—One-Teacher Rural Schools Graded as to Average Attendance

Sections Teacher 1 2 3 4 5 5 9 14 19 00 10 10 10 10 10 10			,								兼	
School Sections Teacher 1 2 3 4 5 9 14 19 00		No. of		Nı	ımbei	r of S	Schoo	ols wi	ith Ave	rage A	ttendan	ce of
Bruce 165 163 3 9 37 45 6 Carleton 114 99 1 1 1 1 10 11 23 5 Dundas 74 66 7 9 19 3 29 23 3 3 14 20 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 <	Counties	School	with one		2	3	4	5	to	to	to	20 or over
Prince Edward. 71 71 1 2 8 14 18 2 Renfrew. 154 146 1 2 14 33 35 6 Simcoe 210 182 1 1 9 21 43 10 Stormont. 75 68 3 15 17 3 Victoria. 103 93 3 15 17 3 Waterloo 82 69 3 10 5 Welland 77 62 9 20 3 Wellington 143 136 1 10 27 39 3 Wentworth 75 53 4 6 4	Bruce Carleton Dufferin Dundas Elgin Essex Frontenac Glengarry Grey Haldimand Haliburton Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Norfolk North, and Durham. Ontario Oxford Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell. Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe Stormont Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth	165 114 92 74 102 111 143 75 220 74 63 58 175 183 128 168 122- 221 112 65 183 99 203 120 106 74 112 94 81 71 154 210 75 103 82 77 143 75 103 82 77 143 75 103 82 77 143 77 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	163 99 89 66 90 93 140 71 213 69 59 54 161 172 125 163 118 203 105 48 165 93 103 90 66 107 94 71 71 146 182 68 93 69 136 146 147 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148			2		3 1 1 1	9 10 7 7 3 1 1 32 4 19 5 23 22 14 1 8 22 37 14 10 7 17 4 1 10 1 9 8 8 14 9 3 11 10	37 11 30 9 14 10 33 18 45 10 13 10 31 40 6 33 42 61 31 11 24 18 50 15 16 19 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	45 23 29 19 20 15 23 17 53 8 4 15 31 49 18 55 19 48 29 11 48 29 11 16 13 17 22 19 18 35 43 17 28 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	33 69 51 21 31 52 67 39 30 88 44 10 28 75 62 100 67 28 40 21 26 80 49 77 62 62 62 100 67 28 40 21 26 30 49 49 40 21 20 40 20 20 40 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Totals, 1921 4,746 4,330 2 4 28 35 52 363 828 999 2,0	Totals, 1921	4,746	4,330	2	4	28	35	52	363	828	999	2,019
Kenora. 26 26 5 8 5 Manitoulin. 49 47 1 1 4 7 10 2 Muskoka. 94 94 1 1 1 4 23 26 20 1 Nipissing. 60 57 1 2 2 8 16 9 1 Parry Sound. 117 109 3 2 2 2 26 28 20 2 Rainy River. 53 48 1 4 1 9 15 9 Sudbury. 75 65 1 7 13 16 2 Timiskaming. 98 82 1 3 1 14 23 16 2	Algoma Kenora Manitoulin Muskoka Nipissing Parry Sound Rainy River Sudbury Timiskaming	26 49 94 60 117 53 75 98	26 47 94 57 109 48 65 82	1	3 	1 1 2 1	1 1 2 2 4 1 3	 4 4 2 2 1	5 7 23 8 26 9 7	8 26 16 28 15 13 23	5 10 20 9 20 9 16 16	30 8 24 18 19 26 9 28 24 27
Totals, 1921 715 659 1 5 8 15 16 116 154 131 21	Totals, 1921	715	659	1	5	8	15	16	116	154	131	213

Table II.—Summary of Statistics given in Table I.

Average Attendance	No. of Schools in Counties	No. of Schools in Districts	Total 1921
1	. 2	1	3
2 or less	-6	. 6	12
3 " "	34	14	48
4 " "	69	29	98
5 " "	121	45	166
9 " "	484	161	645
14 " "	1312	315	1627
.19 " "	2311	446	2757
*20 or over	2019	213	2232
Percentage under 20	53.4	67.7	55.3
ercentage over 20	46.6	32.3	44.7

From these attendance tables it will be seen that 55.3 per cent. of the rural schools of the Province have an average of less than twenty, and that 44.7 per cent. have an average of twenty or more. Nearly 13 per cent. have an average of less than ten. It might be open to question whether it is economical, except under unusual conditions, to maintain a school and pay a teacher for fewer than twenty pupils. But, at any rate, it will be agreed that it is uneconomical to do so for fewer than ten pupils. This involves a waste of effort and teaching power, as well as a waste of money. The latter may be seen by making a simple calculation. In the 645 schools that have an average daily attendance of less than ten, the total daily average is 4,262. Placing the salary of each teacher at \$1,000, and estimating the other expenses of each school at \$200, and making no allowance for debenture payments or for new buildings, the yearly cost of educating these 4,262 pupils is \$774,000, which means an average of \$182 per pupil. The total amount expended in 1921 for all purposes in the rural Public Schools was \$9,890,574; and the average attendance was 137,605. This means an expenditure of \$73 per pupil of average attendance. Curiously enough, the cost per pupil of average attendance in all the Public Schools, rural and urban, closely approximates the latter figure, being, in fact, \$76. It will thus be apparent that the cost per pupil of average attendance in over six hundred rural schools was nearly two-and-a-half times the cost per pupil of average attendance in the Province as a whole. A similar comparison of the group of 982 schools having an average of from ten to fourteen with all the rural schools will also reveal a considerable disparity in cost per pupil. Such figures constitute a striking commentary on the price that the Province is paying for its poorly-attended rural schools. If the results achieved were commensurate with the money expended, no objection could be taken, but unfortunately this is not the case.

The expensive character of these schools may also be observed from the standpoint of the Government of the Province. Generous sums are annually voted by the Legislature for distribution among the rural schools according to the assessments of the sections, the salaries of the teachers, and the accommodations and equipment. The cost to the Government for the maintenance of schools with a low average attendance may be seen by an examination of the following table, showing the amount paid in Legislative grants in 1921 in each of the organized counties to three groups of schools, viz., (1) those with an average attendance of less than five, (2) those with an average of 5 to 10; and (3) those with an average of 11 to 15.

Table III.—Legislative Grants in Organized Counties to Schools with Low Average Attendance

COUNTY	Aver. Att. Under 5	Grants	Aver. Att. 5-10	Grants	Aver. Att. 11-15	Grants
Brant Bruce Carleton Dufferin Dundas Elgin Essex Frontenac Glengarry Grey Ha'dimand Haliburton Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario Oxford Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Simcoe Stormont Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth York	3 1 1 9 9 3 1 3 3 4 3 3 2 6 2 2 3 3 4 4 1	1,168 62 1,356 02 217 94 1,322 04 701 86 615 13 4,304 64 1,403 71 254 51 543 64 1,123 39 618 65 688 11 1,330 08	1 177 355 488 211 1 122 7 245 5 2 111 2 177 100 9 144 9 15		9 35 16 37 71 11 30 17 43 43 9 13 11 30 41 7 36 44 40 60 34 11 11 18 18 23 11 11 18 23 11 18 33 55 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	\$1,570 37 9,487 27 3,426 24 8,374 73 2,671 12 3,094 56 2,397 89 9,993 51 3,761 67 8,508 53 2,272 68 6,091 54 1,822 33 11,318 61 5,241 66 1,806 33 4,367 70 9,604 34 18,921 72 8,799 55 1,989 07 3,452 66 4,154 00 11,378 14 3,923 16 402 57 3,759 47 2,087 06 4,577 80 3,739 81 3,580 44 5,571 65 3,824 05 4,201 85 1,438 67 2,589 29 4,429 88 4,29 53 1,069 10
Total for Counties		275 98		272 59	810	190,480 55 235 16 250 81 19 30 23 97

It will be observed from the figures in this table that in 72 schools in the organized Counties with a daily average of less than 5, the amount paid by the Government in grants was \$19,870.11, or \$110.39 per pupil of average attendance; in 499 schools with an average of from 5 to 10, the amount paid in grants was \$136,026.33, or \$36.67 per pupil; in 810 schools with an average of 11 to 15, the amount paid in grants was \$190,480.55, or \$19.30 per pupil; and in the whole 1,381 schools with an average of 15 or less the amount paid was \$346,376.99, or \$23.97 per pupil. In 1921, the average daily attendance in the 4,330 rural schools in the organized Counties was 122,366, and the total amount received in Legislative grants was \$1,463,979.45. That is, the average amount paid in Legislative grants per pupil of average attendance in all the rural schools of

the organized Counties was \$11.96. It is thus apparent that the amount paid per pupil in the poorly attended schools was double the amount per pupil for all the County rural schools. Nearly one-third of all the rural schools had an average attendance of less than fifteen, and these schools absorbed nearly one-quarter of all the Legislative grants. It is a serious question as to whether the continued payment of such large grants to schools with a low average daily attendance can be justified, especially if reasonable methods are at hand by which it can be obviated.

A Possible Solution

Provision is already made by Section 74 of the Public Schools Act whereby school sections are authorized to make arrangements with other school sections for the admission of their pupils, but advantage is rarely taken of this provision. There are several counties in the Province where this ought to be done now, but Inspectors point out that the grants to the schools are so generous that trustees have no financial incentive to close the schools and transport the pupils elsewhere. Two methods of meeting the situation suggest themselves:

1. Schools with an average attendance of less than ten, for two successive years might be made ineligible for the Legislative grants. This would probably induce many sections to arrange for the accommodation of their pupils in other schools, in accordance with section 74. Should they still desire to maintain their schools without government assistance, they might be permitted to do so, but this might precipitate the question of their being any longer subject to the requirements of the Schools Act or the Regulations.

2. Provision might be made in the Public Schools Act for the automatic closing of those schools whose average attendance falls below a minimum of ten for two successive years and for the conveyance of the pupils to adjacent schools.

The latter seems to be the more satisfactory plan. It is the method at present adopted, with beneficial results, in many of the States of the American Union. It would put into operation a system of consolidation of schools on a small scale, and might give an impetus to the movement on a large scale throughout the Province. It would relieve the Government of the payment to many school sections of the large grants that are made towards the salaries of teachers, and, to a large extent, of the grants that are made to Assisted Schools in the Districts. It would release for service in other schools many qualified teachers, and reduce the numbers of unqualified teachers now employed. The township grant now paid to these poorly attended schools would go far towards paying for the cost of conveying the children and for the fees that are required for attendance at the other school. In some cases, a small Legislative grant might be necessary, but it would be much smaller than that now paid.

Such a plan would thus do much towards reducing, first, the expenditure of money both by the Government and by the local authorities, and secondly, the waste of teaching power and effort. And it would be doing a service to the children to bring them together in larger numbers. In carrying out the plan, some discretion would, of course, have to be exercised in the sparsely settled districts of the Province, where, because of long distances, it might not be feasible to convey the pupils to other schools.

II. Efficiency

The second and more important problem that has to be solved is how to make the organization of the rural schools contribute more fully to their efficiency.

Efficiency is the adequate performance of function. It is generally recognized that the function of the school is to assist, to the highest possible degree, in the development of good citizens. Good citizenship involves a trained intelligence, a skill in the performance of the activities of the vocation, worthy ideals of conduct, and action in accordance with these ideals. To the extent, therefore, that the school contributes to the cultivation of these in the pupils it may be regarded as efficient.

It is not difficult to show that, judged by this standard, the rural schools of the Province, in many cases at least, must fall below the measure of efficiency desired. It is not suggested that all of the rural schools are inefficient. On the contrary, many of them, under experienced teachers with exceptional gifts and strong personality, develop in the pupils a keen intelligence, high ideals of behaviour, and habits of industry, persistence, and self-reliance, and thus contribute largely toward the development of a fine type of citizenship. If all rural schools were of this sort, there would be little occasion to propose an improvement in their organization. The chief factors that militate against a high degree of efficiency in the average rural school may be briefly stated:

- 1. The frequency of change of teachers is one of the primary factors. As the great majority of the teachers in rural communities are women, it is inevitable that there will be a steady and continuous desertion of the school for the fireside. But this frequent change is often due to mere restlessness, to the desire for change of scene and type of work, to the depressing effect of the surrounding conditions, to the absence of association with others doing similar work, or to the difficulty of securing comfortable living quarters within a reasonable distance of the school. The resulting loss of time to the pupils due to the necessity of frequently making new adjustments must be very great. A partial remedy for this deficiency is, obviously, to make conditions of teaching in the rural schools so attractive that many young men may be induced to enter the profession, to make it their life work, to live permanently in the communities where they are engaged as teachers, and thus to make their influence felt upon the intellectual and moral life of the people.
- 2. The small attendance, already mentioned, results in the absence of the spirit of emulation and the stimulus of competition, which can be secured only among large numbers engaged in a common task, unless the teacher is of unusually strong individuality and influence. Moreover, the small attendance deprives the pupils of the opportunity of cultivating that poise and assurance of manner, and those moral qualities of fairness, generosity, obedience to authority, consideration for others, ability to co-operate for a common purpose, all of which come from association with large numbers in the class-room and on the playground.
- 3. The nature of the internal organization of the rural school contributes largely to its inefficiency. With pupils varying in age and attainments, the division into several classes, all of whom have to be instructed in one classroom by one teacher, becomes necessary. The result is that no class can have more than a small fraction of the teacher's time and attention. Under such circumstances there is likely to be much waste of time by the pupils, and slow progress in consequence. Some classes and some subjects are almost certain to receive more than their fair share of time, and others to be neglected. It is a tribute to the mentality of the boys and girls of rural communities that, under the handicap of disadvantageous school organization, they make the progress that they do.

- 4. The general conditions that are associated with the rural schools are often of such a character as to induce an attitude of dislike for rural conditions. The efficiency of these schools ought to be measured, in part at least, by the degree to which they inspire the pupils with an admiration of rural life and its activities, and fit them adequately for effective participation therein. It is much to be feared that the rural schools, as they are at present conducted, are doing little to fulfil these important conditions. The unattractive, uncomfortable, poorly equipped buildings, the inadequate playgrounds, the course of study largely dissociated (at least in its actual presentation) from the pupil's surroundings and activities, can have little influence in instilling an appreciation of rural life and a determination to stay on the farm. Unless the rural schools educate boys and girls for the farm, they are not adequately fulfilling their proper function.
- 5. The nature of the organization and the lack of proper equipment make it impossible for the pupils to have much systematic instruction in those subjects that have a more or less vocational bias; viz., agriculture, manual training, household science. In the absence of the training of eye and hand which comes through these subjects, the pupils are losing an opportunity of laying a good basis for the cultivation of that manual skill and those ideals of excellence of execution which are important to them in their future vocation.
- 6. There is no adequate provision in rural communities for secondary education. Where the work of a Fifth Form is undertaken in the one-roomed school, the time that the teacher can devote to it, in view of the many other classes he has to teach, must be small. Moreover, the rural teacher with only a Second Class certificate has had practically no training for Fifth Form work. Consequently the attempt to conduct it must be ineffective. In 1921-22 there were 108 Fifth Classes in the Public Schools, 86 of which had an average daily attendance of less than ten pupils, and 50 of which had an average of less than five. While many of these classes were located in purely rural schools, a fair proportion were in villages in graded schools. It will be at once recognized that the total number is small for the whole Province, and that they constitute no sufficient provision for rural secondary school pupils. The Continuation Schools and High Schools are inaccessible to many districts, unless parents arrange for the transportation of their children to and from the school or for their boarding and lodging away from home. Either of these methods imposes a financial burden difficult, and often impossible, to bear. To require the rural child of High School age to board and lodge in town is to separate him from parental supervision during a critical period in the formation of his character, and also to expose him to the danger of forming tastes, interests and ideals out of harmony with rural life.

Even for those rural pupils who live in close proximity to the High and Continuation Schools, the course of study offered there may not be wholly satisfactory. This course consists almost exclusively of the academic subjects leading to Matriculation into Universities or Entrance into Normal Schools. These, while very desirable from the standpoint of general education, are insufficient for the needs of the boy who is going to stay on the farm. He requires some other studies and activities which have a more direct relation to his future

career.

No child who leaves school when he has reached the High School Entrance standard is adequately prepared for his vocation in life or for the duties of citizenship. The farmer requires for the successful operation of his farm something more than the rudiments of education furnished by the elementary school

training. Furthermore, the child whose school training is finished with the High School Entrance is leaving school just when his reasoning powers are beginning to develop and when ideals of conduct are beginning to shape his action. To give him no further school training is to deprive him of a great opportunity for the cultivation of that trained intelligence and those worthy ideals of behaviour which have been emphasized as conditions of the highest type of citizenship. Secondary school training for the country boy and girl is not a luxury but a necessity.

7. The rural schools cannot be regarded as having completely fulfilled their function unless they provide part-time courses for those pupils who wish to advance their academic education, or for those more mature students who wish to secure some vocational training. There was a time when young men and women past the ordinary school age flocked to the rural school for the winter months when work on the farm was slack, and were instructed in those subjects which they felt had a special usefulness to them. The rural school has lost this important function. The comparative rarity of the experienced male teacher in the country is probably the explanation. There is a natural disinclination on the part of young men and women to place themselves under the instruction of the immature and inexperienced woman teacher commonly found in the The obsolescence of these "part-time courses" is regrettable from both the educational and the social standpoint. These young students brought to their tasks an industry and an intensity of purpose that accomplished quite surprising results in view of the handicaps encountered. And they were afforded some opportunity for that association with others which the adolescent youth demands, and which does so much to relieve the social monotony of rural life. There should be some means whereby these part-time courses could be re-established, upon a more substantial basis, of course, than that on which they were formerly built.

8. The method of administration of the rural schools of the Province constitutes another source of weakness. Like the schools themselves, this method is the product of a generation and of conditions that have long passed away. The administration of each school by a local board of three members met these conditions better perhaps than any other system that could have been then devised. But now these conditions have vastly changed. The complete opening up of the land for settlement, the construction of good roads, the general use of the automobile and telephone, have brought all the residents of the township as near to each other for practical purposes as residents of the section were two or three generations ago. Moreover, co-operation and organization on a large scale in many fields have become important features of rural life. It seems logical that, in view of the changed conditions, there should be possibilities of improvement in the present method of administering the rural schools.

Membership on the board of trustees in rural sections is a form of social service that does not always appeal to the best type of men in the community. It may be that the functions of that body have become so limited that men of standing consider that it does not give sufficient scope for their abilities. It is certain, at any rate, that it is often difficult to secure men to act on the board. The question at annual school meetings is not always, "Who is the best man for trustee?" but often, "Whom can we get to take the job?" It is notorious that, in many school sections, it is often difficult to transact the business of the annual meeting because of an insufficient attendance of electors. There is, in general, too much popular indifference in the rural community to the work of directing

the only educational institution in it, and to this indifference may be ascribed some of the inefficiency of that institution. The problem here is how to enhance the importance of the office of administrator and to intensify popular interest in the administration.

Possible Solutions

A review of the factors enumerated above as the causes of the inefficiency of the present rural school organization will suggest that the problem of securing efficiency resolves itself into a series of problems of how to supply the inadequacies set up by these conditions. In other words, the solution is to be found in providing means whereby: (1) the tenure of office of the teacher may be prolonged; (2) a larger number of children may be brought together for their education; (3) a greater part of the teacher's time may be given to the instruction of each class; (4) a proper attitude towards rural activities may be developed in the pupils; (5) acilities for the teaching of agriculture, household science, and manual training may be supplied in the elementary school; (6) a secondary education, including some vocational training, may be placed within reach of every pupil; (7) a part-time course for further academic or vocational training for older pupils may be available; (8) an improved method of school administration to develop greater popular interest may be set up. The following plans are proposed as partial solutions of these problems. There is no single universal solution for all of them.

1. Improvement of the Existing Rural Schools

It has already been pointed out that the present rural school is capable of efficient work under the exceptionally gifted teacher. The rural child comes to school with an equipment in one respect superior to that of the average urban child. He has already developed certain habits and ideals of industry from his having been required to perform regularly certain definite tasks or "chores," assigned by his parents at home. The city boy, unfortunately, is not often given this valuable training. If the rural pupil carries over these habits and ideals of industry into the field of school work, he has an equipment which, if he is given a reasonable chance, will enable him to accomplish surprising results educationally.

One possible solution of the problem is, therefore, the improvement of the existing rural schools. The physical conditions can be easily improved. The school buildings can be made more attractive within and without, the equipment can be extended, the playgrounds can be enlarged and beautified, the sanitary conditions can be improved. Local pride should be stimulated in some way in order to bring about these desirable changes. In some sections, local organizations, particularly the Women's Institute, have done excellent work in this connection. This sort of social service should receive recognition and encouragement

But valuable as this work in the direction of the improvement in the physical conditions of the schools undoubtedly is, it is still more important that the standard of the teaching and management should be improved. We are fortunate in Ontario in the fact that practically all the teachers in our elementary schools have been trained, a large proportion of them being graduates of the Normal Schools with a year's professional training. Yet, notwithstanding this fact, the young teacher is often ill-equipped to cope with the new situations in teaching and management with which he is daily confronted in the rural school. The Inspector can seldom pay more than two half-day visits to the

school each year, and hence has little opportunity to give much-needed assistance and inspiration. One remedy is apparent. The number of schools under the supervision of each Inspector should be materially reduced in order to give him opportunity to visit each school more frequently, and to spend more time with each teacher. Only in this way can the Inspector fulfil adequately his most important function; viz., to supplement the work of the training school in improving the teacher's technique and in inspiring him with greater enthusiasm for his task.

Another partial remedy would be the appointment in each Inspectorate of a number of itinerant teachers for work in the special subjects, agriculture, household science, and manual training. Already provision is made, by Section 113 of the Public Schools Act, whereby township councils, or individual school boards or groups of school boards, may engage the services of such instructors, and provide for the payment of their salaries by special levies. But, though this provision has been in the Statutes for many years, it seems never to have been taken advantage of to any appreciable extent by these rural authorities. It would appear necessary, therefore, if anything is ever to result from the provision, that the appointment of such instructors should not be merely a discretionary matter. It is a question, too, whether the method of appointment and the provision for the payment of salaries might not advantageously be changed. The appointments, however made, should be subject to the approval of the Inspector, and generous Legislative grants should be provided to assist in the payment of salaries.

2. The Consolidation of Rural Schools

Consolidation of rural schools solves most, if not all, of the problems that arise out of the inefficiency of the schools as stated in a previous section. To particularize: (1) it provides more attractive conditions under which the teacher may work, and hence tends to prolong his tenure of office; (2) it brings together larger numbers of children and secures the mental and moral stimulus arising therefrom; (3) it provides a graded school system, and thereby gives to each class a larger share of the teacher's time; (4) it gives the rural child, in a comfortable and attractive environment, an education that fits him for rural life and maintains his sympathy with rural conditions; (5) it affords facilities for the teaching of agriculture, manual training, and household science; (6) it provides high school training without the necessity of sending pupils away from home; (7) it opens up possibilities for part-time instruction in academic and vocational work for older students; (8) it enlarges the administrative unit from the small single section to the consolidated section, and adds importance and interest to the office of trustee.

But, though consolidation may be regarded as the ideal solution of most of the rural school problems, it cannot as yet be regarded as a scheme immediately and universally practicable. In the first place, the topographical conditions of the district make it difficult for many sections to enter a consolidation with others advantageously. In the second place, the capital cost in initiating a consolidation is somewhat high, and requires careful consideration before undertaking it. It is therefore not surprising that the electors of many school sections, while appreciating the educational advantages of consolidation, hesitate to assume the financial obligations connected with it. This is particularly true in the case of those sections that have school buildings that are still serviceable and too good to abandon.

The method adopted in this Province in instituting consolidated schools is specified in the Consolidated Schools Act of 1919. Briefly, the procedure is as follows: School sections are empowered to enter into agreements with other sections to consolidate their schools. The agreement, signed by the representatives of the various sections, is transmitted to the Minister of Education for his approval. If the agreement receives the Minister's sanction, the consolidation becomes effective forthwith, and the consolidated section elects a board of five trustees to administer its affairs. method of deciding whether to enter the consolidation is that scribed by the Public Schools Act for the decision of all school questions; viz., a majority vote of the electors of each section. The plan thus throws the entire responsibility for the decision upon the electors. Department of Education sets the stamp of its approval upon the principle of consolidation by providing for the payment of liberal grants for building, for transportation of pupils, and for other special purposes. It also provides for extending the information of the people upon the subject by the publication and distribution of bulletins, and by sending out speakers to address public meetings when requested.

Prior to the passing of the Consolidated Schools Act in 1919, consolidated schools had been established in the Province at only three places; viz., Guelph, Hudson, and Tamworth. Since 1919, twenty-three others have been constituted, thirteen of which are in full operation, two in partial operation, and others at various stages of progress in building. Many of these consolidations are purely rural; some are partially urban. Tables will be found on pages 282-286 giving certain statistics of the consolidated schools at present operating, and in course of construction.

As might be inferred, the scheme adopted at the outset for the consolidation of schools in the Province was merely tentative and experimental. It was anticipated that experience in working out this scheme would reveal weaknesses and suggest means of remedying these. While on the whole the plan has proved to be wise, and successful in its operation, there are certain details in which it lends itself to improvement.

(a) There has been no comprehensive scheme of consolidation worked out in any county or inspectorate. The schools that have been consolidated have been selected usually without reference to the chances of adjacent schools for entry into a favourable consolidation later, and sometimes without due regard to the possibility of adequate financial support in the future. This more or less haphazard method of selection should give place to a more systematic plan of procedure. A careful survey of each county should be made in order to determine the most favourable and economical grouping of schools for consolidation. The grouping would, of course, be tentative and subject to later readjustments. It should have regard to such factors as the physical and topographical conditions of the various localities, the total assessment of the sections proposed for each group, the possibility of establishing economical conveyance routes, and the number of children to be educated. When a satisfactory scheme has been determined, maps should be prepared showing the proposed grouping of the sections. To give publicity to the proposals, a campaign should then be launched, the main purpose of which would be to get the people to think in terms of a county-wide scheme of consolidation. It would be understood, of course, that the proposals should not necessarily be regarded as a plan for immediate adoption, but rather as a statement of future policy, the consolidations being instituted when the time therefor should appear ripe.

Many groups might, in fact, never be actually consolidated. Only through the adoption of some such systematic and comprehensive method of procedure as this can consolidation achieve its highest possibilities.

- (b) The law defining the method of deciding upon consolidation might advantageously be amended. While this method is supremely democratic, and leaves each section entirely to its own discretion as to whether it enters a consolidation, it is questionable whether it does not place unnecessary obstacles in the way. A few active opponents in any one section, who probably have no direct interest in education, may block a promising consolidation. A more effective method of initiating consolidations is one in operation in the State of Minnesota. There consolidations have been rapidly established and are highly successful. The procedure in initiating them is as follows: On the petition of 25 per cent. of the ratepayers in each of a group of school sections to the County Superintendent of Schools, a vote may be taken over the whole area proposed to be consolidated. A majority vote over the area decides the question. The adoption of this plan in Ontario would involve a slight departure from the purely democratic basis of the present method of decision, but its success in other places might justify a trial here.
- (c) The present Regulations determining the grants for consolidated schools should be revised. The basis upon which the building grants are now calculated would be quite equitable if all the consolidations were of nearly equal size. But this is not the case. A small consolidation requiring a school building of two class-rooms is able, under the Regulations, to demand the same amount in building grants as a large consolidation requiring a building of six or eight class-rooms. This discrimination against the larger consolidation has a tendency to encourage the smaller, which would seem to be undesirable. A remedy for this defect would be to arrange the grants on a sliding scale, apportioning the amounts on the basis of the number of sections in the consolidation and the number of class-rooms required.

The fixed grant on the salaries of the teachers of consolidated schools, at present \$100 for each, might justly be increased. The purpose of this grant is to reimburse school boards in part for the more generous scale of salaries that have to be paid in order to secure the most competent teachers available. Under present conditions, what is gained by this fixed grant is partially lost by a reduction in the regular grants on salaries, because the combined assessment of the consolidated section places it in a higher class with lower grants than that in which the original sections were placed. The difficulty might be overcome merely by dividing the total assessment by the number of sections consolidated and allowing the amount thus secured to determine the class in which the consolidated section should be placed for purposes of calculating the regular grants.

Some arrangement should be made whereby a grant may be paid on the cost of vehicles provided for conveyance, where these are owned by the section. At present, at some of the schools, the vehicles are provided by the drivers, while in others they are provided by the section. In the latter case, the wages of the drivers are considerably less than in the former, and the transportation grant paid by the Department is accordingly less. Some plan of reimbursing these sections for part of the cost of the conveyances would equalize matters. For instance, the conveyances might be included with the approved equipment of the consolidated school, upon which the Department, by section 36 (1) (f) of the Regulations of the Consolidated Schools, pays an initial grant of 25 per cent. of the value.

3. Provision for Secondary School Education

As has been already suggested, the consolidation of schools offers the best solution of the problem of providing secondary school facilities for rural communities. Where consolidation is not feasible, however, some other provision should be made to bring a secondary school education within the reach of every boy and girl in the rural areas. In addition to academic instruction in the ordinary High School subjects, there should also be facilities for some vocational training. It has already been pointed out that the rural schools, as they are at present constituted, cannot adequately provide for this. The following plans are suggested to meet the situation:

- (a) The present Continuation Schools and High Schools might be more fully utilized for rural pupils, if some scheme of transportation were devised.
- (b) Rural or Township Continuation Schools might be established at strategic points where other secondary schools are not accessible. In connection with these, home-making or agricultural departments might be instituted, if desired, under the provisions of the Vocational Education Act. A transportation system might also be devised.

Methods of Establishment of Township Secondary Schools

Three methods of instituting these schools may be suggested, the first two of which are already in more or less extensive operation in the rural districts.

- (i) They may grow out of local conditions naturally, much as the Continuation Schools do to-day, one section establishing the school, and extending the privilege of attendance thereat to the pupils of other sections under the financial conditions at present provided for.
- (ii) They may be the result of the consolidation of several sections for secondary school purposes only. Arrangements similar to those made for the ordinary consolidations in the matter of agreements among the sections are already provided in the Continuation Schools Act. In this connection, provision might be made for Legislative grants for the conveyance of pupils.
- (iii) They may be provided in a more formal and systematic way by the institution of Township Boards of Education. This proposal demands somewhat detailed treatment.

Township Boards of Education

The initiatory steps in establishing Township Boards of Education should not be difficult to devise. Permissive legislation might be secured whereby the Township Council should be empowered to arrange for the election of a Township Board of Education, at the request, say, of a number of rural school boards representing more than half the total assessment of the township. If thought desirable, this request of the local board might be fortified by a formal vote to that effect by the electors of the section at a regularly called school meeting. Another plan might be to empower the Township Council, on the petition of a sufficient number of electors to submit a by-law for the establishment of a township board to a vote of the electors of the township at large. Still other, and perhaps more satisfactory, plans of instituting these boards might be devised; but it would be desirable that, in any plan adopted, the electors should have a direct voice.

The Township Board of Education should consist of five members, elected for a period of three years, with the usual provision for maintaining continuity

by the retirement of only a part of the board each year. It should be given authority to locate secondary schools where it deemed them advisable, to arrange for their erection and equipment, to engage the teaching staffs, to provide means for the conveyance of the pupils, and to perform all other duties at present assigned to High School boards. In order to secure economy and uniformity of administration, it should be arranged that continuation schools already established in the township, and not supported exclusively by an incorporated village or town, should automatically pass under the management of the township board. In that case, certain financial adjustments would have to be made, in order not to penalize localities which had already paid for, or partially paid for, schools of their own.

Permissive legislation might at the same time be secured giving to school sections the privilege of dissolving their present local boards and of handing over the management of their elementary schools to the township board. The basis upon which this might be done is a detail that would be easily worked out. For instance, it might be a similar method to that adopted in initiating the township board; viz., a request from a number of sections representing more than half of the total assessment of the township, or a formal vote on the question by the township at large. At first sight, it seems extremely improbable that many sections would voluntarily relinquish the purely local control of the schools that they at present possess, and hand it over to a more But it is just possible that, if the work of the township centralized body. board in the field of secondary education were efficient and successful, the electors might view with favour the extension of its function to the field of elementary education as well. Such a contingency would justify permissive legislation to that effect.

Financing of Township Secondary Schools

The financing of the Township Continuation Schools, including vocational departments, should be accomplished by the same method as that provided for the other secondary schools of the Province.

Conveyance of Pupils

It is apparent that if secondary education is to be made accessible to all the rural areas of the Province, some method of transportation of the pupils will have to be provided. Admittedly the greatest difficulty in the operation of Township Continuation Schools, or the utilization of the present High and Continuation Schools for the more complete advantage of rural communities, would be the institution of a satisfactory system of transportation. The distances covered by the conveyances would necessarily be great, the homes of the pupils would be widely separated, and the pupils themselves would be comparatively few in numbers.

But these difficulties should not be insuperable. It should not be necessary to provide for the conveyance of pupils who live within two miles of the school. Pupils of high-school age may reasonably be required to walk that distance or arrange for their own conveyance. Whether regular vans would be required for the rest of the area to be served would depend on local conditions. Probably in many cases, some plan of co-operation in transportation might be arranged among parents in a certain area, if satisfactory financial conditions could be made. Other variations might be suggested, but the schemes adopted would have to be left to local arrangement.

The Legislative grants for transportation ought to be generous, in order that the advantages of rural districts from the standpoint of secondary education may be placed as nearly as possible on a par with those enjoyed by urban communities. Probably a "flat" rate of a certain amount per pupil transported, arranged in a sliding scale according to distance, would be the most satisfactory. For instance; a schedule might be arranged as follows: For conveyance of each pupil (a) outside a radius of two miles but within a radius of three miles, \$—; (b) outside a radius of three miles but within a radius of four miles of the school, \$; etc. A pro rata decrease (or increase) of these grants might be provided for, in case they exceeded (or did not reach) a certain minimum percentage of the actual cost of transportation. In the State of Connecticut, a flat rate of \$35 per pupil is granted by the Legislature for transportation to approved non-local schools.

Township Secondary Schools not Purely Vocational

It is not intended that these Township Continuation Schools should be exclusively vocational schools. On the contrary they should be so constituted, and the courses of study should be so arranged, that the farm boy or girl may secure an academic education which leads to the University or to the Normal School. But it is expected that these schools will offer to the boy who chooses a farm career, not only a sound academic education, but also every possible advantage to fit himself most effectively for his vocation.

4. Provision of Part-time Courses

With the establishment of Township Secondary Schools, or the more complete utilization of the present High and Continuation Schools for rural pupils, it would be possible to establish part-time courses on a comprehensive basis. Each of these schools, in addition to the regular courses of the secondary schools, might offer part-time courses for those pupils who desire to advance their academic education in particular subjects and to obtain special vocational instruction. These courses could be arranged for parts of the year most convenient for these pupils to attend.

The regular staffs of the schools would, in most cases, have to be supplemented by a corps of itinerant instructors for special vocational work, each of whom would concentrate the work of the students in his field for several days in one school, and then pass on to another. The initial difficulty would be to obtain competent teachers for this itinerant work, but doubtless they would be discovered or developed as the system grows, just as competent instructors have been secured in the technical and industrial fields in urban centres. The Department of Education should assist in the payment of the salaries of these teachers by liberal grants for that purpose, as is at present done in the case of the Technical Schools.

The same transportation arrangements as are provided for the full-time pupils of the Township Continuation Schools should, of course, be available for the part-time pupils.

5. Improvement in Rural School Administration

The most hopeful possibility of improving the method of administration of the rural schools lies in the direction of enlarging the geographical unit from the section to the township. The great difficulty in making such a change would be to persuade school sections to relinquish voluntarily the prerogatives they have enjoyed for so long a time. Privileges exercised for generations are not

lightly parted with. Township boards for the administration of rural schools are not likely, therefore, to be very generally established on a voluntary basis, at least in the near future. There may be insuperable difficulties in Ontario to have them established on a compulsory basis. Yet in the United States, at least eight States; viz., Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New Jersey, Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, have instituted township boards under a compulsory law, and apparently without arousing any serious popular opposition to the scheme. In fact, reports indicate that the great majority of the people are well satisfied. Seventeen other States have permissive legislation for the establishment of township boards.

The most promising plan for the establishment of township boards in this Province would seem to be in instituting such boards, in the first place, for secondary school purposes, and then providing for the extension of their function to elementary schools as well. If, however, this plan is not deemed advisable, there could be no objection to providing permissive legislation in the matter of township boards to replace the present section boards for the elementary schools. This secured, an educational campaign might be inaugurated, and a few such boards might be established. As the successful operation of these became impressed on the public mind, more and more such boards would be gradually set up. The manner of their establishment might follow the lines suggested above for the institution of Township Boards of Education for secondary schools.

What advantages would be secured for rural districts through this proposed enlargement of the administrative unit for elementary school purposes? They may be briefly stated as follows:

(1) The substitution of township boards for section boards would enhance the importance of the office of trustee, and would attract the services of the highest type of men and women because of the wider field of activity provided.

(2) School houses would be more likely to be located where needed, and built when required; and there would be more probability of equality in the

provision of buildings and equipment.

(3) There would be a greater tendency to restrict the number of schools to necessary limits, and to combine schools that have a small attendance, thus securing much-needed economy.

(4) There would be absolute equality in the distribution of the financial

obligations for school purposes.

(5) There would be more efficient and economical supervision, as the Inspector would have to deal with only one central body of five men in each township instead of fifteen or twenty section boards of three members each.

(6) There would probably be less frequent change of teachers from one school to another, as the levelling of the salaries paid, and the uniformity in provision of building and equipment would arrest the tendency to shift about.

(7) The scheme would naturally lead to the consolidation of schools, and would ensure that consolidation would be carried out in a systematic manner. Schools would be grouped together in the most economical way, and the interests of no school would be jeopardized by making it impossible for it to enter a favourable consolidation.

On the other hand, what are the disadvantages of the scheme of township boards for rural schools? The most serious seem to be the following:

(1) There are some rural schools that are justly the objects of a certain degree of local pride, which the withdrawal of these from purely local control would tend to diminish.

(2) With certain boards, there would be a possibility of unfair treatment

of some schools in the matter of buildings, equipment, and teachers.

(3) There would be an initial difficulty in finance. If all the sections in the township were at the outset on a par with regard to building and equipment, there would be little possibility of unfairness. But in case some sections had recently built and paid for new schools, while other sections were badly in need of new buildings, it might be regarded as unfair to the former to require them to assist in paying for new schools for the latter. It would be possible, however, to make at the outset certain financial adjustments to overcome the difficulty. But even if such initial adjustments were impossible the inequalities would be righted in the course of years, for eventually the turn of each school for improved buildings and equipment would come.

It is almost inevitable that there should be objections to any new scheme suggested. The balance of advantage seems, however, to be largely on the side of the township, rather than on the side of the section, as the unit of adminis-

tration.

Summary

The proposals contained in this report may be briefly summarized as follows:

1. To secure greater economy in expenditure, close certain schools with a low average attendance, and transport the pupils to adjacent schools.

2. To secure greater efficiency:

(a) Improve the material conditions of the rural schools; give the Inspector more time for supervision; employ itinerant teachers for special work.

(b) Where feasible, consolidate elementary schools; but institute a comprehensive scheme of consolidation, modify the method of

procedure, and revise the schedule of grants.

(c) Provide secondary school facilities for every rural child by utilizing more fully the existing secondary schools, by consolidating the rural schools, and by establishing township secondary schools under township boards; institute a system of transportation for pupils at a distance.

(d) Provide part-time courses for academic and vocational work; for

the latter, employ itinerant teachers.

(e) Enlarge the administrative unit for the rural elementary schools, either through permissive legislation for that purpose, or through extending the authority of township boards for secondary schools to the management of the elementary schools as well, at the discretion of the people concerned.

APPENDIX F

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF MANUAL TRAINING AND HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir:

I have the honour to submit herewith my twenty-second annual report on Manual Training and Household Science as carried on in the schools of the Province.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

ALBERT H. LEAKE.

Toronto, December 1922.

General Progress

Manual Training and Household Science in the schools of the Province has proceeded very largely along the lines followed in previous years, though there has been a general improvement in organization, methods of teaching and in technical manipulation. A gratifying feature of the situation is that in nearly all new schools that are being planned it is proposed to make adequate provision for both these subjects. New centres have been opened in Hamilton, Ottawa, Chatham, St. Catharines, Walkerville, Windsor, and Lakeview Beach, while centres in Fort William, Port Arthur, Smith's Falls and Kitchener have been

temporarily closed.

There is a tendency in a large number of Manual Training centres to unduly stress the wood work, but this should not be regarded as of greater importance than the "working drawing." While the drawing generally proves less attractive than the actual construction its educational value is no less and its execution is necessary in order that the work of construction may be intelligently done. In place of the working drawing a free-hand dimensional sketch may occasionally be substituted. The practice of rapid free-hand sketching is too much neglected but the boy who possesses the ability to transfer his ideas rapidly to paper always has clearer thoughts and is apt to become a more efficient workman than one who has not this power. More attention should be paid to simple lettering as the drawings are considerably improved by its use. In some cases the decoration of the Manual Training room is receiving adequate attention but in too many it is neglected. There is no reason why this room should look like a barn and there is sufficient material connected with the subject to make the room attractive and thus exercise a beneficial and educative influence upon the students.

Sewing in the schools is receiving much greater attention not only in towns and cities but also in the smaller places. Ottawa, Toronto and Hamilton have special supervisors of this subject, whose work it is to see that the subject receives

adequate attention in the lower grades. The cookery is becoming more practical and the use of small infinitesimal quantities is becoming rarer though even yet far too common. Wherever possible, and it is possible in most cases, the family meal should be the basis of the instruction though the small quantity is and will be necessary for experimental and educational purposes. For many years it was the practice to confine the instruction exclusively to cookery, but now there is a growing tendency to devote due attention to other problems of general household management.

Manual Training and Household Science have both been under a serious handicap in the schools owing to the fact that they are regarded as extras. Notwithstanding their general adoption they have forced their way by merit and not by compulsion. They hardly seem yet to form an integral part of the curriculum. Those few schools that have not introduced them, argue that there are already too many subjects on the curriculum and that they cannot find time and those schools in which they are taught, while not unduly complaining of the burden, yet wish that better provision could be made by the omission of something else, or at least that they might constitute an option in the course of study.

The Centre System

The centre system of instruction is generally adopted. Rooms are equipped in some central schools and children from the other schools attend this centre at stated periods. In the larger cities a number of centres are required. This method has some disadvantages, particularly in the fact that it necessitates the pupils being on the streets on the way to or from the school during school hours. In some of the larger cities an attempt is now being made to overcome this difficulty. In the larger schools the Manual Training teacher and Household Science teacher each take charge of their subjects throughout the whole school and spend their whole time with the pupils of the one school. This ensures continuity of instruction throughout all the grades and gives to the pupils of the lower grades instruction in the elementary forms of Manual Training and Household Science which is often lacking when the subject is unorganized and left to the grade teacher. When the subject is continuous after this manner the pupils are able to do more advanced work when they enter the Manual Training room or Household Science room. This plan is being followed very successfully in the new type of school known as "Rotary" in Windsor and Hamilton. There is no reason why this plan of continuous instruction in Manual Training and Household Science throughout the grades could not be followed in all large schools.

Training of Teachers

Household Science teachers are now being trained at the College of Education where we have a small but efficient Department which gives one full year of training in Household Science to students who already hold a Second Class professional certificate. Additions to the College building are now being erected and it is expected that more extensive provision will be made for the accommodation of candidates for the certificate qualifying teachers to give Household Science instruction in the urban schools. Courses are also given at the Macdonald Institute at Guelph and qualifying certificates are given to students of those courses who fulfil certain conditions laid down by the Department of Education.

At present there is no provision made for qualifying Manual Training teachers other than that made in summer schools. Training classes were

formerly held at the Ontario Agricultural College, but owing to the extension of college activities and the introduction of new courses provision could no longer be made there and we are now without adequate facilities for training the necessary teachers. Training classes should be established either at the College of Education or in connection with some other institution. Now that all the ex-service men, who were trained for this purpose, are all absorbed by the schools the whole question of providing an adequate supply of teachers should receive early attention.

Summer Schools

During the year two summer schools in Manual Training were held and one in Household Science. One of these courses—Industrial Art and Design—was given in the Technical School, and was the second course given for the purpose of offering an opportunity to teachers holding the Elementary certificate in Manual Training to obtain the Ordinary certificate. The second course was given at the College of Education for the purpose of qualifying for the Elementary certificate. In order to obtain this certificate attendance is required at two summer sessions.

The Household Science course was given at the Technical School. This course has shown a steady growth. In 1920 it was attended by eighty-two students, in 1921 by ninety-seven students and in 1922 by one hundred and twenty-seven students. All the teachers attending are actually in service in the rural schools of the Province and the work taken deals entirely with the possibilities of the rural schools with reference to Household Science and the serving of a hot dish to supplement the lunch brought from home. The students almost invariably do good work and leave with the expressed intention of introducing the work, if at all possible, into their schools the following year.

Saturday Classes

The summer schools above referred to are held for five weeks in the summer during July and August when the schools are closed. The experiment initiated two years ago of holding classes on Saturdays throughout the year has proved successful. Classes were held at London and Hamilton Normal Schools in Manual Training and Household Science. Most of these teachers were already teaching the subjects in their schools, and others were anxious to do so. The Inspectors of the districts where the classes are held are unanimous in their opinion as to the efficiency of these classes and I am of the opinion that they should be extended to all the Normal Schools where there is a demand for them. In each case the classes have been established on the direct request of the Public School Inspector concerned. The latest request for such classes comes from Ottawa and a course will be established there commencing January 6th, 1923. The course given is exactly the same as that given at the summer schools and the same standing is granted. Students taking these courses attend the summer school in Toronto and take Part II of the work thus completing the course for the Elementary certificate in one year.

Rural Schools

Great progress has been made in the introduction of Manual Training and Household Science into the rural schools. In the year 1920 these subjects were taught in one hundred and ninety-eight schools. In 1920-21 three hundred and eight schools and in 1921-22 four hundred and twenty schools, and the prospects are that the numbers will be largely increased during the coming school

year. This increase has been brought about, first, by the training of teachers in the classes above referred to and, second, to the growing appreciation of the beneficial effects of the work on the health of the pupils, the morale of the school and the general improvement of the work of the pupils in the afternoon. Letters are constantly being received from Inspectors and Trustees expressing their

approval of the work the Department is doing in this connection.

Grants to Teachers and Trustees are paid by the Department. Owing to the Legislative appropriation in 1920-21 not being sufficient to pay these grants in full, a reduction of 35 per cent. in the case of the Public Schools and 54 per cent. in the case of Separate Schools had to be made. This naturally caused great disappointment, but when the grants were made up for 1921-22 the Minister found it possible to refund the amount of this reduction. This action, it is needless to say, met with the cordial approval of the three hundred and eight Trustee Boards and the three hundred and eight teachers who were the recipients of cheques for the amounts that had been deducted.

Interest in the subject is rapidly growing in the Province. Constant requests are being made for information, advice and public addresses on this subject. Information is always gladly and fully given and as far as my other official duties will permit, invitations to address public meetings are always accepted. The scheme under which grants are now paid to Rural Schools for

these subjects is as follows:

THE PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS

Special Provisions for Manual Training and Household Science in Rural and Urban Schools

- The Board of a rural or an urban school which is unable to comply with the provisions of the General Regulations, but which maintains classes in Manual Training as applied to the work of the Farm or in Household Science suitable to the requirements of the rural districts, which employs a teacher or teachers qualified as below, and which provides accommodations and equipment and a course of study, approved by the Minister before the classes are established, will be paid by the Minister the sums provided in the scheme below, out of the grants appropriated therefor; said grants to be expended on the accommodations, equipment, and supplies for Manual Training and Household Science. In no year, however, will the Departmental grants exceed the total expenditure of the Board for these classes.
- (2) On the report of the Inspector of Manual Training and Household Science that the organization and the teaching of the classes in Manual Training or Household Science maintained as provided above are satisfactory, an annual grant will be paid by the Minister out of the Grant appropriated according to the following scheme for each room equipped:
 - (a) (i) When the teacher holds a Second Class certificate but is not specially certificated in Manual Training or Household Science—
 Initial Grant: to Board, \$40; to teacher, \$15.
 Subsequent Grant: to board, \$20; to teacher, \$15.

(ii) When the teacher holds a Second or Third Class certificate and has satisfactorily completed the work of one Summer Course in Manual Training or Household Science, provided by the Department, and undertakes to complete Part II the following year, or receives permission from the Minister to postpone said part—
Initial Grant: to board, \$40; to teacher, \$20.
Subsequent Grant: to board, \$20; to teacher, \$20.

(b) (i) When the teacher holds a Second or Third Class certificate and in addition to the Elementary certificate in Manual Training or Household Science—

Initial Grant: to board, \$75; to teacher, \$40. Subsequent Grant: to board, \$30; to teacher, \$40.

(ii) When the teacher holds a Second Class certificate and in addition the Ordinary certificate in Manual Training or Household Science— Initial Grant: to board, \$75; to teacher, \$50. Subsequent Grant to board, \$30; to teacher, \$50.

(c) When a school taking up Household Science provides at least one hot dish for the pupils staying to lunch from November 1st to March 31st, the above grants to the teachers of Household Science will be increased \$10.

Government Grants

The scheme under which Urban grants are paid was introduced many years ago, and only one change has been made and that was in the nature of a reduction. When the amounts now paid were established they were ample for the purpose, but the cost of equipping Manual Training and Household Science rooms is now three times as much as it was then and the grants in view of present conditions are not adequate. During the coming year the question of the revision of these grants should be considered.

Manual Training and Household Science Centres

It would take up too much space to list the four hundred and twenty rural schools where these subjects are taught, but any School Board that is considering their introduction will be gladly furnished with the names of the nearest schools where the subjects may be seen in operation.

In urban centres special rooms are equipped for these subjects and the following list gives the names of the various centres with the names of the

teachers and the salaries received:

Manual Training Centres in Ontario

PLACE	Scho ol	Teacher	SALARY
Beamsville	High School	W. J. Lowrie	
Brantford	Collegiate Institute	James C. Coles	\$2,300
	Central Public School	Arthur Styles	2,400
	Major Ballachy School	G. C. White	1,900
Brockville	Public School	Geo, E, Cox	2,000
Chatham	Collegiate Institute	C. M. DeGroat	1,900
	Public Schools	C. M. DeGroat	_,-
Collingwood	Public School	Victor Ellis	1,900
Cornwall	Public School	D. Cornell	1,700
Fairbank	Public School	F. W. Hiley	1,700
Fort William	Collegiate Institute	I. B. Pengelley	1,800
2 020 ((222222	Public Schools	Temp. closed	_,000
Galt	Collegiate Institute	F. J. Phalen	2,000
Guelph	Consolidated School	Guelph Student (2 half days)	200
Gucipii	Consortanted School	per week	200
	Public School	J. T. Powers	1,850
Hamilton	Collegiate Institute	Fred. Taylor	2,200
Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	Normal School	A. J. Painter	1,500
	Caroline St. School	A. E. Wilcox	2,300
	Earl Kitchener School	J. A. Gee	1,800
	King George School	Frank Bowers	2,100
	Memorial School	W. O. Morrow	2,100
	Bennetto School	J. Hetherington	1,800
	Wentworth St. School	Temp. closed	1,000
	Adelaide Hoodless School	Sydney Collier	1,700
	Prince of Wales School	Sidney Hayer	2,100
Ingersoll	Collegiate Institute	Norman L. Weir	1,600
Kingston	Public Schools	Ezra E. Parkhouse	1,900
Kitchener	Collegiate Institute	Temp. closed	1,500
Kitchener	Public Schools	R. M. Gillespie	1,700
Listowel	Public Schools	Eric T. Hawkins	1,500
London	Collegiate Institute	W. A. Adams	2,700
London	Aberdeen School	S. R. White	2,700
	Alexandra School	E. Geiger	2,100
	Boyle School		2,000
	Chesley School	Geor g e Cowie R. L. Shortill	1,600
	Lord Roberts School	G. G. Scott	1,600
	Riverview School	S. R. White	2,500
		G. Cowie	2,000
	Ryerson School	R. L. Shortill	1,600
	Tecumseh School Normal School	C D' 11	
Madoc			2,400 1,850
	Public School	J. B. Hough W. F. Currie	2,000
Niagara Falls	Collegiate Institute		
North Bay	Normal School	J. E. Chambers	2,400
Orangevill e	Public School		

Manual Training Centres in Ontario (Co	oncluded)
Ottawa Normal School L. S. H	
Cambridge St. School Connaught School Geo. F	. Rowe 2,400
Creighton St. School Elgin St. School Arthur	Crowson 2,600
Glashan School Arthur	Myrick M. Lee 2,100
Hopewell Ave. School	Vright (Temp.) 2,550
Osgoode St. School Wellington St. School J. J. C.	
Percy St. School Slater St. School R. S. F	
Vork St. School Collegiate Institute Owen Sound Owen Sound Owen Sound	
Dufferin Public School F. A. C	Campbell 1,600
Central School A. F. F	Hagerman 2,540 Hagerman
Prince of Wales A. Hop Collegiate Institute Temp.	closed 1,600
Port Perry High School T. H. I	Follick 2,350 . Seaman 1,800
St. Thomas Collegiate Institute P. J. Sl	atterie 1,800
Collegiate Institute Robert	Dobbins 2,200
Central Public School Jas. G.	ater 2,800 Chrysler 2,200
Smith's Falls West End Public School Collegiate Institute Temp.	closed
Stratford Collegiate Institute F. J. T Romeo School D. W.	Gillies 2,000
Normal School S. Pick Sudbury High School F. J. E	
Toronto Annette St. School Jas. O.	
Brown School H. J. B	
Dewson St. School Edward	d Slaughter 2,575 Medcof 2,325
Eglinton School C. V. V	Vebb
Essex St. School A. J. R Hillcrest School John W	Yebb 1,925
Jesse Ketchum School W. D. 1 Kent School H. G. V	White 2,075
King Edward School A. C. B	. Beattie 2,625 Surt 2,450
Keele St. School J. H. H Manning Ave. School T. T. C	lousego 1,925 Carpenter 2,625
Park School T. Win	dsor 1,825 amilton 2,625
Perth Ave. School T. W. I	Davidson 2,625 I. Flumerfelt 2,625
Rawlinson School Wm. E	. Smyth 2,325
Victoria St. School Reta T	eahean 1.450
Wellesley School G. B. C Williamson Road School C. G. M	Aikel 2,325
Winchester St. School J. E. R Oakwood Collegiate Institute R. N. S	obertson 2,075 Shortill 2,975
Riverdale Collegiate Institute Edward	Vilkinson 2,400
	ard Connor 1,800 enwood 1,800
High School W. S. I	
Collegiate Institute E. J. Si	rrs 2,500 hackleton 2,000
Dougall Ave. School Norval	McKim 2,000
Victoria St. School Norval	McKim
Prince Edward School C. D. I	Thompson 2,000 Mercer 1,700

Household Science Centres in Ontario

Place	School	Teacher	SALARY
Belleville	High School	Illah R. Baker	\$1,400
Beamsville	High School	man IV. Daker	φ1,100
Brantford	Collegiate Institute	Edna E. Hartley	1,900
	Central Public School Major Ballachy School	Kathleen Vaughan Daveda Ridley	1,200 1,200
Brockville	Public School	Margaret Campbell	1,200
Chatham	Collegiate Institute Central School	Helene Pilkey	1,300
	McKeogh School	Anna Jane Weir Anna Jane Weir	1,400
Cobourg	Collegiate Institute	Grace Boggs	800
Collingwood Fairbank	Public School Public School	Mary Leona Douglas Winnifred Cooper	1,200 1,100
(No. 15 E. York)	Tubile Seliooi	Willimed Cooper	1,100
Fort William	Collegiate Institute	Pearl Trynor .	1,500
Galt	Public Schools Collegiate Institute	Temp. closed G. S. T. Baillie	1,900
Guelph	Consolidated School	Temp. closed	
Hamilton	Public School Collegiate Institute	M. Lila Cockburn Lola K. Mitchell	1,150 2,000
,	Normal School	C. Elliott	2,300
	Adelaide Hoodless	Jean Malcolmson	1,050
	Caroline St. School Earl Kitchener School	Edna Currie Agnes Sharp	1,250 1,200
	King George School	Beatrice Beddie	1,450
	King Edward School Prince of Wales School	Vesta Donaldson	1,100
	Memorial School	L. Doan W. Dowd	1,100 1,350
	Picton St. School	Cora Lillian Heaslip	1,200
	Strathcona School Wentworth School	C. Hilton A. E. Fairlee	1,250 1,500
Ingersoll	Collegiate Institute	Sybil M. Kendall	1,350
Kingston	Public Schools	Edna McKibbon	1,250
Kitchener	Collegiate Institute Victoria School	Temp. closed Helena I. Mackenzie	1,300
London	Collegiate Institute	Mary C. Macpherson	2,600
	Ryerson School Aberdeen School	Isabelle Craig Isabelle Craig	1,950
	Alexandra School	Maybelle Stuart	1,550
	Normal School	A. B. Neville	2,300
	Boyle School Chesley School	Grace Graham Isabel Davidson	1,400 1,400
	Lord Roberts School	Hazel Cunningham	1,300
	Riverview School Tecumseh School		
	Sacred Heart R.C.S.S.	Gertrude Troy	1,000
M 1	Dir Ci i	(Sr. Leona)	1.050
Madoc Niagara Falls	Public Schools Collegiate Institute	Grace Burnside Janette A. Mitchell	1,050 1,900
Niagara Falls South	High School	Ruth V. Gardiner	400
North Bay Ottawa	Normal School Connaught School	Mayme C. Kay Velma Abernethy	2,000 1,500
Ottawa	York St. School	Ida Dawson	1,600
	Hopewell Ave. School	Mary Hutchison	1,500
	Osgoode St. School Cambridge St. School	Marjorie Johnson Grace Munt	1,800 1,600
	First Ave. School	Lucy White	1,700
Owen Sound	Kent St. School	E E Duichand	1,500
Owen Sound	Collegiate Institute Dufferin Public School	F. E. Prichard Bertha F. Olds	1,200
Paris	Public School	Temp. closed	
Peterboro	Normal School Central School	Elizabeth MacVannell H. J. C. Moffat	2,200 2,000
	Central School	Alice E. Ryley	1,200
Dont Author	Prince of Wales	Alice E. Ryley	
Port Arthur Port Perry	Collegiate Institute High School	Temp. closed Marion Irene Glasgow	1,700
St. Thomas	Collegiate Institute	Ethel M. Palmer	1,800
	Balaclava St. School	Edith McGregor	1,100

1	Household Science Centres in O	ntario (Concluded)	
Sarnia	Lochiel St. School		
0 1 0 35 1	Collegiate Institute		
Sault Ste Marie	Collegiate Institute	Mary P. Shaw	\$2,000
	Central Public School	Elsie Ferguson	1,700
	Central Public School	Elsie Preston	1,600
C 11. E-11.	West End Public School	Bessie M. Boucher	1,350
Smith's Falls	Collegiate Institute	Temp. closed	
Stratford	Collegiate Institute	Margaret J. Langford	1,100
	Romeo Public School	Mary E. McLean	1,100
Sudbury	Normal School	E. M. Everson	1,900
Toronto	Collegiate Institute Annette St. School	Clara L. Campbell	2,400
10101110	Bedford Park	Lucy C. Colbeck	1,250
	Eglinton School	Annie Ernshaw Annie Ernshaw	1,200
	Brown School	Muriel Powell	1 707
	Brown School	E. W. DeLaporte	1,787 1,750
	Jesse Ketchum School	Muriel Powell	1,750
	Jesse Ketchum School	E. W. DeLaporte	
	Connaught School	L. Annie Cheer	2,000
	Connaught School	Adelaide Verth	2,000
	Dewson St. School	Armorel Silver	1,600
	Kimberley School	L. Annie Cheer	1,000
	Kimberley School	Adelaide Verth	
	Earl Grey School	E. Irene Henderson	1,250
	Essex St. School	Ethel O. Farrant	1,800
	Hillcrest School	Constance Reynar	1,600
	Hillcrest School	Marion Ross	1,100
	Keele St. School	Mary Robb	2,100
	Earlscourt School	S. Helen Amos	1,550
	Kent School	Hazel Hendry	1,450
	King Edward School	Mary Foote	2,100
	Lee School	Rhoda M. Ward	1,400
	Manning Ave. School	Marion Sinclair	1,350
	Orde St. School	Jessie J. Hills	1,950
	Orde St. School	Velma Lehman	1,350
	Park School	Augusta E. Shorey	1,100
	Parkdale School	Gertrude Dobson	1,500
	Perth Ave. School	Christina L. Smyth	2,100
	Perth Ave. School	Annie Campbell	1,550
	Queen Alexandra	Luella E. Robertson	1,700
	Queen Alexandra	Blanche Clarke	1,750
	St. Paul's R.C.S.S.	Inchel I C Posso	1,700
	Ryerson School	Isabel J. C. Pease	800
	St. Francis, R.C.S.S. Victoria St. School	Sr. M. Agatha Mabel A. Edwards	1,150
		Hazel Carscadder	2,200
	Riverdale Coll. Institute Wellesley School	L. Helen Davis	1,300
	Western School	Gladys L. Thompson	1,200
	Western School	Kathleen Coggs	1,150
	Oakwood Collegiate Institute	Muriel G. Sinclair	2,200
	Winchester School	Helen M. Wright	1,500
	Williamson Rd. School	Margaret Milne	1,200
	Normal School	Gladys Breed	1,900
	Normal School	N. Ewing	2,300
	Withrow School	M. Lyle Burgess	1,150
	John Ross Robertson	Annie E. Ernshaw	1,150
Tweed	Public Schools	Florence Garrett	1,000
Walkerville	Public Schools	Helen Rogers	1,800
	High School	Jean E. Beasley	1,900
Windsor	Collegiate Institute	Gladys G. Bond	2,300
	Collegiate Institute	E. A. Glazier	2,500
	Assumption St. School	Grace Rattray	1,600
	Douglas Ave. School	Clara Culver	1,700
	Wyandotte St. School	Joyce Westlake	1,300 1,600
	Prince Edward School	Marjorie E. Johnston	1,000
	Victoria School	Lila K. G. White	1,500
Woodstock	Collegiate Institute	Liia K. G. Wilite	1,500

APPENDIX G

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF

ELEMENTARY AGRICULTURAL CLASSES

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,—

I beg to submit for your consideration a report on the Agricultural Classes in connection with the schools of the Province for the year 1922.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. B. Dandeno, Inspector of Elementary Agricultural Classes.

Toronto, December, 1922.

It is gratifying to be able to record substantial progress in Agricultural education in the Primary and Secondary Schools during the past year. The number of schools carrying on effective work is increasing year by year and the general character of the work is also improving. The chief facts relating to the work are given in order to show more or less definitely the situation at the present time.

Number of Ungraded Public Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922

Inspectorate	Inspector	No. of Schools	No. of Home Gardens	No. of School Gardens
Algoma	D. T. Walkom	3	2	1
	T. W. Standing	14	10	4
	W. F. Bald	22	14	8
	John McCool	26	12	14
	R. C. Rose	21	10	11
	Thos. P. Maxwell	11	3	8
	W. R. Liddy	26	12	14
	H. B. Fetterly	56	45	11
	J. C. Smith.	61	38	23
	J. A. Taylor	25	16	9
	D. A. Maxwell.	22	. 11	11
	V. C. Quarry	2	2	
	S. A. Truscott	$\bar{2}$	2	• •
	Samuel Huff	1		· i
	H. H. Burgess	18	9	9
	Robert Wright	12	4	8
	J. W. Crewson	40	$3\overline{4}$	6
	J. L. Mitchener	14	8	6
	J. M. Denyes	24	17	7
	H. J. Clarke	37	19	18
	J. Ě. Minns	29	22	7
	J. M. Field	33	23	10
	J. E. Tom	82	66	16
	W. H. G. Colles	65	18	47
	J. H. Smith.	61	34	27
	Henry Conn	67	40	27
Lambton E	N. McDougall	47	43	4
				-

Number of Ungraded Public Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922 (Continued)

Inspectorate	Inspector	No. of Schools	No. of Home Gardens	No. of School Gardens
Lanark W	Thos. C. Smith	34	19	
	J. F. McGuire.	23		15
Leeds and Grenville (2)	W. C. Dowsley	23	16	7
Leeds and Grenville (3)	Γ. A. Craig.		21	6
Lincoln	G. A. Carefoot	17	16	1
Middlesov W	U D Jaharan	3	. 2	.1
Middlesex F	H. D. Johnson	60	43	17
Manitoulin	P. J. Thompson.	69	42	27
Mudrole	J. W. Hagan	4		4
Nininin	R. O. White	1		1
Nipissing.	P. W. Brown	2		2
Northumberland & Durham (1).	E. E. Snider	47	36	11
Northumberland & Durham (2).	J. W. Odell	12	18	4
Northumberland & Durham (3).	R. Boyes	6	4	2
Norfolk	H. F. Cook	27	20	7
Ontario N	T. R. Ferguson	13	8	5
Ontario S	R. A. Hutchison	10	4	. 6
Oxford S	R. A. Paterson,	7	6	1
Oxford N	I. M. Cole	44	29	15
	J. L. Moore			1
	W. J. Galbraith		10	5
	William Irwin		41	. 12
	James H. Smith		26	12
	Richard Lees		5	6
	G. E. Broderick		5	1
	F. P. Smith		12	15
	John Nelson		2	. 13
Ponfrow S	G. G. McNab	17	7	10
	I. D. Breuls		2	10
			3	2
	J. L. Garvin			3
	E. Longman		4	2
	Isaac Day		26	3
	James Froats		54	1
	W. A. Wilson		3	* ;
	W. H. Stevens		1	1
	L. Norman		5	2
	F. W. Sheppard		-5	1
Welland S	James McNiece	13	5	8
Welland N	J. W. Marshall	. 5	4	1
Wellington N	Robert Galbraith	. 3	2	1
Wellington S	J. J. Craig	44	24	20
Wentworth	J. B. Robinson	36	19	17
York (1)	C. W. Mulloy	20	12	8.
York (2)	A. L. Campbell	9	4	5
York (3)	W. W. A. Trench	21	15	6
Dist. Div. III.	John Ritchie	2		2
Dist. Div. VIII	D. M. Christie	1		1
Dist. Div. I.	S. Shannon	1		1
	J. B. Dandeno			1
THE STATE OF THE S	,			4-04-04
	Totals	1672	1084	588

Number of Ungraded Separate Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922

September, 1921—	June, 1722		No. of	No. of
Inspectorate	Inspector	No. of Schools	Home Gardens	School Gardens
Bruce, Essex, Grey, Huron, Kent, Middlesex, Perth, Wellington	s. S. Melady	27 9	12 3	15 6
Frontenac, Hastings, Lanark, Leeds, Northumberland, Peterboro, Simcoe, Victoria. J. P. Carleton, Glengarry, Stormont. J. E. Kent, Middlesex. J. F.	. Jones	2 21 11	i2 8	2 9 3
Renfrew. V. C Sudbury, Manitoulin. J. N	., Quarry	2 2	2 2	
	Totals	74	39	35

Number of Graded Public Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922

Inspectorate	Inspector	No. of Schools	No. of Home Gardens	No. of School Gardens
	.J. B. McDougall	. 3	3	
	E. E. C. Kilmer	9	8	1
	T. W. Standing	5 2	2 2	3
Bruce, E	. John McCool	$\tilde{2}$	1	i
Carleton E	.Thos. P. Maxwell	4	• •	. 4
Carleton W	.R. C. Rose	100	1 3	
Elgin E	J. C. Smith	5	3	5 2
Elgin W	. J. A. Taylor	10	3	$\tilde{7}$
Essex S	. D. A. Maxwell	1 .	1	
	.S. A. Truscott	1 3	$\frac{1}{2}$	·i
Grey W	.H. H. Burgess	1		1
Grey S	Robert Wright	2	2	
	. Wm. Tytler	1		1
	. J. M. Denyes . H. J. Clarke	2 3	2	2
Hastings C	. I. E. Minns	4	î	. 3
Huron E	. I. M. Field	4	3	1
Huron W	. J. Elgin Tom	4	. 2	2
Kent F.	.W. H. G. Colles	3	2	1
Kent W	. J. H. Smith	5	4	î
Lambton W	Henry Conn	2	. 1	1
	. Thos. C. Smith	1 3	1	3
Leeds and Grenville (3)	T. A. Craig.	2	• •	2
Lincoln	.G. A. Carefoot	9 :	3	6
	.C. B. Edwards, V. K. Greer	11	8	3
Middlesey F.	. J. W. Hagan	1 4	i	1 3
Middlesex W	H. D. Johnson	3	1	2
Nipissing District	.P. W. Brown	2		2
Norfolk	.H. F. Cook	1	1 1	1
Ontario N.	T. R. Ferguson	1	1 1	• •
Ottawa City	. J. H. Putman, E. T. Slemon	12	ī	ii
Ottawa Normal Model	.C. E. Mark	1		1
	R. A. Paterson	1	• •	1
Parry Sound N	R. O. White	2		2
Peel	.W. J. Galbraith	2	1	1
	. William Irwin	5 7	1	4
	J. H. Smith	3	1 2	6 1
Peterboro E	. Richard Lees	ĭ		1
	John Nelson	2	1	1
	.F. P. Smith	3	* * *	3
Renfrew S	G. G. McNab	2		2
Simcoe S	Edwin Longman	1		$\overline{1}$
Simcoe N	J. L. Garvin	2	1	1
Timiskaming	James Froats	2 1	2	i
Thunder Bay	John Ritchie	ī		î
Toronto City	. Walter Bryce	3	2	1
Toronto	A. E. Marty	3	2	1
Toronto	. N. S. McDonald	2	2	
Waterloo N	F. W. Sheppard	3		3
	L. Norman	4	1	3
Welland S	. J. W. Marshall	7 2	1 1	6 1
Wellington S	J. J. Craig	3		3
Wentworth	.J. B. Robinson	10	4	6

Number of Graded Public Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922 (Continued)

Inspectorate	This pector	No. of Schools	No. of Home Gardens	No. of School Gardens
Windsor City.	E. Benson	7	Curacus	Guraciis
Vorle (1)	L. Denson	1	0	1
101K (1)	. W. Mulloy	2		2
YORK (4)	A. Iordan	11	7	1
Vork (2)	. L. Campbell	1.1	- 1	+
Vonly (2)	L. Campben	4	1	3
101K (3)	V. W. A. Trench	9	4	5
Dist. Div. I	Shannon	1		1
Diet Div VIII	Mr. Classical		• •	1
Dist. Div. VIII	. M. Christie	1		1
	Totals	250	105	145

Number of Graded Separate Schools with Classes in Agriculture, September, 1921—June, 1922

Inspectorate	Inspector	No. of Schools	No. of Home Gardens	No. of School
Bruce, Essex, Huron, Kent, Lambton, Perth,		Schools	Gardens	Gardens
Wellington	Thos. S. Melady	13	4	9
Brant, Simcoe, Waterloo, York	W. J. Lee	9	6	3
Essex, Middlesex, Oxford, Welland, Wentworth.	J. F. Sullivan	10	6	4
Glengarry	J. E. Jones	2	1	1
Essex and Kent	A. Beneteau	2	1	1
Windsor City	John Waugh	1		1
Peterboro, Simcoe	J. P. Finn	3	1	. 2
Algoma, Nipissing, Thunder Bay	J. M. Bennett	6	1	5
Toronto City	J. F. Power	3	3	
Renfrew, Timiskaming	V. C. Quarry	2		2
	Totals	51	23	28

The number of Public and Separate Schools qualifying for grants each year, commencing in 1903, is given in the following table:

Year	No. of Schools	Year	No. of Schools	With School Gardens	With Home Gardens
1903	4	1913	159		• • • •
1904	7	1914	264	208	56
1905	6	1915	407	222	185
1906	8	1916	585	324	261
1907	2	1917	989	466	. 523
1908	14	1918	1,020	588	432
1909	16	1919	1,408	618	790
1910	17	1920	1,648	702	946
1911	33	1921	1,804	690	1,114
1912	101	1922	2,047	796	1,251

It is usually of the utmost importance that the viewpoint of those directly concerned should be given, and in order to do this most effectively, actual quotations from voluntary statements made by Trustees and others are given. The commonest objection now given to the teaching of Agriculture in Public Schools is that the pupils have sufficient agricultural work to do at home, and coupled with this statement the statement is often made that the parents from farm homes can give the children all of the agricultural instruction necessary. Such objections are becoming fewer and fewer as time goes on.

Note the following statements from Trustees:

S.S. No. 2, YARMOUTH, ELGIN CO.; MARJORIE COPELAND.

The training of teachers should be such that would enable them to know, and enjoy, the things wonderful and the things beautiful.

Thereby the teacher may enjoy teaching, and the scholar studying, and both may love the things that live and grow.

H. GORDON SM:TH Sec.-Treas.,

Union.

S.S. No. 16, Manvers, Durham Co.; Miriam L. Richardson.

I find the children take a deep interest in the Agriculture Subjects taught. The flower beds are taken good care of. I hope that next year there will be a vegetable garden in connection with the school.

F. BARNSTAPLE, Sec.-Treas., Janetville Station.

S.S. No. 12, CHATHAM, KENT CO.; REITA DERBYSHIRE.

The work is progressing nicely. The school garden is in good shape, and the children take great interest in the work. We are greatly in favour of the work being carried out.

> HARRY FORBES, Sec.-Treas.. Tupperville.

Report on Agriculture and School Gardens in South Perth

Stratford, Ont., December 20, 1922.

Nearly all the Rural Schools in South Perth taught Agriculture and had home or school gardens during the past year. Pupils, parents and teachers were quite interested in the work. Seeds and eggs were distributed in the spring through the O.A.C. Representative. In this way, many new varieties of vegetables were introduced and many pupils got a start in raising pure-bred poultry.

There are five townships in South Perth and each township held a school fair, viz.: Sebastapol, St. Paul's, Fullarton, Staffa and Transvaal. The attendance at each fair was large. The people were anxious to see all phases of the work and a splendid opportunity was given to people

of various sections to become acquainted or renew acquaintances.

The work in our city schools was also conducted very well. A study of the growth of plants, value of good seed, and the detriment of weeds were fully considered. The city school gardens are also conducted as a business proposition. The cost of a fair rental of land, cultivation, fertilization and work are compared with the value received from the produce and generally there has been a handsome margin of profit.

Respectfully submitted, J. H. SMITH, I.P.S., Div. II, Perth Co.

The School Fair organizations are directly under the charge of the Agricultural Representatives in co-operation with teachers and Inspectors. These Fairs have become an important factor in rural education.

The following list, corrected to January 1st, 1923, is given for the use of the teachers of the rural schools who should secure, as far as possible, such assistance as these Representatives may be inclined to give.

Agricultural Representatives—Ontario Department of Agriculture

R. S. Duncan, Director.

W. D. JACKSON, Asst. Director.

COUNTY	NAME	ADDRESS
Algoma	J. M. McIntosh	.Sault Ste. Marie.
Brant	R. Schuyler	. Paris
Bruce	Campbell Lamont	. Walkerton.
Carleton	D. J. Matheson	. Carp.
Dufferin	H. A. Dorrance	. Orangeville.
Dundas		
Durham	F. C. Paterson	. Port Hope.
Elgin	C. W. Buchanan	. Royal Bank Bldg., St. Thomas.
Essex		
Frontenac		
Glengarry		
Grenville	W. M. Croskery	. Kemptville.
Grey	T. S. Cooper	. Markdale.
Haldimand	C. Frey	. Cayuga.
Halton	R. R. Fleming	. Milton.
Hastings		
Huron	S. B. Stothers	. Clinton.
Kenora	M. F. Cook	. Dryden.
Kent	W. H. Smith	. Chatham.
Lambton		

Agricultural Representatives—Ontario Department of Agriculture (Continued)

COUNTY	NAME	ADDRESS
LanarkF	. Forsyth	Porth
Leeds	C. F. Neff	Athona
Lennox and Addington	C Main	Napana
Lincoln	Seo Wilson	St Cathorina
Manitoulin	R E Cumming	Core Ress
Middlesex	A Finn	London
Muskoka and Parry SoundI	S Reckett	Huntarilla
Norfolk	G G Brambill	Simon
NorthumberlandI	- Sirett	Brighton
Ontario. •	2 M Tipper	Hybridge
Oxford	R Green	Woodstools
Peel	A Carroll	Bramaton
Perth	M C McPhail	Stratford
Peterborough	C. McRae	Norwood
Prince Edward		
Prescott and Russell	F. Larose	Plantagenet
Rainy River	F. Metcalf	Fmo
Renfrew		
Simcoe North		
Simcoe South	I. E. McCague	Alliston
Sudbury	D. I. Robicheau	Sudbury.
Timiskaming		
Thunder Bay-Fort William (
	L. M. Davis	
Victoria		
Waterloo	S. Knapp	Galt.
Welland	R. J. Bryden	Welland.
Wellington	R. H. Clemens	Arthur.
Wentworth	W. G. Marritt	18 Market St., Hamilton.
York	R. J. Rogers	Newmarket.

The Names and Addresses of Public and Separate School Inspectors who hold Intermediate Certificates in Agriculture

Bald, W. T., Port Elgin.
Bennett, J. M., 47 Browning Ave., Toronto.
Benson, J. E., Windsor.
Breuls, I. D., Pembroke.
Bryce, W., 3 Bowden Ave., Toronto.
Boyes, Robert, Campbellford.
Broderick, G. E., Lindsay.
Burgess, H. H., Owen Sound.
Brown, P. W., North Bay.
Campbell, A. L., Weston.
Carefoot, George A., St. Catharines.
Christie, D. M., Sudbury.
Clarke, H. J., Belleville.
Cole, J. M., Woodstock.
Colles, W. H. G. (Rev.), Chatham.
Colling, James, Bancroft.
Corkill, E. J., Napanee.
Conn, Henry, Sarnia.
Cook, H. F., Simcoe.
Craig, J. J., Fergus.
Craig, T. A., Kemptville.
Crewson, J. W., Alexandria.
Day, Isaac, Orillia.
Denyes, J. M., Milton.
Dowsley, W. C., Brockville.
Ferguson, T. R., Uxbridge.
Fetterly, H. B., Winchester.
Field, J. M., Goderich.
Finn, J. P., Peterborough.
Froats, James, Finch.
Galbraith, Robert, Mount Forest.
Galbraith, W. J., Brampton.
Garvin, J. L., Barrie.
Hagan, J. W., Gore Bay.

Hamilton, W. J., Fort William.
Huff, Samuel, Meaford.
Irwin, William, Stratford.
Johnson, H. D., Strathroy.
Jones, Jas. E., Ottawa.
Jordan, A. A., 63 Orchard View Blvd.,
Toronto.
Kilmer, E. E. C., Brantford.
Lee, W. J., 434 Brunswick Ave., Toronto.
Lees, Richard, Peterborough.
Liddy, W. R., Orangeville.
Longman, E., Barrie.
Macdonald, N. S., Toronto.
Marshall, J. W., Welland.
Marty, Miss A. E., Toronto.
Maxwell, D. A., Kingsville.
Michell, F. L., Perth.
Minns, J. E., Tweed.
Mitchener, J. L., Cayuga.
Moore, J. L., Parry Sound.
Moshier, D. D., Toronto.
Mulloy, C. W., Aurora.
McCool, John, Walkerton.
McGuire, J. F., Westport.
McNab, G. G., Renfrew.
McNiece, James, Welland.
Norman, Lambert, Galt.
Odell, J. W., Cobourg.
Paterson, R. A., Ingersoll.
Pentland, G. E., Fenelon Falls.
Power, J. F., 33 Dalton Rd., Toronto.
Reid, M. R., Sharbot Lake.
Ritchie, John, Port Arthur.
Robinson, J. B., Hamilton.

The Names and Addresses of Public and Separate School Inspectors who hold Intermediate Certificates in Agriculture (Continued)

Rose, R. C., Carleton Place. Standing, T. W., Brantford. Scovell, H. R., Bracebridge. Sheppard, F. W., Kitchener. Slemon, E. T., Ottawa. Smith, F. P., Picton. Smith, J. C., St. Thomas. Smith, J. H., Chatham. Smith, Jas. H., Stratford. Snider, E. E., Port Hope.

Stevens, W. H., Lindsay.
Sullivan, J. F., London.
Taylor, J. A., St. Thomas.
Thompson, P. J., London.
Tom, J. E., Goderich.
Trench, W. W. A., Richmond Hill.
Truscott, S. A., Kingston.
White, R. O., North Bay.
Wilson, W. A., Haileybury
Wright, Robert, Hanover.

HIGH SCHOOLS

The number of High Schools undertaking the teaching of Agriculture is still very small, owing mainly to the lack of teachers qualified in Agriculture.

In view of the fact that a student who completed the prescribed work in Agriculture of the Lower and Middle Schools in a High School may receive an Elementary certificate in Agriculture at the close of his Normal School course, it is expected that there will be an increasing number of teachers certificated in Agriculture as time goes on.

	19	20	19	21	19	922
Schools	Jan June		Jan June		Jan June	Sept Dec.
Collegiate Institutes—	June	Dec.	June	Dec.	June	2001
Brockville	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Clinton	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
Cobourg	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	ves
Ingersoll	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
Renfrew	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
St. Thomas	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	<i>y</i>	<i>y</i> =	<i>y</i>	,		,
High Schools—						
Almonte				yes	yes	yes
Arthur	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Athens	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
*Beamsville	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Belleville	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Bowmanville	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Essex	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Haileybury				yes	yes	yes
Kincardine	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Leamington	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Mitchell				yes	yes	no
Niagara Falls South	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
*Oakville	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Port Hope	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
*Port Perry	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Whitby	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Williamstown	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Winchester	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Continuation Schools—						
*Drayton	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
New Liskeard	yes	yes	yes	yes.	yes	yes
Ridgeway	yes	yes	yes	ves	yes	ves
	<i>y</i>	5	,	3	J	-
Public Schools with Form V—						
Ancaster					yes	yes
Forester's Falls					yes	yes
Mallorytown					yes	yes
Swansea, York County	yes	no	no	yes	yes	no
Thamesford, Oxford County	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes
Thomasburg, Hastings County				yes	yes	yes
Todmorden, York County				yes	yes	no
*Separate Departments of Agriculture.						
*						

The following table gives the number of High Schools qualifying for grants since 1915:

1915	No. Schools	With Plots	No Plots		No. Schools	With Plots	No Plots
JanJune	11		4.4	1919			
Jani-June	11		11	JanJune	23	16	7
SeptDec	15		15		30	23	7
1916			10	1920	30	20	′
JanJune	15	1 1	14	JanJune	32	29	3
SeptDec	20	1	19	SeptDec	25	24	1
1917				1921	20	2 1	1
JanJune	20	7	13	ˈanJune	21	17	4
SeptDec	21	7	1.4	SeptDec	28	17	11
1918		•	1.1	1922	40	17	11
JanJune	21	16	5	JanJune	29	27	2
SeptDec	26	18	8	SeptDec	30	27	2 3
	20	10	0	Dept. Del	30	41	3

Courses are provided at the Ontario Agricultural College covering two consecutive summers of five weeks each. These courses were introduced in 1913, and the following list gives the number of teachers who have so far qualified each year for an Intermediate Certificate in Agriculture:

1914, 12; 1915, 10; 1916, 15; 1917, 15; 1918, 9; 1919, 21; 1920, 25; 1921, 24; 1922, 33.

Below are the names of those teachers who qualified in 1922:

Brown, P. W., B.A., Queen's.
Calvert, Annie.
Carroll, Wm. I., B.A., Queen's.
Caverly, Selma.
Chapman, Hattie.
Colquhoun, Ethel M.
Cran, Sadie M.
Easson, MacGregor, B.A., Queen's.
Farrell, Marie C.
Fox, Edward W.
Francis, Garnet C.
Grant, Marion E.
Hayes, Edith Thelma.
Hocking, Wm. J., B.A., Toronto.
Hooper, H. Ruth.
Inglis, John L., B.A., Queen's.
MacDonald, Neil S., B.A., D. Paed., Queen's.

Mark, C. E., B.A., D. Paed., Toronto.
Mattice, George S.
McKim, Helen G.
Munroe, Peter F., M.A., Queen's, B. Paed.,
Toronto.
Nelson, Peter O.
Oliver, Wm. L.
Quinn, Eliza Lillie, B.A., Toronto.
Schneider, Theckla (Sister M. Cajetan).
Smith, Mary C.
Smith, Vera Fern.
Summerhayes, R. Victor, B.A., Toronto.
Trench, W. W. A., B.A., Toronto.
Wheeler, Harold A.
Wilson, W. Asbury, B.A., Queen's.
Wood, E. E., M.A., McMaster.
Woolner, M. Isabel.

University Standing Summary, including Farm Mechanics and Specialists, with Degrees:

Queen's Toronto McMaster Western Victoria	 	 	 	38
				145

THE NORMAL SCHOOLS

Though the accommodation for teaching Agriculture in the Normal Schools is necessarily limited, excellent work is being done in preparing teachers to teach Agriculture in Public and Separate Schools. Teachers in training for First Class certificates as well as those for Second Class certificates receive regular instruction in methods, and have some practice teaching in Agriculture.

Much of the progress in Agricultural instruction in the Pubic and Separate Schools is quite apparently due to the efficient work done in the Normal Schools.

Better class-room accommodation for this subject is needed, in order that more individual work may be carried on.

The schools affiliated with the Normal Schools are given in the following list. These schools have all made a good start and it is hoped that efforts for advancement of such schools may be fostered and encouraged in every possible way. It is also hoped that some of these schools may, in the near future, become centres of consolidation.

	Salary from Dept.	\$300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
School	Salary from Board	\$1,100	1,200	1,000	1,000 1,000 1,200	1,000	1,200 1,150 1,100	1,100 1,200 1,100	1,000	1,250 1,150 1,025 1,000	950
Affiliated S	Certificate in Agricul.	Elem.	Elem.	Inter.	Elem. Pt. I Elem. No Cert. No Cert.	Elem. Pt. I	Elem. No Cert. Elem.	Elem. No Cert. Elem.	Elem. Pt. I Elem. No Cert.	Elem. Elem. Elem. Pt. I No Cert.	No Cert.
	Cert.	H)		==					II
Teacher of	Name of Teacher Cert.	. Gladys J. Hutty.	Laura Laventure	Deane Whitson	Wanless Evans Helen Paterson Annie Limon	Stella Pace	Ida C. Brownlee. L. E. Bradford Frances A. Scott.	Helen M. Grieve. Reg. A. Sutton Mary A. Muir	J. Murray N. Beaumont A. Ney	Janet Gillespie Violet J. Liddle. V. O. Armstrong. Dorothy Jacques	Mrgt. M. Miller.
	P. O. Address	:		R.R. 3, Dundas	London	Feronia	Billings' Bridge	R.R.2, Peterborough Bridgenorth	Stratford, R.R. 3	Oak Ridges	
	Secretary	Dr. J. H. Holbrook. Mt. Sanitorium.	Burlington B. Commission, Room 800, Hamilton. Bank of Hamilton	61/2 W. H. Brooking	Thos. Patterson R. Dengate Richard Oke F. A. Fraleigh	W. J. Simmens	F. Webster H. Phillips P. Jackson	G. D. Mann	5½ Louis Goettler	Fred W. Legge (Chas. C. Grubbe) Wm. Wallis.	Elton Armstrong Armitage
filiated	Miles from Normal	2	9	61/2	v44v	9	41/2 F. 3 3 A.] 5 W.	200	127.4	20 12 15 6	24
Schools Affiliated	Date of affiliation	Sept.,1916		" 1918	Sept.,1920 1918 1921 1922	Sept.,1916 1916	Sept.,1916 " 1922 " 1919	Sept.,1916 ,, 1916 ,, 1916	Sept.,1909 "1919 "1922	Sept.,1921 1919 1919 1919	" 1921
	Township	Barton	Beach	w. rlamboro & Ancaster	London Sept.,1920 1918 1921 1921 1922	Widdifield Ferris	Gloucester	Smith	Downie S. Easthope Ellice	King & Whit- church Etobicoke York	church
	Section No.	N		00	21 22 28 18	S IB	25 12	000	3 U10 2	10 10 7	
	Normal School	Hamilton			London	North Bay	Ottawa	Peterborough.	Stratford	Toronto	

Teachers of Agriculture in the Different Normal Schools

Hamilton	G. O. McMillan, M.A., B.Paed., Queen's.
London	Uz. W. Hofferd R.A. Ougon's
North Bay	H. E. Ricker, M. A. Oueen's
Ottawa.,	G. A. Miller, M. A. Queen's
Peterborough	A. I. Madill B.A. McMaster
Stratiord	L. W. Emery B.A. D. Paed Toronto
Toronto	Jos. W. Firth. B.A., Toronto

All these men hold Intermediate Certificates in Agriculture.

SUMMER COURSES

The number attending the summer courses in Agriculture continues to increase, notwithstanding the change in the curriculum of the High Schools by which it is possible to secure exemption from the summer course if a student takes the prescribed work in Agriculture of the Lower and Middle Schools.

The following schedule shows the attendance at the summer session in Agriculture at the different centres since 1911:

Attendance at the Ontario Agricultural College Summer Courses in Agriculture

Elementary						Intermediate				Inspectors	Farm Me-	
Year		I		II		I		II	III	I II	chanics	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men			Total
1911	8	75	1	16								100
1912	16	65	2	23								106
1913	14	64 55	5 5	36 27	23 13	4	14					146 126
1915	15	39	5	18	17	1	9	1				105
1916	11	99	9	31	15	3	14	1				183
1917	15	138	7	81	9	1	13	2			10	276
1918	6	187	7	119	20	11	9		9	79	9	456
1919	16	155	6	160	9	19	7	.21		86	10	489
1920	28	125	10	135	7	25	19			8	10	374
1921	62	167	36	86	24	15	16	8	7		7	428
1922	54	175	27	151	15	12	18	15		4		471

A glance at the above table will show that, since 1915, a marked progress has been made with respect to the attendance, even after the number of those taking the Inspectors' Course has been subtracted.

A considerable number of those who enter Part I of the Course leading to an Elementary certificate, for some reason or other do not complete the course by taking Part II. The following figures show the percentage of shrinkage and concerns the classes at Guelph only:

	· ·		Number completing	
	Number taking Part I		Part II Elementary	Decrease
Year	Elementary	Year	the following year	per cent.
1911		1912		71
1912		1913	41	50
1913	76	1914		58
1914	63	1915		63
1915	54	1916	40	26
1916	100	1917		12
1917	158	1918		20
1918	193	1919		14
1919	171	1920		15
1920	153	1921		20
1921	220	1922		22
1022	220			

Attendance at the Whitby Ladies' College Summer Courses in Agriculture

		Part I	Part II	
Year		Elementary	Elementary	Total
1919		70		70
1920		69	46	115
1921	*******	80	50	130
1922		40	78	118

Attendance at the Northern Academy, Monteith, Summer Courses in Agriculture

Vear		Part I Elementary	Part II	Total
rear		Elementary	Elementary	Total
1920		23		23
1921		17	8	25
1922	*****	15	18	33

Attendance at Kemptville Agricultural School, Summer Course in Agriculture

	Part I	Part II	
Year	Elementary	Elementary	Total
192:	 64		64

The Summer School in Agriculture, Whitby By Norman Davies

The Summer Course in Agriculture opened on July 3rd, at the Ontario Ladies' College, with a total of one hundred and nineteen enrolled. Four of these were unable to complete the course so that only one hundred and fifteen took the full session.

There were forty-one in first year and seventy-eight in second year, a total decrease from 1921 of twelve. The opening of a School at Kemptville for Eastern Ontario decreased the number in first year, but second year was larger than in former years.

The Session was formally opened on Wednesday evening, July 5th, when Rev. Mr. Farewell, Principal of the Ladies' College, Mr. E. R. Blow, Reeve of Whitby, and Dr. McGillivray welcomed the staff and students to the College, the High School and the town of Whitby. Each member of the staff also referred briefly to the work of his department.

The members of the staff and the subjects were as follows:

Norman Davies, B.A., of Amherstburg High School, Principal, taught Poultry and Gardening, and had charge of Sports and Games.

J. A. Short, of Swansea Public School; taught Dairying, Beekeeping and

a part of Horticulture.

J. G. Adams, B.A., of Beamsville High School, taught Chemistry and Soil Physics

G. W. Hofferd, M.A., B. Paed., of London Normal School, taught Entomology.

J. A. Anderson, B.A., of Brockville Collegiate Institute, taught Botany.

R. M. Tipper, B.S.A., of Uxbridge, taught Field Husbandry and Animal Husbandry.

W. J. Morrison, of Bowmanville High School, taught Weather, Floriculture, Drainage, Bacteriology, and part of Horticulture. The addition of Mr. Morrison to the staff made it possible to divide the subjects so that all teachers had approximately the same amount of work.

Miss Wallace and Miss Holland, of the Ladies' College, had supervision

of the dining-room and the dormitories.

As in other years, nearly all students and all members of the staff were

in residence. This is an ideal condition and promotes a good fellowship among staff and students, which is evidenced in the good work done by the students. Classes were nearly all held at the High School as the accommodation at the College was too limited for the second year divisions. Work in Gardens, Horticulture and Floriculture and some classes in Botany and Entomology were, however, held at the College.

The work as in former years was made as practical as possible. In Animal Husbandry, two trips were arranged to outlying farms for the study of types and breeds of livestock. On one of these the students visited the splendid barns of the Ontario Hospital and saw the milking machine in operation. In Entomology the two sections of second year undertook a competition in making collections of insects. These were displayed on forms five by four feet and a prize awarded to the best. In Poultry, about twenty birds, representing as many breeds, were loaned by Whitby fanciers and placed in coops in the classrooms for demonstration of the various breeds.

In all other lines as well, work of a practical nature was introduced to an extent hardly understood by the outsiders. With an energetic staff of teachers it is possible to give a very instructive course in Agriculture in almost any town, if use is made of the surrounding territory in securing animals and materials for class work.

On several occasions, the students had the opportunity of hearing discussed various topics outside their regular work.

During the second week, Dr. J. B. Dandeno, Inspector of Elementary Agriculture Classes, paid us an official visit; inspected the work and addressed the students.

Mrs. W. H. Becker, of the Ontario Federation of Home and School Associations, introduced us to the aims and objects of the Federation.

Mr. S. B. McCready placed before the students the cause of the Junior Red Cross Health Service.

The value of the gramophone in relation to schools was ably presented by a representative from Toronto.

On the third Saturday an excursion to Guelph was arranged. Nearly one hundred students spent the day around the buildings and grounds of the Agricultural College. President Reynolds, Dr. Dandeno and the students received and entertained the Whitby excursionists and all enjoyed the outing.

On the same day a number of students who had formally visited Guelph went with two of the staff for a visit to Vineland Experiment Station. There they received warm welcome and saw something of another side of agricultural work.

Through the kindness of Dr. Forrester, of the Ontario Hospital, the staff and students were present at the opening of two new buildings by Premier Drury.

Thus, in many ways, the students enlarged their experience beyond purely

agricultural work.

Games and swimming classes were heartily enjoyed by all and the two afternoons for sports were very successful, practically every student taking part in the events.

On the evening of the fourth Friday a short programme of games was held in the Gymnasium, followed by a social evening, which all enjoyed. This took the place of the concert held in former years, and served the social purpose very well with much less work for the class officers.

The last week was a busy one and the course closed on Friday, August 5th.

Summer School in Agriculture, Monteith By G. S. Johnson

The third Summer Course in Agriculture for teachers living in the Northern part of the Province was held at the Northern Academy, Monteith. The attendance this year was better than in any of the previous years. In the First Year there were sixteen teachers and in the Second Year seventeen, twelve of whom attended the First Year of the course at Monteith the previous year.

As in the past year, a number of teachers in attendance were from the older parts of Ontario, and we feel that the Department should offer special inducements to teachers from Old Ontario to take the course at Monteith in order that they might become conversant with conditions in this new part of the Province. We believe that the five weeks' course at Monteith would be of as great educational value, apart from the agricultural work, as the annual teachers' tours to Northern Ontario.

The staff and subjects taught were as follows:

Mr. Geo. S. Johnson, B.A., Principal of Northern Academy, Principal; Soil Physics and Chemistry.

Mr. R. F. Downey, B.A., Principal of Peterborough Public School; School Gardening, Soil, Horticulture, Floriculture, Weather and Methods.

Mr. W. Wyndham, B.A., Principal Oakville High School; Botany, Entomology, and had charge of the recreation and games.

Miss I. E. Dobie, Principal, New Liskeard High School; Dairying, Poultry, Beekeeping and Bacteriology.

Mr. C. M. Laidlaw, B.S.A., Superintendent, Demonstration Farm; Field and Animal Husbandry.

The Course was essentially the same as that followed at the other centres, but it was necessary to make certain modifications to suit the agricultural conditions as found in Northern Ontario.

The Northern Academy having recently acquired the Demonstration Farm, was in a position to provide excellent opportunities for students to observe the different types of live stock and farm practices as in operation in Northern Ontario.

Mr. Downey carried on the work in the School Gardens and had as usual splendid results. The rapid growth of the garden crops surprising the teachers in attendance who were not familiar with the remarkable growth in the Northern latitudes.

The Athletic life was under the direction of Mr. Wyndham and Mr. Downey. Tennis, baseball, handball and basketball tournaments were engaged in, and two Field Days were held, and on these occasions the teachers were instructed in games that could be used to advantage among the pupils of their rural schools.

The annual visit was made to the paper mills at Iroquois Falls. The Management of the Abitibi Pulp and Paper Company always welcome the teachers to their plant and spare no efforts in showing them the manufacture of the paper from the wood to the finished paper. Another enjoyable day was spent at Sesekinika, one of the most beautiful lakes in Northern Ontario, situated about forty miles from Monteith. A motor boat was chartered to take the teachers about the lake to view the points of interest.

Although the school at Monteith is the smallest of the four centres, nevertheless we do not consider it the least important on that account. Teachers from the South are brought in contact with Northern methods of agriculture, and also have an opportunity to become conversant with the pioneer conditions

in a new country. No doubt when the teachers of the Province realize the exceptional opportunities afforded at the school, the attendance will be greatly increased.

Summer Course at Kemptville By G. E. Copeland

The first Summer School in Agriculture was opened at the Kemptville Agricultural School on July 3rd, with seventy-one students in attendance, one of whom left soon after the course commenced. All of these were in Part I and came from that part of old Ontario lying east of Kingston.

The members of the staff and subjects taught were as follows:

G. E. Copeland, M.A., of Winchester High School, was Principal, and taught Entomology, Botany, Weather, and had charge of sports and games.

W. J. Bell, B.S.A., Principal of the Agricultural School, taught Animal

Husbandry.

E. K. Hampson, B.S.A., taught Field Husbandry, Soils and Dairying, except Buttermaking.

A. J. Logsdail, B.S.A., taught Gardening, Horticulture and Floriculture.

P. M. Dewan, B.A., B.S.A., taught Poultry.

W. G. Gardiner, formerly of the Kingston Dairy School, took the practical

work in Buttermaking.

Miss A. M. Delaney, of the Ottawa Normal Model School, was supervisor of the students, also assisted in gardening, and rendered valuable service in co-ordinating the various student activities.

Miss I. Johnston, matron of the Agricultural School, acted in the same

capacity in the Summer School.

Miss E. E. Weaver was office assistant, part time.

All students except three whose homes were in Kemptville were in residence. Men students were not admitted.

The Summer School made use of the buildings and equipment of the Agricultural School, and used for instructional purposes the crops and stock of the farm maintained in connection with that institution. The accommodations were excellent, nothing but praise being heard from the students. Outdoor sports were handicapped owing to the campus being newly seeded. Next year it will be in good condition. A tennis court lacking this year will be ready for the next course.

The location of the school was well chosen. Kemptville is on the main line of the C.P.R., and also on the Ottawa Prescott line, thus assuring the School good railway service. A splendid highway also passes through Kemptville

from Prescott to Ottawa.

The Agricultural School is situated on the outskirts of Kemptville. The permanent staff of the Agricultural School were all on the Summer School Staff and the success of the Summer Course is largely due to their teaching ability and untiring interest in the work. The regular courses of the Agricultural School should receive many recruits through the influence of the teachers attending the Summer Course.

Practical work in all subjects was stressed throughout the course. In gardening, each student cared for a plot twenty feet by twelve planted to vegetables and flowers. The large plot seemed to give better results and to be more suitable than the smaller plot. Excursions around the neighbourhood were made for the study and collection of insects and plants as well as

field crops and soils. Various classes of stock from the School farm were brought to the large judging pavilion for practical work. Practical work in

poultry, such as judging for egg production, was also carried out.

On several occasions, visitors addressed the students. On the evening of July 28th, the Honourable Howard Ferguson spoke of the importance of inculcating a knowledge of Civics in the minds of their pupils. Professor MacCready addressed the students on the value of Junior Red Cross work in schools. Inspector Craig was a frequent visitor. On July 13th, Dr. Dandeno paid an official visit, inspected the work and addressed the students. His address was very instructive and helpful.

On Saturday, July 22nd, on the invitation of Mr. Archibald, Director of Experimental Farms, about fifty of the students visited the Experimental Farm at Ottawa. Lunch was served in the pavilion after which the students were conducted over the farm and through the buildings by members of the Farm Staff.

It was a most enjoyable and instructive excursion.

On Saturday, July 29th, a picnic was held at Beckitt's Bridge on the Rideau three miles from Kemptville. Boating, baseball and music were a pleasant

change from the daily round of classes and exams.

Several impromptu concerts and social evenings were held during the course under the able direction of Miss Delaney. These showed an abundance of talent among the students which augurs well for their future pupils. At the end of the course a magazine called the "Kemptville Summer School Pioneer" was published. It contained selections from the programmes of the various concerts as well as articles written by the students. It serves as a band to link the students together since a large part of the value of such a course lies in the close contact and social intercourse of the students with each other. The cost of the magazine was met by the advertising.

The course closed at noon, Friday, August 4th, and the students went their

several ways, all looking forward to meeting again next year.

APPENDIX H

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

INSPECTOR OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR:-

I have the honour of submitting the following report of your Public Libraries Branch for the year 1922, and the statistics, etc., of the Public Libraries of the Province for 1921; also a statement of the grants paid in 1922 to Public Libraries, and to Historical, Literary, and Scientific Societies.

Summary

- 1. Our public libraries, as a whole, stepped forward since last year. They increased their service to a marked degree and the people responded correspondingly with a greater demand for library benefits. The records just completed please us to the extent of proving that the general advancement was much greater than it seemed to be from observation. A notable minority amongst our libraries have attained a degree of excellence that is highly satisfactory, but the majority have a long way to travel forward before reaching a standard within hailing distance of their possibilities. The advance of the majority has been due chiefly to the ample room they had for improvement rather than to any state of eminence that they have attained.
- 2. Ontario has now 460 public libraries showing a net gain of ten over the year 1921.
- 3. Library patronage for 1921 increased 1,200,000 over the previous year. We estimate a circulation of 9,500,000 for Ontario libraries for 1922.

4. Library expenditure increased 25 per cent. in one year.

5. The expenditure for books increased from \$140,000 (1920) to \$164,000 (1921); it was \$70,000 in 1918.

6. Six new public library buildings were erected.

- 7. Three library institutes were held, two general and a meeting for children's librarians.
- 8. Thirty-three students received professional training in the Department's Training School for Librarianship.
- 9. The *Ontario Library Review* was published regularly and sent to all holding official connection with libraries in Ontario.
 - 10. Increasing interest is being shown in library service for boys and girls.

The Public Library Situation

Ontario has now 460 public libraries and has held for a few years the distinction of having, in proportion to its population, the largest number of public libraries of any country, state or province in the world. In number we stand high. A certain few of our libraries will compare favourably with the best in any country. Three years ago the following statement was given in the Inspector's report to the Minister concerning the standing of the public libraries of Ontario: "Our best libraries are equal to the best anywhere but, on the

average, the libraries of the Province are below a desirable standard of merit." The same remarks hold good to-day. The volume of service has increased tremendously in the three years, library patronage having increased 57 per cent., and the expenditure for books and personal service, to a somewhat greater extent. The Public Libraries Act of 1920 made possible the giving of more adequate service. The general standard has risen slightly in quality, but the average library is still below what it should be.

The Public Libraries Branch has followed a progressive policy in furnishing opportunities to enable library boards and librarians to attain a high standard. The Branch's work has been conspicuously effective with a certain number of libraries of all sizes; the majority, however, have made but little use of the assistance and advice given as compared with what might have been expected. The notable steps forward in excellence of work, from year to year, are confined

to the same group of libraries with a few added from time to time.

Our smallest libraries, rural and village, stand well when considered against a background of seven or eight years. They have increased their service in volume, and marked success is gained "here and there." The best that can be expected of them is adequate expenditure and careful selection of books. Very little can be done in introducing modern librarianship except in libraries where a full-time librarian is employed. There seems to be very little to impede us in doing all that is reasonable in encouraging better work on the part of the smallest type of libraries.

The town libraries with but a few exceptions and about seven of the city libraries present a problem that gives us considerable concern. Their service should be of a much higher order, and inferior librarianship on the part of the librarian or the assistants or both stands in the way. The cause for this condition is the indifference or incompetence of the Boards. The average library trustee does not meet with trustees and librarians of other places. He has no standard before him. He has been informed countless times regarding the importance of modern librarianship, as we reach every individual trustee regularly with our quarterly publication. He is not confronted with the problem of making an appointment often; it is, therefore, only on rare occasions that he has an opportunity to make practical use of knowledge gained as to the requirements of a librarian. It is the general rule for this kind of trustee to be entirely indifferent to modern librarianship when he is instructed concerning it, unless he happens to be face to face with an appointment at the time. If an appointment is somewhat in the distance, it is probable that the informed trustee is replaced by a new one.

The seven or more city and the fifty or more town libraries need a constant reminder in the form of a regulation that will ensure a certain minimum qualification on the part of appointees as librarians. It is the opinion of your Inspector that, with a qualified librarian, a Board should be allowed to develop its own work without being asked to observe regulations as to policy or management.

Educative and persuasive methods have been our policy and they should serve well for the general promotion of library welfare, but they have not been effective in raising the standard of librarianship in more than eighteen cities and five towns, and not to the extent that might have been expected in some of them. Our work has helped a few university, normal school and special libraries, and a few libraries outside of Ontario. But we need the support and patronage of all our city and town libraries, and also of the university libraries and other educational institutions where librarians are employed, before we can deal with the training of librarians on a scale worthy of the library problem of Ontario.

Our library legislation has made better libraries and larger service possible. The public libraries are increasing the volume of their service, and the majority of the towns and cities are expending public money to an extent that calls for qualified librarianship. We are growing weary with the lack of progress in the many libraries referred to, and with working in the dark in respect to dealing with candidates for librarianship. We value very highly the loyal support of the score of libraries that have been receiving benefit from our training. Our efforts are worthy of reaching a larger field, and it is distinctly in the public interest that all town and city libraries be brought into the line of march.

Library Service For Boys and Girls

The most conspicuous feature of 1922 progress is the increased stress placed on work with young people. Special attention has been paid to service to boys and girls for several years, many of our libraries having opened children's rooms or departments, but this important phase of the work was not developed in a large way until recently. Some of our library boards seem to be convinced that service to boys and girls should approach close to half of a public library's work and that there is an important benefit to confer upon these children. Although it may seem quite obvious that good reading habits should be encouraged by catching the people when they are young, as late as 1906 and 1907 practically all our public libraries limited their privileges to persons over twelve and, in some cases, fourteen years of age. To-day work with the children is undoubtedly the most promising field for promoting public library interest.

The year 1922 saw the opening of the Boys' and Girls' House of the Toronto Public Library, the first exclusively children's library building to be opened in the British Empire. Toronto has now fifteen children's rooms throughout the city and a staff of twenty-four trained children's librarians. Ottawa, Hamilton and London employ from three to six specialists each, and sixteen of the remaining twenty-one cities employ a children's librarian. Two towns, Walkerville and Wallaceburg each have to their credit an assistant who devotes her time to work with boys and girls. A large number of other places from small cities to rural districts have caught the contagion and have acquired more representative selections of books for the young and aim to develop their service on a larger scale. The last twelve months have shown an unprecedented interest in children's work and the time is ripe for a vigorous campaign on behalf of the boys and girls of the Province.

In the summer the Minister gave his approval for holding three special library institutes for librarians engaged in work with boys and girls and for the publication of a pamphlet of instructions for village and rural libraries. Miss Lillian H. Smith, supervisor of work with boys and girls in the Toronto system, very generously consented to conduct the three institutes and suggested that the librarians who devoted their exclusive time to children's work should form the first institute group, librarians of large towns the second, and librarians of

small towns the third. Plans were made accordingly.

On October 26th and 27th, the first institute was held in the Toronto Public Library Boys' and Girls' House, the delegates including 25 children's librarians from 19 city and two town libraries, and 25 from Toronto. The conference was, without doubt, the most profitable library institute yet held in the Province. All delegates were engaged in the same branch of the work, and the subjects of discussion were, naturally, of a very definite character.

The children's librarians were loud in their praise of the institute and all returned to their libraries inspired toward better efforts.

The two meetings for town libraries have yet to be held, and we hope to issue the pamphlet before Easter. Your Public Libraries Branch has been promised the co-operation of the Women's Institutes for the promotion of interest in children's literature and story-telling throughout Ontario.

Although four cities could not send children's librarians, it is a pleasure to report that three of them have decided to appoint specialists in the near

future.

At the only two general institutes held a generous amount of time was given to children's literature and work with children, Miss Smith dealing with the subject at both meetings.

It is the intention of your Inspector of Public Libraries to give children's

work a prominent place on his programme for 1923.

Library School—Library Appointments

A successful training course in librarianship was held from September 6th to December 15th. It was similar to the schools of the three previous years. We feel that there will be an important place for such a course for many years to come even though a longer course be established for more extensive training. The results of our courses covering three months have demonstrated the fact that valuable training can be given through intensive work covering a short period.

Our 1922 school had an enrolment of thirty-three students, and the average educational and other qualifications of the students were the highest we have had. We had fifteen university graduates, and the remainder of the class had matriculation standing or something higher. Following the principle adopted last year an entrance examination was required of those who were not university graduates. The applications we receive for entrance greatly outnumber the maximum we can accept, and a test is required in order to reduce the number. We find that the less desirable students fail to pass the requirements, and for two years our school has not admitted and trained any students who were unworthy of a place on a public library staff.

Our class consisted of thirty-one students from Ontario and two from the Province of Alberta.

Library conditions at present do not furnish much encouragement for many of the admirably qualified candidates that express a desire to train for the profession of librarianship. A remarkably large number of talented young women wish to engage in library work but do not enter it by reason of the dearth of positions.

Ontario should have about seventy vacancies annually for qualified librarians and assistants, but the absence of regulations reduces the number called for to about thirty-six and nearly half of them are for the city of Toronto. The great majority of our students come to us with some position in view; they are prospective appointees for some library. We do not feel safe in encouraging even the best type of candidates who have nothing in view and want to become trained in the hope of obtaining a good position.

Occasionally a library board asks for a recommendation, but the uncertainty of what is going to happen makes us extremely cautious in admitting candidates who have no appointment in sight or for whom we are unable to see an oppor-

It would be decidedly in the interest of the libraries and their patrons, if regulations to govern librarians' qualifications were in force.

Library Institutes

Two general district library institutes were held in addition to the special conference for children's librarians, one at North Bay the other at Ottawa; in

all about one hundred libraries were assigned to the two meetings.

The Province has never had a more enthusiastic or more successful district institute than the one held at North Bay. The library people in that district are ambitious and are showing wonderful progress. Many sections of old Ontario might well envy the enterprise of the library workers of new Ontario. Part of the afternoon programme included discussion on "What the Public Library Stands For," "Reaching the People," and "Book Selection," the remainder was devoted to a discussion of children's literature by Miss Lillian H. Smith. Two musical selections were given at the evening session and were followed by an address on children's work by Miss Smith and an address, "Canadian Thought in Canadian Literature" by Mr. Fred Landon, of the London Public Library.

The Ottawa institute was pronounced the most successful held in that city. At the afternoon session considerable time was devoted to the problem of providing library service on an adequate scale. The Inspector pointed out that the majority of libraries in the Eastern district had moved perceptibly forward since the previous meeting was held—in 1920, but that many of the libraries required to provide more generously still in order to meet the possible demands of their people. Mr. W. J. Sykes, librarian of the Ottawa Public Library, followed with a talk on the outstanding books amongst recent publications. Miss Smith addressed the meeting on recent books of interest to boys and girls.

The evening meeting was held in the auditorium of the Normal School. The speakers were Mr. Fred Landon, of London, and the Hon. Sir George E.

Foster.

The Department is indebted to Mr. Sykes for making such excellent local arrangements and for giving the meetings publicity that attracted an unusually

large audience at both sessions.

It is some time now since the holding of annual district institutes in all parts of the Province was discontinued. The primary reason was that of expense, the usual appropriation being insufficient to meet the increased cost of railway and hotel expenses. Your Inspector reported that \$2,200, the annual amount of the appropriation, was all that could be justified as expenditure for institute work, institutes being worthy of only a very limited place in a worthy scheme for promoting library affairs. It is the opinion of your Inspector that institutes should be held when and where they are needed and will do the most definite good, rather than to follow a rule providing for fixed districts and definite periods for meetings.

The special institute may offer many opportunities for development. The

one held for children's workers is an example of gaining known results.

The Ontario Library Review reaches all our library people with carefully written advice and is far more effective than general institute meetings where each library is usually represented by one person who may return to his library with a rather vague interpretation of the instruction received.

New Buildings

The erection of six new public library buildings was commenced in 1922; at Hespeler \$18,500, Welland \$30,000, Stouffville \$7,000, Glencoe \$5,000, Norwood \$5,000, and Gravenhurst \$7,000. The three latter places secured the full amount from the Carnegie Corporation, and the three former obtained

all but a small percentage from the same source. The town of Alliston has secured a plan for a building and will raise the necessary funds by private

subscription.

The Carnegie Corporation discontinued making promises of library gifts in 1917 and in that year decided to make no further payments of promises already made, and unpaid, while the very high cost of building continued. Late in 1921 the Corporation notified all municipalities that were on the list of unpaid promises that payments would be made on the condition that the buildings would be built by the end of 1922. Thirteen municipalities in Ontario were on the list as follows: Caledonia, \$6,000; Gananoque, \$10,000; Glencoe, \$5,000; Gravenhurst, \$7,000; Guelph, \$8,000; Hespeler, \$10,000; Millbrook and Cavan Tp., \$8,000; Merritton, \$7,000; Norwood, \$5,000; Otterville and South Norwich, \$6,000; Stouffville, \$5,000; Tilbury, \$7,000; Welland, \$20,000. All but the six places mentioned as having built allowed their promises to lapse; whether any of them will ask for a reconsideration remains to be seen. Hespeler, Welland and Stouffville contracted to build more expensive buildings than they originally intended, the Carnegies meeting the extra cost half way. It is probable that the Carnegie Corporation will make no further grants for library buildings.

There are 110 library buildings in Ontario built with Carnegie money to the extent of \$1,859,745. A number of the Boards supplemented the gifts from small amounts to sums ranging from ten to fifteen per cent. of the Carnegie gift.

Publications

The Ontario Library Review and Book-Selection Guide was published each quarter and a copy was mailed to every library trustee and librarian in the Province.

A pamphlet, "Catalogue of Recent Canadian Books," was published under the auspices of your Public Libraries Branch, in October. The compilation was the work of the Toronto Public Library.

Travelling Libraries

The year shows a slight increase in the circulation of travelling libraries over 1921. Last year the circulation was over 40 per cent. beyond that in 1920. We did not expect for 1922 more than was obtained. We were pleased to be of service in sending cases to communities that suffered through the fire in the Haileybury district in October.

On account of the vast territory of our Province, the matter of express rates on our travelling library cases has become quite serious. The express charges from Toronto to the borrowing community have always been paid by the community and the return by the Department. There are places where the charge going one way has been above \$7. Such a charge is hardly fair to a community, because it happens to be at a great distance from Toronto. If our travelling library service were maintained on a large scale, distributing centres would be a solution for the express charge problem, but our comparatively small service would not justify such an arrangement. This matter was brought up by the Women's Institutes, and Mr. George A. Putnam, of the Institutes Branch, suggested to your Inspector of Public Libraries that a flat rate be established, the Department paying the charges both ways and charging a sum toward express charges that would equalize the cost to borrowing communities as a one-way charge.

Your Inspector agrees with the suggestion of Mr. Putnam and commends it to the Minister for consideration.

Toronto Public Library Rendered Valuable Assistance

Your Public Libraries Branch is grateful to the Toronto Public Library Board, Mr. George H. Locke, chief librarian, and to the heads of departments and many assistants in the Toronto system for co-operation for the seventh year in conducting the Department's library school. The Toronto Public Library is our chief ally in promoting the library cause in the Province.

Statistics

I present on pages 287-296 a statement of the statistics of the Public Libraries of the Province, and a statement of the grants paid to Historical, Literary and Scientific Societies.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. O. CARSON, Inspector of Public Libraries.

Toronto, December 19th, 1922.

APPENDIX I

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF AUXILIARY CLASSES

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

Sir,—

I have the honour to submit for your consideration the following report on Auxiliary Classes.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
S. B. SINCLAIR.

Toronto, December 28, 1922

Auxiliary Classes are composed of children of sufficiently serious Visual, Auditory, Motor, Mental or other defect to render it impossible for them to keep pace with a graded class of normal children, but who are not so abnormal as to render it necessary for them to be confined at home or in an institution.

These classes are taught by specially trained teachers, are provided with special equipment and have a course of study fitted to prepare the child as well as may be, for happy and helpful citizenship.

There are now in Ontario 74 Auxiliary Classes conforming to regulation requirement. Twenty-five of these have been established during the last year in the following centres: Toronto, London, Windsor, Oshawa, Owen Sound, Peterborough and Stratford.

It has been the purpose and plan of the Department to assist in providing, as rapidly as is practicable, special educational facilities (in Auxiliary Training classes) for all very backward, psychopathic or mentally defective children in Ontario schools, who, with their present rate of progress, will be, when they reach twelve years of age, at least three years behind normal children of the same chronological age.

A Regulation has recently been approved, which makes provision for the formation of a Training class in any school area of which "the whole or part is rural and which contains more than 12 children who should be placed in a training class." Provision has also been made for the formation of Training classes composed of 28 pupils with two teachers.

The Department provides free surveys of all areas where School Boards

desire to establish Training classes.

In our surveys during the year, teachers have been requested to make a confidential approximate estimate of the mental age of each pupil selected for official examination. A comparison has been made of two hundred such appraisements with the mental age results found by an examination using the Leland Stanford revision of the Binet-Simon scale. The results of the comparison seem to justify the conclusion that a teacher can estimate the mental age of a child as closely as it can be estimated by a group test. The preparation for doing this involves some knowledge of Intelligence Tests, consultation with the school inspector, principal, previous teacher, nurse and parent, and at least three weeks' observation of the child in the class-room. In this way the local school staff choose some thirty children for special examination, and from these, Departmental examiners select the 16 children for an Auxiliary Training class.

In a recent survey, from a total of 5,816 children, the teachers selected from their classes 83 for official special examination, as probably below 75 per cent. of normal mentality. Of the 83 thus selected, 75 were found by the Binet examination to be below 75 I.Q. and the remainder were not far above.

The Mental Hygiene Committee has rendered valuable assistance by making it possible for the Department to secure for the examination of psychopathic

children, the services of a physician, who is also a psychiatrist.

In response to requests from School Boards during the year, the Department conducted surveys in Brockville, Galt, Owen Sound, Peterborough, Stratford, East York and Hamilton. In practically all cases where surveys have been made, a class has been established, or a resolution passed to open a class when a suitable room can be provided. Experience seems to show that it is wiser to wait until fairly adequate accommodation is available, than to open a class in a discarded room in the basement. There is abundant evidence to prove that the ultimate financial saving to the State by the establishment of a properly constituted Training class is many times the expenditure involved.

It is better to speak of children in training classes as "very backward" than as "mentally defective." Such classes should not contain idiots or imbeciles with a mentality of less than fifty per cent., incorrigibles or dangerous psychopaths. They are composed mainly of children having I.Q.'s between 50 and 75 (technically termed "morons") and they also contain psychopathic children not of the anti-social type. It is often wise (if there is room) to transfer a pupil of over 75 I.Q., who is making no progress in the ordinary class, to the training class where usually with individual attention he quickly "finds himself," and at the conclusion of the term returns to the regular class.

Students of the Science of Education have always maintained that, when practicable, promotions from section to section within the class, and from grade to grade, should be based upon mental strength and knowledge rather than on examination knowledge alone, and such has been the custom in many rural schools.

Mental Intelligence Tests have now made such grading more practicable in urban schools. In the Queen Alexandra School, Toronto, all the pupils (excepting those in the Training Class) have been divided into three groups on a knowledge and mentality basis. An interesting result of the experiment is that teachers of the third of the school in the lowest group, find it necessary to have some assistance with the most backward pupils.

Last summer fifty-seven teachers were successful in passing the final examina-

tion of the Course for Auxiliary Class Teachers.

A pamphlet of "Suggestions for Teachers of Subnormal Children" has been issued. A list has also been prepared, giving a detailed statement of the equipment, which may be covered by Government grant.

Miss L. H. De Laporte, B.A., graduate of the School of Occupational Therapy,

has been appointed Assistant in the work.

The need for the establishment of Auxiliary Vocational classes, where adolescent subnormal pupils can be better prepared to earn their own living, is being more fully recognized.

Such classes are found in the neighbouring cities of Buffalo, Cleveland, and

Detroit, and elsewhere throughout the United States.

London, England, has 13 day schools for older boys and 7 for older girls. "In addition to the ordinary subjects, the older boys take more advanced manual occupations, such as metalwork, tailoring, shoemaking, woodwork, gardening, etc., and the older girls receive instruction in cookery, laundrywork, housewifery and needlework."

APPENDIX J

REPORT OF THE PROVINCIAL SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OFFICER

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR:-

I have the honour to submit herewith my annual report on School Attendance.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> J. P. Cowles, Provincial School Attendance Officer.

Toronto, December 28th, 1922.

Number of Attendance Officers

The total number of school attendance officers appointed for duty in the province for the year 1922 was 1,337. Of this number 837 officers were appointed by township councils, 399 by urban school boards, 99 by school boards in territory without municipal organization, and 2 by county councils, which had appointed officers under the former Act. In each of 38 urban centres the Separate School Board and the Public School Board have named the same officer. This arrangement is commended, as it makes for uniform enforcement of the law and prevents overlapping of work.

Local Interest in School Attendance

A growing desire on the part of the general public to make greater use of the educational facilities now provided by improved attendance is everywhere apparent. This statement is borne out by the appointment of officers by the local school boards in territory without municipal organization, where such appointments are optional, and by appointments made by local authorities within the two counties which had county officers, where no obligation rests upon the local authorities to take such action. For the year 1920 in unorganized territory 42 school boards appointed officers. For the year 1921, 62 made appointments, while for the year just closed the number of these school boards appointing officers increased to 99. In the two counties referred to above, 13 local authorities voluntarily appointed local officers in addition to the county officers.

Attendance Improving

It is pleasing to be able to state that the records of attendance continue to show improvement. Not only is the enrolment greater than ever before, but the daily average attendance is proportionately better and the percentage of average to total enrolled attendance is the highest in the history of the province. In the primary schools for the year 1921 the increased enrolment was

20,241, the increased daily attendance was 43,426, and the increased percentage of average to total enrolled attendance was 5.24. In the secondary schools for the school year 1921-22 the increased enrolment was 9,703, the increased daily attendance was 8,966, and the increased percentage of average to total enrolment was 1.5. There has been, then, a total increase in enrolment in the provincial primary and secondary schools of 29,944 for the year, and an increased daily attendance of 52,393 pupils.

It may be interesting to note that the total enrolled attendance for the year 1921 in the provincial elementary schools was 585,213, and in the provincial secondary schools 52,254, a total in both of 637,467, or 21.74 per cent. of the entire population. In addition to this large group there is a very considerable number of young persons attending private elementary and secondary schools. When it is recollected that the school year of Ontario is at least 190 days it must be admitted that the young people of this province enjoy greater educational

privileges than do most.

This year, for the first time, an accurate statement of the ratio of aggregate attendance to the aggregate possible attendance of enrolled pupils is procurable. Methods have been adopted by which allowance is made for pupils who become of school age and enter school at any time after the opening in January, or who leave school, in compliance with the law, before the close of the year. Heretofore, pupils of this group were considered absent for the period of the year before which they were enrolled, and for the period of the year after which they legally had left school. The percentage of attendance, computed by assuming that every pupil enrolled for any part of the year should have attended that particular school for the full year, gives an inaccurate idea of the true condition, but with the new method now in use a fairly accurate statement may be made. Our statistics now show that the percentage of actual aggregate attendance to possible aggregate attendance for the whole province for the year 1921 in the elementary schools was 86.18.

It is difficult to compute the value of this additional schooling or to estimate the benefits that will accrue therefrom, or to imagine by how much the level of intelligence throughout the province will be raised thereby. That it is good business to see that the \$29,914,793 spent last year on the maintenance alone of our primary schools is spent in the instruction of the pupils and not in pro-

viding their empty desks, no one will denv.

Duties of Attendance Officers

Doubtless the improved condition is due to many different factors, but one of the chief factors is the work performed by the local school attandance officers, whose specific duty it is to see that all children in the area under their supervision have the advantages of regular schooling. Generally they have performed their duties more by tact and persuasion and by the removal of causes of non-attendance than by the use of the penalties provided for by the law. It is admitted that among so many officers there are some who have not lived up to their responsibilities. A few of them have, perhaps, been tactless or arrogant, some may have been indifferent, but of very many it may be said that they are physicians, in that they diagnose and then attempt to cure. They discover the cause of absence and try to remove that cause. They find, perhaps, that the absentee fails to fit in with the school organization, that his home life is unsatisfactory, that he is the victim of poverty, ignorance, or the unnatural greed of his parents, or the rapacity of employers. In the disclosure and removal of such conditions the officers render the greatest possible public service. Their work is least in

threats and fines, though in certain cases the lash of the law must be applied in order to secure or safeguard the rights of children. However, only 406 cases were reported in the whole province as having been taken to the courts.

School Attendance and Juvenile Delinquency

Among child welfare workers the relation between irregular attendance at school and juvenile delinquency is known to be intimate. Judge Choquet of Quebec once said: "The first means necessary to stop juvenile crime is, without doubt, compulsory education." By the term "compulsory education" regular daily attendance is implied. Only too often disrespect for law, which brings young persons into conflict with society, comes from a lack of discipline or from a lack of training in the principles of self-control and self-mastery, such discipline and training as regular school life gives. Offences against private rights and private property, against by-laws and local regulations, and even against the penal code are reported again and again by attendance officers as committed by young persons when illegally absent from school. Regular schooling is of the utmost value in character-building. Judge Mott, of Toronto, says in his report for the year 1920 that 38.74 per centum of the children appearing before him are children fourteen and fifteen years old. "These children," he writes, "have just left school. While there they were under the authority of the principal plus that of the home. On leaving school the home proved unable to function and control the child." Some of the most valuable work of attendance officers is in the prevention of juvenile delinquency.

Much might be said of the co-ordination through the attendance officers of the work of charitable societies, municipal and school nurses, the Children's Aid Society, and the various organizations which exist for the promotion of better living, but suffice it to say that the satisfactory school attendance officer may always be relied upon to render assistance in every movement which is for

the welfare of children.

The Adolescent School Attendance Act and Exemptions

An important duty, the issuance of home permits and employment certificates, was placed upon attendance officers by The Adolescent School Attendance Act. Before issuing exemption in accordance with the provisions of the Act an officer must know the home conditions, the character of the work to be entered upon, and the educational standing of the applicant. He is also in a position to discover any special aptitude, gift or bent. It is evident, then, that the officer has unusual opportunities to become a vocational guide, to give information regarding industry, and to direct young persons into suitable occupations. As school boards begin to realize the benefits of this phase of educational work attendance officers in industrial centres will be able to give this matter their attention, and good results may be expected.

Home Permits

Home permits to fourteen and fifteen-year-old adolescents have been granted freely in the rural districts. It is argued that agricultural employment under the guidance of judicious parents may be made an educative force of great value, both in vocational training and in training for citizenship. This may be true, but parents should not be allowed to take their little children thirteen years of age and younger from school for farm work, as has sometimes been done in the past. If school attendance officers grant freely home permits to farmers'

sons and daughters under The Adolescent School Attendance Act, they should insist upon regular full time attendance up to fourteen. The term "unavoidable cause of absence" should not be interpreted in such a way as to excuse absence for the purpose of running errands or of doing chores on the farm. Of course, it must be understood that the vast majority of parents are anxious to give their children every educational advantage possible. Compulsory school laws have to do with a minority, but with a minority that requires discipline and training even more than the great body of citizens.

Employment Certificates

Employment certificates are issued chiefly in urban municipalities. The plea is made by some parents that their adolescent children must work at a gainful occupation to maintain themselves or to maintain other members of the family. This economic stress, on investigation, is found to be, in many cases, not the real cause for withdrawing adolescents from school, though there are, in truth, some pitiful cases of poverty not yet provided for by the Mothers' Allowances Act, the Workmen's Compensation Act, or other legislation. Some parents want the added comforts or luxuries which the child's earnings can buy. Some children are discouraged because not promoted. Others cannot see how the courses they have been taking will help them to earn a living, and persuade their parents to withdraw them from school. Others, again, want the experience and independence of making their own way, while some simply lack ambition.

Part-Time Courses

Part-time courses of instruction for employed adolescents are now required by the law in urban municipalities having a population of five thousand and over. If these courses are properly planned and organized the attendance officer need not hesitate to grant employment certificates in accordance with the Regulations in many of the cases which are referred to him, for the part-time training will compensate in a large measure for the full-time schooling missed. The union of healthful, useful work with school training may be the means of great good in the development of the character of these unsettled adolescents. Work will furnish purpose and outlet for ambition, while the part-time courses will give guidance and direction. There is no doubt at all but that many persons who become failures in life and burdens to society can trace the cause of their failures to lack of guidance and to lack of knowledge during the difficult days when they were breaking away from the discipline and routine of the school and from the ties of home life, or, in other words, when they began to earn their own living. Part-time courses will tend to bridge the gap between school life and the practical life of industry, between the period of care-free abandon, of castle-building, of reliance upon the restraint and direction of the teacher, and the period of greater personal independence in employment, with more open and easier paths to wrong-doing. These part-time courses should be designed to furnish means of training in the duties of citizenship, in the right use of leisure hours, and in the development of qualities which will help to make more efficient workers. Since the employed adolescent is as much entitled to share in educational advantages provided by public funds as is his more fortunate neighbour who is able and willing to attend school full time until sixteen years of age, these courses should not be considered an unimportant and vexatious addition to the educational system, but an essential, integral part demanding care and the highest ability in organization and conduct.

There are in the province some forty-seven urban municipalities to which the part-time provisions of The Adolescent School Attendance Act apply. Of these London and Sarnia are mentioned as being the first to organize and maintain classes for employed adolescents. Satisfactory efforts to cope with the problem have been made by several other places, of which Hamilton and Ottawa may be named. From Collingwood and Windsor and from some other centres come definite assurances that all adolescents are attending school full time up to sixteen years of age; consequently part-time classes are not required. In some centres, for example in Toronto, as far as can be learned little has been done as yet to provide for the needs of the employed adolescent, but even in these places movements are being made to prepare to carry out in full the duties imposed. Everywhere schools are being built. In fact, there never has been a more extensive school building programme than is being carried out at the present time, and never more educational activity.

APPENDIX K

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

I have the honour to submit the following report of the Provincial Schools for the training of teachers for the year 1922.

A survey of the work of the Provincial Training Schools for the year 1922, shows that through the efforts of these schools a further advance has been made in improving the general standing of the teachers of the Province. It is interesting to note in this connection that while fifteen years ago three thousand five hundred of our elementary teachers held only Third Class certificates, as against four thousand six hundred holding higher certificates, now only eleven hundred hold Third Class certificates, as against eleven thousand five hundred holding higher certificates. The substantial advance made during the present year is indicated by the fact that, while only 276 candidates were enrolled in the course for the Third Class certificate, 1,800 enrolled in the courses for the Second and the First Class certificates.

The enrolment of teachers-in-training during 1922 for the various courses at the Provincial Training Schools was as follows:

High School Assistants' course	205
Household Science course	
Elementary Art course	23
Elementary Physical Culture course	138
First Class course	331
Second Class course	1,475
Kindergarten-Primary course	234
Third Class course	276
District Certificate course	210

I am pleased to report also an increase in the number of male students in attendance at the above courses, 92 being enrolled in the High School Assistants' course, 98 in the First Class course, 199 in the Second Class course and 52 in the Third Class course. Of these students 59 saw service in the Great War.

As a result of the marked increase in the number of candidates training for the higher grades of certificates, it is suggested in certain quarters that provision should no longer be made to qualify candidates for certificates lower than the Second Class. But unless our teachers holding higher certificates show in larger numbers a willingness to accept positions in the schools of the Districts together with the pioneer conditions that may be met, no practical course seems open other than to accept the service of those with lower qualifications who may be willing to undertake this important labour and to give them while in service such training as circumstances will allow. It may be mentioned in this connection that the great majority of students training during the past year for certificates lower than the Second Class were in attendance at the Summer Model Schools to improve their qualifications for service in the schools of the Districts.

It is indeed a matter of congratulation that so many teachers in the Districts who possess lower qualifications are willing to devote their summers to the improvement of their professional standing.

The Ontario College of Education

Since the opening of the College of Education in 1920, the registration in the High School Assistants' course has increased from 70 to 205. Several new courses have also been instituted—the courses for the Ordinary certificate in Household Science, for the Elementary certificate in Physical Culture, and for the Elementary certificate in Art. The buildings occupied by the College and the affiliated Model High School, known as the University of Toronto Schools, provide inadequate accommodation for all of these courses. The additions now being made by means of the appropriations secured from the legislature in 1921 and 1922 will, however, provide adequate accommodation. These additions will include a gymnasium, an assembly room, four lecture-rooms, and accommodation for the courses in Household Science, Manual Training, Physical Culture and Art. It is hoped that the completed buildings will be ready for occupancy in October, 1923.

Graduate Courses at the College of Education

The advances being made in the field of education call more and more for the service of educational experts. Ontario teachers who have desired in the past to improve their professional knowledge through postgraduate courses have usually continued their studies at some University in the United States. The Ontario College of Education is now making a serious effort to meet this demand for advanced training in education. In 1922 it recommended 3 men for the D.Paed. Degree and 2 for the B.Paed. Degree. In the B.Paed. and D.Paed. courses of the Summer Session of the same year it enrolled 58 teachers, and in the regular session 70 teachers. Its total enrolment in the B.Paed. and D.Paed. courses of 1921-22 was 156.

The following table gives in detail the registration of students at the College of Education in the various courses:—

High School Assistants' course	 205
High School Specialists' courses	 88
Household Science course	 18
Public School course	 31
Elementary Art course	 23
Elementary Physical Culture course	 138
Pada gagge agurgas / Regular	 70
Pedagogy courses Regular	 58

Provincial Normal Schools

The registration of students at the seven Provincial Normal Schools for the session of 1922-23 is the largest in the history of these institutions. It is especially gratifying to note that the increase in registration has been accompanied with a substantial increase in the number of male students and of those entering the course for First Class certificates. The following table gives in detail the sex of the students and the attendance in the various courses at the different Normal Schools:

School	Total Attendance	Male	Female	First Class	Second Class	Kindergarten-Primary
Hamilton	229	23	206	51	178	
London	284	43	241	96	188	
North Bay	230	36	194		230	4 4
Ottawa	270	47	223	36	234	
Peterborough	202	26	176		202	÷ +
Stratford	. 220	34	186		220	
Toronto	380	64	316	117	223	40
Totals	1,815	273	1,542	300	1,475	40

The Relation of the Normal to the Elementary School

When early in the nineteenth century common schools were established throughout the Province of Upper Canada, the theory upon which such action was taken was that, since the state recognizes that all men are by nature equal, the advantages of education should be provided for the children of the masses no less than for the children of the classes. Within a very few years, however, it was discovered that no adequate education of the masses could take place unless more efficient modes of instruction were introduced into the common schools. As early as 1830, therefore, our provincial leaders were declaring that the professional training of persons as teachers must be undertaken as the only means of removing the disastrous inefficiency of the common schools. Accordingly an agitation was begun for the establishment of Normal Schools for the training of elementary school teachers. This resulted in 1847 in the opening of the Toronto Normal School, a result which gave to Upper Canada the proud distinction of being the second legislative body in the New World to establish a Normal School for the professional training of its teachers.

The wisdom displayed by our early Legislators in providing professional training for their elementary teachers was fully demonstrated by its effect upon the work of the common schools. Were further evidence required it would only be necessary to point to the fact that since that day every civilized nation has established such schools as a necessary part of its educational system, having learned by practical experience that to spend millions in an endeavour to educate its youth, and withhold the few thousand necessary to prepare its teachers for the skilful practice of their art, is not only an absurd waste of public funds but a criminal waste of the educational opportunities of its youth. Thus the history of education during the past seventy-five years has clearly demonstrated that the success of any system of elementary education depends in large measure upon its possessing an adequate system of Normal Schools for the training of its teachers.

Lists of the present staffs of the Normal and Normal Model Schools are given in the register of Schools and Teachers for the Province of Ontario.

The Model Schools

Four hundred and eighty-six students were registered in the Professional courses at the Provincial Model Schools, 152 being in attendance at the Regular courses and 334 at the Summer courses. Of these students 210 took the District

certificate course and 276 the Third Class certificate course. 178 additional student-teachers took courses at the Summer Model Schools to improve their academic standing.

Kindergarten-Primary Summer Course

Three hundred and fifteen students attended the Kindergarten-Primary Summer course given at Toronto, Hamilton, London and Ottawa, 194 attending Part I of the course and 121 Part II. This course is proving very popular among the primary teachers of the Province, who constitute a large percentage of those in attendance. Many Public School Inspectors report that the institution of the course has had a stimulating effect upon primary education in their inspectorates.

Teachers' Institutes

The reports being received from the various Teachers' Institutes of the Province indicate that the Annual Meetings for 1922 were uniformly interesting and instructive. Practically all of these meetings were attended by representatives from the Provincial Training Schools, who took part in the programme. In a few cases the Annual Conventions took the form of visits to educational institutions outside the Inspectorates.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

S. A. Morgan.
Director of Professional Training.

APPENDIX L

STATISTICS OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Summary

I. ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

a. Public Schools

Number of Public Schools in 1921 Increase for the year	73	6,280
Number of enrolled pupils of all ages in the Public Schools during the year (exclusive of Continuation and Night School pupils)		501,236
Increase for the year	13,145	
Average daily attendance of pupils. Increase for the year.	35,717	345,746
Percentage of average attendance to total enrolment. Increase for the year	5.45	68.97
Percentage of aggregate to possible aggregate attendance, i.e., per-	3.43	
centage of actual to possible attendance		86.23
1,528; women, 11,028; total		12,556
Increase for the year Number of teachers who attended Normal School	403	9,834
Number of teachers who attended Normal College or Faculty or	586	2,001
College of Education		1,165
Number of teachers with a University degree Average annual salary for male teachers		138 \$1,628
Increase for the year	\$53	
Average annual salary for female teachers	\$79	\$1,079
Average experience of male teachers	*	12.9 years
Average experience of female teachers Amount expended for teachers' salaries		8.2 years \$14,236,088
Amount expended for public school houses (sites and buildings)		\$4,518,790 \$7,595,295
Amount expended for all other purposes. Total amount expended for Public Schools.	·	\$26,350,173
Increase for the year	\$3,506,126	\$52.57
Increase for the year	\$5.77	Ψ52.57
b. Roman Catholic Separate Schools		
Number of Roman Catholic Separate Schools in 1921	07	621
Increase for the year Number of enrolled pupils for all ages	27	83,977
Increase for the year	7,096	60,079
Average daily attendance of pupils	7,709	,
Percentage of average attendance to total enrolment Increase for the year	3.43	71.54
Percentage of aggregate to possible aggregate attendance, i.e., per-	0.20	0,5 00
centage of actual to possible attendance Number of teachers		85.90 1,848
Increase for the year	132	\$1,236,961
Amount expended for teachers' salaries		\$1,230,901
Amount expended for all other purposes		\$1,041,108

Total amount expended on R. C. Separate Schools Increase for the year Cost per pupil (enrolled attendance) Increase for the year	\$992,155 \$9 21	\$3,364,620 \$40 06
c. Protestant Separate Schools		
Number of Protestant Separate Schools (included with Public Schools,		_
a) in 1921 Number of enrolled pupils		5 434
Increase for the year	22	207
Average daily attendance of pupils	47	307
d. Night Elementary Schools		
Number of Night Schools in 1921-22	9	24
Increase for the year	9	2,533
Increase for the year	964	, i
Number of teachers engaged	30	70
II SECONDARY SCHOOLS		
II. SECONDARY SCHOOLS		
a. High Schools and Collegiate Institutes		
Number of High Schools (including 47 Collegiate Institutes)1921-22	2	170
Increase for the year	. 2	39,405
Increase for the year	5,277	
Average daily attendance of pupils. Increase for the year.	5,310	34,262
Percentage of average attendance to total enrolment	2 11	86.94
Increase for the year	2.11	1,302
Increase for the year	95	Φ2 710
Average annual salary, Principals	\$156	\$2,719
Average annual salary, Assistants	\$111	\$2,128
Increase for the year	\$141	\$2,205
Increase for the year	\$138	\$4.500
Highest salary paid		\$4,500 \$2,531,069
Amount expended for school houses (sites and buildings)		\$1,058,691
Amount expended for all other purposes		\$1,200,451 \$4,790,211
Increase for the year	\$1,201,278	\$101 E6
Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance	\$16 40	\$121.56
b. Continuation Schools		
Number of Continuation Schools, 1921-22		160
Increase for the year	16	7,505
Increase for the year	1,682	
Average daily attendance of pupils	1,519	6,309
Increase for the year		84.06
Increase for the year	1.80	286
Number of teachers	31	
Average annual salary, Principals	\$ 163	\$1,742
Increase for the year		\$1,383
Increase for the year. Highest salary paid.	\$154	\$3,000
S		40,000

Amount expended on teachers' salaries, 1921. Amount expended for school houses (sites and buildings). Amount expended for all other purposes. Total amount expended on Continuation Schools, 1921. Increase for the year. Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance. Increase for the year.	\$176,389 \$5.31	\$406,162 \$97,077 \$146,235 \$649,474 \$86.53
c. Night High Schools		
Number of Night High Schools in 1921-22 Number of pupils enrolled Number of teachers engaged		11 1,635 77
d. Vocational Schools		
Number of Day Vocational Schools, 1921-22		14
Number of full time pupils enrolled.	1	5,344
Increase for the year	2,744	3,344
Average daily attendance of full time pupils Increase for the year	2,137	4,260
Number of part time pupils in Day Schools	,	574
Decrease for the year	333	1,604
Number of special pupils in Day Schools. Increase for the year	585	1,004
Number of teachers engaged in Day Schools	21	212
Increase for the year	. 21	55
Increase for the year	4	20 545
Number of pupils enrolled	5,248	32,545
Number of teachers engaged	,	1,075
Amount expended on teachers' salaries, day and evening schools, 1921	166	\$625,848
Amount expended on school houses (sites and buildings)		\$488,897
Amount expended for all other purposes		\$470,341 \$1,585,086
Increase for the year	\$237,181	CURROR

Note.—In the above statement, the statistics of the Toronto High School of Commerce appear for the first time with the Day Vocational Schools. In former years, this school was in the High School list.

III. GENERAL

Elementary and Secondary Schools

Pupils enrolled in elementary schools, 1921	585,213 2,533 54,432 1,635 32,545 676,358
Total enrolment, all schools	32,632
TO	\$36 739.564
Total expenditure Increase for the year	\$36,739,564

Average cost per pupil (enrolled attendance) in all Schools

	1902	1907	1912	1917	1920	1921
Teachers' salaries Sites and buildings All other expenses	\$7 63 0 97 2 80	\$10 44 2 86 4 40	\$14 26 5 90 5 34	\$17 97 4 05 7 72	\$25 03 8 86 13 68	\$28 14 10 72 15 45
For all purposes	\$11 40	\$17 70	\$25 50	\$29 74	\$47 57	\$54 31

Comparative School Statistics, 1867-1921

I. PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS

These elementary school tables, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, for the purpose of comparison with previous years in which the Separate Schools were included with Public Schools, include Roman Catholic and Protestant Separate Schools. The tables A, B, C, D, and E give the statistics of the Public Schools, including Protestant Separate Schools; the statistics of the R. C. Separate Schools are given in Tables F and G; those of the Protestant Separate Schools appear in Table T; and the Night Schools in Table U.

1. School Attendance

Year	Total Number of Enrolled Pupils	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attend- ance	Percentage of Average Attendance to Total Number Enrolled	Percentage of Aggregate to Possible Aggregate, i.e., Percentage of Actual to Possible Attendance
1867. 1872. 1877. 1882. 1887. 1892. 1897. 1902. 1907. 1912. 1917. 1920. 1921.	401,643 454,662 490,860 471,512 493,212 485,670 482,777 454,088 448,218 467,022 527,664 564,972 585,213	213,019 238,848 261,070 246,966 259,083 253,091 251,677 232,880 229,794 239,187 266,255 285,362 296,942	224,546 234,129 232,579	188,701 217,184 214,176 245,152 253,830 273,544 261,480 266,503 291,210 342,571 362,399	45.42 49.71 52.26 56.66 57.58 59.45 62.35 64.92 64.14	*

2. Classification of Pupils

Year	Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary	1st Reader, Part I, or Primer	1st Reader, Part II, or 1st Book	2nd Book	3rd Book	4th Book	5th Book, or Beyond 4th Book
1867 1872 1877 1882 1887 1892 1897 1902 1907 1912 1917 1920 1921	16,515 16,529	2,793 9,195 11,011	115,657 114,932 110,567 107,441 112,552 126,100 125,321 131,262 130,312	73,015 70,808 69,062 60,194 67,368 73,996 76,859	98,184 100,245 108,678 106,229 100,533 96,074 91,330 85,732 84,622 92,728 106,034 106,969 108,990	83,211 96,481 135,824 117,352 108,096 99,345 99,682 90,630 89,371 88,811 105,062 114,715 120,511	68,896 67,440 72,871 71,740 81,984 88,934 89,314 83,738 85,752 85,213 91,989 103,275 111,349	13,370 21,076 17,485 15,727 †6,802 †5,954 †6,168

Note.—Kindergarten attendance is not included for the years previous to 1917. *In 1st Reader. †Exclusive of Continuation School Pupils.

The following table classifies the pupils in the various forms as to rural and urban schools:

Rural Schools

Year	Kinder- garten	Kinder- garten- Primary	First Reader Part I or Primer	First Reader Part II or First Book	Second Book	Third Book	Fourth Book	Fifth Book or Beyond Fourth Book	Totals
1912 1917 1920		75		30,748	47,930 46,219 43,775 44,407 43,107 44,317	48,247 42,450 43,834 45,182	41,321 42,660	8,958 †3,984 †2,926 †2,647	253,133 242,247 227,263 221,510 226,444 235,751
			chools (cit	ies, towns	and inco	rporated v		1-,	,
	16,515 16,529 14,948	2,718 7,160	44,456 52,082 63,388 67,031 71,197 70,265	27,800 28,656 37,075 43,339 46,111 47,746	37,299 38,403 48,953 61,627 63,862 64,673	41,124 46,361 61,228	38,937 41,164	6,769 †2,818 †3,028 †3,521	191,488 205,971 239,759 306,154 338,528 349,462

†Exclusive of Continuation School Pupils.

The following table compares the enrolment and gives the percentages from rural and urban municipalities for several years:

Year	Enrolment in Rural Schools	Enrolment in Urban Schools
1903	260,617 or 57.88% of total	189,661 or 42.12% of total
1907	242,247 or 54.05% ''	205,971 or 45.95% "
1912	227,263 or 48.66% ''	239,759 or 51.33% "
1917	221,510 or 41.97% ''	306,154 or 58.02% "
1920	226,444 or 40.08% ''	338,528 or 59.91% "
1921	235,751 or 40.28% ''	349,462 or 59,71% "

Note.—Kindergarten attendance for years previous to 1916 not available for the above tables.

3. Teachers' Certificates, Etc.

Year	No. of Teachers	Male	Female	1st Class Certificates	2nd Class	3rd Class	Kindergarten- Primary	Kindergarten	Manual Training	Househ'd Science	District	Permanent Ungraded	Other Certificates including Temp.	No. who attended Normal School, Nor. Coll., F. of E. or College of Education
1867	4,890			1,899									151	666
1872	5,476		2,850		1,477								578	828
1877	6,468		3,448	250	1,304								988	1,084
1882	6,857	3,062	3,795	246									971	1,873
1887	7,594	2,718	4,876	252	2,553								924	2,434
1892	8,680	2,770	5,910	261	3,047	4,299		200					873	3,038
1897	9,351	2,784	6,567	343	3,386	4,465		223					934	3,643
1902	9,614		7,320	608	4,296	3,432		247					1,031	4,774
1907	10,170		8,387	715	3,887			277			503		1,336	4,587
†1912	11,128		9,617	674	6,419			371			317	220	1,323	7,319
+1917	12,762		11,445	1,106		1,317					292	213	603	10,256
+1920	13,869		12,363			1,160	237		61		323	195	793	11,370
+1921	14,404	1,641		1,276	10,133	1,146	258				419	177	635	12,001

†Exclusive of Continuation School Teachers.

The men engaged in teaching in these schools in 1921 formed 11.39 per cent. of the whole number. In 1920 they formed 10.85 per cent.

The number of teachers and the class of certificates, in the Public Schools alone, in each County and District of the Province, will be found in Table C of this Appendix.

The following table classifies the teachers and certificates as to rural and urban schools:

	Teachers			Certificates			
	Total	Male	Female	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	
Rural Schools, 1904 Rural Schools, 1907 *Rural Schools, 1912 *Rural Schools, 1917 *Rural Schools, 1920 *Rural Schools, 1921	6,038 6,143 6,455 6,714 6,871	1,201 894 655	4,837 5,249 5,800 6,098	180 165 343 330	1,542 3,002	3,107 3,079 1,463 1,129 908 904	
Urban (cities, towns and incorporated villages) Schools, 1904. Urban, 1907. *Urban, 1912. *Urban, 1917. *Urban, 1920. *Urban, 1921.	3,580 4,132 4,985 6,307 7,155 7,533	582 617 662 890	3,550 4,368 5,645 6,265	535 509 763	2,345 3,417 4,552 5,041	289 373 341 188 252 242	

In the rural schools in 1921 the men formed 10.43 per cent., and in the urban schools, 12.26 per cent. of the number of teachers employed in each case.

4. Teachers' Salaries and Experience

Teachers' Salaries

Year	Highest salary paid	Average salary, male teachers, province	Average salary, female teachers, province	Average salary, male teachers, cities	Average salary, female teachers, cities	Average salary, male teachers, towns	Average salary, female teachers, towns	Average salary, male teachers, incorporated villages	Average salary, female teachers, incorporated villages	*Average salary, male teachers, rural schools	*Average salary,female teachers, rural schools	Average salary, male teachers, all urban schools	Average salary, female teachers, all urban schools
1867	\$ 1,350	\$ 346	\$ 226	\$ 532	\$ 243	\$ 464	\$ 240	\$	\$	\$ 261	\$ 189	\$	\$
1867 1872	1,000	360	228	628	245	507	216			305	213		* : * *
1877	1,100	398	264	735	307	583	269			379	251		
1882	1,100	415	269	742	331	576	273			385	248		
1887	1,450	425	292	832	382	619	289			398	271		
1892 1897	1,500	421	297	894	402	648	298			383	269		
1897	1,500	391	294	892	425	621	306			347	254		
1902	1,600	436	313	935	479	667	317	(50	270	372 458	271 379	907	453
1907 1912	1,900	596 788	420 543	1,157 1,320	592 703	800 977	406 519	659 779	372 492	566	493		618
1917	2,200 2,500	1,038	650		795	1,166	628	908	573	686	580	1,141 1,425	731
1920	3,500	1,575	1,000	2,150	1,262	1,674	941	1,254	839	1,059	868	1,964	1,146
1921	3,500	1,628	1,079	2,245	1,310	1,721	1,005	1,356	940	1,125	961	2,053	1,203
	5,500	_,,,	_,5,5	_,	_,520		_,500	_,,,,,		_,===		,,,,,,	

^{*} Incorporated villages included from 1867 to 1902 inclusive.

^{*}Exclusive of Continuation School Teachers.

Increases in salaries in the cities, towns, villages and rural schools are shown in the above table. In Table C the average salaries for 1921 of the Public School teachers of the various Counties and Districts are given separately, and summarized for the cities, towns and villages. This table also states the salaries paid to teachers according to the grade of certificate held, and illustrates to what extent the teacher with the higher certificate commands the higher salary. The average salaries for the Province are as follows:

		Ma	ale		Female				
	1912	1917	1920	1921	1912	1917	1920	1921	
First Class Certificates	\$1,340	\$1,548	\$2,104	\$2,236	\$634	\$728	\$1,075	\$1,180	
Second Class Certificates	757	916	1,367	1,436	587	673	1,034	1,101	
Third Class and District Certificates	524	562	- 873	928	458	507	768	845	

Teachers' Experience

The length of service or experience of the teachers engaged in the Public Schools is also shown in Table C, where the numbers who have taught from less than one year up to forty years and over are given for each year.

The average experience in the Public Schools at the end of 1921 was as follows:

Male teachers, 12.9 years.

Female teachers, 8.2 years.

All teachers, 8.6 years.

5. Receipts and Expenditures

		Rece	ipts			Е	Expenditi	ures	
Year	Legislative grants	Municipal school grants and assessments	Clergy reserve funds, balances and other sources	Total receipts	Teachers' salaries	Sites and buildings school houses	Libraries, maps, apparatus, prizes, etc.	Rent, repairs, fuel and other expenses	Total expenditure
1867. 1872. 1877. 1882. 1887. 1892. 1897. 1902.	\$ 187,153 225,318 251,962 265,738 268,722 283,791 366,538 383,666	\$ 1,151,583 1,763,492 2,422,432 2,447,214 3,084,352 3,300,512 3,361,562	\$ 331,599 541,460 730,687 757,038 978,283 1,227,596 1,260,055	\$ 1,670,335 2,530,270 3,405,081 3,469,990 4,331,357 4,811,899 4,988,155	\$ 1,093,517 1,371,594 2,038,099 2,144,449 2,458,540 2,752,629 2,886,061 3,198,132	\$ 149,195, 456,043 477,393 341,918 544,520 427,321 391,689 432,753	\$ 31,354 47,799 47,539 15,583 27,509 40,003 60,585 86,723	\$ 199,123 331,928 510,458 525,025 711,535 833,965 877,335 1,107,552	\$ 1,473,189 2,207,364 3,073,489 3,026,975 3,742,104 4,053,918 4,215,670 4,825,160
1907. 1912. 1917.	655,239 842,278 907,846	6,146,825	2,455,864 3,936,887 4,168,000	9,257,928 14,258,052 17,269,285	4,389,524 6,109,547 8,398,450	1,220,820 2,777,960 1,987,644 4,792,571	213,096 167,755 290,207 333,288	1,732,739 2,218,698 3,435,534 7,020,615	7,556,179 11,273,960 14,111,835 25,216,512

The increase for the year in the amount paid as teachers' salaries was \$2,403,011. The total expenditure increased by \$4,498,281.

These tables show the expenditure per pupil for the years as given below:

Average cost per pupil (enrolled attendance)

Teachers' salaries	1902 \$7_04 0_95 2_63	1907 \$9 79 2 72 4 34	1912 \$13 08 5 95 5 11	1917 \$15 91 3 77 7 06	1920 \$23 13 8 48 13 02	1921 \$26 44 9 58 14 75
For all purposes	\$10 62	\$16 85	\$24 14	\$26 74	\$44 63	\$50 77
Avera	ge cost per	r pupil (av	erage atte	ndance)		
Teachers' salaries Sites and buildings All other expenses	1902 \$12 23 1 65 4 57	1907 \$16 47 4 58 7 30	1912 \$20 98 9 54 8 19	1917 \$24 52 5 80 10 87	\$36 07 \$36 07 \$32 20 29	1921 \$38 13 13 81 21 28
For all purposes	\$18.45	\$28.35	\$38 71	\$41 10	\$69.58	\$73 22

The expenditure per pupil (enrolled attendance) for 1921 in the Public Schools alone will be found in Table E, and for the R. C. Separate Schools in Table F. The expenditure will there be shown as to rural schools, cities, towns, and villages separately.

II. ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOLS

1. Schools, Teachers and Attendance

Year	Schools open	Teachers	Pupils	Boys	Girls	Average daily attendance	Percentage of average attendance to total number enrolled	Percentage of aggregate to possible aggregate attendance
1867	161 171 185 190 229 312 340 391 449 513 548 594 621	210 254 334 390 491 662 752 870 1,034 1,237 1,488 1,716 1,848	18,924 21,406 24,952 26,148 30,373 37,466 41,620 45,964 51,502 61,297 70,048 76,881 83,977	15,376 19,169 21,342 23,314 26,420 31,126 35,036 38,209 42,140	14,997 18,297 20,278 22,650 25,082 30,171 35,012 38,672 41,837	8,606 10,584 12,549 13,574 16,866 21,560 24,996 28,817 33,500 39,735 46,919 52,370 60,079	45.47 49.44 50.29 51.91 55.52 57.54 60.05 62.69 65.04 64.82 66.98 68.11 71.54	85.90

2. Receipts and Expenditures

		Re	eceipts		Expenditures							
Year	Legislative grants	Municipal school grants and as- sessments	Balances, subscribed and other sources	Total receipts	Teachers' salaries	Sites and building school houses	Libraries, maps, apparatus, prizes, etc.	Rent, repairs, fuel and other expenses	Fotal expenditure	Cost per pupil		
1867. 1872. 1877. 1882. 1887. 1892. 1902. 1907. 1917. 1920. 1921.	133,672	442,316	\$ 11,854 15,349 34,482 55,105 65,401 98,293 84,032 161,683 308,540 377,713 370,346 887,185	\$48,628 68,810 120,266 166,739 229,848 326,034 335,324 485,503 791,380 1,186,814 1,499,726 2,667,309 3,728,841		24,510 36,860 48,937 65,874 41,233 100,911 186,908 308,193 262,103 465,099	1,303 3,624 2,922 5,786 6,158 15,991 15,207 24,836 30,865	\$ †7,889 †15,993 17,284 32,082 46,369 71,335 86,350 118,173 229,793 263,024 391,695 862,520	61,817 114,806 154,340 211,223 289,838 302,169 435,441 714,176 1,043,224 1,313,723 2,372,465	9 47 13 86 17 01 18 75 30 85		

†Including all expenditure except for teachers' salaries.

An increase of 7,096 in the enrolment and of \$992,155 in the expenditure in 1921 are noticed in the above tables. The expenditure per pupil of enrolled attendance increased from \$30.85 to \$40.06. Detailed statistics in reference to these schools will be found in Tables F and G.

III. PROTESTANT SEPARATE SCHOOLS

The following is a complete list of the Protestant Separate Schools of the Province:—No. 1 Grattan, No. 2 Hagarty, L'Orignal and Penetanguishene (two schools).

They were attended by 434 pupils in 1921. The whole amount expended for their maintenance and permanent improvements was \$16,078.88. Ten teachers held Second Class certificates, and one held a District certificate.

More complete statistics for these schools will be found in Table T.

IV. CONTINUATION SCHOOLS

The following table gives statistics of the "Continuation Classes, Grade A," up to and including 1907. Thereafter they are known as "Continuation Schools." Formerly the statistics of these schools were included with the statistics of the Public and Separate Schools, consequently certain items for the years 1897-1907 cannot be given.

		schools	schools	chools	teachers	Rec	ceipts	Expen	diture		Pupils	aver- nce to
Year 1897	Schools One-teacher so	02		Three-teacher schools	Number of tea	Legislative grant	Total Receipts	Paid for Teachers' Salaries	Total Expenditure	Total value of Equipment	Number of Pul	Percentage of avage attendance total enrolment
1897	27	20	7		34	\$ 2,700	\$	\$	\$	\$	1,275	
1902	59	46	12	1	73	8,350					1,856	
1907	91	65	24	2	119	25,610		73,325		26,345	3,993	
1912	138	54	73	11	226	64,081	295,261	202,875	265,087	75,556	6,094	61.97
1917	137	36	99	2	*241	65,733	360,431	228,362	324,621	93,228	*5,104	*73.15
1920	144	36	100	8	*255	113879	548,411	317,602	473,085	117,629	*5,823	*82.26
1921	160	46	102	12	*286	127770	723,426	406,162	649,474	134,714	*7,505	*84.06

^{*} For school year ended six months after the calendar year specified.

Of the enrolled attendance for 1921-22, 5,739 pupils were in the Lower School and 1,766 in the Middle School. The total attendance was made up of 3,080 boys and 4,425 girls.

Average Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance

	1917	1920	1921
Teachers' salaries	\$44 74	\$54 54	\$54 12
Sites and buildings	6 33	5 97	12 93
All other expenses	12 53	20 73	19 48
For all purposes	\$63 60	\$81 24	\$86 53

Average Cost per pupil (average attendance)

	1912	1917	1920	1921
Teachers' salaries		\$61 15	\$66 30	\$64 38
Sites and buildings	4 17	8 66	7 26	15 38
All other purposes	12 30	17 12	25 20	23 18
			-	
For all purposes	\$70.18	\$86 93	\$98 76	\$102 94

Statistics in detail for 1921-22 in reference to the Continuation Schools will be found in Tables H, I, J and K.

V. COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND HIGH SCHOOLS

The following table gives comparative statistics respecting Collegiate Institutes and High Schools from 1867 to 1921, inclusive:

1. Receipts, Expenditure, Attendance, etc.

		,							
			Re	eceipts		Expenditure			şe
Year	Schools	Teachers	Legislative grant	Total Receipts	Paid for teachers' salaries	Paid for sites and buildings	Total expenditure	Pupils	Percentage of average attendance to total enrolment
1867	102 104 104 104 112 128 130 134 143 148 162 168 170	239 280 332 398 522 579 593 750 917 †1,051 †1,207	79,543 78,762 84,304 91,977 100,000 101,250 112,650 158,549 209,956 184,088 176,159	\$ 139,579 223,269 357,521 373,150 529,323 793,812 767,487 832,853 1,611,553 2,414,128 3,051,684 4,065,050 5,623,528	\$ 94,820 141,812 211,607 253,864 327,452 472,029 532,837 547,402 783,782 1,232,537 1,554,049 2,269,387 2,531,069	\$ *19,190 *31,360 *51,417 *19,361 *73,061 *91,108 *46,627 44,246 193,975 327,982 277,544 364,264 1,058,691	\$ 124,181 210,005 343,710 343,720 495,612 696,114 715,976 769,680 1,213,697 1,953,061 2,418,975 3,588,933 4,790,211		56 56 53 59 60 61 58.97 60.94 62.80 †78.15 †84.83

^{*} Expenses for repairs, etc., included.

Average cost per pupil (enrolled attendance)

	1917	1920	1921
Teachers' salaries	\$53 41	\$66 50	\$64 23
Sites and buildings	9 54	10 67	26 87
All other expenses	20 18	27 99	30 46
For all purposes	\$83 13	\$105 16	\$121 56

Average cost per pupil (average attendance)

	1902 \$ c.	1907 \$ c.	1912 \$ c.	1917 \$ c.	1920 \$ c. 78 38	1921 \$ c. 73 87
Teachers' salaries Sites and buildings All other purposes	37 93 3 07 12 34	42 40 10 49 12 76	16 18	68 34 12 20 25 83	12 58	30 90
For all purposes	53 34	65 65	96 36	106 37	123 96	139 81

[†] For the school year ended six months after the calendar year specified.

Number of Pupils in the three grades of schools in the Collegiate Institutes and High Schools

	1916-17	1919-20	1920-21	1921-22
Lower School	20,190	23,344	24,166	27,273
Middle School	7,336	8,170	8,471	9,794
Upper School	1,571	1,522	1,491	2,338
Total enrolment	29,097	33,036	34,128	39,405
Total number of boys Total number of girls	12,353 16,744	14,681 18,355	15,221 18,907	18,328 21,077

2. Occupation of Parents of Pupils attending High Schools and Collegiate Institutes

	1917-18	1919-20	1920-21	1921-22
Commerce	6,516	7,717	8,118	9,307
Agriculture	8,449	8,688	8,583	10,119
Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	1,531	1,569	1,711	1,822
Teaching	511	479	529°	554
The Trades	5,734	6,812	7,236	8,149
Labouring Occupations	1,899	2,506	2,813	3,442
Other Classes	4,457	5,265	5,138	6,012

The statistics in detail of the various Collegiate Institutes and High Schools of the Province for 1921-22 will be found in Tables L, M, N and O.

VI. TEACHERS' INSTITUTES

This table presents the work of the Teachers' Institutes for forty-five years:

	Institutes		the School ded)		R	eceipts		Expenditure	
Year	No. of Teachers' Inst	No. of Members	No. of Teachers in the Province (High Sch teachers not included	Amount received from government grants	Amount received from municipal grants	Amount received from members' fees	Total amount received	Amount paid for Libraries	Total amount expended
1877	42 62 66 69 73 77 81 83 94 96	*13,303	6,857 7,594 8,680 9,351 9,614 10,170 11,128 12,762 13,869	1,412 5 2,900 0 1,800 0 1,950 0 2,425 0 2,515 0 2,850 0 3,800 0 5,475 0 5,514 2	0 2,017 43 0 1,877 50 0 1,920 00 0 2,100 78 0 3,701 62 0 3,937 5	299 75 1,088 84 730 66 875 76 901 15 1,171 80 1,671 32 1,961 10 2 3,821 23	\$ c. 2,769 44 9,394 28 10,405 98 12,043 54 12,446 20 13,171 26 14,824 09 22,120 70 27,712 01 31,441 88	1,234 08 1,472 41 1,479 88 1,437 18 654 16 1,359 24 3,173 12	\$ c. 1,127 63 5,355 33 4,975 50 6,127 46 6,598 84 7,188 45 7,487 41 10,120 89 13,977 20 17,915 96 20,847 75

^{*}Registered attendance of members.

See Appendix M for details for 1921.

VII. DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS, Etc.

1. Table showing the Number of Teachers in Training at Provincial Normal Schools, and the Pupils at the Normal Model Schools in connection therewith, etc., 1877-1923

Year	No. of Normal School teachers	No. of Normal School students		No. of Normal Model School and Kinder- garten pupils
1877. 1882. 1887. 1892. 1897. 1902. 1907-08. 1912-13. 1917-18. 1921-22. 1922-23.	13 16 *35 *69 *78 *82	257 260 441 428 407 619 428 986 1,514 1,481 1,815	8 15 18 22 23 31 *38 *38 *43 *44 *44	643 799 763 842 832 958 979 (1907) 914 (1912) 938 (1917) 1,000 (1921) 1,070 (1922)

^{*} Including those engaged in both a Normal and a Normal Model School.

2. High School Entrance Examinations, 1877-1922.

Year	Total number examined	Number granted certificates	Percentages	Year	Total number examined and recommended by Principals	Number granted certificates	Percentage
1877 1882 1887 1892 1897 1902	7,383 9,607 16,248 16,409 16,384 18,087	3,836 4,371 9,364 8,427 10,502 13,300	51.95 45.49 57.63 51.35 64.09 73.53	1907 1912 1917 1921 1922	22,144 22,679 21,975 31,521 36,114	15,430 13,977 15,751 25,260 27,560	69.68 61.62 71.67 80.13 76.31

3. Lower School Examination, 1922

Statistics of Results by Papers

Subjects	Number of Candidates		Number of Appeals	Appeals Sustained	Total Passed	Percentage
English Grammar Canadian History Geography Physiography Arithmetic Art Botany Zoology English Literature English Composition Algebra Geometry Agriculture & Hort. I Agriculture & Hort. II Latin Grammar	10,671 9,998 7,772 9,632 13,014 15,383 7,727 305 355 482 207 1,404 399	9,101 7,229 9,117 6,028 7,536 11,623 13,528 7,363 194 313 276 160 1,251 377 1,088	33 53 13 33 29 28 29 11 1 0 0 1	2 4 2 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9,103 7,233 9,119 6,031 7,539 11,626 13,528 7,363 194 313 276 160 1,251 377 1,088	86.51 67.78 91.20 77.59 78.27 89.33 87.94 95.28 63.60 88.16 57.26 77.29 89.10 94.48 86.62

20,330 373

4. Middle School Examinations, 1922 Statistics of Results by Papers

mber	Регсептаде	92.64 89.24 83.24 74.99 64.11 80.04 100.00 100.00 173.55 65.88 85.20 85.20
June and September combined	Grand Total Passed	9,572 9,573 9,574 9,575 9,577 9,374 1,392 1,392 1,392 1,392 1,392 1,492
June a	Total Number of Candidates	10,781 11,5834 7,834 7,834 7,834 7,834 7,878 8,087 7,878 5,740 5,583 3,57 128 128 88 88 154 1128 1128 1128 1128 1128
	Percentage	68. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65
-	Total Passed	1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,722 1,722 1,722 1,722 1,735 1,740
September	bənistsu2 slasqqA	011015070801000000
Sept	Number of Appeals	700000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Number Passed	576 391 1,039 1,039 1,720 1,72
	Number of Candidates	833 683 1,080 1,080 1,080 1,080 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110
	Percentage	87.30 85.31 74.27 76.85 56.85 77.13 77.14 77.15 77.15 89.63 80.00 83.20
	Total Passed	9,412 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,552 9,552 9,677 1,143
June	Appeals Sustained	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Jı	slasqqA to rsdmuN	36 36 36 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
	Number Passed	9,411 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,187 9,189 1,143
	Number of Candidates	10,781 11,582 7,834 7,834 9,941 9,941 8,510 7,878 7,878 3,583 3,583 128 8,510 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 131 131
Subjects		English Composition English Literature British History Ancient History Algebra Geometry Ghysics. Chemistry Latin Authors. French Authors French Authors German Authors German Authors German Authors German Authors Greek Authors Spanish Authors Spanish Authors Spanish Composition Agric. & Hort, II

5. Upper School Examinations, 1922

92
pers
Paj
by
Its
esu
2
of
cs
sti
ati
Sta

ember	Ретсептаде	99.40 90.87 99.74 99.74 99.74 99.68 99.68 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73 99.73
June and September combined	Grand Total Passed	2,165 1,931 1,194 1,226 1,419 1,419 1,419 1,419 1,827 1,827 1,827 1,723 1,356
June a	Total Number of	2,178 2,125 1,195 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,082 1,881 1,881 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,784
	Регсептаве	76. 50 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
	Total Passed	221 12333 1246 1250 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
September	Appeals Sustained	MOOHHOOMOOHOOOO
Septe	Number of Appeals	84-08-44808000
	Number Passed	221 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125
	Number of Candidates	293 242 242 242 242 242 243 243 244 254 26 26 27 28 27 28 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
	Регсептаде	889.39 622.39 775.53 773.11 77
	Total Passed	1,941 1,718 1,057 1,100 1,386 1,386 1,386 3,40 3,40 3,60 3,60 1,740 1,740 1,740 1,740 1,740 1,285 1,740 1,74
June	Appeals Sustained	
1.5	Number of Appeals	02480144441800000
	Number Passed	1,940 1,717 1,056 1,099 1,345 1,345 1,386 3,340 1,285 1,740
	Number of Candidates	2,178 1,197 1,763 1,763 1,782 1,782 1,592 1,092 1,092 1,876 1,811 1,811 1,814
-	Subjects	English Composition English Literature History Algebra Geometry Trigonometry. Trigonometry. Zoology Physics. Chemistry. Latin Authors. Latin Composition French Authors. French Authors. German Composition German Authors. German Authors. Greek Authors.

THE PUBLIC

I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

36 Waterloo 3,851 1,997 1,854 2,734 87 846 37 Welland 5,425 2,839 2,586 3,441 86 178 1,525 38 Wellington 4,535 2,385 2,150 3,023 87 2 924 39 Wentworth 6,090 3,114 2,976 3,902 85 49 1,411 40 York 20,591 10,627 9,964 13,317 87 467 5,193 41 Algoma 3,278 1,645 1,633 1,861 82 6 1,059 42 Kenora 781 419 362 433 85 44 223 43 Manitoulin 1,694 836 858 1,043 80 473 44 Muskoka 2,679 1,413 1,266 1,567 79 16 683 45 Nipissing 1,998 1,087 911 1,085 74 141 780 46 Parry Sound 3,922 1,945 1,977 2,233 77 1,149 47 Rainy River </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Brant				ttendanc	e			
2 Bruce. 4,935 2,568 2,367 3,365 86 1,1,023 3 Carleton. 5,937 3,010 2,927 3,8211 81 137 1,390 4 Dufferin. 5,263 1,209 1,054 1,486 80 5 456 5 Dundas. 2,435 1,289 1,146 1,674 84 545 6 Elgin. 4,184 2,222 1,962 2,766 86 7 859 7 Essex. 5,713 3,020 2,093 3,566 84 113 1,451 8 Frontenac. 4,180 2,104 2,076 2,362 76 1,212 9 Glengarry. 2,699 1,366 1,333 1,572 76 1 2 785 10 Grey. 6,530 3,394 3,136 4,289 84 1,403 11 Haldimand. 2,479 1,273 1,206 1,699 86 20 462 1 Haldimand. 2,479 1,273 1,206 1,699 86 20 462 1 Haldimand. 2,274 1,204 1,070 1,414 82 555 1 Huron. 5,472 2,864 2,608 3,913 86 19 86 16 Kent. 6,338 3,218 3,120 3,982 83 50 1,548 17 Lambton. 4,954 2,646 2,308 3,371 87 3 801 18 Lanark. 4,954 2,646 2,308 3,371 87 3 891 18 Lanark. 4,954 2,646 2,308 3,371 87 3 891 18 Lanark. 2,849 1,430 1,419 1,847 76 683 19 Leeds and Grenville. 5,616 2,868 2,748 3,504 84 1,264 20 Lennox and Addington 2,895 1,497 1,398 1,833 83 727 12 Lincoln. 3,752 1,895 1,817 2,330 82 10 855 22 Middlesex. 6,650 3,437 3,213 4,543 84 1,264 20 Lennox and Addington 2,895 1,497 1,398 1,833 83 727 12 Lincoln. 3,752 1,895 1,817 2,330 82 10 855 22 Middlesex. 6,650 3,437 3,213 4,543 84 1,264 20 Lennox and Addington 2,895 1,497 1,398 1,833 83 727 12 Lincoln. 3,752 1,895 1,817 2,330 82 10 855 22 Middlesex. 6,650 3,437 3,213 4,543 84 1,264 20 Lennox and Addington 2,895 1,817 2,330 82 10 855 22 Middlesex. 6,650 3,437 3,213 4,543 84 1,264 20 Lennox and Russell. 2,898 1,490 1,393 1,805 82 648 8 Perth. 4,121 2,171 1,950 2,978 86 754 29 Peterborough. 3,201 1,668 1,593 1,999 80 849 90 Prescott and Russell. 2,898 1,526 1,372 1,779 83 90 84 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	Rural Schools	Total number of Pupils Attending School	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance of Pupils	Percentage of Actual Aggregate to Possible Aggre- gate Attendance	Pupils in the Kindergarten- Primary	Primer
Durham. 6,366 3,325 3,041 4,128 83 ,8 1,320 25 Ontario. 4,981 2,528 2,453 3,278 85 1,161 26 Oxford. 4,780 2,450 2,330 3,242 85 978 27 Peel. 2,883 1,490 1,393 1,805 82 648 28 Perth. 4,121 2,171 1,950 2,978 86 754 29 Peterborough 3,201 1,608 1,593 1,999 80 849 30 Prescott and Russell. 2,898 1,526 1,372 1,779 83 956 31 Prince Edward 2,012 1,021 991 1,309 84 444 32 Renfrew 5,747 2,993 2,754 3,403 76 1,624 33 Simcoe 8,519 4,412 4,107 5,490 80 1,982 34 Stormont 2,677 1,413 1,264 1,710 83 27 <t< td=""><td>2 Bruce. 3 Carleton. 4 Dufferin. 5 Dundas. 6 Elgin. 7 Essex. 8 Frontenac. 9 Glengarry. 10 Grey. 11 Haldimand. 12 Haliburton. 13 Halton. 14 Hastings. 15 Huron. 16 Kent. 17 Lambton. 18 Lanark. 19 Leeds and Grenville. 20 Lennox and Addington. 21 Lincoln. 22 Middlesex. 23 Norfolk.</td><td>4,935 5,937 2,263 2,435 4,184 5,713 4,180 2,699 6,530 2,479 1,589 2,274 6,196 5,472 6,338 4,954 2,849 5,616 2,895 3,712 6,650</td><td>2,568 3,010 1,209 1,289 2,222 3,020 2,104 1,366 3,394 1,273 782 1,204 3,212 2,864 3,218 2,646 1,430 2,868 1,497 1,895 3,437</td><td>2,367 2,927 1,054 1,146 1,962 2,693 2,076 1,333 3,136 1,206 807 1,070 2,984 2,608 3,120 2,308 1,419 2,748 1,398 1,817 3,213</td><td>3,365 3,821 1,486 1,674 2,766 3,566 2,362 1,572 4,289 1,699 888 1,414 3,901 3,913 3,982 3,371 1,847 3,504 1,833 2,330 4,543</td><td>86 81 80 84 86 84 76 76 84 82 82 82 81 86 83 87 76 84 83</td><td>137 5 7 113 20 47 1 19 50 3 10</td><td>1,023 1,390 456 545 859 1,451 1,212 785 1,403 462 454 521 1,565 896 1,548 891 683 1,264 727 885 1,283</td></t<>	2 Bruce. 3 Carleton. 4 Dufferin. 5 Dundas. 6 Elgin. 7 Essex. 8 Frontenac. 9 Glengarry. 10 Grey. 11 Haldimand. 12 Haliburton. 13 Halton. 14 Hastings. 15 Huron. 16 Kent. 17 Lambton. 18 Lanark. 19 Leeds and Grenville. 20 Lennox and Addington. 21 Lincoln. 22 Middlesex. 23 Norfolk.	4,935 5,937 2,263 2,435 4,184 5,713 4,180 2,699 6,530 2,479 1,589 2,274 6,196 5,472 6,338 4,954 2,849 5,616 2,895 3,712 6,650	2,568 3,010 1,209 1,289 2,222 3,020 2,104 1,366 3,394 1,273 782 1,204 3,212 2,864 3,218 2,646 1,430 2,868 1,497 1,895 3,437	2,367 2,927 1,054 1,146 1,962 2,693 2,076 1,333 3,136 1,206 807 1,070 2,984 2,608 3,120 2,308 1,419 2,748 1,398 1,817 3,213	3,365 3,821 1,486 1,674 2,766 3,566 2,362 1,572 4,289 1,699 888 1,414 3,901 3,913 3,982 3,371 1,847 3,504 1,833 2,330 4,543	86 81 80 84 86 84 76 76 84 82 82 82 81 86 83 87 76 84 83	137 5 7 113 20 47 1 19 50 3 10	1,023 1,390 456 545 859 1,451 1,212 785 1,403 462 454 521 1,565 896 1,548 891 683 1,264 727 885 1,283
	Durham. 25 Ontario. 26 Oxford. 27 Peel. 28 Perth. 29 Peterborough. 30 Prescott and Russell. 31 Prince Edward. 32 Renfrew. 33 Simcoe. 34 Stormont. 35 Victoria. 36 Waterloo. 37 Welland. 38 Wellington. 39 Wentworth. 40 York. 41 Algoma. 42 Kenora. 43 Manitoulin. 44 Muskoka. 45 Nipissing. 46 Parry Sound. 47 Rainy River. 48 Sudbury. 49 Timiskaming.	4,981 4,780 2,883 4,121 3,201 2,898 2,012 5,747 8,519 2,677 3,162 3,851 5,425 4,535 6,090 20,591 3,278 781 1,694 2,679 1,998 3,922 1,595 4,037 4,037 4,228	2,528 2,450 1,490 2,171 1,608 1,526 1,021 2,993 4,412 1,413 1,666 1,997 2,839 2,385 3,114 10,627 1,645 419 836 1,413 1,087 1,945 831 2,943 2,344 1,043	2,453 2,330 1,393 1,950 1,372 991 2,754 4,107 1,264 1,496 1,854 2,586 2,150 2,976 9,964 1,633 3622 858 1,266 911 1,977 764 2,034 2,082	3,278 3,242 1,805 2,978 1,779 1,309 3,403 3,403 3,403 3,403 3,902 13,317 1,861 433 1,043 1,567 1,085 2,233 815 2,302 2,367	85 82 86 80 83 84 76 80 83 88 87 86 87 85 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 88 88	27 	1,161 978 648 754 849 956 444 1,624 1,982 674 659 846 1,525 924 1,411 5,193 1,059

SCHOOLS VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION

				1							
	1st Book	2nd Book	3rd Book	4th Book	Beyond 4th Book	Art	Geography	Music	Literature	Composition	Grammar
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	457 592 785 303 302 479 835 543 337 783 271 244 269 809 635 913 684 341 729 387 502 867 459	597 898 1,159 429 500 654 1,233 717 637 1,207 533 282 410 1,220 1,080 1,239 827 530 983 504 696 1,379 765	826 1,154 1,147 505 465 1,002 1,137 774 468 1,499 580 272 487 1,311 1,194 1,093 1,064 600 1,076 564 866 1,387 829	1,198 1,293 594 1,089 908 934 433 1,506 570 255 5,70 1,375 1,382 1,278 669 1,482 668 716 1,678 703	27 70 26 24 29 94 36 132 43 35 113 207 26 82 45 37 56 28	3,113 4,770 5,521 2,102 2,338 4,083 5,394 4,180 2,539 6,171 2,307 1,272 2,181 6,067 4,878 5,839 4,694 2,821 5,477 2,770 3,383 6,650 3,549	2,640 3,546 4,592 1,650 1,920 3,259 3,945 2,961 1,886 945 1,659 5,654 4,061 4,547 3,895 2,155 5,286 2,117 2,646 5,448 2,883	2,611 3,957 4,754 1,297 1,932 3,724 3,880 3,261 2,156 4,958 1,522 628 1,478 5,431 3,881 4,591 3,313 1,912 4,346 1,951 3,064 5,260 2,773	2,908 4,400 4,922 1,825 1,990 4,016 4,492 4,180 2,202 5,034 2,003 1,027 1,913 5,857 4,571 4,968 4,580 2,545 4,671 2,348 3,079 6,432 3,172	2,878 4,233 4,981 1,852 2,094 3,989 4,602 4,180 2,266 4,968 2,005 1,012 1,842 5,485 4,736 2,485 4,736 2,485 4,763 2,360 2,798 6,522 3,268	1,846 1,624 1,529 814 1,764 940 801 2,150
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 40 41 42 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	802 645 591 375 487 433 361 280 8111 327 384 470 687 528 868 3,481 398 110 188 414 292 545 234 650 444	1,330 956 877 454 664 452 3,126 61,912 567 619 778 937 762 1,041 4,445 604 162 284 492 292 675 303 645 709 502	1,419 1,171 1,163 664 1,024 677 488 462 1,056 1,738 655 941 1,146 958 1,367 4,156 535 112 342 506 279 748 272 476 637 444	1,382 999 1,081 716 1,091 634 590 443 972 1,696 525 729 780 904 1,237 1,279 2,720 636 123 370 516 205 684 433 628 313	105 49 90 26 101 24 51 41 140 80 19 116 36 48 124 75 129 40 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 5 2 9 121 5 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	6,116 4,800 4,712 2,713 4,064 2,892 2,625 2,270 5,473 8,471 2,464 2,996 3,851 4,982 4,181 5,877 20,399 3,192 637 1,637 2,550 1,817 3,853 1,397 3,853 1,397 3,865 4,025 2,637	4,777 3,421 3,633 2,107 3,756 2,400 1,962 1,789 5,021 7,014 1,876 2,363 3,122 3,701 3,311 5,040 14,720 2,261 1,115 2,888 1,145 3,161 2,863 1,857	3,964 4,209 3,996 1,867 3,753 2,195 1,949 1,695 4,441 4,965 1,870 1,999 3,390 3,370 5,685 19,194 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,633 1,633 1,636 1,638	5,219 3,912 4,032 2,330 3,802 2,438 1,982 2,108 5,272 8,156 2,143 2,748 3,851 14,291 3,556 5,611 18,262 2,532 2,193 1,581 3,782 1,183 3,416 3,648 2,578	5,216 4,474 4,095 2,380 3,730 2,497 2,331 2,080 5,210 7,373 2,245 2,719 3,851 3,929 3,568 5,630 16,977 2,614 607 1,231 2,122 1,522 3,363 3,643 2,499	1,901 1,233 1,379 842 1,430 768 716 672 1,662 2,463 889 990 940 1,273 1,706 1,564 3,978 712 226 465 634 266 931 435 536 847 778
	29,078	40,993	44,274	43,550	3,260	206,595	163,317	165,812	185,553	183,460	58,701

THE PUBLIC

I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

48 Sudbury. 972 2,195 3,438 3,709 3,819 34 49 Timiskaming. 1,064 1,682 3,920 3,829 4,133 19 7 50 Thunder Bay. 846 911 2,630 2,533 2,556 38								
2 Bruce. 1,934 2,192 4,090 4,270 4,712 4 24 3 Carleton. 3,065 3,226 4,460 4,882 5,679 3 4 Dufferin. 761 932 1,668 1,835 2,036 1 36 5 Dundas. 820 1,063 1,779 2,060 2,435 15 6 Elgin. 1,514 1,798 3,948 3,978 3,995 3 61 7 Essex. 1,865 2,180 5,123 4,644 5,100 18 8 Frontenac. 1,829 2,010 4,180 4,180 4,180 18 9 Glengarry. 949 1,101 1,785 1,923 2,614 12 8 10 Grey. 2,488 2,824 5,397 5,974 6,378 34 11 Haldimand. 1,032 1,188 1,926 2,114 2,368 20 37 12 Haliburton. 354 466 839 1,196 1,149 23 13 Halton. 745 940 1,682 1,939 2,138 4 14 Hastings. 2,285 2,628 5,629 5,797 6,115 30 91 15 Huron. 1,885 2,606 4,223 4,236 4,984 11 216 16 Kent. 2,259 2,496 4,881 4,358 6,071 68 17 Lambton. 2,781 2,927 4,389 4,003 4,769 15 121 18 Lanark. 1,021 1,196 2,222 2,441 2,785 7 19 Leeds and Grenville. 2,425 2,771 4,797 5,137 5,486 12 24 20 Lennox and Addington 1,067 1,218 2,226 2,410 2,759 15 12 Lincoln. 1,142 1,484 2,793 3,106 3,444 32 22 Middlesex. 3,030 3,229 5,870 5,191 6,415 1,210 28 23 Norfolk. 1,455 1,775 3,131 3,170 3,516 14 Northumberland and Durham. 2,033 2,371 5,161 5,422 6,652 14 20 Peterborough. 1,021 1,737 3,258 2,497 4,458 4,780 23 71 21 Price Edward. 1,071 1,775 3,131 3,170 3,516 22 Peterborough. 1,021 1,273 2,548 2,752 2,950 2 2 17 27 Peel. 988 1,129 2,358 2,454 4,009 1 18 26 Oxford. 1,925 2,141 4,477 4,458 4,780 23 71 27 Peel. 988 1,129 2,358 2,454 2,009 1 1 28 Perth. 1,357 1,666 3,495 3,714 4,013 20 29 Peterborough. 1,021 1,273 2,548 2,752 2,950 2 2 17 30 Prescott and Russell. 1,061 1,275 1,994 2,107 2,604 21 31 Prince Edward. 1,071 1,071 2,090 2,183 2,266 2 22 32 Renfrew. 2,629 2,902 5,113 5,013 5,595 9 128 33 Simcoe. 2,663 3,309 6,812 8,095 8,335 5,91 1,04 4,10 3 20 34 Stormont. 1,019 1,077 1,071 2,090 2,183 3,761 2,809 1 1 7 37 Welland. 1,543 1,843 4,297 4,468 5,237 18 31 39 Wentworth. 2,781 3,078 3,761 2,809 1 1 7 37 Welland. 1,543 1,843 4,297 4,468 5,237 18 31 34 Manitoulin. 658 772 1,143 2,082 2,444 2,126 10 37 48 Sudbury. 1,064 1,682 3,920 3,829 4,133 19 7 48 Sudbur	Rural Schools	English History	Canadian History		Nature Study	Physical Culture	Bookkeeping	Arithmetic and Mensuration
Durham 2,033 2,371 5,161 5,422 6,052 14 62 26 Oxford 1,925 2,141 4,477 4,548 4,780 23 71 27 Peel 988 1,129 2,358 2,454 2,009 1 28 Perth 1,357 1,666 3,495 3,714 4,013 20 29 Peterborough 1,021 1,273 2,548 2,752 2,950 22 17 30 Prescott and Russell 1,061 1,275 1,994 2,107 2,604 21 31 Prince Edward 1,071 1,071 2,090 2,183 2,266 2 22 32 Renfrew 2,629 2,902 5,113 5,013 5,595 9 128 33 Simcoe 2,663 3,309 6,812 8,095 8,335 26 34 Stormont 1,019 1,077 1,766 1,922 2,609 1 10 35 Victoria 1,277 1,417 <td< td=""><td>2 Bruce. 3 Carleton. 4 Dufferin. 5 Dundas. 6 Elgin. 7 Essex. 8 Frontenac. 9 Glengarry. 10 Grey. 11 Haldimand. 12 Haliburton. 13 Halton. 14 Hastings. 15 Huron. 16 Kent. 17 Lambton. 18 Lanark. 19 Leeds and Grenville. 20 Lennox and Addington. 21 Lincoln. 22 Middlesex. 23 Norfolk.</td><td>1,934 3,065 761 820 1,514 1,865 1,829 949 2,488 1,032 354 745 2,285 1,885 2,259 2,781 1,021 2,425 1,067 1,142 3,030</td><td>2,192 3,226 932 1,063 1,798 2,180 2,010 1,101 2,824 1,188 466 940 2,628 2,606 6,2496 2,927 1,196 2,771 1,218 1,484 3,229</td><td>4,090 4,460 1,668 1,779 3,948 5,123 4,180 1,785 5,397 1,926 839 1,682 5,629 4,223 4,581 4,581 4,389 2,222 4,797 2,226 2,793 5,870</td><td>4,270 4,882 1,835 2,060 3,978 4,644 4,180 1,923 5,974 2,114 1,196 1,939 5,797 4,236 4,063 2,441 5,137 2,410 3,106 5,191</td><td>4,712 5,679 2,036 2,435 3,995 5,100 4,180 2,614 6,378 1,149 2,138 6,115 4,984 6,071 4,769 2,785 5,486 2,759 6,415</td><td>1 3 </td><td>24 3 36 15 61 18 8 34 37 23 4 91 216 68 121 7 24 15 32 28</td></td<>	2 Bruce. 3 Carleton. 4 Dufferin. 5 Dundas. 6 Elgin. 7 Essex. 8 Frontenac. 9 Glengarry. 10 Grey. 11 Haldimand. 12 Haliburton. 13 Halton. 14 Hastings. 15 Huron. 16 Kent. 17 Lambton. 18 Lanark. 19 Leeds and Grenville. 20 Lennox and Addington. 21 Lincoln. 22 Middlesex. 23 Norfolk.	1,934 3,065 761 820 1,514 1,865 1,829 949 2,488 1,032 354 745 2,285 1,885 2,259 2,781 1,021 2,425 1,067 1,142 3,030	2,192 3,226 932 1,063 1,798 2,180 2,010 1,101 2,824 1,188 466 940 2,628 2,606 6,2496 2,927 1,196 2,771 1,218 1,484 3,229	4,090 4,460 1,668 1,779 3,948 5,123 4,180 1,785 5,397 1,926 839 1,682 5,629 4,223 4,581 4,581 4,389 2,222 4,797 2,226 2,793 5,870	4,270 4,882 1,835 2,060 3,978 4,644 4,180 1,923 5,974 2,114 1,196 1,939 5,797 4,236 4,063 2,441 5,137 2,410 3,106 5,191	4,712 5,679 2,036 2,435 3,995 5,100 4,180 2,614 6,378 1,149 2,138 6,115 4,984 6,071 4,769 2,785 5,486 2,759 6,415	1 3 	24 3 36 15 61 18 8 34 37 23 4 91 216 68 121 7 24 15 32 28
Totals	Durham. 25 Ontario. 26 Oxford. 27 Peel. 28 Perth. 29 Peterborough. 30 Prescott and Russell. 31 Prince Edward. 32 Renfrew. 33 Simcoe. 34 Stormont. 35 Victoria. 36 Waterloo. 37 Welland. 38 Wellington. 39 Wentworth. 40 York. 41 Algoma. 42 Kenora. 43 Manitoulin. 44 Muskoka. 45 Nipissing. 46 Parry Sound. 47 Rainy River. 48 Sudbury. 49 Timiskaming. 50 Thunder Bay.	2,058 1,925 988 1,357 1,021 1,061 1,071 2,629 2,663 1,019 1,277 1,140 1,278 1,781 2,781 5,370 1,071 271 658 929 521 1,068 506 972 1,064 846	2,207 2,141 1,129 1,666 1,273 1,275 1,071 2,902 3,309 1,077 1,417 1,394 1,413 7,72 1,113 7,72 1,113 7,688 2,195 1,682 9,11	4,365 4,477 2,358 3,495 2,548 1,994 2,090 5,113 6,812 1,766 2,460 3,302 4,297 3,514 5,741 16,858 3,057 513 1,630 2,082 1,606 3,481 1,012 3,438 3,920 2,630	4,502 4,548 2,454 2,752 2,107 2,183 5,013 8,095 1,922 2,751 3,761 4,648 3,530 5,695 17,425 3,055 5,38 1,670 2,144 1,749 3,654 1,185 3,709 3,829 2,533	4,897 4,780 2,009 4,013 2,950 2,604 2,266 5,595 8,335 2,609 2,698 2,809 2,809 5,237 4,216 6,085 20,505 3,118 636 1,694 2,126 1,898 3,634 1,311 3,819 4,133 2,556	18 23 22 2 9 1 5 1 18 8 28 137 21 3 10 13 13 33 45	36 71 1 20 17 21 22 128 26 10 76 17 31 63 61 103 27 5 32 37 11 11 47 34 7

SCHOOLS (Continued)

4 9 2 5 1 2 650 358 175 5 18 5 17 18 1,100 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>1</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>			1									
2		Algebra	Geometry	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
25 35 12 7 6 3 31 12 1,035 159 94 26 79 26 33 11 40 1,280 180 82 27 1 1 1 1 1 832 193 28 17 5 11 1 1 1 832 193 30 39 9 26 2 1 209 426 30 39 9 26 2 1 209 426 30 39 9 26 2 1 209 426 31 20 8 4 1 128 18 8 1,23 150	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	222 3 99 188 700 122 99 511 363 31 4 81 1129 422 55 25 21	4 1 2 4 1 5 4 12 2 7 60 36 21 6 3	18 2 5 5 1 8 7 36 22 17 4 12 103 - 26 41 112 35	111	9 1 8 17 14 4 355 266 6 4 100 5 588 225 32 122 23 	74 17 6 227 13	2 18 73 10 3 40 31 11 3 2 47 187 53 93 10 14 6 20 20 17	3 29 6 12 4 64 1	1,100 2,355 1,638 . 131 1,233 805 347 31 553 1, 61 2,076 2,971 2,220 848 1,333 5 5 596 2,845	1,200 1,056 10 92 243 29 102 148 161 246 643 1,09 64 252 142 2,220	135 213 179 1,419 47 119 111 30 4 441 38 73 140 38
	25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 44 44 45 46 47 48 49	35 79 11 17 12 39 20 135 26 5 71 17 25 5 55 38 32 46 37 7	12 26 1 5 5 2 9 8 30 12 2 7 6 8 21 13 14 	7 33 2 26 4 75 8 17 18 48 41 33 12 8 1 12 8 12 22 43 10 22 43 10 22 43 10 22 43 10 22 43 10 22 43 10 24 10 24 10 24 10 24 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		6 11 26 1 77 1 5 13 34 28 3 8 32 19 27 5	828 128 613 105 27 1,050	40 1 12 2 40 20 76 18 8 2 22 22 9 10 36 52 36 30 33 32 32 32 32 32	1	1,035 1,280 1,280 245 494 664 1,238 1,162 82 822 743 1,310 2,241 3,496 416 105 112 102 	407 	13 124 674 965 675 116 7 53 26 5 57 57 53
		1,935	539	827	18	639	3,764	1,300	576	48,671	15,340	33

THE PUBLIC

I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

		I. TABL				PUPILS	IN THE
	fam. b	At	tendance		0 10	S	
Cities	Total number of Pupils Attending School	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance of Pupils	Percentage of Actual Aggregate to Possible Aggre- gate Attendance	Number of Pupils in Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary
1 Belleville. 2 Brantford. 3 Chatham. 4 Fort William. 5 Galt. 6 Guelph. 7 Hamilton. 8 Kingston. 9 Kitchener. 10 London. 11 Niagara Falls. 12 Ottawa. 13 Owen Sound. 14 Peterborough. 15 Port Arthur. 16 St. Catharines. 17 St. Thomas. 18 Sarnia. 19 Sault Ste. Marie. 20 Stratford. 21 Toronto. 22 Welland. 23 Windsor. 24 Woodstock.	1,922 -5,132 2,342 3,753 2,435 2,832 20,262 3,308 3,242 10,132 2,554 11,972 2,465 3,375 3,118 3,284 2,805 2,345 3,731 2,708 87,352 1,941 5,508 1,564	954 2,581 1,212 1,894 1,248 1,382 10,201 1,616 1,627 5,069 1,287 5,952 1,235 1,728 1,625 1,645 1,183 1,862 1,359 43,654 987 2,793 821	968 2,551 1,130 1,859 1,187 1,450 10,061 1,692 1,615 5,063 1,267 6,020 1,230 1,647 1,493 1,635 1,351 1,162 1,869 1,349 43,698 954 2,715 743	1,364 3,811 1,587 2,969 1,879 2,147 15,349 2,364 2,457 7,298 1,855 8,723 1,841 2,655 2,244 2,346 1,982 2,780 2,124 63,011 1,386 3,358 1,168	90 92 86 93 92 91 90 91 89 88 88 88 91 92 89 78 92 90 91	918 252 110 47 397 25 8,784 178 103	714 207 154 200 169 174 202 163 60 342 23 237 319 401 200 24 227
Totals	190,082	95,373	94,709	138,460	88.79	14,081	4,953
Towns 1 Alexandria. 2 Alliston. 3 Almonte. 4 Amherstburg. 5 Arnprior. 6 Aurora. 7 Aylmer. 8 Bala. 9 Barrie. 10 Blenheim. 11 Blind River. 12 Bonfield. 13 Bothwell. 14 Bowmanville. 15 Bracebridge. 16 Brampton. 17 Bridgeburg. 18 Brockville. 19 Bruce Mines. 20 Burlington. 21 Cache Bay. 22 Campbellford. 23 Capreol. 24 Carleton Place. 25 Charlton. 26 Chesley. 27 Clinton. 28 Cobolt. 29 Cobourg. 30 Cochrane. 31 Collingwood.	108 598 829 425 1,365 158 595 174 20 286 750 87 344 341 894 772	31 132 188 133 266 254 273 34 731 147 74 22 56 312 296 424 234 695 82 291 89 257 142 386 47 169 180 455 398 187 600	51 138 170 145 259 225 235 51 167 687 172 96 23 52 286 282 405 191 670 76 304 85 263 144 364 40 175 161 439 374 197 635	152 583 52 258 260 597 606 252	96 84 87 94 73 68 92 80 93 76 89 93	35 1 23	

		1	1							
Primer	T THICH	1st Book	2nd Book	3rd Book	4th Book	Beyond 4th Book	Art	Geography	Music	Literature
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	475 1,086 286 772 522 462 3,293 713 4415 743 1,934 364 709 673 586 511 181 735 404 6,265 434 409 220	280 798 266 609 261 350 2,820 436 424 1,273 238 1,607 364 461 533 467 212 356 536 536 536 539 9,879 260 808 300	425 726 434 641 493 490 4,674 404 696 2,238 502 1,492 529 585 752 491 438 500 552 340 15,635 353 840 250	413 1,152 543 756 489 597 4,369 705 733 2,123 2,568 525 643 587 814 629 509 750 607 19,377 391 1,251 305	329 656 392 625 470 464 3,151 718 562 2,098 522 2,634 408 630 573 607 567 599 737 746 16,800 303 1,134 337	109 338 339 477	1,922 5,132 2,089 3,557 2,435 2,394 18,984 3,254 3,242 9,393 2,554 10,712 2,261 3,375 3,118 3,284 2,485 2,345 2,345 2,345 2,345 1,763 5,512 1,763	1,922 5,132 1,553 2,022 2,082 2,178 17,642 2,052 3,185 8,636 2,170 10,712 1,466 3,028 3,118 2,379 2,082 1,964 3,334 2,460 74,355 1,307 5,175 1,182	1,922 5,132 2,342 3,753 2,435 2,641 19,155 2,877 3,242 9,421 2,554 11,972 2,326 3,375 3,118 2,436 2,345 3,731 2,708 81,220 1,941 5,512 1,564	1,922 5,132 2,089 3,557 2,433 18,734 3,105 8,827 2,170 10,712 1,466 3,375 3,118 3,284 2,284 2,345 3,334 2,708 76,923 1,763 5,302 892
3	3,649	23,897	34,480	41,385	36,062	1,575	176,808	161,136	177,722	171,154
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	28 82 53 96 81 93 53 17 312 41 63 22 41 145 151 89 359 37 109 33 1*2 191 35 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	40 102 8 48 56 86 113 100 192	29 122 26 120 52 132 10 96 58 235 165 82	85 125 143 74 241	148 92 333 26 146 30 122 17 134 18 86 92 173 106 41 233	1	427 286 559 87 344 341 894 691 297	235 1,365 121 595 174 427 286 559 87 295 291 894 527 197 953	286 750 829 425 1,365 158 286 750 87 344 341 894 691	158 578 174 339 174 559 44 344 341 894 527 384 999

THE PUBLIC

I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

	Ι.	TABLE A	A—ATTI	ENDANCE	AND P	UPILS I	N THE
Cities	Composition	Grammar	English History	Canadian History	Physiology and Hygiene	Nature Study	Physical Culture
1 Belleville. 2 Brantford. 3 Chatham. 4 Fort William. 5 Galt. 6 Guelph. 7 Hamilton. 8 Kingston. 9 Kitchener. 10 London. 11 Niagara Falls. 12 Ottawa. 13 Owen Sound. 14 Peterborough. 15 Port Arthur. 16 St. Catharines. 17 St. Thomas. 18 Sarnia. 19 Sault Ste. Marie. 20 Stratford. 21 Toronto. 22 Welland. 23 Windsor. 24 Woodstock.	1,922 5,132 2,089 3,557 2,435 2,338 18,786 3,254 3,185 9,060 2,123 10,712 1,466 3,375 3,118 3,284 1,889 2,345 2,345 2,3708 76,997 1,763 5,302 892	742 656 392 625 470 814 3,847 718 574 2,299 972 1,941 409 630 6573 607 647 599 737 1,174 25,400 694 1,146 3337	742 839 941 1,381 2,81 1,080 6,919 781 2,560 4,610 745 3,266 667 1,858 550 607 801 1,608 943 853 27,071 694 2,792 148	742 1,263 911 1,381 890 1,354 10,746 2,881 5,824 1,106 3,276 886 1,858 573 1,140 918 1,608 794 1,145 37,288 694 2,866 2,866	1,922 5,132 1,809 3,557 2,435 1,914 18,582 3,254 3,141 9,196 2,554 10,712 2,218 3,375 3,118 1,140 2,179 2,345 5,658 76,671 1,307 5,109	1,922 5,132 2,089 3,557 2,434 18,534 3,254 3,185 9,367 2,554 10,712 2,218 3,375 3,118 3,284 2,125 2,345 2,708 78,332 1,941 5,194 8,92	1,922 5,132 2,342 3,557 890 2,690 20,250 3,254 3,185 9,492 2,554 10,712 2,402 3,375 3,118 3,284 2,252 2,345 3,675 2,708 81,197 1,941 5,512 1,564
Totals	170,089		62,737		168,895	174,382	179,353
Towns. 1 Alexandria 2 Ålliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg 5 Arnprior 6 Aurora 7 Aylmer 8 Bala 9 Barrie 10 Blenheim 11 Blind River 12 Bonfield 13 Bothwell 14 Bowmanville 15 Bracebridge 16 Brampton 17 Bridgeburg 18 Brockville 19 Bruce Mines 20 Burlington 21 Cache Bay 22 Campbellford 23 Capreol 24 Carleton Place 25 Charlton 26 Chesley 27 Clinton 28 Cobalt	82 270 263 278 525 479 431 85 887 278 107 45 66 598 578 425 1,365	12 43 73 80 143 128 331 43 510 96 62 11 23 103 147 148 148 144 429 44 15 16 17 18 19 18 19 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1,365 77 168 55 219 13 13 60 24 10	115 147 62 265 225 94 520 7 137 36 20 20 56 20 7 224 183 1,365 103 27 28 29 40 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	1,365 121 595 174 219 174 559 87 344 341 894	278 525 479 508 43 879 278 132 45 62 598 578 425 1,365 1,365 1,365 1,365 1,365 1,365 1,341 341 341 341 341	108 598 578 829 425 1,365 121 595 174 219 286 750 87 344 341 894
29 Cobourg	69 29 1,030	1 106 7 41 0 369	9. 11. 30	4 155 5 115 5 781	527 384 1,082	691 384 1,076	384

	Bookkeeping	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
1												1,493	189
2 3					*						1,002	576	587
4											152	1,188 330	676
5											289	225	214
6 7	107 338	107 338	206	121	18		43	* * * *	43	107 332	51	2,476	534 3,272
8												2,957	538
9 10			38		38		2		38		41 1,283	2,362	2,119 1,685
11											40	1,722	1,000
12	260	477							217	477	1,528	3,088	3,868
13 14											97 216	441 282	494
15											127	164	186
16 17											880	333 1,242	509
18												1,869	1,896
19											122	1,862	1,869
20 21	1,060	1,898	563	273			192		330	612	286 943	745 70,687	526 39,518
22													
23 24											497	2,633 150	2,608 301
24											• • • •		
	a HIF												
	1,765	2,820	807	394	56	٠	237		628	1,528	7,554	97,295	62,286
	1,705	2,820	807	394	56		237		628	1,528			
1 2				394							36	46	
2													
2 3 4									·		36	46	
2 3 4 5									·		36	46	
2 3 4 5 6 7									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		36	46	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8											36	46	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		36	46	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		3	5						5		36	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		3	5						5		132	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		3	5						5		36	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	64	3	5						5		132	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	64	3	5						5		132	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	64	3	5						5		36 132 111 	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	64	3	5						5		132	101	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	64	3	5						5		36 132 111 	46	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	64	3	55						5		36 132 111	46	101
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	64	3	5						5		36 132 111 	46	384
2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 11 12 13 3 14 4 15 16 17 7 18 8 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 5	64	3	5						5		36	46	384
2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 100 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 200 21 22 23 24 25 26 26	64	3	5						5		36	46	384
2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 19 20 221 222 23 224 225 226 277 28	64	3	5						5		36	46 101 45 405	384
2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 11 11 12 13 3 14 4 15 166 17 7 18 8 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 7 28 29 9	64	3	55						5		36 132 111	46	384
2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 19 20 221 222 23 224 225 226 277 28	64	3	55						5		36	46 101 45 405	384

THE PUBLIC I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

Attendance											
Towns	Total number of Pupils Attending School	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance of Pupils	Percentage of Actual Aggregate to Possible Aggre- gate Attendance	Number of Pupils in Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary				
33 Cornwall. 34 Deseronto 35 Dresden. 36 Dryden. 37 Dundas. 38 Dunnville. 39 Durham. 40 Eastview. 41 Englehart. 42 Essex. 43 Ford. 44 Forest. 45 Fort Frances. 46 Gananoque. 47 Goderich. 48 Gore Bay. 49 Gravenhurst. 50 Grimsby. 51 Haileybury. 52 Hanover. 53 Harriston. 54 Hawkesbury. 55 Hespeler. 56 Huntsville. 57 Ingersoll. 58 Iroquois Falls. 59 Kearney. 60 Keewatin. 61 Kenora. 62 Kincardine. 63 Kingsville. 64 Latchford. 65 Leamington. 66 Leaside. 67 Lindsay. 68 Listowel. 69 Little Current. 70 Massey. 71 Matheson. 72 Mattawa. 73 Meaford. 74 Merritton. 75 Midland. 76 Milton. 77 Mimico. 77 Mimico. 78 Mitchell. 79 Mount Forest. 80 Napanee. 81 New Liskeard. 82 Newmarket. 83 New Toronto. 84 Niagara.	613 413 280 314 886 587 3311 501 226 341 450 246 507 700 687 152 402 400 592 534 256 162 563 502 949 445 161 283 1,019 304 452 99 660 72 1,247 354 206 89 117 54 548 3300 1,614 473 829 265 236 544 557 749 591	309 215 138 156 429 299 175 253 107 180 214 128 261 348 347 75 193 209 305 271 125 76 273 260 487 214 56 143 515 179 227 61 1188 109 219 611 188 100 53 57 611 188 100 53 57 611 188 100 53 54 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	304 198 142 158 457 288 156 248 119 1611 236 352 340 77 209 1911 287 263 31 86 290 242 242 462 231 60 140 504 140 504 140 504 150 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	463 274 206 208 700 354 254 322 123 326 299 165 356 469 508 118 282 272 406 408 204 109 419 389 683 3229 78 218 738 259 307 68 518 49 934 311 132 80 93 32 409 267 1,243 339 601 196 174 400 389 556 361 157	93 94 93 84 91 87 93 86 96 86 89 86 89 86 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	19	50 35 113 47 -78 55 93 -60 -19 -46 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30				
85 North Bay 86 Oakville 87 Orangeville 88 Orillia 89 Oshawa 90 Palmerston 91 Paris 92 Parkhill	1,513 642 412 1,414 2,134 249 747 159	790 333 215 708 1,097 131 387	723 309 197 706 1,037 118 360 70	1,174 455 311 1,105 1,612 208 575 109	91 88 91 93 90 84 93	58					

	Primer	1st Book	2nd Book	3rd Book	4th Book	Beyond 4th Book	Art	Geography	Music	Literature
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 77 78 78 88 89 90 91 92	137 98 322 599 108 90 108 48 126 76 31 87 154 124 29 900 511 159 54 33 30 103 128 153 105 248 62 66 62 63 64 122 30 260 41 39 27 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	82 63 42 56 117 111 78 78 28 28 46 39 54 49 33 56 19 59 22 64 80 47 23 36 69 78 126 95 60 36 147 49 64 10 93 31 32 225 55 141 29 31 31 32 32 33 34 36 37 93 37 93 37 93 37 93 37 93 37 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93	109 101 46 54 149 121 58 112 48 51 104 143 150 24 77 93 134 118 53 43 126 117 135 73 15 41 184 65 86 13 289 52 40 111 31 146 33 40 146 147 148 158 159 159 169 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 17	115 74 47 42 183 107 45 69 24 81 72 (91 164 139 39 94 121 143 133 57 34 166 98 231 28 203 61 88 203 61 88 203 61 88 203 61 15 69 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 11 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	170 77 63 68 215 93 60 56 23 29 54 73 111 146 180 41 822 67 79 16 62 32 91 81 220 57 16 7 16 7 137 133 261 17 137 133 261 17 137 133 261 17 137 133 261 17 137 138 160 89 68 123 125 143 65 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14	10	613 413 280 314 886 587 331 501 226 341 450 246 507 700 687 152 391 356 592 534 223 362 865 445 116 283 1,019 304 452 299 660 72 1,247 354 206 89 117 41 548 330 1,614 473 829 265 236 544 557 749 591 221 1,455 642 1,414 2,134 249 747 120	613 413 198 314 547 432 241 359 158 215: 281 21: 447 546 68; 152 382 400 384 534 176 132 563 395 855 253 327 1,019 304 286 73 660 42 987 272 167 89 26 25 448 238 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 188 236 1,614 189 1,115 1,472 249 747 1,59	613 413 314 886 331 501 226 341 450 246 459 633 68: 152 391 333 592 534 47 162 563 445 116 283 1,01 304 452 99 660 72 72 1,247 354 206 89 117 41 468 330 1,614 473 829 188 236 544 557 749 1,455 642 1,414 2,134 249 747 159	613 344 198 314 773 432 241 460 1588 341 246 349 700 687 152 391 400 436 660 42 865 445 116 283 1,019 304 286 899 660 42 987 354 206 899 67 154 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 16

THE PUBLIC CARLE A_ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

	I.	TABLE	A—ATTI	ENDANCE	E AND I	PUPILS I	N THE
Towns	Composition	Grammar	English History	Canadian History	Physiology and Hygiene	Nature Study	Physical Culture
33 Cornwall. 34 Deseronto. 35 Dresden. 36 Dryden. 37 Dundas 38 Dunnville. 39 Durham. 40 Eastview. 41 Englehart. 42 Essex. 43 Ford. 44 Forest. 45 Fort Frances. 46 Gananoque. 47 Goderich. 48 Gore Bay. 49 Gravenhurst. 50 Grimsby 51 Haileybury. 52 Hanover. 53 Harriston. 54 Hawkesbury. 55 Hespeler. 56 Huntsville. 57 Ingersoll. 58 Iroquois Falls. 59 Kearney. 60 Keewatin. 61 Kenora. 62 Kincardine. 63 Kingsville. 64 Latchford. 65 Leamington. 66 Leaside. 67 Lindsay. 68 Listowel. 69 Little Current. 70 Massey. 71 Matheson. 72 Mattawa. 73 Meaford. 74 Merritton. 75 Midland. 76 Milton. 77 Mimico. 78 Mitchell. 79 Mount Forest. 80 Napanee. 81 New Liskeard. 82 Newmarket. 83 New Toronto. 84 Niagara. 85 North Bay. 86 Oakville. 87 Orangeville. 88 Orillia. 89 Oshawa. 90 Palmerston. 91 Paris. 92 Parkbill.	457 865 448 110 223 1,019 304 354 1,24 1,24 270 166 88 70 22 54 33 1,61 47 64 26 23 54 48 48 48 59 20 1,45 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	319 41 82 67 92 188 123 322 207 81 220 57 26 26 27 237 67 26 20 21 319 41 60 177 77 77 77 77 77 78 79 79 70 70 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	254 123 109 200 200 45: 100 8: 111 444 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 144. 100 145. 100 146. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	123 110 88 398 398 137 105 226 158 161 126 176 202 453 319 61 179 207 207 207 207 209 586 158 101 102 103 104 105 107 107 108 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	1,24' 1,24' 1,74' 16' 88' 20' 44' 330' 1,61' 47. 59' 15. 23' 344 45 19 222 11,45 34 11,41 11,544 11,544 17,74'	246 447 700 687 152 345 400 487 534 223 162 356 502 949 445 116 6 283 1,019 304 4350 9 660 42 987 70 431 313 7167 89 70 448 45 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	72 1,247 354 167 89 91 41 548 330 1,614 473 829 265 236 544 557 749 591 221 1,455 642 412 1,414 2,134 2,134 2,134 2,134

	Bookkeeping	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
33 34												100	72
35												262	
36 37													
38											290		
39													
40 41											36	131	
42													
43 44						• •							
45													
46 47													
48 49													
49 50				,.		• •							
51													
52 53													
54													
55 56													
57													
58	10	10			10							211	9
59 60	10	10	10	1			10		10				
61]										
62 63		18	18		18		18	18	18		18	127	
64													
65						• •							
66 67 68													
68 69											174	235	
70													
71											41		
72 73													
74											135		
75 76											144		
77]					120	265	
78 79											120	203	
80													
81 82											143		
83											195		
84													
86													
87 88						::							
89													
90													
91 92						::						::::	

THE PUBLIC I. TABLE A—ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

Attendance .=							
	Attendance					siis	
Towns	Total number of Pupils attending School	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance of Pupils	Percentage of Actual Aggre- gate to Possible Aggregate Attendance	Number of Pupils Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary
93 Parry Sound. 94 Pembroke 95*Penetanguishene. 96 Perth. 97 Petrolia. 98 Picton. 99 Port Colborne. 100 Port Hope. 101 Powassan. 102 Prescott. 103 Preston. 104 Rainy River. 105 Renfrew. 106 Ridgetown. 107 Rockland. 108 St. Mary's. 109 Sandwich. 110 Seaforth. 111 Simcoe. 112 Sioux Lookout. 113 Smith's Falls. 114 Southampton. 115 Stayner. 116 Strathroy. 117 Sturgeon Falls. 118 Sudbury. 119 Thessalon. 120 Thornbury. 121 Thorold. 122 Tilbury. 123 Tillsonburg. 124 Timmins. 125 Trenton. 126 Trout Creek. 127 Uxbridge. 128 Vankleek Hill. 129 Walkerton. 130 Walkerville. 131 Wallaceburg. 132 Waterloo. 133 Webbwood. 134 Weston. 135 Whitby. 136 Wiarton. 137 Wingham.	1,024 977 999 456 548 517 859 845 170 382 903 392 646 593 246 747 234 450 229 1,097 451 171 517 171 517 148 614 510 1,168 105 281 1,320 721 882 143 818 818 818 824 434 434 442 423 424	512 526 493 220 280 243 452 416 64 197 450 199 292 167 40 319 313 118 393 114 220 124 559 210 80 253 252 242 610 56 65 370 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 433 80 434 615 615 615 615 615 615 615 615	512 451 506 236 268 274 407 429 106 185 453 193 272 184 222 327 280 128 354 120 591 166 107 230 105 538 241 91 264 49 268 558 49 17 74 136 655 351 449 63 385 225 228 228 228 229 239 240 250 260 260 270 280 280 280 290 290 290 290 290 290 290 29	689 751 708 387 404 382 556 651 117 247 690 261 419 235 44 484 396 190 568 183 3937 264 1444 328 931 255 389 103 438 272 809 69 177 102 206 931 499 655 109 585 352 369 277	67 90 90 90 85 74 95 88 92 89 91 82 80 91 91 85 90 90 71 93 75 73 75 73 75 88 87 92 92 87 92 87 94 95 88 96 96 87 96 97 97 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98	148 41 21 35 41 41 22 35	29 51
Totals	71,652	36,177	35,475	52,416	87.59	867	2,000
1 Rural Schools. 2 Cities. 3 Towns. 4 Villages.	215,585 190,082 71,652 23,917	111,296 95,373 36,177 11,956	104,289 94,709 35,475 11,961	137,605 138,460 52,416 17,265	83.19 88.79 87.59 87.24	14,081 867	1,724 4,953 2,000 268
5 Grand Totals, 19216 Grand Totals, 1920	501,236 488,091	254,802 247,153	246,434 240,938	345,746 310,029	86.23	14,948 16,529	8,945 6,896
7 Increases	13,145	7,649	5,496	35,717		1,581	2,049
9 Percentages *Including Protestant S		50.83 School.	49.16	68.97		2.98	1.78

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION (Continued)

		1			1	1	,			
	Primer	1st Book	2nd Book	3rd Boök	4th Book	Beyond 4th Book	Art	Geography	Music	Literature
9,9 9,9 9,9 9,9 9,9 100 100 100 100 100 111 111 111 111 11	4 129 5 215 84 7 151 8 72 9 226 0 216 0 153 3 177 4 138 60 6 38 7 14 9 145 9 36 145 9 36 145 9 36 145 9 36 146 9 36 147 148 149 145 145 146 145 146 145 146 147 158 168 179 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	179 99 174 49 78 63 127 122 16 45 83 39 50 115 34 113 58 189 76 24 63 35 219 52 11 58 202 11 28 78 202 202 202 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	111 77 119 130 151 23 51 1227 40 102 76 4 80 86 34 195 27 223 73 43 119 46 192 95 28	178 192 43 75 180 82 149 48 21 165 145	187 205 98 93 102 147 164 35 104 186 57 75 154 79 17 165 102 41 134 31 271 56 63 93 39 170 98 86 32 2103 74 218 225 244 444	366	1,024 829 999 456 548 447 587 8455 170 382 903 3922 543 351 626 646 593 224 747 234 450 229 1,097 451 171 517 171 517 517 148 573 4000 1,168 105 215 145 281 1,320 645 817 143 666 440 423 389	764 829 774 372 397 473 587 645 117 329 593 215 455 351 48 420 593 1,588 1,009 274 164 337 711 1,097 340 127 334 148 573 234 949 98 161 145 207 1,089 430 817 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	977 354 456 548 473 859 845 170 382 903 62 646 593 246 747 234 450 1,097 451 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 1	456 397 473 587 845 170 329 593 215 43 351 62 646 593 162 679 158 1,225 358 221 450 229 1,097 340 117 289 148 573 234 168 161 145
	15,373	10,122	13,668	14,945	14,597	80	70,187	58,578	62,405	63,441
1 2 3 4	52,706 33,649 15,373 5,135	29,078 23,897 10,122 3,457	40,993 34,480 13,668 4,572	44,274 41,385 14,945 4,973	43,550 36,062 14,597 5,292	3,260 1,575 80 220	206,595 176,808 70,187 23,533	163,317 161,136 58,578 19,891	165,812 177,722 62,405 20,006	185,553 171,154 63,441 20,762
5 6	106,863 109,557	66,554 64,267	93,713 92,949	105,577 100,900	99,501 92,913	5,135 4,080	477,123 459,032	402,922 388,737	425,945 404,644	440,910 424,522
7 8	2,694	2,287	764	4,677	6,588	1,055	18,091	14,185	21,301	16,388
9	21.31	13.27	18.69	21.06	19.85	1.02	95.18	80.38	84.97	87.96
-										

THE PUBLIC I. TABLE A-ATTENDANCE AND PUPILS IN THE

	I.	TABLE	A—ATT	ENDANC	E AND	PUPILS	IN THE
Towns	Composition	Grammar	English History	Canadian History	Physiology and Hygiene	Nature Study	Physical Culture
93 Parry Sound. 94 Pembroke. 95*Penetanguishene. 96 Perth. 97 Petrolia. 98 Picton. 99 Port Colborne. 100 Port Hope. 101 Powassan. 102 Prescott. 103 Preston. 104 Rainy River. 105 Renfrew. 106 Ridgetown. 107 Rockland. 108 St. Mary's. 109 Sandwich. 110 Seaforth. 111 Simcoe. 112 Sioux Lookout. 113 Smith's Falls. 114 Southampton. 115 Stayner. 116 Strathroy. 117 Sturgeon Falls. 118 Sudbury. 119 Thessalon. 120 Thornbury. 121 Thorold. 122 Tilbury. 123 Tillsonburg. 124 Timmins. 125 Trenton. 126 Trout Creek. 127 Warlere. 128 Vankleek Hill. 129 Walkerton. 130 Walkerville. 131 Wallaceburg. 132 Waterloo. 133 Webbwood. 134 Weston. 135 Whitby. 136 Wiarton. 137 Wingham. Totals.	764 829 880 456 397 447 587 845 170 329 808 8215 543 351 62 646 593 198 747 158 1,225 358 164 450 229 1,097 340 117 517 148 573 234 1,168 281 1,168 281 1,320 430 882 143 389 63,844	392 187 377 98 93 102 315 356 93 154 79 45 420 138 90 134 311 317 39 170 98 54 270 32 103 106 458 45 402 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	392 307 2011 140 176 216 140 176 117 65 429 101 151 59 136 90 1,097 68 75 192 108 158 151 59 109 1,097 68 74 4451 23 84 74 74 74 75 76 79 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 10	392 273 345 277 176 337 175 272 117 187 543 136 303 57 42 165 296 90 568 158 699 60 121 177 136 1,097 198 75 192 108 158 106 650 650 158 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	1,024 829 999 277 315 356 170 187 808 148 564 351 62 646 416 198 679 234 402 217 11,097 193 128 517 193 128 517 148 614 234 1,168 281 1,168 281 1,320 329 817 881 851 851 851 851 851 851 851 851 851	275	1,024 977 999 456 548 447 859 845 170 382 903 254 564 351 62 646 593 246 747 234 1,225 358 221 402 229 1,097 451 171 517 148 614 234 1,168 105 215 145 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 21
1 Rural Schools	183,460	58,701	77,917	91,923	178,718		204,899
2 Cities. 3 Towns. 4 Villages.	170,089 63,844 21,456	47,003 19,297 7,479	62,737 25,957 9,954	81,545 33,684 12,310	168,895 61,515 20,814	174,382	179,353 70,025 22,172
5 Grand Totals, 1921	438,849 424,005	132,480 123,250	176,565 174,859	219,462 216,013	429,942 414,613	447,171 438,804	476,449 463,479
7 Increases	14,844	9,230	1,706	3,449	15,329	8,367	12,970
9 Percentages	87.55					89.21	
*Including Protestant Sep			00.22	10.70	00.77	07.21	73.03

^{*}Including Protestant Separate School.

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION (Concluded)

							11 (00.	nciuae					
.	Бооккееріпд	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
93													
94											393	447	348
95 96											48		
97													
98 99											193	317	
100													
101 102				• • • •									
102											187		
104	36	36	36	36					36		139		
· 105											122		
107													
108 109											196		
110									•				
111	87											628	
112 113												128	133
114											67		
115 116	93					• •					41		
117											41		
118													
119 120													
121													
122 133													
124													
125 126	2	2	2						2	2			
120													
128													
129 130												1,013	307
131											284		
132 133		3	3		- 3	3	3		3		194 46		
134													
135											191 188		
136 137													
	310		75	37	31	3	31	18	76	2	4,060	5,656	2,035
1 2	1,736 1,765		1,935 807	539 394	827 56	18	639 237	3,764	1,300			15,340 97,295	,8,310 62,286
3	310	74	75	37	31	3	31	18	76	2	4,060	5,656	2.035
4	371	198	191	99	104		97	376	152	37	3,000	2,316	606
5	4,182	5,094	3,008		1,018	21	1,004	4,158	2,156	2,143		120607	73,237
6	3,827	2,983	2,407	1,067	796		573	3,320	1,836	1,802	57,827	119230	75,231
7	365	2,111	601	2	222	21	431	838	320	341	5,458	1,377	
8									• • • •				1,994
9	.83	1.01	. 60	.21	. 20		. 20	.82	.43	.42	12.62	24.06	14.61

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS (Continued)

II. TABLE B-ATTENDANCE IN URBAN SCHOOLS BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE

														6.51
Totals	7,028	2,577 2,376	17,675	12,207	4,40 5 4,297	12,887	10,900	9,713 9,621	7,961 7,983	9,638	253 644	129 549	95,373 94,709	190,082
19 yrs. & over						: :	: :	• •					8	6
8 yrs. 8									• •	14 15	0.00	38	21 59	80
7 yrs. 1	: :	: :		: :	: :	: :		20 20	43	82 112	24	108	173	460
16 yrs. 1				: :		48	63	65	146 137	521 531	32	35	910	1,922
yrs.	: :		: :	50	16	. 52	153	425 229	557 501	1,500	73 193	35	2,897	5,818
4 yrs. 15		: :	: :	47	23 26	246 162	540 426	1,023	1,560	2,902	96	28	6,465 6,541	13,006
13 yrs. 14			149	91	74 55	525 400	1,088	1,827	2,313	2,848	36	25	8,958	17,728
12 yrs. 1		::	92	173	182	944	1,848	2,503	2,016	1,399	18	: :	9,159	18,108
11 yrs. 1		:::	140	324 261	372	1,657	2,728	2,390	1,077	339	22	: :	9,029	19,367 18,191
10 yrs. 1		::	291	932	887	3,163	2,919	1,221	236	32 20			9,681	19,367
9 yrs. 1		38	746	2,271	1,399	3,849	1,392	226	13			: :	9,935	19,728
8 yrs. 9	: :	100	2,422	4,318	1,255	2,1111	167	13	::	: :	::	::	10,386	530 20,784 19,728
7 yrs.	129	466	6,255 5,669	3,616	197	256	32	::	::	::	::	::	10,921	21,530
6 yrs.	1,884	963	6,824 6,496	385		::			:::	::			10,056	19,815
5 yrs.	4,689	1,010	756	::	::	::		::	::	::			6,455	12,870
Under 5 yrs.	326		::		:::		:::	::		:::			326 340	999
	Boys	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	
Cities	Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary	Primer	First Book	Junior Second Book	Senior Second Book Boys Girls	Junior Third Book	Senior Third Book	Junior Fourth Book Boys	Senior Fourth Book Boys	Junior Fifth Class	Senior Fifth Class	Totals by Sexes	Grand Totals, Cities, 1921

Totals	446	1,044 956	7,967 7,406	5,231 4,891	3,267	3,756	4,070	3,417	2,913	4,031	29	16	36,177	71,652
19 yrs. & over	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	- qued -		
18 yrs.	::	: :	: :	: :		: :	: :	: :	: :	111	52	: =	23	37
17 yrs.	: :	: :	::	: :	: :		: :	12	19	93	03	.3	123	253
16 yrs.	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	23	36	43	73	316 359	10	4.	480 508	988
15 yrs.	: :			12	22	36	116	175	286	744	84	1 2	1,400	2,697
14 yrs.		: :	: :	39	51	123	266	408	560	1,162 1,254	7.2	₩	2,615 2,470	5,085
13 yrs.	: :	:::	35	65	117	274 180	506 427	656	858	1,118	2		3,579	7,084
12 yrs.			38	124	208	433	787	906	728	477	:	: :	3,721	7,359
11 yrs.			89	282	453 296	649	980 1,037	783	362	93			3,709	7,464
10 yrs.	::		221 150	623 478	707	962	937	385 454	74	10 25			3,919	7,661
9 yrs.	::	15	487	1,188	951 945	852 971	383 483	48	40	: =		: :	3,928	7,884
8 yrs.	::	23	1,250	1,614	657	357 420	58	24			: :	* *	3,962	7,794
7 yrs.	111	144	2,438	1,145	101	49		::	::	: :			3,893	7,873
6 yrs.	1111	450	2,728	139	::	: :			::				3,428	6,685
5 yrs.	244	412	665 646	::									1,321	2,639
Under 5 yrs.	76	: :		::									76	148
	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys Girls	Boys	Boys	
Towns	Kindergarten	Kindergarten- Primary	Primer	First Book	Junior Second Book	Senior Second Book	Junior Third Book	Senior Third Book	Junior Fourth Book	Senior Fourth Book Boys Girls	Junior Fifth Class	Senior Fifth Class	Totals by Sexes	Grand Totals, Towns, 1921

| 44 | 14 | 48 | 88 | 44 | 80 | 70 | 47 | 88 | 71 | 20 | 84 |

II. TABLE B-ATTENDANCE IN URBAN SCHOOLS BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE (Concluded) THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS (Continued)

	Totals	124	2,591	1,854	1,153	1,145	1,336	1,167	954	1,533	87	112	11,956	23,917
	18 yrs.	:::	::	::	::	::				18	110	22	21	34
eq)	17 yrs.			: :	::	::	::	1	12	75		126	91	149
oncind	16 yrs.		::	: :	: :	2	3.1	. 76	22 26	197	22 20	137	323	540
DE CO	15 yrs.	• •		:-	44	37	25 22	54	93	322	26	:	531	1,015
AIND GRADE (Concluded)	14 yrs.	• •	::	32	17-4	20	79	145	194	413	23	10.00	888	1,783
	13 yrs.		2	16	22 23	73	142	244 240	232	341	14		1,086	2,301
AGE, SEA	12 yrs.		50	35	86 55	149	214 267	293	229	138	101	1::	1,150	2,417
	11 yrs.		19	116	169	252 218	398 312	255	145	26		:::	1,380	2,553
orinoets by	10 yrs.		60	233	317	302 351	312	89	24	100		::	1,340	2,718
	9 yrs.	2	154	433	345	249 295	150	9	000	::		::	1,345	2,601
	8 yrs.	16	424 359	621 598	181 268	82 100	15 19			: :	::	::	1,339	2,701
	7 yrs.	20 34	830 813	355 408	22 53	9				::	:::		1,236	2,559
	6 yrs.	58	838 920	43		: :				::	: :	::	939	1,980
	5 yrs.	33	259 246		: :	: :			: :	: :	: :		287	566
		Boys.	Boys Girls	BoysGirls	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	Boys	
	Incorporated Villages	Kindergarten-Primary	Primer	First Book	Junior Second Book	Senior Second Book	Junior Third Book	Senior Third Book	Junior Fourth Book	Senior Fourth Book	Junior Fifth Class	Senior Fifth Class	Totals by Sexes	Grand Totals, Villages, 1921.

								-		-		-	-					
All Urban Schools		Under 5 yrs.	5 yrs.	6 yrs.	7 yrs.	8 yrs.	9 yrs.	10 yrs. 1	11 yrs. 1	12 yrs. 1	13 yrs. 1	14 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	& over	Totals
	Boys Girls	402	4,933	1,995	144		* * *							* *.	: :			7,474
	Boys Girls	::	1,450	1,471	630	139	37				: :		: :		: :		: :	3,745
	Boys Girls		1,680	10,390	9,523	4,096	1,387	572 404	248	151	186		: :	: :	: :		: :	28,233
	Boys Girls	::	: :	567	5,116 5,485	6,553	3,892	1,788	722	332 213	172	39	62	: :	: :		: :	19,292 18,184
Junior Second Book Boys.	Boys Girls			: :	320	2,093	2,695	1,911	994	476	213	81	42	::	: :	: :	: :	8,825
Senior Second Book Boys Girls	Boys Girls	: :	: :		314 370	2,550	4,950 5,312	4,427	2,576	1,526	872	389	131	53			: :	17,788
Junior Third Book	Boys Girls			: :	ww	240 271	1,925 2,203	4,168	4,106	2,849	1,736	885	294 194	100			: :	16,306 16,516
Senior Third Book	Boys Girls		: :			15 22	283	1,695	3,428	3,705	2,727	1,576	654 397	184	33		: :	14,297 14,184
Junior Fourth Book Boys.	Boys Girls					:	20	334	1,584	2,973	3,351	2,314 2,213	936	241 240	74		: :	11,828
Senior Fourth Book Boys	Boys Girls						1 2	45	458	2,014 2,264	4,307	4,477	2,566 2,823	1,034	250 240	50	: :	15,202 16,749
Junior Fifth Class	Boys Girls			: :		: :		: :	77	28	52 120	124 244	107	59	10	111	: :	369
Senior Fifth Class	Boys Girls			: :					: :	: :	28	34	36	42 180	23	41	0	147 585
Totals by Sexes	Boys Girls	402	8,063	14,423 14,057	16,050 15,912	15,687 15,592	15,208 15,005	14,940 14,806	14,118 14,090	14,030 13,854	13,623 13,490	9,968	4,828	1,713	387	86	10	143,506 142,145
Grand Totals, All Urban, 1921		814	16,075	28,480	31,962	31,279	30,213	29,746	28,208	27,884	27,113	19,874	9,530	3,450	862	151	10	285,651

THE PUBLIC III. TABLE C—TEACHERS, SALARIES,

_			111.	IADLI	<u> </u>	EAGH	ERS, SA	LAKIES
		Te	eachers		·	Sal	laries	
	Rural Schools	Number of teachers	Male	Female	Highest salary,	Highest salary, temale	Average salary of male teachers	Average salary of female teachers
233 455 677 89 10111122133144155166177188199202232442552266272882299303132233333440445346447844454464478449	Carleton. Dufferin. Dundas. Elgin. Essex. Frontenac. Glengarry. Grey. Haldimand. Haliburton. Halton. Hastings. Huron. Kent. Lambton. Lanark. Leeds and Grenville. Lennox and Addington. Lincoln. Middlesex. Norfolk. Northumberland and Durham. Ontario. Oxford. Peel. Perth. Peterborough. Prescott and Russell. Prince Edward. Renfrew. Simcoe. Stormont. Victoria. Waterloo. Welland. Wellington Wentworth York. Algoma Kenora Manitoulin Muskoka.	81 171 161 91 79 122 133 147 80 225	5 177 144 5 111 100 188 9 5 5 266 8 8 122 27 111 111 8 9 9 9 9 14 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	76 154 147 86 68 112 115 138 75 199 71 53	\$1,400 1,200 1,700	\$1,850 1,200 1,500 1,300 1,350 1,200 1,300 1,200 1,500 1,200	\$1,160 1,026 1,186 1,000 1,027 1,105 1,206 771 955 1,028 1,144 892 1,033 1,102 1,182 1,082 953 1,023 1,023 1,025 1,056 1,075 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,000 1,056 873 1,075 1,1080 1,000 1,161 1,243	\$1,017 1,002 988 976 951 995
3 4	" Towns	1,513 520	155 88	1,358	3,000 1,950	1,700 1,500	1,721 1,356	1,005
5 6	Grand Totals, 1921	12,556 12,153	1,528 1,397		3,500 3,500	3,225 2,975	1,628 1,575	1,079 1,000
7 8	Increases	403	131	272		250	53	79
9	Percentages		10.16	87.83				

CERTIFICATES, EXPERIENCE, ETC.

				s—continued			
	Average salary, male teachers, Class	Average salary, female, I Class	Average salary, male, II Class	Average salary, female, II Clase	Average salary, male, III or District	Average salary, female, III or District	Average salary, Kindergarten- Primary
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 33 34 43 35 36 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	\$ 1,250 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,275 1,106 1,125 1,500 1,100 1,350 1,200 950 1,350 1,400 1,486 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,300 1,050 2,017 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,900 1,200	\$1,375 1,044 1,033 1,000 967 1,000 1,037 925 1,050 1,037 1,000 1,150 1,174 1,006 1,146 1,067 950 980 1,020 1,000 1,007 964 1,110 911 1,037 1,000 1,200 1,075 1,000 1,200 1,075 1,000 1,200 1,075 1,000 1,000 1,075 1,000 1,000 1,075 1,000 1	\$1,200 1,077 1,290 1,025 1,027 1,105 1,217 4,017 1,062 1,136 1,175 1,033 1,177 1,195 1,133 1,082 1,019 1,015 1,108 1,025	\$ 992 1,019 1,000 985 950 996 1,037 973 968 988 988 988 991 1,067 991 965 932 949 1,008 987 988 993 1,001 998 998 1,016 999 1,017 995 1,015 1,017 1,018 1,01	\$ 1,000 900 850 900	\$ 1,000 886 829 887 937 779	\$ 1,350
1 2 3 4	1,374 2,400 1,980 1,408	1,058 1,01 1,001 952	1,170 2,011 1,667 1,352	1,002 1,322 1,005 950	928	843 1,194 932 717	1,012 1,181 1,045 1,000
5 6	2,236 2,104	1,180 1,075	1,436 1,367	1,101 1,034	928 873	845 768	1,156 1,088
7 8	132	105	69	67	55		68

THE PUBLIC III. TABLE C—TEACHERS, SALARIES,

		Salar	ies (Continu	ued)	
Rural Schools	Average salary, Kinder- garten Teachers	Average salary, Manual Training	Average salary, Household Science	Average salary, male, temporary	Average salary, female, temporary
1 Brant	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2 Bruce	. • • • • •			825	850
3 Carleton	* * * * * *		• • • • •	1,000	820
5 Dundas					`
6 Elgin					887
7 Essex			• • • • •	667	
8 Frontenac				667	650 850
10 Grey					762
11 Haldimand					****
12 Haliburton				775	704
13 Halton				875	843
15 Huron					900
16 Kent					
17 Lambton					
18 Lanark				700	718
19 Leeds and Grenville			• • • • •	740	789 739
21 Lincoln				, 10	107
22 Middlesex					
23 Norfolk					900
24 Northumberland and Durham			, .	900	806
25 Ontario					800
27 Peel					950
28 Perth					
29 Peterborough					759
30 Prescott and Russell					713
31 Prince Edward				1,000	817 860
33 Simcoe				1,000	920
34 Stormont					
35 Victoria				900	600
36 Waterloo					
37 Welland			• • • • •	1,000	1,000
39 Wentworth				1,000	1,000
40 York					950
41 Algoma				950	756
42 Kenora				1,300	862
43 Manitoulin			• • • • •	700	690 554
45 Nipissing				850	750
46 Parry Sound				812	792
47 Rainy River				780	746
48 Sudbury				750	755
49 Timiskaming				970 875	844 821
Jo I Hunder Bay			• • • • •		
1 Totals, Rural Schools				856	749
2 Totals, Cities	1,246	2,136	1,450		
3 Totals, Towns	969	2,000	1,212	• • • • •	900 700
4 Totals, Villages				• • • • •	700
5 Grand Totals, 1921	1,229	2,132	1,440	856	749
6 Grand Totals, 1920	1,174	1,999	1,361	760	667
7 Ingresses		122	79	06	.00
7 Increases	. 55	133		. 96	-82
o Decreases	• • • • •	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	
9 Percentages					

CERTIFICATES, EXPERIENCE, ETC. (Continued)

who rr at- Model	who atten- mal Ont.	nave ided ollege n Ont.	of See			COITTI	Ce	ertificat	e s			-
Number who have ever attended a Model School in Ontario	Number who have ever attended a Normal School in Ont.	No. who have ever attended Normal College or F. of E. in Ont.	Number of University Graduates	I or Interim I	II or Interim II	III	District	Kinder- garten- Primary	Kinder- garten	Manual Training	House- hold Science	Tempor- ary
1 4 2 13 3 14 4 5 5 5 66 6 6 7 15 8 75 9 32 10 23 11 3 12 26 6 13 14 84 15 7 16 22 17 5 18 37 19 61 22 1 23 27 24 21 25 5 26 9 27 1 28 6 29 17 30 31 31 7 32 81 33 31 15 38 8 39 2 240 64 41 35 42 10 43 37 44 59 45 31 46 69 47 23 48 53 49 27 50 31 1 1,224	74 149 147 85 76 115 119 44 196 70 10 61 98 185 138 169 61 154 44 80 200 95 179 127 118 78 114 68 80 1911 73 88 96 114 133 379 40 37 14 199 40 138 73 23 4,767	6 8 8 3 2 3 3 11 9 9 3	3 3 	4 8 8 3 2 3 3 11 9 4	74 139 139 800 109 109 40 53 185 70 7 61 193 184 138 169 150 43 81 1188 87 174 122 1188 87 72 188 77 21 111 166 39 10 38 72 23 4,613	32 65 19 11 12 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	30 30 30 31 31 32 31	11 1 1 7 7				44 77 2 333 2 4 29 1 18 9 43 100 11 2 33 66 12 34 155 27 88 20 20 19 12 17 16 403
2 1,436 3 368 4 118	3,261 1,335 471	733 131 31	121 6 2	765 134 29	2,833 1,310 471	22 18	2	211 26 1	184 12	63	95 4 	i 1
5 3,146 6 3,234	9,834 9,248	1,165 1,212	138 138	1,201 1,230	9,227 8,736	780 805	330 269	253 231	196 181	65 61	99 72	405 568
7 8 88	5 86	47		29	491	25	61		15	4	27	163
9 25.05	78.32	9.27	1.09	9.56	73.48	6.21	2.62	2.01	1.56	.51	.78	3.22

5 Grand Totals, 1921...

6 Percentages, Male... 7 Percentages, Female. 23

1.50

67

.60

THE PUBLIC

III. TABLE C-TEACHERS, SALARIES,

				111.	I A	DLE	(-)	EAGI	1E/K	, SA	LAN	.IES,
			Expe	erience								
	Number of teachers who at end of		One year,	two years	2 years, but	less than 3 years	ars, bu	less than 4 years	4 years, but	years	5 years, but	years
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages	Male 108 5 3 2	Female 1,061 68 77 32	M. 140 26 12 6	F. 937 125 97 30	M. 65 22 4 4	F. 780 225 120 47	M. 40 24 2 5	F. 769 194 143 57	M. 45 28 5 8	F. 446 226 119 46	M. 33 45 6 5	F. 366 179 109 36
5 Grand Totals, 1921	118	1,238	184	1,189	95	1,172	71	1,163	86	837	89	690
6 Percentages, Male 7 Percentages, Female.	7.72	11.22	12.04	10.78	6.21	10.62	4.64	10.54	5.62		5.82	6.25
	14 years, but	less than 15 years	15 years, but		16 years, but	less than 17 years	17 years, but	less than 18 years	18 years, but		19 years, but	
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages			M. 5 13 8 2	F. 37 86 23 4	M. 8 14 4 3	F. 29 75 23 4	M. 11 12	F. 18 77 22 7	M. 2 8 2 1	F. 25 67 12 10	M. 2 7 1	F. 21 80 12 4
5 Grand Totals, 1921	25	163	28	150	29	131	23	124	13	114	10	117
6 Percentages, Male 7 Percentages, Female.	1.63	1.47	1.83	1.36	1.89	1.18	1.50	1.12	.85	1.03	.65	1.06
	28 years, but less than 29 years		29 years, but		ears, b	less than 31 years		less than 32 years	32 years, but		33 years, but less than 34	years
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages	Male 9 8 5 1	Female 9 49 8 1	M. 8 12 3 1	F. 13 36 7 1	M. 6 7	F. 14 32 8 1	M. 6 10 4 3	F. 2 37 12 1	M. 8 7 3 1	F. 3 28 7	M. 2 7 1	F. 3 28 5

Average experience: male teachers, 12.9 years; female teachers, 8.2 years; all teachers, 8.6 years. Average experience, rural teachers, 4.9 years; urban teachers, 12.5 years.

24

1.57

57 13

.51

.85

55 23

.49

1.50

52 19 38 11 36

.47

1.24

.71

.32

.34

CERTIFICATES, EXPERIENCE, ETC. (Concluded)

_	EKII.	FIGE	LIE	5, EX	PERI	LENCE	, ET	Li. (Co	onclue	ded)							
							Expe	rience	(Cont	inuec	1)						
_	6 years, but	less than 7		7 years, but	less than 8 years	8 years, but	years	9 years, but	years	10 years, but	less than 11 years	11 years, but	less than 12 years	12 years, but	less than 13 years	13 years, but	
1 2 3 4	M	19 31 5 4	F. 286 207 80 18	M. 20 24 4 2	F. 194 219 69 10	M. 17 25 8 2	F. 152 148 58 16	M. 7 22 5 4	F. 91 162 36 12	M. 1 2	F. 109 11 134 6 33 5 12	1 10	5 12 4	6 1	F. 4 53 4 130 2 39 1 9	M. 5 15 2 1	F. 36 97 21 13
5		59	591	50	492	52	374	38	301	4	7 288	29	230	6 2	1 231	23	167
6	3.	86	5.35	3.27	4.46	3.40	3.39	2.48	2.72	3.0	7 2.61	1.89	2.1	1.3	7 2.09	1.50	1.51
	•••		0.00		1.10		0,00		2.12	• •	. 2.01		2.1	ж	. 2.09		1.01
_	20 years, but	years		21 years, but	years	22 years, but	years	23 years, but	years	24 years, but	less than years	25 years, but	less than 26 years	26 years, but	less than 27 years	27 years, but less than 28	years
1 2 3 4			F. 22 83 13 5	M. 8 13 6	F. 16 64 12 5	M. 6 8 5	F. 15 55 16 7	M. 4 10 7 2	F. 13 56 20 5	M. 1	F. 11 2 57 7 13 2 5	,	F. 33 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	M 7 8 1	7 9	M. 5 13 3 1	F. 8
5		31	123	27	97	19	93	23	94	3	2 86	20	63	3 2	4 46	22	50
6 7	2.	02	1.11	1.76	.87	1.24	.84	1.50	.85	2.0		1.70	.5	1.5	741	1.43	.45
<u>-</u>						but 37	‡				but 40						
	34 years, but less than 35	years	1	35 years, but less than 36 years		36 years, less than years	37 years	less than 38 years	38 years, but	years	39 years, but less than 40	years		or over		Totals	
1 2 3 4	M. 5 8 3 1	F. 2 32 9 2	M	. F	. N 3 40 5 2	I. F 4 6 3 1	3 47 3	F. 7 6 19 1 8 1	M. 5 4 3 2	F. 2 22 2 1	M. 7 2 1 5	F. 18 6 1	M. 9 19 5 3	F. 5 48 16 3	M. 70 58 15 8	0 5 5 5 8	F. 5,664 3,574 1,358 432
5	17	45		10	50	14	57 1	5 27	14	27	15	25	36	72	1,52	8 11	,028
									0.4		0.0		2 2 5				

THE PUBLIC IV. TABLE D—SCHOOL HOUSES, MEDICAL

					17101					USES, M	EDICAL
		Sc	hool	Hou	ses			Text oks	N	Medical ar	
Rural Schools	Number of Schools	Brick	Stone	Concrete	Frame	Log	No. of Schools with free School Readers	No. of Schools with other Text Books free	No. of Schools where Medical Inspection is in force	No. of Schools where Nurse Inspection with Medical Super- vision is in force	No. of Schools where Nurse Inspection only (without Medical Sup- ervision) is in force
1 Brant 2 Bruce 3 Carleton 4 Dufferin 5 Dundas 6 Elgin 7 Essex 8 Frontenac 9 Glengarry 10 Grey 11 Haldimand 12 Haliburton 13 Halton 14 Hastings 15 Huron 16 Kent 17 Lambton 18 Lanark 19 Leeds and Grenville 20 Lennox and Adding-	61 165 122 92 75 105 111 143 75 221 74 63 58 176 184 135 169 122 221	48 108 40 61 7 84 47 13 3 129 63 3 3 11 103 93 22 62	3 16 16 5 9 3 20 51 3 13 13 13 17 75	94662117	1 37, 55, 24, 58, 21, 54, 105, 69, 39, 53, 8, 98, 53, 173, 84, 79	5	2	1 9 2	9	11	14
ton	112 68 184 99	24 37 140 69	7 7 	3 1 1 6	78 23 43 18	• •	• •	3	6	3	2
Durham 25 Ontario. 26 Oxford 27 Peel. 28 Perth 29 Peterborough 30 Prescott and Russell 31 Prince Edward 32 Renfrew 33 Simcoe 34 Stormont 35 Victoria 36 Waterloo 37 Welland 38 Welli gton 39 Wentworth	203 120 109 77 112 97 83 71 154 211 75 103 82 84 143 79	138 80 92 57 93 48 10 35 52 151 4 76 60 51 57	11 1 4 6 5 3 13 1 2 4 17 6 36 17	5 1 1 1 3 1 1 8 12 2 6 5	49 39 12 13 14 38 68 22 86 46 69 23 5 21 5	55 4		59			74 32

AND DENTAL INSPECTION, LIBRARIES, ETC.

Ins	spection			Religiou	ıs Exercise	es	Rural	School Lib	oraries
	No. of Nurses employed	No. of Schools where Dental Inspection is in force	No. of Schools where Bible or selections therefrom used	No. of Schools where passages are memorized	No. of Schools opened and closed with prayer	No. of Schools where religious instruction is imparted as permitted by the regulations	No. of Rural Schools with a library	No. of volumes	Value of Libraries
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	1 1 1 5	1 21 	57 162 92 77 72 103 95 121 35 207 74 55 58 146 180 124 151 108	23 84 8 24 322 65 48 5 68 5 22 16 49 53 58 67 34 37	61 165 116 81 72 102 108 142 75 216 74 59 58 150 183 132 215 159 123	121 17 16 10 22 12 12	61 165 117 92 72 105 109 143 75 218 74 56 58 174 183 136 168 122 216	17,742 39,500 19,860 9,772 21,201 34,337 19,502 19,589 11,807 34,587 15,530 7,151 12,177 44,153 37,207 16,218 38,419 17,666 35,649	\$7,592 17,444 7,810 3,792 7,524 13,843 8,826 7,209 3,588 12,716 7,083 2,538 5,063 12,896 11,129 12,120 10,382 6,608 14,141
20 21 22 23	•••	2	94 60 177 94	24 25 103 38	110 64 183 99	8 4	105 64 184 99	10,078 20,365 28,379 22,671	4,344 8,380 11,447 7,016
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	1	34	188 107 104 65 1.5 76 40 71 100 183 63 95 82 76 140 78	43	74 110 96 60 71 153 184 75 101 82 78	28 3 7 21 6 6 3 7 22 2 2 7 7 1	202 118 106 74 112 96 80 71 152 213 75 103 82 78 132	25,985 12,269 21,181 18,894 16,124 9,767 31,706 12,261 22,884 18,830 15,703 23,711	11,172 10,235 9,883 3,517 7,537 8,487 5,568 4,080 9,421 12,989 5,176 6,770 5,580 6,724 10,086 14,981

THE PUBLIC
IV. TABLE D—SCHOOL HOUSES, MEDICAL

				14.	IAD		<i>_</i>		JL IIO	USES, II	LEDICAL
		School Houses						Text oks		Medical a	nd Dental
Rural Schools	Number of Schools	Brick .	Stone	Concrete	Frame	Log	No. of Schools with free School Readers	No. of Schools with other Text Books free	No. of Schools where Medical Inspection is in force	No. of Schools where Nurse Inspection with Medical Super- vision is in force	No. of Schools where Nurse Inspection only (without Medical Sup ervision) is in force
40 York 41 Algoma 42 Kenora. 43 Manitoulin 44 Muskoka 45 Nipissing 46 Parry Sound 47 Rainy River 48 Sudbury 49 Timiskaming 50 Thunder Bay	169 84 26 49 101 61 118 53 78 103 68	9 1 2 26 5 14 5 4	1 2 2 1 1 	2 4 1 9 2 4 1		16	5 1	1 1	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1 2 1 2 2	12 1 1
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages	5,548 321 257 154	289 196	397 17 18 9	131	15	129	38 215 7	123 212 13		23 172 10 1	168° 133 79 9
5 Grand Totals, 19216 Grand Totals, 1920		3,302 3,275	441 442	136 124	2,271 2,246	130 120		348	325 270	206 183	389 ⁻ 294
7 Increases	73	27	1	12	25	10			55	23	95
9 Percentages		52.57	7.02	2.16	36.16	2.07	4.14	5.54	5.17	3.28	6.19

AND DENTAL INSPECTION, LIBRARIES, ETC. (Concluded)

Ins	pection			Religio	us Exercis	es	Rural	School Lib	oraries
	No. of Nurses Employed	No. of Schools where Dental Inspection is in force	No. of Schools where Bible or selections therefrom used	No. of Schools where passages are mem- orized	No. of Schools opened and closed with prayer	No, of Schools where religious instruction is imparted as permitted by the regulations	No. of Rural Schools with a library	No. of volumes	Value of Libraries
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	3	1 8 1 6	163 69 23 49 96 29 111 45 36 84 55	47 32 8 17 29 6 22 10 1 30 23	149 73 26 49 100 57 118 49 76	2 3 3 5 10 5 7 5 26 13	161 48 19 38 97 43 111 44 60 77 54	41,211 5,942 2,166 4,583 11,935 3,482 13,968 5,620 6,441 10,871 5,415	14,016 1,163 889 1,826 4,848 1,632 5,801 2,317 2,504 4,442 2,125
1 2 3 4	19 119 41 8	143 219 25 12	4,850 213 235 142	1,336 250 76 48	5,336 290 243 141	310 111 27 11	5,320	981,092	377,260
5 6	187 160	399	5,440 5,024	1,610 1,603	6,010 6,040	459 260			
7 8	27		416	7	30	199			
9	2.97	6.35	86.62	25.63	95.70	7.14			

THE PUBLIC

V. TABLE E-FINANCIAL

		Receipts	
Rural Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (County)	Municipal Grants (Township)
1 Brant 2 Bruce 3 Carleton 4 Dufferin 5 Dundas 6 Elgin 7 Essex 8 Frontenac 9 Glengarry 10 Grey 11 Haldimand 12 Haliburton 13 Halton 14 Hastings 15 Huron 16 Kent 17 Lambton 18 Lanark 19 Leeds and Grenville 20 Lennox and Addington 21 Lincoln 22 Middlesex 23 Norfolk 24 Northumberland and Durham 25 Ontario 26 Oxford 27 Peel 28 Perth 29 Peterborough 30 Prescott and Russell 31 Prince Edward 32 Renfrew 33 Simcoe 34 Stormont 35 Victoria 36 Waterloo 37 Welland 38 Wellington 39 Wentworth 40 York 41 Algoma 42 Kenora 43 Manitoulin 44 Muskoka 45 Nipissing 46 Parry Sound 47 Rainy River 48 Sudbury 49 Timiskaming 50 Thunder Bay	\$ c. 19,041 20 45,377 20 41,446 81 21,421 64 25,011 12 29,116 87 32,517 96 49,917 72 18,521 43 48,187 97 21,505 41 28,934 68 14,178 67 73,268 24 39,988 07 40,214 37 29,245 93 31,920 12 93,392 50 31,545 51 20,150 58 36,807 93 25,663 26 52,014 15 29,675 50 29,920 26 21,703 69 21,491 85 35,004 32 19,039 36 16,588 66 60,448 22 58,815 49 25,350 73 32,568 05 23,982 81 33,485 75 30,901 61 36,439 19 119,174 62 42,840 92 10,932 66 28,242 39 40,408 55 27,863 11 82,580 12 24,173 54 50,235 55 71,344 18 37,849 19	\$ c. 734 28 2,309 34 2,155 19	\$ c. 51,114 69 91,050 00 79,848 92 46,350 00 38,950 00 69,200 00 71,031 19 48,509 60 39,334 16 125 387 95 46,200 00 14,327 97 36,370 00 77,711 30 116,200 00 85,200 00 103,127 73 59,466 38 109,763 27 49,559 50 44,980 00 118,740 00 59,146 81 114,312 00 76,989 94 73,771 00 48,120 00 69,200 00 40,034 93 33,338 80 41,277 00 66,489 06 132,320 76 40,203 37 57,594 52 55,940 73 80,900 00 64,347 15 153,510 67 6,191 24 2,446 49 6,150 00 15,321 52 5,852 16 16,121 06 3,508 04 3,300 00 12,390 00 5,235 00
Totals	1,880,449 661	72,879 65	2,895,634 91

STATEMENT

		Rec	eipts	
	Assessments Levied on Requisition of the Trustees	Debentures	Clergy Reserve Fund, Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33 34 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 45 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	\$ c. 53,326 76 78,476 54 79,423 66 49,085 78 36,734 22 72,775 04 93,035 52 42,673 74 31,352 54 114,149 49 44,800 32 8,258 25 38,129 45 78,245 52 101,940 44 107,000 41 91,612 20 31,139 29 77,112 30 30,568 20 73,058 42 128,029 97 52,338 61 100,986 17 76,78 43 87,387 70 67,380 75 81,090 05 40,017 27 36,121 54 27,890 90 50,669 89 124,036 99 31,072 73 44,835 65 71,042 36 77,228 43 85,612 36 110,678 62 417,609 52 55,624 82 11,687 81 21,187 18 29,504 09 21,306 22 49,305 94 33,756 79 72,417 73 142,368 36 57,190 80 3,537,955 77	\$ c. 1,150 92 2,262 12 299 40 20 50 1,441 62 10,545 24 771 47 1,322 00 371 69 8,231 76 850 00 4,802 48	\$ c 72,099 60 151,465 00 84,660 77 65,813 00 42,673 68 129,304 94 115,570 65 87,752 00 134,625 18 85,873 79 25,734 56 43,682 68 149,132 26 148,436 18 156,254 38 100,776 77 57,261 67 147,772 92 70,909 18 94,906 96 147,549 07 97,662 52 107,877 57 83,308 46 136,948 43 79,251 85 94,566 49 62,001 60 56,851 63 45,863 00 114,929 87 175,698 18 44,679 92 64,365 25 111,581 76 127,871 50 130,479 11 149,654 21 677,978 78 33,746 66 14,698 29 29,625 47 35,749 83 15,445 95 38,194 41 43,049 94 41,959 27 67,205 61 29,122 10 4,860,872 00	197,467 45 370,940 20 287,834 77 182,691 01 145,911 80 314,336 66 314,169 27 234,129 22 126,202 10 433,776 07 200,038 52 83,532 22 132,987 62 395,101 76 409,591 18 399,482 30 368,528 82 181,104 79 461,619 61 183,836 78 235,628 82 436,925 35 236,124 69 387,882 80 276,792 84 341,266 30 255,158 18 277,137 25 178,098 17 147,738 29 132,772 75 301,433 53 503,531 23 142,305 45 210,000 94

THE PUBLIC

V. TABLE E-FINANCIAL

T .		9.0		
Exp	011	0 1	1 2 2	200
エンムレ	CIL	ш	LЦ	10

	Expenditure		
Rural Schools	Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and School Books
1 Brant. 2 Bruce. 3 Carleton. 4 Dufferin. 5 Dundas. 6 Elgin. 7 Essex. 8 Frontenac. 9 Glengarry. 10 Grey. 11 Haldimand. 12 Haliburton. 13 Halton. 14 Hastings. 15 Huron. 16 Kent. 17 Lambton. 18 Lanark. 19 Leeds and Grenville. 20 Lennox and Addington. 21 Lincoln. 22 Middlesex. 23 Norfolk. 24 Northumberland and Durham. 25 Ontario. 26 Oxford. 27 Peel. 28 Perth. 29 Peterborough. 30 Prescott and Russell. 31 Prince Edward. 32 Renfrew. 33 Simcoe. 34 Stormont. 35 Victoria. 36 Waterloo. 37 Welland. 38 Wellington. 39 Wentworth. 40 York. 41 Algoma. 42 Kenora. 43 Manitoulin. 44 Muskoka. 45 Nipissing. 46 Parry Sound. 47 Rainy River. 48 Sudbury. 49 Timiskaming. 50 Thunder Bay.	42,474 53 86,401 41 124,622 31 65,850 16	15,139 98 9,537 52 5,127 31 24,396 67 11,292 24 23,595 14 50,896 46 4,250 99 64,547 62 7,093 60 11,405 83 24,141 74 5,574 74 20,422 72 16,579 59 22,565 80 41,566 9 13,356 64 5,062 29 2,607 05 2,287 11 17,834 49 33,099 95 3,580 58 14,815 89 10,298 02 114,725 04 21,192 19 24,767 27 521,640 01 14,880 11 13,273 84 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 81 14,753 86 7,303 68 5,183 83 5,183 85 5,183 85 5,183 85 5,183 85 5,183 85 5,183 85 5,183 55	1,435 64 2,905 76 2,915 76 4,641 13 3,419 33
Totals	3,900,011 /8	3 1,528,128 49	113,380 52

STATEMENT (Continued)

		,		
	Expend	liture		
	Rent and Repairs, Fuel and Other Expenses	Total Expenditure	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 22 5 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ c. 38,622 11 63,970 58 52,374 83 23,731 76 20,941 60 55,580 40 52,998 24 26,650 19 21,496 07 75,484 15 21,594 30 8,457 45 22,192 05 49,835 09 73,067 29 52,390 77 53,303 43 18,859 07 53,568 56 27,729 28 46,609 16 73,708 45 27,121 16 42,540 36 48,224 83 60,156 86 41,518 20 46,211 29 19,882 51 19,271 50 13,771 82 32,900 51 69,844 97 16,893 13 37,172 02 40,727 40 63,979 60 64,737 93 71,446 71 427,249 36 23,249 19 8,668 81 10,373 18 16,937 90 12,881 35 26,450 28 15,398 64 44,175 51 78,993 98 28,503 64	\$ c. 132,194 43 239,514 45 216,794 84 114,008 55 98,573 98 190,080 18 207,164 08 143,663 01 95,315 21 304,118 92 114,627 79 62,177 68 86,971 28 247,830 84 275,713 03 231,582 46 269,181 63 129,096 72 323,120 18 129,556 40 148,797 54 293,347 45 130,983 06 263,011 65 196,920 79 211,857 60 168,504 68 174,590 22 112,620 57 96,664 05 83,934 16 198,780 77 328,172 51 95,103 39 158,795 41 151,908 57 305,496 34 229,577 32 230,614 79 1,456,712 19 114,316 21 42,461 56 67,500 07 94,830 29 61,536 88 158,962 39 143,808 95 142,761 00 305,329 52 111,388 67	\$ 428,980 367,016 460,298 152,121 125,600 384,746 484,737 1911,130 128,902 543,205 197,431 51,301 172,800 338,708 381,575 635,050 373,200 202,269 441,382 143,987 446,726 535,605 268,675 437,841 399,730 359,307 307,895 318,620 170,786 91,70(396,050 565,365, 138,426 202,745 263,920 723,352 353,315 616,474 2,999,718 183,404 46,534 60,500 124,400 81,249 183,478 198,810 278,388 371,000 136,855	33,374 18,253 25,361 15,285 26,189 24,104 18,690 10,749 31,467 13,471 6,176 10,825 30,605 28,250 25,336 26,805 19,313 35,920 12,945 19,965 28,215 14,902 33,116 22,179 20,659 15,908 23,049 11,345 10,739 10,553 40,440 34,930 12,379 13,517 13,105 15,738 39,660 26,383 58,091 11,197 2,386 6,265 11,540 4,992 19,541 6,098 10,522 19,885 9,784
	2,342.447 47	9,890,574 26	17,595,857	994,283

THE PUBLIC V. TABLE E—FINANCIAL

			Receipt		· · ·	TABLE E	
Cities	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (County)	Municipal Grants (Local) and Assess- ments		Debentures	Clergy Reserve Fund, Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts
1 Belleville 2 Brantford 3 Chatham 4 Fort William 5 Galt 6 Guelph 7 Hamilton 8 Kingston 9 Kitchener 10 London 11 Niagara Falls 12 Ottawa 13 Owen Sound 14 Peterborough 15 Port Arthur 16 St. Catharines 17 St. Thomas 18 Sarnia 19 Sault Ste. Marie 20 Stratford 21 Toronto 22 Welland 23 Windsor	\$ c. 1,462 65 5,472 44 1,832 07 4,691 34 1,666 74 2,731 64 20,035 52 4,061 72 3,239 41 14,248 60 1,219 65 14,850 28 2,249 55 3,440 27 4,724 15 2,904 39 3,361 24 2,574 22 6,502 77 3,831 43 83,915 42 1,210 55 4,813 31	\$ c.	\$ 51,669 212,596 91,088 172,854 89,000 100,152 977,903 115,160 635,483 75,223 145,600 116,000 150,187 101,150 89,003 189,020 101,695	76 31 00 04 00 73 13 00 29 28 00 00 24 00 36 00 32 67	\$ c. 2,900 00 45,731 51 462,166 69 149,940 66 56,955 83 511,693 12 5,306 66 510,000 00 	\$ c. 25,582 40 18,133 44 554 33 292 90 1,198 92 1,447 32 9,042 75 3,075 37 1,822 06 26,700 22 15 40 75,673 09 475 49 99,340 65 9,257 65 11,492 48 5,031 76 5,427 85 7,916 58 1,735 76 462,329 90 5,078 26 6,806 53	\$ c. 78,714 22 236,202 22 93,475 16 180,738 55 91,865 66 150,062 51 1,469,147 96 272,237 75 211,161 03 1,067,726 07 105,541 71 1,236,006 66 77,948 32 248,380 92 129,981 80 181,836 67 109,543 00 97,005 43 278,729 09 130,868 51 5,608,278 99 144,788 81 987,023 45
24 Woodstock Totals	1,751 91		55,267 9,689,196		2,579,865 33	2,635 47	59,655 03
Towns 1 Alexandria 2 Alliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg 5 Arnprior 6 Aurora 7 Aylmer 8 Bala 9 Barrie 10 Blenheim 11 Blind River 12 Bonfield 13 Bothwell 14 Bowmanville 15 Bracebridge 16 Brampton 17 Bridgeburg 18 Brockville 19 Bruce Mines 20 Burlington 21 Cache Bay 22 Campbellford 23 Capreol 24 Carleton Place 25 Charlton 26 Chesley 27 Cliinton 28 Cobalt	44 19 163 46 236 72 137 87 317 94 274 99 349 58 511 80 833 17 183 00 152 66 328 83 93 56 398 33 560 89 514 23 270 93 1,600 91 970 48 300 39 860 62 363 55 411 90 483 08 659 12 304 86 1,432 36 893 32	89 00	2,572 7,346 10,342 14,779 19,218 12,680 12,116 2,765 43,895 9,057 5,259 281 2,124 14,450	15 13 78 51 59 00 17 81 15 51 73 33 00 00 59 00 00 28 00 00 60 00 00 89 37 00 72	3,325 00	601 05 403 26 4,054 79 1,038 38 1,515 76 322 05 2,293 09 67 52 470 50 861 16 597 13 737 78 100 61 154 64 1,427 35 207 31 53 10 1,124 49 1,209 81 1,067 89 18 85 349 83 62 28 70 41 864 64 1,524 62 601 22 1,516 32 1,047 91	3,217 39 7,912 85 14,634 29 15,955 76 21,052 29 13,277 04 14,758 84 3,345 13 45,198 82 10,101 67 6,009 52 1,347 94 5,643 17 15,002 97 15,870 83 23,810 54 25,064 31 55,725 40 5,711 29 16,568 28 5,045 07 17,253 38 36,602 54 21,028 49 3,771 65 10,655 85 8,533 58 40,114 36
29 Cobourg	624 61 857 58		12,050 40,216 38,088	00 32	• • • • • •	576 05 349 57 2,335 96	17,934 03 13,250 66 41,423 47 41,235 06

STATEMENT (Continued)

		Francisco			1	
	1	Expenditure	1			
Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus and Other Equipment, Prizes and School Books	Rent and Repairs, Fuel and Other Expenses	Total Expenditure	Value School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
\$ c. 1 41,151 84 2 145,678 56 3 63,404 63 4 125,332 35 5 63,305 15 6 66,535 00 7 608,495 93 8 80,829 00 9 90,797 72 10 328,587 73 11 62,076 50 12 457,291 29 13 56,005 85 14 93,268 57 15 84,805 53 16 75,763 08 17 73,694 06 18 69,413 65 19 111,897 73 20 65,234 13 21 3,203,857 23 22 39,841 40 23 195,707 22 24 39,260 70	28,614 82	5,330 57 888 58 9,153 99 303 42 4,426 68 37,736 58 1,059 01 4,369 92 189 72 1,472 44 	\$ c. 18,902 20 56,578 27 27,632 06 36,857 12 21,856 27 32,156 10 381,892 96 36,658 16 47,764 56 337,815 27 28,232 86 180,546 00 18,427 03 39,398 20 37,728 94 76,044 11 30,401 10 20,231 41 82,216 43 . 36,647 39 2,225,107 35 26,726 38 137,055 99 15,679 28	178,325 96 91,172 12 150,062 51 1,339,974 33 267,243 34 206,698 83 945,237 83 97,781 80 1,192,213 22 77,948 32 248,380 92 129,981 80 174,862 19	\$ 400,000 535,350 176,500	\$ 10,000 67,175 8,500 38,500 4,575 10,700 83,327 19,000 70,545 6,990 123,000 15,000 20,000 3,090 29,200 20,000 3,540 42,100 12,500 303,000 1,587 50,000 10,000
6,242,234 85	2,354,926 30	226,658 57	3,952,556 24	12,776,37 5 96	30,504,041	973,329
1 1,834 75 2 4,864 60 3 7,639 82 4 9,090 00 5 11,675 00 6 9,700 00 7 9,349 50 8 2,120 00 9 31,817 19 10 6,952 44 11 3,335 25 12 900 00 13 1,850 00 14 11,500 94 15 9,990 63 16 16,994 00 17 12,955 13 18 34,843 23 19 3,575 00 20 10,722 12 21 3,354 50 22 11,730 25 23 5,130 00 24 14,208 39 25 2,120 57 26 7,038 79 27 6,725 61 28 23,487 50 29 13,526 18 30 8,498 78 31 28,306 42	141 78	65 20 87 70 515 70 14 73 57 95 388 25 24 76 204 90 50 00 90 49 199 54 231 09 953 17 515 05 472 81 15 15 60 87 96 88 10 00 34 96 84 95 136 45 78 44	782 67 2,662 10 6,802 92 4,767 84 6,624 66 3,281 61 3,367 49 694 16 12,644 45 2,932 25 1,283 79 55 60 609 72 2,457 24 5,194 23 6,071 15 5,909 19 19,228 38 1,375 05 5,188 14 817 87 2,568 80 1,672 34 4,557 39 560 89 2,999 45 1,462 59 14,104 66 3,000 91 4,039 48 13,038 61	2,824 40 7,526 70 14,634 29 14,373 54 20,332 64 13,066 36 14,691 68 2,916 22 45,132 51 9,934 69 5,128 46 957 18 5,623 30 14,699 65 15,869 83 23,810 54 25,064 31 55,476 63 5,020 97 16,487 29 4,780 88 14,359 92 33,190 12 20,834 40 2,794 46 10,196 11 8,188 20 37,715 11 17,901 98 13,182 26 41,423 47 32,035 93	6,500 40,000 15,235 50,000 26,700 35,000 25,000 10,000 220,000 25,000 12,000 46,000 25,700 65,650 102,500 140,000 40,000 4,350 35,000 42,500 41,350 35,000 42,500 41,350 35,000 41,450 110,000	450 205 271 500 496 1,000 300 200 14,800 3,300 197 175 150 863 550 550 5,200 1,000 2,500 5,000 200 200 200 200 200 1,000 2,500 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200

THE PUBLIC V. TABLE E-FINANCIAL

			Receipts			
Towns	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (County)	Municipal Grants (Local) and Assess- ments	Debentures	Clergy Reserve Fund, Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts
33 Cornwall. 34 Deseronto. 35 Dresden. 36 Dryden. 37 Dundas. 38 Dunnville. 39 Durham. 40 Eastview. 41 Englehart. 42 Essex. 43 Ford. 44 Forest. 45 Fort Frances. 46 Gananoque. 47 Goderich. 48 Gore Bay. 49 Gravenhurst. 50 Grimsby. 51 Haileybury. 52 Hanover. 53 Harriston. 54 Hawkesbury. 55 Hespeler. 56 Huntsville. 57 Ingersoll. 58 Iroquois Falls. 59 Kearney. 60 Keewatin. 61 Kenora. 62 Kincardine. 63 Kingsville. 64 Latchford. 65 Leamington. 66 Leaside. 67 Lindsay. 68 Listowel. 69 Little Current. 70 Massey. 71 Matheson. 72 Mattawa. 73 Meaford. 74 Merritton. 75 Midland. 76 Milton. 77 Mimico. 78 Mitchell. 79 Mount Forest. 80 Napanee. 81 New Liskeard. 82 Newmarket. 83 New Toronto. 84 Niagara.	\$ c. 1,662 95 246 77 163 295 246 77 163 97 1,097 07 619 53 398 75 201 68 229 68 985 03 30 00 214 81 182 09 427 11 405 22 510 37 854 09 1,713 99 1,713 99 1,713 25 1,713 66 620 10 1,446 02 634 50 1,913 25 1,073 86 235 24 779 88 504 779 88	\$ c. 180 12	\$ c. 16,563 99 8,625 00 8,400 00 7,661 52 24,800 00 16,150 00 12,068 84 5,749 75 12,955 08 27,072 46 10,000 00 24,500 00 15,936 94 19,534 78 3,571 72 11,467 51 9,964 44 17,947 55 13,643 38 7,947 26 6,510 96 24,954 52 10,705 12 21,861 00 23,568 58 1,476 31 10,500 71 33,950 00 9,174 35 52,265 00 4,162 06 23,999 80 6,666 23 38,023 97 11,100 00 4,916 70 3,290 00 6,546 83 545 69 16,100 00 16,189 00 85,714 75 8,905 94 33,864 92 10,200 00 6,000 00 12,018 00 14,519 50 18,000 00 030,661 37	\$ c	\$ c. 1,975 72 679 63 135 01 1,721 37 1,157 82 266 74 236 62 6,392 69 14 12 233 67 1,602 61 5 00 1,614 41 424 02 363 28 967 34 76 22 183 61 170 58 220 94 648 50 2,115 29 5,525 08 138 00 926 96 1,937 84 1,795 37 1,229 43 322 42 4 00 0 542 78 1,145 86 83 53 1,093 42 248 34 1,795 37 1,229 43 322 42 4 00 0 542 78 1,145 86 83 53 1,093 42 248 34 222 59 2,544 32 441 87 6,567 71 486 68 677 34 2,193 83 110 80 268 66 2,868 85 857 21 2,406 99 282 92 654 45	\$ c. 20,202 66 9,731 52 8,698 03 10,479 96 26,577 35 55,685 15 7,818 30 18,691 21 6,748 90 13,218 75 48,689 83 10,187 99 26,541 52 16,766 18 20,408 43 5,393 15 13,257 72 10,484 61 18,666 48 14,187 27 8,767 36 8,702 75 47,723 37 11,350 74 26,184 43 25,924 93 2,706 11 13,340 92 36,961 70 11,204 80 54,002 67 5,264 36 24,508 50 7,242 78 39,965 13 11,546 94 7,292 62 4,895 68 7,465 92 3,486 01 16,890 67 52,603 81 87,074 67 9,841 62 59,511 34 10,612 18 6,443 73 15,298 66 66,214 54 20,785 90 107,645 83 7,820 21
85 North Bay 86 Oakville 87 Orangeville 88 Orillia 89 Oshawa 90 Palmerston 91 Paris	1,489 99 347 95 505 48 2,088 95 1,186 81 209 55	5 	68,303 09 47,324 36 12,483 44 46,029 36 66,100 00 6,615 75	6,585 39	38,366 89 1,221 59 514 82 36,923 08 2,280 17 75 16 964 01	108,159 97 48,893 90 13,503 74 85,041 39 76,152 37 6,900 46 25,143 12

STATEMENT (Continued)

The color of the				Expenditure				
\$		Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus and Other Equip- ment, Prizes and School Books	Rent and Repairs, Fuel and Other Expenses	Total Expenditure	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 66 66 67 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	\$ c. 14,720 00 7,560 00 6,539 99 5,660 00 17,856 30 10,633 00 6,060 35 9,905 46 3,972 36 7,957 90 12,960 87 6,018 75 13,904 00 12,195 00 13,774 67 3,630 03 7,428 00 7,621 83 12,325 40 11,248 61 4,160 08 3,946 15 13,819 43 8,537 03 16,574 99 9,117 91 2,120 64 7,249 25 26,596 00 6,897 50 11,730 00 3,020 00 16,167 31 2,580 00 27,090 00 9,211 45 4,790 00 3,990 00 2,882 00 16,167 31 2,580 00 27,090 00 9,211 45 4,790 00 3,990 00 2,882 00 16,167 31 2,580 00 27,090 00 9,211 45 4,790 00 3,990 00 2,882 00 11,757 38 11,572 70 8,505 20 35,449 87 7,340 00 20,995 67 7,564 88 4,470 70 11,732 00 11,066 47 11,732 00 11,066 47 11,732 00 11,066 77 5,64 88 4,470 70 11,732 00 11,066 77 14,603 20 5,157 75 40,070 03 13,060 00 10,230 00 30,506 14	\$ c	\$ c. 56 00 63 63 94 28 52 70 64 45 45 54 82 35 23 00 3,008 41 19 30 2,464 52 131 00 112 50 129 45 81 44 35 11 303 76 6733 82 100 62 13 81 128 93 219 10 91 40 91 40 123 76 69 00 324 25 28 60 1,865 52 12 12 58 95 1,096 78 380 00 116 83 1,398 95 427 30 1128 18 80 04	\$ c. 4,617 61 1,901 07 1,662 06 2,535 67 7,903 41 3,279 51 1,712 41 7,829 65 990 94 2,145 75 11,662 14 2,573 36 8,030 46 3,576 53 6,629 68 745 81 5,339 56 2,446 16 5,143 33 2,603 30 1,914 23 822 79 10,818 50 1,946 65 8,506 22 12,801 80 1,914 23 332 53 3,996 94 10,007 05 3,976 72 2,934 05 1,904 30 3,315 25 929 61 11,803 19 2,330 12 1,310 45 8,506 22 1,310 45 8,506 22 1,310 45 8,506 25 7,379 64 2,319 31 431 56 3,869 55 7,379 64 30,777 17 2,462 01 9,524 68 2,563 35 7,379 64 30,777 17 2,462 01 9,524 68 2,563 35 1,885 15 3,150 43 4,401 43 3,007 22 13,170 64 1,545 92 24,561 58 2,529 88 10,417 66	\$ c. 19,393 61 9,524 70 8,296 33 9,080 85 26,404 91 55,393 95 7,818 30 18,166 32 6,728 59 12,878 72 48,240 64 8,699 56 25,743 45 16,127 53 20,404 35 4,875 84 12,880 06 10,067 99 18,635 25 14,187 27 7,904 43 4,768 94 44,147 39 11,170 62 25,538 37 24,179 54 2,555 81 12,067 78 36,961 70 10,874 22 53,162 45 4,981 43 24,508 50 6,659 68 39,527 80 11,541 57 6,539 55 4,895 44 7,465 27 1,575 94 16,558 78 46,032 61 87,061 14 9,814 13 58,605 88 10,533 54 7,417 50 106,491 16 48,893 91 17,583 54 17,575 94 16,558 78 46,032 61 87,061 14 9,814 13 58,605 88 10,533 54 7,417 50 106,491 16 48,893 91 17,583 54 17,575 94 16,558 75 16,539 55 15,256 64 62,407 42 20,785 90 107,583 54 7,417 50 106,491 16 48,893 94 17,583 54 17,573 94 16,538 55 15,256 64 62,407 42 20,785 95 106,491 16 48,893 94 12,896 41 46,113 29	\$ 75,000 12,225 30,000 7,000 175,115 63,369 12,000 45,200 9,500 80,000 40,000 30,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 120,000 15,000 225,000 104,000 225,000 104,000 150,000 225,000 11,400 150,000 150,000 24,000 150,000 250,000 150,000 150,000 250,000 11,400 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 17,500 250,000 198,000 198,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000 17,500 250,000	\$ 4,500 1,775 400 500 16,325 4,500 400 252 750 1,000 1,000 361 2,000 3,000 1,300 3,000 1,300 3,000 1,500 3,000 6,000 8,500 1,000 3,000 1,500 1,000 3,000 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 5,501 450 1,200 1,500 2,500 1,500 2,500 1,500 3,000

THE PUBLIC V. TABLE E—FINANCIAL

	Receipts													
Towns	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (County)	Municipal Grants (Local) and Assess- ments	Debentures	Clergy Reserve Fund, Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts								
92 Parkhill	397 43	\$ c. 340 12 380 40 100 00 287 28	\$ c. 3,900 00 25,122 84 30,881 99 23,998 93 16,743 05 16,500 00 13,055 93 31,052 00 17,500 00 3,424 00 10,645 00 33,673 47 12,909 39 19,900 00 40,095 88 8,346 03 21,244 26 7,785 56 32,000 00 40,095 88 8,346 03 21,244 26 7,785 56 32,000 00 11,825 50 8,215 25 51,081 08 10,149 56 4,229 19 20,011 93 3,851 29 19,300 00 20,000 00 31,625 00 1,350 00 7,800 00 4,605 73 7,170 78 80,744 27 18,839 94 33,065 13 4,812 66 26,453 68 14,800 00 12,355 84 8,601 19	22,019 14	132 79 873 28	\$ c. 5,135 31 27,225 96 43,485 08 25,580 24 17,235 93 18,342 24 13,579 62 34,840 84 19,675 50 5,505 61 11,112 36 36,273 45 16,120 18 21,929 42 11,263 69 2,467 28 24,195 38 49,857 71 9,011 72 22,686 40 9,492 52 33,357 71 9,712 38 8,367 37 12,253 40 8,976 55 60,281 00 11,239 95 4,947 69 22,707 06 4,926 24 19,685 93 23,591 33 34,169 96 2,824 41 8,305 83 6,988 20 8,089 31 85,994 49 21,277 93 38,945 07 6,440 11 35,037 99 37,575 76 12,681 99 9,732 56								
Totals	78,016 56 1,880,449 66 196,791 27 78,016 56 102,478 09		6,433,590 68	907,360 22 2,579,865 33 336,387 77	781,066 58 240,520 98	14,155,152 21 13,246,919 52 3,075,693 12								
5 Grand T'tls, 1921. 6 Grand T'tls, 1920.	2,257,735 58	80,904 59	19,134,046 17	3,837,783 45	6,071,241 56	31,381,711 35 27,125,849 50								
7 Increases	778,570 73	10,683 59	2,083,918 77	223,593 13	1,159,095 63	4,255,861 85								
8 Percentages	7.19	.25	60.97	12.22	19.34									

^{*}Including Protestant Separate School.

SCHOOLS (Concluded) STATEMENT (Concluded)

Expenditure													
Teachers' Salaries	Sites, and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, and Other Equip- ment, Prizes and School Books	Rent and Repairs, Fuel and Other Expenses	Total Expenditure	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment							
92 3,015 00 93 19,480 60 94 23,680 40 95 18,755 1 96 10,976 9 97 12,163 6 98 9,989 00 99 17,900 00 100 14,397 00 101 3,585 00 102 7,957 1 103 21,165 1 104 10,670 0 105 14,593 7 106 7,057 0 107 1,873 00 107 1,873 00 108 13,568 0 109 18,151 3 110 6,386 0 109 18,151 3 110 6,386 0 111 14,143 4 112 5,952 5 113 24,147 8 114 6,425 0 111 3,609 8 116 9,562 8 117 5,659 0 118 30,665 1 119 7,445 0 120 3,848 8 121 12,817 6 122 2,860 0 123 14,162 4 124 12,938 1 125 23,135 0 126 1,848 6 127 6,463 5 128 3,156 6 129 5,910 0 130 45,064 2 131 14,826 5 132 24,063 4 133 4,320 0 134 21,104 7 135 9,163 2 136 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6 137 6,980 6	806 65	1,379 70 125 00 8 01 727 43 21 25 81 75 287 26 23 98 125 38 35 00 58 20 104 46 418 36 581 05 108 95 65 60 1,807 22 1,242 21 150 00 325 20 3 50	4,985 67 7,335 76 3,224 06 3,224 06 18,535 56 1,890 01 7,650 39 3,128 23 9,026 48 1,763 91 1,053 55 2,687 58 2,975 77 18,586 02 1,889 01 1,058 90 9,126 56 584 71 3,436 36 7,451 11 7,808 27 890 91 1,832 91 1,832 91 1,976 91 31,229 14 3,981 83 8,233 57 1,421 88 7,865 47 6,042 27 1,479 97 1,845 85	4,821 0 27,206 4 42,258 5 25,309 9 16,619 7 17,838 6 13,523 2 31,354 4 18,645 3 5,175 5 11,082 2 16,097 6 21,929 4 10,406 0 21,929 4 10,406 2 24,9857 7 8,339 3 20,496 2 24,857 7 8,3470 8 33,357 7 8,470 6 12,250 4 4,663 4 4,663 4 12,250 4 8,922 0 56,759 4 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,273 8 8,922 0 56,759 8 10,272 8 10,272 8 10,273 8 8,922 0 21,487 4 32,479 8 32,479 8 33,906 6 35,796 0 34,770 8 37,201 0 21,681 9 9,192 0	6 95,000 97,000 97,000 11 50,000 13 43,000 14 20,000 11 62,400 99 10,000 21,166 8 160,000 42 280,000 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000 11,000 12,500 10,000 11,000	5,000 1,349 800 1,500 1,500 3,000 2,000 1,050 2,000 1,000 1,500 1,							
1,598,554 5		28,796 70 113,386 52	725,565 76 2,342,447 47	9,890,574 2	6 17,595,857	994,283							
2 6,242,234 8. 3 1,598,554 5. 4 488,687 3	5 2,354,926 30 8 571,102 24		3,952,556 24 725,565 76 196,580 43	12,776,375 9 2,924,019 2	6 30,504,041 8 9,116,379								
5 14,236,088 5 6 12,056,056 5		378,144 72 302,422 08		26,350,172 8 22,844,046 7									
7 2,180,031 9	191,317 26	75,722 64	1,059,054 25	3,506,126 0	9 5,934,503	421,458							
8 54.02	17.14	1.43	27.38	97. Citios 9	67 21: Town	s \$40.80·							

Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance: Rural Schools, \$45.87; Cities, \$67.21; Towns, \$40.80; Villages, \$31.74; Province, \$52.57.

ROMAN CATHOLIC I. TABLE F—FINANCIAL

			Danist.	TABLE F—I	
		ı	Receipts		
Rural Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants and Assessments	Debentures	Balances, Subscribed and Other Sources	Total Amount Received
1 Bruce. 2 Carleton. 3 Essex. 4 Frontenac. 5 Grey. 6 Hastings. 7 Huron. 8 Kent. 9 Lambton. 10 Lanark. 11 Leeds and Grenville. 12 Lennox and Addington. 13 Middlesex. 14 Norfolk.	\$ c. 7,390 64 5,155 71 13,708 78 8,064 28 4,471 11 3,591 71 5,104 94 5,210 67 309 97 2,590 80 1,184 19 1,382 13 2,403 77 548 05	\$ c. 11,099 04 18,200 05 34,872 52 4,472 37 6,738 99 3,011 16 7,671 94 11,587 86 2,507 65 1,808 31 295 18 809 69 4,776 24 1,226 30	\$ c. 800 00 497 99	\$ c. 7,566 14 9,168 55 15,862 77 7,342 21 3,446 84 4,839 43 6,796 73 6,799 36 2,281 07 1,457 99 1,482 82 778 30 1,389 55 1,027 25	\$ c. 26,055 82 33,324 31 64,942 06 19,878 86 14,656 94 11,442 30 19,573 61 23,597 89 5,098 69 5,857 10 2,962 19 2,970 12 8,569 56 2,801 60
15 Northumberland and Durham	2,788 97 1,173 97 106 45 7,048 78 2,911 27 2,227 06 14,962 86 1,655 48	2,971 20 1,216 37 1,076 20 9,671 80 4,843 32 78,671 58 11,953 13 8,444 95	207 00 975 76	2,694 56 2,074 90 536 10 6,441 03 1,598 88 43,169 35 23,870 93 3,768 38	8,454 73 4,465 24 1,718 75 23,161 61 9,560 47 125,043 75 50,786 92 13,868 81
Glengarry. 24 Victoria. 25 Waterloo. 26 Wellington. 27 Districts.	14,943 66 1,628 21 5,411 56 2,983 57 37,288 09	15,963 27 1,821 49 8,449 87 5,515 31 63,560 28	4,000 00	19,004 62 773 51 8,580 13 2,246 18 67,132 20	53,911 55 4,223 21 22,441 56 10,745 06 208,858 04
Totals	156,246 68	323,236 07	47,358 22	252,129 78	778,970 75
1 Belleville 2 Brantford 3 Chatham 4 Fort William 5 Galt 6 Guelph 7 Hamilton 8 Kingston 9 Kitchener 10 London 11 Niagara Falls 12 Ottawa 13 Owen Sound 14 Peterborough 15 Port Arthur 16 St. Catharines 17 St. Thomas 18 Sarnia 19 Sault Ste. Marie 20 Stratford 21 Toronto 22 Windsor	293 44 1,148 30 91 82 371 10 2,726 84 546 99 708 06 1,415 72 191 92 101 61 723 55 582 72 322 75 162 54 216 44 1,233 16 265 62	38,471 27 8,443 21 227,240 92 3,312 80 24,350 43 16,426 50 21,197 35 11,866 64 8,560 17 54,493 70 11,325 52	74,800 00 409,075 00 14,500 00	1,281 55 10,490 75 21,070 21 2,003 81 1,123 24 204 71 30,279 48 7,539 85 97,767 21 46,405 62 3,598 41 10,854 22 1,618 64	8,146 91 24,539 69 37,172 32 40,911 62 4,428 92 18,374 88 200,625 80 51,594 45 129,652 41 86,292 61 12,233 54 238,095 14 5,033 05 25,073 98 17,369 32 47,976 17 14,679 29 12,534 37 131,544 46 11,715 95 993,964 35 110,862 90
23 Woodstock	95 96			604 02	3,451 93
Totals	19,248 42	1,239,228 68	594,572 26	353,224 70	2,206,274 06

SEPARATE SCHOOLS

STATEMENT, ETC.

		E	xpenditure			1	
	Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and School Books	All Other Purposes	Total Amount Expended	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	\$ c. 13,002 50 17,437 65 32,967 52 9,707 83 7,576 70 5,121 63 10,063 18 8,875 25 970 00 3,250 95 1,060 42 1,735 90 4,810 05 1,015 00	9,665 63 389 19 452 22 595 11 1,445 36 1,424 33 762 14 33 00 323 19	\$ c. 393 67 159 15 996 18 554 30 80 96 42 55 357 78 111 10 428 41 10 83 128 60 17 45	\$ c. 2,739 00 4,631 99 9,902 42 1,158 79 1,433 06 758 50 2,381 51 5,813 34 1,756 44 380 07 171 57 90 58 975 15 294 69	17,787 39 23,741 87 53,531 75 11,810 11 9,542 94 6,517 79 14,247 83 16,224 02 3,488 58 4,092 43 1,555 18 2,095 91 6,311 77	\$ 38,850 33,836 99,754 14,950 12,600 7,200 21,700 23,466 9,000 5,400 1,500 3,300 9,900	\$ 2,625 1,668 5,600 1,679 1,198 1,770 2,458 2,352 345 460 245 325 723
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	4,792 00 2,117 50 740 00 12,084 00 5,247 45 63,376 28 20,095 01 5,560 00	866 85 324 36 	24 14 97 72 28 77 219 34 223 14 1,212 64 283 19 61 79	399 70 531 86 430 70 5,044 69 1,720 31 20,774 11 8,232 16 5,728 94	3,071 44 1,199 47 18,932 09 7,345 44 92,916 72 38,788 86	20,900 5,000 1, 00 78,550 20,600 198,237 81,350 27,000	
23 24 25 26 27	25,255 50 2,864 76 10,130 01 5,919 70 78,093 46	8,304 19 487 75 764 58 320 79 63,675 68	487 09 27 17 222 62 18 08 2,140 18	10,096 80 251 45 3,842 62 1,460 49 48,911 56	3,631 13 14,959 83 7,719 06	97,371 19,500 34,750 11,400 174,859	3,936 1,470 1,931 925 4,009
	353,870 25	113,489 75	8,326 85	139,912 50	615,599 35	1,056,473	53,856
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2,681 25 9,073 12 5,743 62 18,889 35 3,136 50 7,315 35 46,177 13 10,020 07 11,972 04 20,349 87 4,945 00 151,675 76 2,025 00 15,616 00 8,280 00 9,101 97 3,019 00 3,260 00 24,462 39 5,014 15 243,058 63 34,187 53 1,691 25	8,927 02 3,422 91 9,068 85 464 09 914 40 54,575 97 15,875 66 106,448 58 46,973 79 1,011 40 5,973 49 905 35 270 37 710 84 31,617 36 843 73 2,372 24 9,357 67 1,694 08 391,428 04 35,000 03	185 20 74 83 32 40 573 53 8,391 24 398 20 2,596 18 80 89 2,070 09 123 44 91 00 224 75 373 82 117 95 42 33 75 80 2,573 79 5,707 03	4,236 91 6,354 35 4,354 74 12,953 42 795 93 7,317 13 35,383 27 5,698 72 4,931 00 13,873 56 1,802 30 78,375 80 1,550 07 8,963 56 8,367 95 6,921 84 3,414 51 2,832 19 82,410 00 4,781 17 356,903 89 33,967 53 1,720 25	13,596 10 40,911 62 4,428 92 16,120 41 144,527 61 31,594 45 123,749 82 83,793 40	100,000 60,000 55,000 250,000 9,800 75,000 630,000 55,000 280,000 820,898 10,000 175,000 97,157 125,000 33,000 275,000 20,000 2,376,943 1,000,000 20,000	1,000 1,100 2,114 760 240 1,000 6,500 1,500 2,000 5,000 2,000 47,307 460 2,000 1,420 1,420 1,420 1,420 1,43 117,009 5,438 1,265
_	641,694 98	727,855 87	23,732 47	687,910 09	2,081,193 41	6,740,798	203,055

ROMAN CATHOLIC

I. TABLE F.—FINANCIAL

			Receipts		· ·
Towns	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants and Assessments	Debentures	Balances, Subscribed and Other Sources	Total Amount Received
1 Alexandria 2 Almonte 3 Amherstburg. 4 Arnprior 5 Barrie. 6 Blind River 7 Bonfield. 8 Brockville. 9 Cache Bay. 10 Campbellford. 11 Charlton. 12 Chelmsford. 13 Cobalt. 14 Cobourg. 15 Cochrane. 16 Collingwood. 17 Cornwall. 18 Dundas. 19 Eastview. 20 Ford. 21 Fort Frances. 22 Gananoque. 23 Goderich. 24 Hanover. 25 Haileybury. 26 Hawkesbury. 27 Hespeler. 28 Ingersoll. 29 Iroquois Falls. 30 Kearney. 31 Keewatin. 32 Kenora. 33 Lindsay. 34 Little Current. 35 Massey. 36 Mattawa. 37 Merritton. 38 Mount Forest. 39 New Liskeard. 40 Newmarket. 41 North Bay. 42 Oakville. 43 Orillia. 44 Oshawa. 45 Paris. 46 Parkhill. 47 Pembroke. 48 Perth. 49 Picton. 50 Rainy River.	36 31 822 90 43 97 119 11 124 94 59 18 26 97 406 83 148 32 30 59 101 75 171 52	3,618 78 1,134 62 1,516 39 7,925 00 8,452 58 1,120 98 2,663 71 6,809 71 761 22 700 00 3,060 53 8,418 53 580 50 1,506 45 4,000 00 2,912 54 1,362 19 1,500 00 1,362 62 36,792 08 1,325 85 4,372 42 4,075 00 788 93 921 00 13,634 40 1,934 80 999 14 3,026 58 6,642 70	43,650 00	\$ c. 1,007 14 2,148 62 166 22 923 48 471 39 326 12 1,397 37 518 34 420 26 6,000 00 248 36 530 60 9,300 64 802 07 1,928 58 25 71 817 13 399 30 477 08 2,277 90 31,938 35 583 82 599 25 1,948 43 4,792 12 6,708 51 353 82 2,104 80 149 41 128 17 3,892 25 731 67 226 22 134 23 1,181 30 957 58 802 50 328 96 1,429 82 11,184 87 417 75 3,845 80 325 83 1,504 40 266 02 1,050 81 527 64 674 99 5,102 54 8,121 19 174 63	\$ c. 8,741 15 3,822 65 7,123 89 10,126 42 3,726 38 5,193 54 2,950 70 7,564 90 6,500 00 2,009 24 2,942 98 23,765 01 4,821 25 4,691 74 3,738 35 14,358 73 3,398 42 19,681 0,70 00 5,973 8 431,938 35 1,789 76 2,166 36 10,070 08 13,244 70 7,860 53 3,122 00 52,564 51 1,301 0,31 1,15 61 7,092 31 9,385 99 1,472 00 1,903 36 6,058 30 3,930 77 2,228 75 48,799 85 1,787 75 2,828 75 48,799 85 1,787 77 2,352 51 1,213 99 15,092 04 2,610 76 1,704 72 8,230 87 14,935 41 1,503 73
53 Renfrew	277 35			1,184 67	12,312 13 7,777 25

^{*}No report for 1921 received; figures of preceding year.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued)

STATEMENT (Continued)

		Expenditure		1		
Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and School Books	All Other Purposes	Total Amount Expended	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
\$ c. 1 4,600 00 2 1,891 00 3 2,534 84 4 5,274 75 5 1,950 00 6 2,700 00 7 1,350 00 6 2,700 00 7 1,350 00 6 2,750 00 10 500 00 11 897 87 12 2,000 00 11 897 87 12 2,000 00 11 897 87 12 2,000 00 11 8,794 00 15 2,440 00 15 2,440 00 15 2,440 00 15 2,440 00 17 9,785 30 20 3,500 00 21 2,202 50 22 600 00 23 750 00 24 1,720 00 25 5,224 50 00 27 913 50 28 1,388 77 29 1,890 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 31 773 44 32 2,000 00 41 11,784 15 20 35 1,2152 40 900 00 41 11,784 15 1,230 00 40 900 00 41 11,784 15 1,230 00 44 2,917 00 45 1,230 00 47 9,335 74 81,850 00 47 9,335 74 81,850 00 47 9,335 74 81,850 00 50 1,906 29 51 2,152 40 52 904 25	305 33 80 00 1,297 31 812 95 	\$ c. 78 70 37 10 203 30 93 00 25 00 104 74 	\$ c. 3,757 12 409 91 3,002 22 2,550 47 1,372 86 1,294 00 212 75 2,532 30 6,000 00 243 10 516 55 11,999 13 1,265 15 2,031 36 1,482 74 4,391 85 414 95 7,710 83 1,707 00 2,509 86 414 95 7,710 83 1,707 83 1,707 83 1,707 85 2,608 66 2,509 19 5,817 84 167 31 132 82 2,080 58 1,594 21 250 00 258 12 2,080 58 1,594 21 250 00 258 12 2,080 58 1,594 21 250 00 258 12 2,080 58 1,594 21 250 00 258 12 2,133 39 642 25 149 77 4,175 47 4,175 47 4,175 47 4,175 47 2,255 00 228 22 1,336 36 866 79 828 96	\$ c. 8,741 15 2,418 01 7,037 67 8,731 17 3,347 86 44,770 07 1,707 33 7,309 14 1,450 00 6,500 00 1,291 52 2,688 09 23,369 97 4,165 15 4,598 12 3,382 74 14,358 73 1,781 95 19,006 76 15,207 00 4,789 44 30,825 93 1,764 51 2,166 36 9,716 48 13,070 64 7,860 53 2,724 29 50,931 65 1,259 14 1,050 26 4,080 58 8,920 49 1,472 00 1,656 13 5,419 33 2,349 37 1,463 93 1,784 42 1,379 22 48,791 85 1,309 74 4,754 95 4,525 66 2,040 55 1,049 77 14,978 94 2,305 75 1,113 67 3,302 67 14,285 57 1,355 36	\$- 30,000 6,000 38,000 10,500 10,500 10,500 10,500 35,000 3,000 4,000 17,500 17,000 21,500 50,000 45,000 33,000 87,800 5,700 14,000 2,000 40,000 2,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 16,000 4,500 17,000 16,000 16,000 4,500 17,000 16,000 4,500 16,000 4,500 16,000 4,500 16,000 4,500 17,000 16,000 4,500 16,000 4,500 17,000 16,000 4,000 17,000 10,000	\$ 600 500 2,006 332 772 350 120 200 75 100 500 325 225 670 129 460 8,000 295 68 210 100 300 386 119 152 1,000 2,000 100 100 181 1,500 300 242 1,000 223 187 143 230 600 150 363 500 253 120 882 402 400 1,500 1,160 1,500
53 5,031 00 54 5,200 00		75 00 450 00	5,981 93 1,702 25	11,609 35 7,777 25	48, 0 00 75,000	1,100

ROMAN CATHOLIC

I. TABLE F.—FINANCIAL

			Receipts		
Towns	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants and Assessments	Balances Subscribed and Other Sources	Total Amount Received	
55 St. Mary's. 56 Sandwich. 57 Seaforth. 58 Smith's Falls. 59 Sturgeon Falls. 60 Sudbury. 61 Thorold. 62 Tilbury. 63 Timmins. 64 Trenton. 65 Vankleek Hill. 66 Walkerton. 67 Walkerville. 68 Wallaceburg. 69 Waterloo. 70 Weston. 71 Whitby.	\$ c. 57 05 232 78 90 23 159 13 434 78 1,069 16 285 25 108 53 197 52 137 40 110 98 121 89 125 39 184 04 192 11 42 19	\$ c. 1,523 38 7,119 03 1,914 11 3,948 81 6,000 00 48,985 32 7,000 00 6,546 39 20,562 56 4,128 50 2,033 53 2,455 52 4,654 28 4,864 09 5,445 02 1,095 05 850 00	\$ c. 869 04 72,599 59	\$ c. 409 36 5,041 09 1,446 67 4,093 52 5,125 63 5,359 28 1,292 02 1,803 87 1,978 74 1,534 14 616 90 135 61 1,654 85 1,074 56 300 58 1,101 42 345 13	13,261 94 3,451 01 8,201 46 84,160 00 55,413 76 8,577 27 8,458 79 22,738 82 5,800 04 2,761 41 2,713 02 6,434 52 6,122 69
Totals	14,346 54	393,087 73	126,531 63	156,872 03	690,837 93
Totals 1 Rural Schools. 2 Cities. 3 Towns. 4 Villages.	156,246 68 19,248 42 14,346 54 6,441 65	323,236 07 1,239,228 68 393,087 73 24,759 24	47,358 22 594,572 26 126,531 63 3,012 00	252,129 78 353,224 70 156,872 03 18,545 07	778,970 75 2,206,274 06 690,837 93 52,757 96
5 Grand Totals, 1921 6 Grand Totals, 1920	196,283 29 133,672 32	1,980,311 72 1,646,451 93	771,474 11 147,203 91	780,771 58 739,981 57	3,728,840 70 2,667,309 73
7 Increases	62,610 97	333,859 79	624,270 20	40,790 01	1,061,530 97
8 Percentages	5.26	53.10	20.68	20.93	

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued)

STATEMENT, ETC. (Concluded)

_		E	Expenditure				
	Teachers' Salaries	Sites and Building School Houses	Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and School Books	All Other Purposes	Total Amount Expended	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furniture	Value of Equipment
555 566 577 588 599 600 611 622 633 644 655 677 717	\$ c. 1,075 00 4,725 00 1,130 00 2,600 00 6,288 75 22,608 78 5,608 50 2,210 00 7,872 47 1,350 00 1,800 00 2,056 25 1,610 00 1,967 50 3,382 50 1,180 00 720 00	\$ c. 3,523 00 21 42 602 72 75,582 10 3,600 00 525 59 811 90 3,026 46 480 66 79 95 92 08 1,959 00 	\$ c. 11 45 	4,293 96 858 70 3,849 12	1,333 73 12,541 96 2,028 42 7,107 74 84,160 00 43,837 41 8,577 27 4,307 73 20,780 24 4,411 71 2,209 95 2,618 97 4,851 08 ,887 25 5,210 91 2,185 32	\$ 4,500 9,000 6,900 110,000 127,000 32,000 40,000 10,000 20,000 20,000 25,000 31,800 3,700	\$ 175 232 342 1,000 700 1,000 1,513 334 900 515 307 675 425 997 881 1,800 250
	219,521 27	240,697 90	7,223 77	161,343 14	628,791 08	1,759,800	44,816
1 2 3 4	53,870 25 641,694 98 219,521 27 21,874 47	113,489 75 727,855 87 240,697 90 4,507 74	8,326 85 23,732 47 7,228 77 936 31	139,912 50 687,910 09 161,343 14 11,717 38	615,599 35 2,081,193 41 628,791 08 39,035 90	1,056,473 6,740,798 1,759,800 113,555	53,856 203,055 44,816 6,780
	1,236,960 97 1,013,981 37	1,086,551 26 465,098 69	40,224 40 30,865 46	1,000, 8 33 11 862,519 45	3,364,619 74 2,372,464 97	9,670,626 7,390,714	303,507 267,503
7	222,979 60	621,452 57	9,358 94	138,363 66	992,154 77	2,279,912	41,004
8	36.76	32.29	1.19	29.74			

Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance: Rural Schools, \$30.52; Cities, \$50.81; Towns, \$29.72; Villages, \$23.00; Province, \$40.06.

ROMAN CATHOLIC

II. TABLE G.-TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

Teachers														,				1
Rural Schools	No. of Schools	No. of Teachers	Male	Female	Average salary, male	Average salary, female	No. who have ever attended a Model School in Ontario	No. who have ever attended a Normal School in Ontario	No. who attended Normal Coll., Faculty or Coll. of Ed.	Number of University Graduates	1st Class or Interim 1st Class	2nd Class or Interim 2nd Class	3rd Class	District	Kindergarten-Primary	Permanent Ungraded	Temporary	Number of Pupils
1 Bruce	8 20 28 11 7 6 8 8 1	26 42 11 7 6 10 9		12 26 41 10 7 6 10 8 1	1,000 1,000 1,100	\$1087 686 830 967 1,089 958 1,010 975 1,000 950	24 2 1	7 8 15 9 6 5 9 4 1 3	1	1	1	7 8 15 9 6 5 8 4 1 3	20 2	1 3		3	9 2	
Grenville 12 Lennox and Addington	2	2		2 2		550 900	1	1				1	1				1	20 35
13 Middlesex 14 Norfolk 15 Northumber-	2 5 1	5 1		5		980		4 1		• • •		4				• • •		107 38
land & Durham 16 Ontario 17 Peel 18 Perth 19 Peterborough.	6 1 1 7 5	2 1 12	• •	6 2 1 12 5		867 1,012 800 1,083 1,040		6 1 1 8 5	1 4	 1	1 4	6 1 1 8 5						104 76 15 493 201
20 Prescott and Russell 21 Renfrew 22 Simcoe	98 16 4		3	129 26 8		495 883 712	95 5 2	6 19 4	1	• • •	1 1	4 18 4	79 4 2	1		3	31 2 1	5,636 951 366
 23 Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry 24 Victoria 25 Waterloo 26 Wellington 27 Districts 	22 2 7 6 89	33 3 12 6 124	1 1 1 7	32 3 11 5 117	1,200 1,000 914	876 983 880 1,000 743	17 71	14 2 7 6 10	1 1 	2	4 1	11 2 7 6 10	14	34		3	1 · · · · 2 · · · · · 44	1,300 100 455 148 5,085
Totals	374	507	17	490	910	763	235	162	15	4	19	155	172	53		15	93	20,166
Cities 1 Belleville 2 Brantford 3 Chatham 4 Ft. William 5 Galt 6 Guelph 7 Hamilton 8 Kingston 9 Kitchener 10 London 11 Niagara Falls. 12 Ottawa 13 Owen Sound. 14 Peterborough 15 Pt. Arthur 16 St. Catharines 17 St. Thomas 18 Sarnia 19 S. S. Marie 20 Stratford 21 Toronto 22 Windsor 23 Woodstock Totals	1 4 2 3 1 2 6 1 32 5 1	4 31 12 11 6 9 32 10 245 41 3	25	4 31 12 11 6 9 32 10 220 41 3	1,300 1,500 900 776 	458 650 562 796 825 558 636 500 550 510 837 585 500 502 687 791 500 975 567 550	21	4 8 10 22 4 8 8 51 15 17 27 8 65 3 25 11 7 7 4 6 6 21 7 7 190 37 7 2 552 552	2 6 1 4 6 6 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 1	3 1 8 1 18	2 6 1 4 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 8 10 20 4 8 50 15 17 25 7 64 3 25 11 7 7 190 36 2 2	108	3	- -	1 4 21 2 3 1 1 16 1 2 2 2 2 1 3 2 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1	32	339 830 436 1,454 204 657 3,513 835 1,171 1,264 361 10,254 1,69 244 344 1,665 455 11,820 2,177 131

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued)

PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC.

_										J14, 12	10.			
	Boys	Girls	Average daily attendance	Percentage of actual aggregate to possible aggregate attendance	No. of pupils in Kindergarten- Primary	First Reader, Part I or Primer	First Reader, Part II, or First Book	Second Book	Third Book	Fourth Book	Beyond Fourth Book	Art	Geography	Music
1 2 3 4 5. 6 7 8 9	271 611 1,015 135 93 72 162 184 24	571 917 112 90 80 153 195 22	670 1,285 152 113 101 101 230 259 30	83 78 75 77 74 79 78	3	88 545 602 44 29 29 46 122 7	68 177 363 26 •21 21 37 61	36 36 36 36 36 36 36 49	163 337 38 48 34 86 65	113 127 248 3 79 5 58 1 25 1 83 5 59	3 12 7 10 8 2 8 2 8 3 8 2 8 3 9 3 9 3	2 520 0 1,014 7 1,898 4 247 5 183 7 152 7 315 3 379	432 767 3 1,459 247 154 152 269 254 46	520 908 1,788 247 183 152 315 379 46
11	10	10	10	62		4	3	2	2	8	1	20	20	20
12 13 1 4	13 66 17	22 41 21		54 80 81		6 16 7		15	26	32	2 3	35 107 38	104	107
15 16 17 18 19	56 31 11 243 120	48 45 4 250 81	61 12	76 90 77 77 77		18 6 2 76 42		10 1 64	95	10 4 112	21 1 2 94	15	76 15	76
20 21 22	2,810 452 177	2,826 499 189	3,939 627 254	83 87 82		2,339 242 102	1,013 137 45	973 147 92	688 149 72	170	106	4,953 801 366	3,550 718 366	4,484 788 366
23 24 25 26 27	645 54 235 74 2,584	655 46 220 74 2,501	817 72 352 105 3,090	84 76 82 83 73		382 11 78 38 2,456	184 6 66 11 897		17	33 82 43	14	100 455	843 100 377 110 3,236	1,265 100 455 148 4,071
	10,206	9,960	13,293	79.03	443	7,341	3,308	3,324	2,934	2,273	543	17,904	14,110	17,307
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	161 394 242 760 97 398 1,834 382 568 647 187 4,865 91 654 312 314 118 179 832 232 6,043 1,126 60	178 436 194 694 107 259 1,679 453 603 617 174 5,389 78 73 307 315 126 165 833 223 5,777 1,051	876 982 235 8,686 117 969 488 442 190 285 1,019 349 7,907 1,622		30 268 	29 284 80 125 48 86 357 94 2,720 670 29	37 97 48 186 39 94 611 147 184 573 1,803 26 185 80 112 37 64 254 97 1,679 318 21	275 37 121 560 216 201 46 2,090 28 191 164 135 35 53 279 62 2,186 513 25	314 225 87 1,705 45 247 152 134 73 67 307 93 2,332 351 32	144 90 138 422 121 433 217 226 171 53 1,271 41 273 113 123 51 56 195 109 1,973 325 24	279 39 124 806 206 	1,211 361 10,254 169 1,386 619 629 244 344 1,527 455 11,820 2,177 131	140 1,386 619 629 244 344 1,374 361 11,820 2,507 131	1,264 361 10,254 169 1,386 619 629 244 344 1,665 455 11,820 2,177 131
_	20,496	20,461	30,431	89.27	947	9,687	6,387	7,623	7,8931	6,279	2,141	40,449	38,3431	40,688

ROMAN CATHOLIC

II. TABLE G-TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

	A
1 Bruce 520 520 125 252 364 508 508 520 12 12	Geometry
2 Carleton. 743 766 251 167 716 983 978 1,118 3 8 4 3 Essex. 1,549 1,535 402 390 718 1,185 1,436 1,932 . 7 7 7 4 Frontenac. 247 247 86 123 178 247 247 247 1 4 4 5 Grey. 183 183 64 103 137 177 177 183 . . 6 . 6 . . 152 152 . 5 5 5 . . 5 5 5 5 5 5 . 5 . . 7 7 7 7 1 4	 2 14
12 Lennox and Addington 35 35 6 17 23 35 35 35 13 Middlesex 107 107 35 56 74 107 107 107 3 3 3 3 14 Norfolk 38 38 14 24 24 38 38 38	
15 Northumberland and Durham. 104 104 30 46 67 104 104 104	14 42
20 Prescott and Russell	6 77
23 Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry 972 1,086 468 383 620 761 803 1,217 4 117 155 24 Victoria 100 100 47 64 83 100 100 100 14 14. 25 Waterloo 455 455 82 226 311 455 455 455 26 Wellington 148 148 43 69 99 148 148 148 27 Districts 3,682 3,633 675 551 2,681 4,135 4,158 4,294 4 4 3	90
Totals 14,860 17,147 3,724 4,356 10,894 15,866 15,933 18,419 90 395 415 2	254
1 Belleville 339 339 90 158 208 339 348 363 348 348 348 348 348 348 348 348 348 348	231 333 30 806 102
Totals 40,594 40,556 15,154 20,446 22,925 40,459 40,282 40,847 2283 1512 1825 17	1709

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued) PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

													Miscell				
	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Schools where Medi- cal Inspection is in force	Schools where Nurse Insp. with Medical Supervision is in force	Schools where Nurse Inspection only is in force	Total number of Nurses employed	Schools where Dental Inspection is in force	No. of Schools with a Library	No. of Volumes	Value of Libraries
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	15		3 26	1,535	1 6 21 		209	29	42	1		1	1		8 15 28 11 7 6 8 8 1 1 3 2	3,527 1,737 3,925 1,598 1,866 1,201 3,046 1,301 300 311 228	\$ 1,401 626 1,544 735 647 434 1,155 463 140 100 51
12 13 14							36	27							2 5 1	82 819 470	72 370 100
15 16 17 18 19			21 1				26 9 224		253	1		i	1		6 1 1 7 5	1,292 180 207 3,173 914	490 61 120 1,068 336
20 21 22	66		61 51	5,531 65 309	5 71		106 111	61 31	26	3	1				58 15 4	3,371 3,170 1,237	1,338 1,478 400
23 24 25 26 27			99 14 3				143 52 160 43 156	42	241				: .	2	18 2 7 6 63	2,720 596 2,537 1,195 2,392	1,639 235 1,000 384 1,360
	326	36	357	13047	304	7	2,385	579	714	17	3	3	4	6	298	43,395	17,747
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23	231 33 104 74 178		701 56 5	5,704	18 141 33 71 233 121 	20 31	95 299 321 416 182 140 601 86 126 113 42 124 24 24 51 202	126 27	604	9	11 14 9 33 1	2	8 1	33	1 2 1 3 1 1 3 3 1 1 4 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 6 1 3 3 2 5 1 1	86 807 1,760 1,344 205 1,800 4,700 1,219 2,300 2,224 1,004 6,632 317 4,138 362 2,096 1,445 691 800 2,757 11,554 2,560 793	393 370 760 1,199 131 600 2,240 507 600 1,508 342 6,633 201 1,389 762 965 727 638 648 750 4,144 1,084 536
		-	a hha	6,42 2		055	2 542	056	1200	43	95	5	29	71	131	51,594	27 127

ROMAN CATHOLIC

II. TABLE G-TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

							Т	eacher	s								
Towns	No. of Schools	No. of Teachers Male	Female	Average salary, male	Average salary, female	No. who have ever attended a Model School in Ontario	No. who have ever attended a Normal School in Ontario	No. who have ever attended the Normal College or Faculty or Coll. of Ed.	Number of University Graduates	1st Class or Interim	2nd Class or Interim 2nd Class	3rd Class	District	Kindergarten-Primary	Permanent Ungraded	Temporary	Number of Pupils
1 Alexandria 2 Almonte 3 Amherstburg. 4 Arnprior 5 Barrie. 6 Blind River 7 Bonfield 8 Brockville 9 Cache Bay 10 Campbellford. 11 Charlton 12 Chelmsford 13 Cobalt 14 Cobourg 15 Cochrane 16 Collingwood 17 Cornwall 18 Dundas 19 Eastview 20 Ford 21 Fort Frances 22 Gananoque 23 Goderich 24 Hanover 25 Haileybury 26 Hawkesbury 27 Hespeler 28 Ingersoll 29 Iroquois Falls 30 Kearney 31 Keewatin 32 Kenora 33 Lindsay 34 Little Current 35 Massey 36 Mattawa 37 Merritton 38 Mount Forest 39 New Liskeard 40 Newmarket 41 North Bay 42 Oakville 43 Orillia 44 Oshawa 45 Paris 46 Parkhill 47 Pembroke 48 Perth 49 Picton 50 Prescott 51 Preston 52 Rainy River 53 Renfrew 54*Rockland 55 St. Mary's 56 Sandwich		4 2 7 8 .8 .1 7 .1 7 .1 2 1	3 122 124 44 44 11 14 44 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	\$333 \$500 1,400 1,500	467 437 3500 400 375 875 814 309 900 433 1,100 1,000 600 1,705 500 600 675 900 675 900 668 462 400 900 562 400 900 562 400 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900	3 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 3 1 2 3 3 3 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0 3 1 0 0 3 1 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	73 44 77 22		22		33 11 11 44 13 33 11 88		1			1 1 1 5	570 120 326 494 124 322 106 299 140 70 44 203 637 135 250 78 1,134 146 736 644 205 183 86 615 365 1,370 60 123 110 329 74 110 329 74 91 98 81 1,026 45 194 226 697 191 30 102 248 52 497 859 53 493

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued) PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

PUPILS	IN THE	VAR		RAN	CHES	OF :	INSTI	RUCT	ION,	ETC.	(Conti	inued)	
Boys	Girls	Average daily attendance	Percentage of actual aggregate to possible aggregate attend- ance	No. of pupils in Kindergarten- Primary	First Reader, Part I, or Primer	First Reader, Part II, or First Book	Second Book	Third Book	Fourth Book	Beyond Fourth Book	Art	Geography	Music
1 250 2 61 3 149 4 239 5 75 6 136 7 49 8 140 9 85 10 34 11 2 12 95 13 354 14 74 15 160 16 45 17 566 18 75 19 336 20 310 21 100 22 87 23 46 25 211 26 715 27 34 28 55 29 54 30 19 31 16 32 13 33 16 33 16 33 16 33 16 33 16 34 22 35 55 36 14 37 44 38 44 39 46 41 46 42 2 43 10 44 12 45 37 48 11 47 37 48 11 49 50 88 51 12 55 2 56 26	599 1777 2459 1860 577 1595 1088 2833 6 233 1088 2833 6 400 0 3344 154 1090 10334 1154 1154 1154 1154 1154 1154 1154 1	432 95 265 347 90 219 63 227 77 24 421 114 225 52 891 110 48 454 123 60 73 82 227 1,089 40 110 32 26 23 178 26 23 178 29 55 55 56 79 60 60 70 60 70 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	77 911 90 89 84 80 666 922 666 93 93 85 89 99 92 92 88 89 91 92 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 91 87 88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89	25 111 63 69 40 10 11 51 51	1366 153 244 1800 222 644 355 316 966 1799 300 200 188 368 322 5788 206 122 531 111 118 112 471 102 28 550	37 38 11 1 57 23 2 16 53 8 64 180	14	26 25 52 170 34 7 3 46 68 9 18 15 21 7 7 14 193 9 46 47 170 46 63 30 55 4 47 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	53 16 26 10 19 176 40 23 14 3 139 32 32 39 4 115 53	18 19	1350 78 1,134 146 7366 644 205 183 863 100 123 110 34 32 253 3341 54 110 329 98 81 81 1,026 45 194 226 697 191 301 302 497 897 897 897 897 897 897 897 897 897 8	110 329 74 75 63 58 609 45 194 226 74 133 697 191 30 132 198 52 497 859 41	45 194 226 74 22 697 191 30 111 248 497 859 53

ROMAN CATHOLIC

II. TABLE G-TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

Towns	Literature	Composition	Grammar	English History	Canadian History	Physiology and Hygiene	Nature Study	Physical Culture	Bookkeeping	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry
18 Dundas. 19 Eastview. 20 Ford. 21 Fort Frances. 22 Gananoque. 23 Goderich. 24 Hanover. 25 Haileybury. 26 Hawkesbury. 27 Hespeler. 28 Ingersoll. 29 Iroquois Falls. 30 Kearney. 31 Keewatin. 32 Kenora. 33 Lindsay. 34 Little Current. 35 Massey. 36 Mattawa. 37 Merritton. 38 Mount Forest. 39 New Liskeard. 40 Newmarket.	570 120 326 494 124 322 106 299 140 70 44 41 135 230 637 135 230 140 146 158 644 115 365 977 60 123 60 123 60 34 13 253 341 110 63 81 1,026 45 1,026 46 47 1,026 47 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0 4 1,0	570 1200 326 494 124 322 106 6299 140 700 28 203 598 135 230 78 1,134 146 736 64 153 365 1,045 60 123 60 123 60 34 13 253 341 14 26 110 329 74 91 130 25 110 329 74 91 130 26 110 329 74 91 130 26 110 329 74 91 130 25 400 85 194 226 697 191 30 132 248 81 1,026 45 55 400 85 93 493	115 88 82 30 344 13 79 8 8 32 6 6 35 298 39 57 21 11 11 24 20 20 117 74 11 11 24 24 20 14 4 33 79 17 9 329 16 26 11 17 17 17 18 29 18 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	142 88 31 211 55 34 67 145 20 32 15 53 36 67 57 46 54 49 51 142 20 32 15 56 49 51 142 20 31 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 2	966 88 112 266 77 322 106 207 115 47 25 203 336 81 57 47 47 509 90 158 211 165 78 62 81 142 856 38 77 70 60 17 4 128 220 17 110 329 36 67 17 110 329 36 67 17 110 329 36 67 17 110 329 36 67 13 46 60 17 13 40 163 43 11 128 24 95 145 30 209 85 9 85 9 145 31 31 31	434 120 307 494 124 322 106 6299 140 70 44 203 637 135 233 78 1,134 205 183 86 115 365 1,063 60 123 130 253 341 54 110 329 74 98 81 11,026 45 45 11,026 45 11,026 45 11,026 45 11,026 45 11,026 46 11,026 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	570 120 307 341 124 322 106 6299 140 70 44 203 637 135 233 78 1,134 146 736 370 205 183 86 115 365 995 60 123 110 329 140 10 205 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 1	570 1200 3266 494 124 3222 1066 2999 1400 700 444 203 6377 1355 2333 78 1,134 1466 7366 6444 2055 1833 866 1153 365 1,0766 600 1233 1100 324 132 248 522 4977 1911 300 132 248 522 4977 859		18 18 18	18 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	13

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued)

PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

	1			1	100	9 D	IXALV	GHES	OF	11/51	RUG	rion,		(Con	tinu	ed)	
													Miscella	neous			
	Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Schools where Medical Inspection is in force	Schools where Nurse Insp. with Medical Supervision is in force	Schools where Nurse Inspection only is in force	Total number of Nurses employed	Schools where Dental Inspection is in force	No. of Schools with a Library	No. of Volumes	Value of Libraries
1 2 3			18 10	205	18 18		95									450 231 1,417	\$400 116 656
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	• • • •			265 106				494		1		1 1 1	1 1 1		1 1 1 1	301 442 238 33	183 428 132 25
10			• • • • •	115					13						1	1,210 20	553 20
11 12 13 14	• • • •		5	168 356	5					1		i			4	177 189 231	55 136 185
15 16 17 18	• • • •											1		1	1 2	911 183 571 1,430	570 109 255 275
19 20				736						1					13	285 444	146 241
21 22 23			• • • • •			ļ							1		1	432	70
24 25 26 27	• • • •	18	59	1,321	59	41				1					1	121 81 1,468	65 53 703
27 28 29 30			• • • • •	72							····· 1	1	1	i	1 1 1	324 80 134	288 50 49
31 32 33			• • • • • •	10 100											1 1 1	70 842 1,870	61 475 1,200
34 35 36				74			17								1 1 1	232 154 1,009	643 66 333
37 38 39															1 1 1	142 120 39	72 72 34
40 41 42									1			3	1		1 2 1	277 296 70	160 321 23
43 44 45							71			••••		1 1		1	1 1 1	536 554 280	446 291 158
46 47 48			• • • • •	150								1		1	1 1 1	124 1,631 532 100	38 536 242 49
49 50 51 52				50											1 1	885 1,285 88	860 760 42
53 54 55													1		1	1,420	462
56															2	184	100

ROMAN CATHOLIC II. TABLE G—TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

								T	eacher	2								
Towns	No. of Schools	No. of Teachers	Male	Female	Average salary, male	Average salary, female	No. who have ever attended a Model School in Ontario	Normal School in Ontario	Normal College or Faculty or Coll. of Ed.	Number of University Graduates	1st Class or Interim 1st Class	2nd Class or Interim 2nd Class	3rd Class	District	Kindergarten-Primary	Permanent Ungraded	Temporary	Number of Pupils
57 Seaforth 58 Smith's Falls	1 1	2 6		2 6	\$	\$ 500 550		2 6				2 6						89 250
59 Sturgeon Falls 60 Sudbury 61 Thorold 62 Tilbury 63 Timmins 64 Trenton 65 Vankleek	1 6 1 1 3 1	19 27 8 6 13 4		19 27 8 6 13 4	• • •	587 838 750 408 792 475	1	2	1	• • •	1	11 6 2 3 4	12 9 	1 3 4		2 1	6 2 7	836 1358 434 300 617 232
Hill	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 5 5 6 6 2 1		6 5 5 6 6 2 1		321 400 350 292 550 800 800		1 4 5 1 2 1	1	1	1	1 4 5 1 2	4	1		2 2	1	223 227 210 375 304 102 69
Totals	96	430	19	411	663	556	104	195	5	3	5	190	65	24		48	98	21157
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages	374 135 96 16	871 430		490 794 411 40	910 933 663	763 707 556 661	235 297 104 10	552	15 50 5 3	18	19 47 5 4	155 543 190 18	172 124 65 5	11 24	5	15 106 48 8	35 98	20166 40957 21157 1697
5 Grand Totals, 1921	621	1848	113	1735	885	686	646	929	73	26	75	906	366	89	5	177	230	8397 7
6 Grand Totals, 1920	594	1716	109	1607	1,027	637	579	842	68	24	73	804	355	54	10	195	225	76881
7 Increase 8 Decreases	27	132	4	128	142	49	67	87	5	2	2	102	11	35	5	18	5	7096
9 Percentages			6.1	93.8			34.9	50.2	3.9	1.4	4.	49.0	19.8	4.8	.27	9.5	12.4	

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Continued)

PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

											(COIII	,	
Boys	Girls	Average daily attendance	Percentage of actual aggregate to possible aggregate attend- ance	No. of pupils in Kindergarten- Primary	First Reader, Part I, or Primer	First Reader, Part II, or First Book	Second Book	Third Book	Fourth Book	Beyond Fourth Book	Art	Geography	Music
54 119	35 131	73 197	91 84		15 47	17 50	14 47		22 57		89 250	74 250	89 250
453 665 221 133 307 118	383 693 213 167 310 114	508 958 326 220 329 184	92 95 87 76 89 79	244	164 331 115 112 109 58	109 376 66 55 141 40	126 272 79 49 139 32	205 86 49 92	174 88		836 1,358 434 184 617 232	428 1,358 434 184 617 232	836 1,358 434 300 617 232
93 125 108 187 138 51 41	130 102 102 188 166 51 28	160 171 162 243 230 62 46	77 87 81 89 76 88 88		78 31 46 130 55 39 27	34 30 48 71 44 13	39 43 46 60 47 13 9	99 16	59 21	20	223 227 210 375 304 102 69	111 196 210 375 249 102 69	223 227 210 375 304 102 69
10,603	10,554	15,107	85.92	676	6,065	3,576	4,027	3,772	2,948	93	20,792	18,004	20,771
10,206 20,496 10,603 835		13,293 30,431 15,107 1,248	79.03 89.27 85.92 84.39	443 947 676	7,341 9,687 6,065 356	3,308 6,387 3,576 307	3,324 7,623 4,027 303	2,934 7,893 3,772 335	2,273 6,279 2,948 348	543 2,141 93 48	40,449	38,343	17,307 40,688 20,771 1,658
42,140	41,837	60,079	85.90	2066	23449	13578	15277	14934	11848	2,825	80,842	72,021	80,424
38,209	38,672	52,370		2299	21705	12592	14020	13815	10362	2,088	74,043	67,343	72,949
3,931	3,165	7,709		233	1,744	986	1,257	1,119	1,486	737	6,799	4, 678	7,475
50.18	49.81	71.54		2.46	27.92	16.16	18.18	17.78	14.10	3.36	96.26	85.76	95.76
	54 119 453 665 221 133 307 118 93 125 108 187 138 51 41 10,603 10,206 20,496 10,603 835 42,140 38,209 3,931	54 35 119 131 453 383 665 693 221 213 133 167 307 310 118 114 93 130 125 102 108 102 187 188 138 166 51 51 41 28 10,603 10,554 10,206 20,461 10,603 10,554 835 862 42,140 41,837 38,209 38,672 3,931 3,165	54 35 73 119 131 197 453 383 508 665 693 958 221 213 326 133 167 220 307 310 329 118 114 184 93 130 160 125 102 171 108 102 162 187 188 243 138 166 230 51 51 62 41 28 46 10,603 10,554 15,107 10,206 9,960 13,293 20,496 20,461 30,431 10,603 10,554 15,107 835 862 1,248 42,140 41,837 60,079 38,209 38,672 52,370 3,931 3,165 7,709	54 35 73 91 119 131 197 84 453 383 508 92 665 693 958 95 221 213 326 87 133 167 220 76 307 310 329 89 118 114 184 79 93 130 160 77 125 102 171 87 108 102 162 81 187 188 243 89 138 166 230 76 51 51 62 88 41 28 46 84 10,603 10,554 15,107 85.92 10,603 10,554 15,107 85.92 835 862 1,248 84.39 42,140 41,837 60,079 85.90 38,209 38,672 52,370	56 150	56 15 16 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 24 164 665 693 958 95 331 320 87 115 133 167 220 76 112 331 167 220 76 112 331 105 109 118 114 184 79 58 93 130 160 77 7 78 31 329 39 105 39 31 32 31 31 31	56 15 73 91 15 17 15 17 50 453 383 508 92 244 164 109 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 331 376 37 115 66 665 693 958 95 331 376 310 320 76 115 66 133 167 220 76 115 66 63 98 105 109 141 118 144 184 79 58 40 40 44 48 40 46 48 40 46 48 48 46 48 40 46 48 48 39 130 71 78 34 30 71 31 30 71 30 71	Section Section <t< td=""><td>Section Section <t< td=""><td>E E</td><td>Eng Eng Eng<td>Eg Eg Eg<</td><td>56 15 29 48 88 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 435 184 184</td></td></t<></td></t<>	Section Section <t< td=""><td>E E</td><td>Eng Eng Eng<td>Eg Eg Eg<</td><td>56 15 29 48 88 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 435 184 184</td></td></t<>	E E	Eng Eng <td>Eg Eg Eg<</td> <td>56 15 29 48 88 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 435 184 184</td>	Eg Eg<	56 15 29 48 88 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 434 435 184 184

ROMAN CATHOLIC

II. TABLE G-TEACHERS, SALARIES, CERTIFICATES, ATTENDANCE,

Towns	Literature	Composition	Grammar	English History	Canadian History	Physiology and Hygiene	Nature Study	Physical Culture	Bookkeeping	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry
57 Seaforth	89 250 836 1,358 434 184 617 232 111 227 210 375 304 102 69	89 250 836 1,358 434 184 617 232 223 227 210 375 304 102 69	22 57 80 174 88 35 31 45 41 76 28 58 59 21	43 106 80 379 174 35 123 102 722 103 28 114 158 50 20	57 153 310 651 253 129 403 134 111 166 210 114 205 50 29	89 250 836 1,358 434 129 617 232 223 207 210 375 304 102 69	89 250 836 1,358 434 129 617 232 207 210 375 304 102 69	89 250 836 1,358 434 300 617 232 207 210 375 304 102 69		20	20	
Totals	19,570	20,310	4,177	1 6,451	11,506	19,867	20,063	20,807	71	133	106	14
Totals 1 Rural Schools 2 Cities 3 Towns 4 Villages	40,594		3,724 15,154 4,177 418	4,356 20,446 6,451 688	11,506	40,459	15,933 40,282 20,063 1,641	40,847	2283 71	1512 133	1825 106	1709 14
5 Grand Totals, 1921	76,425	79,632	23,473	31,941	46,368	77,879	77,919	81,770	2449	2088	2394	2005
6 Grand Totals, 1920	68,801	72,316	20,747	26,565	38,669	69,865	69,811	74,670	3406	1976	1621	1330
7 Increases 8 Decreases		7,316	2,726	5,376	7,699	8,014	8,108	7,100	957	112	773	675
9 Percentages	91.07	94.82	27.95	38.03	55.21	92.73	92.78	97.37	2.91	2.48	2.85	2.38

SEPARATE SCHOOLS (Concluded)

PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Concluded)

													. (00.			
												Miscel	laneous			
Latin	German	French (beyond 4th Book)	French (Primer to 4th Book inclusive)	Elementary Science	Commercial Subjects	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Schools where Medical Inspection is in force	Schools where Nurse Insp. with Medical Supervision is in force	Schools where Nurse Inspection only is in force	Total number of Nurses employed	Schools where Dental Inspection is in force	No. of Schools with a Library	No. of Volumes	Value of Libraries
20	1	1	728 883 285 504 212	20		43 35 103 56 158 37			1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 200 625 1,888 1,224 400 136 284 433 560 280 809 931 8000	\$163 239 331 679 757 157 260 156 539 180 455 681 500 10
39	19	106	9,490	133	41	1288	1,828	141	11	2	20	18	5	79	33169	18694
1,127		1,771	6,422	304 921 133 28	255 41	3543			17 43 11 2	3 95 2	3 5 20	29 18	6 71 5 1	298 131 79 15	43395 51594 33169 3,669	27127 18694
1,529	55	2,266	29445	1386	303	7415	2,794	2194	73	100	28	51	83	523	131827	65912
1,261		1,815	29632	1732	739	6993	11114	2176								
268		451 	187	346	436	422	8,320	18								
1.8	06	2.6	35.06	1.6	.36	8.8	3.3	2.6	11.7	16.1	4.5		13.3	84.2		
	20 39 31,529 1,261 268	39 19 326 36 1,127 39 19 37 1,529 55 1,261 268	39 19 106 326 36 357 1,771 39 19 37 1,529 55 2,266 1,261 1,815 268 451	### Power of the p	### Poor Poor	### Part	### Part of the pa	### ### ##############################	Remark R	Remain R	Harmonian Harm	Harder H	Hartest Hart	High High	Hand Hand	Hard Hard

CONTINUATION I. TABLE H.—FINAN

	1				TABLE 1.	
		1	Rece	ipts		
Continuation Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Balances and other sources	Total Receipts
1 Aberfoyle. 2 Acton. 3 Agincourt. 4 Ailsa Craig. 5 Alvinston. 6 Arkona. 7 Ayr. 8 Bancroft. 9 Bath. 10 Beaverton. 11 Beeton. 12 Belmont. 13 Blenheim. 14 Blind River. 15 Blyth. 16 Bolton. 17 Bothwell. 18 Bowesville. 19 Bridgeburg. 20 Bruce Mines. 21 Brussels. 22 Burk's Falls. 23 Cannington. 24 Cardinal. 25 Carp. 26 Chapleau. 27 Claremont. 28 Clifford. 29*Cobden. 30 Cochrane. 31 Coldwater. 32 Comber. 33 Cookstown. 34 Creemore. 35 Delaware. 36 Delhi. 37*Denbigh. 38*Devizes. 39*Dorchester. 40 Drayton. 41 Dresden. 42 Drumbo. 43 Dryden. 44 Eganville. 45 Eganville (R.C.S.S.). 46 Elmira. 47 Elmvale. 48 Ennismore. 49 Erin.	\$ c. 335 75 886 10 600 78 425 90 875 47 429 85 882 90 2,866 26 776 31 890 58 833 05 907 55 913 05 2,040 10 636 85 418 00 860 45 410 82 940 00 2,169 52 878 75 1,784 78 873 50 844 02 861 77 1,700 10 702 52 830 15 702 881 408 852 15 916 50 881 40 852 05 447 25 600 00 2,083 035 604 10 2,205 60 875 76 899 25 902 05 696 52 618 10	\$ c. 335 75 886 10 600 78 1,256 71 1,273 53 709 47 240 39 300 00 1,076 31 1,490 58 1,780 58 1,433 86 1,413 05	\$ c. 1,254 72 2,209 77 800 00 775 00 1,274 31 800 00 1,412 94 625 00 1,500 00 1,500 00 1,972 49 1,799 76 2,121 05 1,439 50 4,670 00 1,089 18 6,148 62 2,500 00 1,600 00 1,855 95 531 03 1,700 00 2,500 00 1,000 00 2,127 66 1,484 94 1,450 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 66 1,486 00 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,127 60 2,12	56 00 251 30 127 00 241 40 123 50 570 00	\$ c. 80 60 1,232 41 68 11 47 60 21 84 1,365 44 1,019 68 509 97 55 14 1,328 37 2,610 82 70 40 25 50 84 91 9 00 398 75 107 36 45 45 262 63 2,365 87 315 00 924 52 2,126 82 436 79 45 40 50 09 329 40 2,945 82 129 75 2,244 67 1,069 29 2,003 50 150 40 153 69 1,194 28 4 50 957 78 1,534 21 89 50 890 69 890 69 890 69 1,534 21 89 50 890 69 890 69 890 69 1,534 21 89 50 890 69	\$ c. 1,926 22 4,289 07 3,375 97 2,588 39 3,631 91 2,041 16 4,128 45 4,185 94 4,079 39 4,079 39 4,079 39 4,096 36 3,117 26 2,936 50 7,473 65 2,128 18 9,801 36 4,940 15 6,880 37 4,270 36 5,395 84 3,565 89 4,791 56 6,539 82 1,484 94 2,202 89 4,323 05 4,165 97 5,034 71 3,909 56 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 5,714 19 2,034 66 6,579 6,588 83 7,59 20 3,440 73 5,254 56 6,446 41 2,688 87 3,299 85
50 Espanola 51 Fenelon Falls 52 Feversham	914 74 880 83 367 35		1,723 38 803 55		1,292 44 95 40 159 55	2,207 18 3,655 44 1,354 45

^{*} Opened in September

SCHOOLS
CIAL STATEMENT

		Evnandit	1180		
		Expendit		ι ω .	
Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites, and all permanent improvements	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, drawing models and equipment for physical culture	School books, station- ery, fuel, examinations and other expenses	Total Expenditure
\$ c. 1 1,100 00 2 3,139 00 3 1,865 00 4 1,910 00 5 2,680 00 6 1,450 00 7 2,880 00 8 3,189 35 9 2,450 00 10 3,080 15 11 3,120 00 12 3,086 24 13 3,556 00 14 2,580 00 15 2,380 00 16 1,635 00 17 2,690 00 18 1,200 00 19 5,454 00 20 2,840 00 21 3,258 00 22 3,168 65 23 2,740 00 24 2,820 00 25 2,981 58 26 4,043 50 27 2,840 00 28 2,500 00 29 600 00 30 1,926 35 31 3,139 00 31 2,780 00 30 3,926 50 31 3,139 00 32 2,780 00 33 2,741 00 34 2,965 00 35 2,740 00 36 1,700 00 37 532 00 38 520 00 39 1,360 00 40 4,820 00 41 2,200 00 42 1,850 00 43 2,880 00 44 2,830 99 45 1,500 00 48 2,250 00 49 2,110 00 50 1,500 00 50 1,500 00 50 1,500 00 51 2,820 00 52 1,140 00 51 2,820 00 52 1,140 00	\$ c. 56 00 195 86 158 15 107 69 313 89 205 22 178 78 60 97 67 14 21 25 1,671 00 190 00 3,163 93 132 15 1,176 15 293 54 747 80 261 67 229 23 1,343 00 493 88 508 25 1,584 52 135 85 222 60 408 88 308 12 117 00 200 64 353 08 60 00 10 20	\$ c. 272 81 43 000 14 95 104 16 53 45 115 38 30 00 280 00 110 00 154 60 38 86 23 44 21 81 8 00 140 15 482 34 23 77 115 56 64 00 59 01 188 89 7 37 58 12 36 57 470 63 53 49 10 50 195 37 50 77	\$ c. 118 35 103 10 214 20 78 68 51 90 36 85 22 000 40 000 97 40 107 02 2222 10 59 00 380 00 100 00 378 04 60 03 33 74 298 25 212 83 93 43 33 02 93 25 285 03 68 57 17 66 459 72 61 66 72 25 123 50 177 73 374 95 45 67 75 53 74 11 329 95 342 51 645 72 62 46 33 82 138 79 42 00 142 81 64 27 58 63 86 82 120 00 44 00 69 47 125 25	\$ c. 590 09 555 90 827 43 268 96 586 12 226 17 617 14 506 92 389 44 765 21 326 53 1,719 76 1,005 99 856 36 328 91 344 90 628 58 710 10 1,944 10 1,050 41 5571 21 1,568 30 570 89 847 33 505 09 1,429 95 47 40 118 80 728 57 123 20 732 23 669 66 1,350 02 201 54 73 76 305 50 1,573 00 1,552 06 1,573 00 1,552 06 1,573 00 1,552 16 1,120 01 275 75 763 75 396 83 570 60 28 23	\$ c. 1,864 44 4,266 67 3,107 78 2,380 28 3,631 91 2,022 40 3,675 92 3,779 24 3,000 03 4,079 39 3,553 55 6,699 10 4,650 99 4,096 36 3,108 91 2,512 54 6,581 49 2,089 99 8,911 36 4,126 68 4,126 68 4,126 68 4,126 68 4,270 06 4,496 43 3,565 89 3,956 54 5,726 15 3,370 75 4,529 82 1,484 94 2,141 17 4,106 63 3,828 73 4,109 85 5,572 55 2,034 66 1,618 48 1,370 76 3,895 74 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,975 24 6,598 68 3,965 54 1,107 06 4,685 21 2,683 07 2,993 75 1,940 83 3,655 44 1,354 45

CONTINUATION I. TABLE H.—FINAN

				1.	TABLE F	I.—FINAN
			Re	ceipts		
Continuation Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Balances and other sources	Total Receipts
53 Finch 54 Fingal. 55 Frankford 56 Gore Bay. 57 Grand Valley. 58 Hanover. 59 Harrow. 60 Havelock. 61*Hensall. 62 Hepworth. 63 Highgate. 64*Holstein. 65*Huntsville. 66*Ilderton. 67*Iroquois Falls. 68*Islington. 69 Jarvis. 70 Jockvale. 71 Kars. 72 Keewatin. 73 Kenmore. 74 Kinburn. 75 Lakefield. 76*Lambeth. 77 Lanark. 78 Lansdowne. 79 Lion's Head. 80 Little Current. 81 Lobo. 82 Lucknow. 83 Malakoff. 84 Manitowaning. 85 Manotick. 86 Marmora. 87 Massey. 88 Maxville. 89 Melbourne. 90 Merlin. 91 Merrickville. 92 Metcalfe. 93 Millbrook. 94 Milverton. 95*Mimico. 96 Minden. 97 Morriston. 98 Mount Albert. 99 Mount Brydges. 100 Navan. 101 New Hamburg. 102 New Liskeard.	\$ c. 880 83 865 85 661 1,692 80 900 05 914 70 861 80 879 29 382 95 866 95 1,805 90 432 05 726 99 1,828 10 874 59 608 62 889 50 60 594 46 853 60 582 36 1,882 84 62 65 55 860 15 859 72 856 90 854 79 862 65 700 21 322 86 882 11 876 90 683 90 1,811 16	\$ c. 1,192 95 2,164 63 2,429 47955 00 1,372 05 200 00 1,241 07160 48 1,366 95 100 00990 05 632 05 826 99 1,074 44 608 62 889 50 1,048 91 621 76 864 87 1,980 67 2,221 50 794 46200 00 305 001,411 79 1,322 91 1,360 15 1,259 72 1,056 90 1,660 77 1,319 70400 21 506 14 882 11 1,868 23 1,167 92	\$ c. 2,150 00 1,000 00 400 00 1,528 28 1,859 59 2,356 62 2,019 53 2,150 30 866 79 415 65 2,655 76 1,150 97 3,934 54 1,762 87 1,286 35 1,720 00 223 96 700 00 1,555 48 2,499 29 1,592 63 1,473 59 4,500 00 1,338 25 1,900 00 2,179 79 1,033 80 1,500 00 1,338 25 1,900 00 1,338 25 1,900 00 1,338 25 1,900 00 1,338 25 1,900 00 1,752 69 1,133 33 4,100 00 1,437 00 1,148 90 1,500 00 1,1437 00 1,148 90 1,500 00 1,1437 00 1,148 90 1,500 00 1,750 80 1,500 80 1,500 64 8,310 08 2,32 10 1,433 64 1,000 00 1,000 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,700 00	\$ c. 111 20 37 00 194 74 365 42 299 00 160 00 49 00 137 00 315 76 280 00 57 20 31 00 44 50 302 00 150 00 190 00 20 00 289 00 24 00 110 00 66 00 355 00 90 00 107 00 229 50 289 06 193 00 600 00 189 00 159 50 289 06 193 00 150 65 150 00 150 65 54 00 305 00 150 65 54 00 305 00 154 00 154 00	\$ c. 434 85 467 01 106 91 70 98 72 00 193 43 2,010 00 4 00 1,091 16 2,373 85 264 73 2,559 22 82 00 32 99 589 00 156 84 506 03 194 25 12 50 1,858 32 7,331 03 15 00 1,746 06 914 50 544 73 111 13 263 68 2,390 63 348 06 162 55 836 12 204 90 500 00 222 43 1,040 17 87 50 32 00 606 81 13 46 58 40 1,680 67 2,206 46 852 49	\$ c. 4,769 83 4,534 49 3,786 99 3,486 80 4,152 06 5,135 80 5,251 33 4,323 66 79 2,187 24 7,579 27 1,515 70 6,050 14 4,322 09 1,286 35 1,720 00 1,805 21 1,797 09 3,140 46 4,960 89 4,000 50 3,346 86 6,473 25 1,350 75 5,971 51 5,256 68 12,102 40 6,050 78 5,074 60 6,050 78 5,074 60 6,050 78 5,074 60 6,050 78 5,074 65 2,336 79 22,245 37 9,033 47 1,586 96 3,394 65 2,336 79 22,245 37 9,033 47 1,586 96 3,595 5 5 4,131 58 4,155 50 3,563 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52 4,150 52
103 North Augusta 104 North Gower	856 74 822 00	1,256 74 922 00	850 00 1,400 00	113 00	387 73 725 00	3,464 21 3,869 00

^{*} Opened in September

SCHOOLS (Continued) CIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

			E			
			Expendit		1 10	
	Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites, and all permanent improvements	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, drawing models and equipment for physical culture	School books, stationery, fuel, examinations and other expenses	Total Expenditure
53 54 55 57 58 50 61 62 63 64 66 67 68 67 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	\$ c. 3,330 93 2,820 00 2,990 00 2,840 00 2,700 00 3,686 29 2,785 00 3,360 00 1,178 04 3,100 00 420 00 624 00 1,200 00 624 00 1,348 90 2,668 21 3,660 00 3,140 00 2,239 49 4,460 00 5,067 07 1,120 00 624 00 624 00 624 00 624 00 624 00 624 00 3,140 00 3,140 00 3,140 00 3,400 0	574 59 15 00 80 64 98 88 9 09 318 00 577 25 143 70 50 00 200 00 755 45 368 00 162 06 1,957 14 133 80 221 35 576 11 133 80 221 35 320 47 2,658 35 3 00 75 00 303 97 35 09 16 55 144 91	140 00 100 00 		\$ c. 728 63 841 71 702 13 392 50 922 66 1,318 49 409 92 509 42 713 06 481 42 104 41 572 00 197 30 120 00 222 62 280 10 368 85 1,233 44 829 42 320 34 1,344 50 25 09 647 26 518 52 421 85 301 80 1,505 26 725 00 333 10 288 64 452 08 2,240 29 193 96 874 12 511 98 1,072 02 549 77 697 16 995 18 226 15 1,089 28 1,072 02 549 77 697 16 995 18 226 15 1,089 28 1,063 50 550 00 1,618 32 349 79 608 85	\$ c. 4,769 83 3,860 53 3,762 98 3,419 30 4,152 06 5,135 80 5,251 33 4,323 66 8,66 79 2,187 24 3,955 88 1,515 70 5,943 14 4,226 37 1,286 35 1,720 00 1,771 09 1,724 49 3,140 46 4,960 89 4,000 50 3,346 86 6,394 50 1,124 41 3,436 47 3,337 54 1,591 85 2,102 40 5,600 76 4,838 00 1,124 41 3,436 47 3,337 54 1,591 85 2,102 40 5,600 76 4,838 00 1,124 41 3,436 47 3,337 54 4,343 52 4,048 89 4,590 51 4,233 33 8,501 58 4,131 58 4,132 42 3,543 52 4,048 89 4,590 51 4,233 33 8,501 58 4,131 58 4,132 42 3,543 52 4,048 89 4,590 51 4,233 33 8,501 58 3,501 58 4,131 65 3,504 38 3,970 00 5,317 65 3,204 38 3,970 00 5,317 65 3,389 00

CONTINUATION I. TABLE H.—FINAN

	<u> </u>		1.—FINAN			
		1	Recei	.pcs		
Continuation Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Balances and other sources	Total Receipts
105 Odessa	\$ c. 833 17 856 60 846 27 910 55 861 94 874 25 888 85 869 35 879 55 1,473 44 601 75 836 25 853 00 891 30	\$ c. 1,052 43	\$ c. 1,966 00 1,413 02 2,668 83 245 94 2,097 74 1,267 82 1,481 57 1,000 00 4,200 00 2,977 08 1,237 11 10,371 15 1,430 00 2,319 75 450 64 1,969 79 1,028 22 1,950 00 1,275 35 1,936 64 1,969 79 1,028 22 1,950 00 1,275 35 1,936 64 1,000 00 1,708 91 3,100 00 1,708 91 3,100 00 1,708 91 3,100 00 1,708 91 3,100 00 1,000 00 2,002 86 1,037 95 422 66 2,000 00 1,011 98 3,655 73 850 00 5,732 45 874 03 614 14 1,354 48 900 00	\$ c. 129 00 150 08 313 75 490 00 42 00 354 00 279 00 372 25 491 75 320 50 100 00 49 50 171 00 162 40 277 25 416 00 630 60 289 25 169 50 143 00 161 00 336 00 176 00 34 00 161 00 376 00 176 00 376 00 176 00 376 00	\$ c. 2,648 50 1,460 62 75 40 2,320 58 5 00 963 35 1,726 31 52,012 00 3,325 85 473 30 2,738 55 57 50 69 95 2,792 35 1,006 50 806 71 2,059 19 239 27 2,218 07 885 90 2,161 00 7 10 884 03 777 88 832 32 1,333 84 1,106 93 240 30 3,018 71 928 28 827 92 44 35 672 45 650 21 50 12 3 00 94 40 1,226 64 380 00 792 35 383 05 1,792 11 129 03 1,792 11	\$ c. 5,576 67 3,472 13 4,975 72 3,822 701 7,008 50 3,440 61 3,879 60 04 60,936 95 10,915 88 4,318 99 6,924 28 3,758 86 11,430 80 7,662 40 1,006 50 4,778 28 3,779 10 5,064 56 2,075 00 6,825 22 5,262 39 4,910 17 4,058 75 832 32 5,019 11 4,142 53 4,078 11 5,064 52 4,018 71 4,974 17 4,632 19 3,687 63 3,901 01 5,580 06 1,041 44 4,525 42 3,799 74 4,331 21 5,172 01 5,083 27 5,682 47 5,044 29 3,655 73 4,044 95 7,894 61 3,960 68 1,506 70 3,192 77 3,496 33

^{*}Opened in September.

CIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

	1	Expend			
Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites, and all permanent improvements	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, drawing models and equipment for physical culture	School books, stationery, fuel, examinations and other expenses	Total Expenditure
\$ c. 105	247 23 11 39 172 74 452 91	\$ c. 10 15 48 29 36 74 71 36 59 34 17 38 16 40 63 14 300 00 121 76 217 36 154 88 100 00 14 40 21 50 2 34 218 58 218 58 7 50 54 00 83 92 16 21 17 30 76 00 77 40 255 65 255 65	\$ c. 252 64 369 56 93 23 11 65 22 94 181 80 141 48 1,253 35 478 44 109 48 64 02 63 97 205 76 389 39 178 30 178 45 178 30 178 45 178 30 178 45 178 30 178 45 178 30 178 45 178 30 178 40 178	\$ c. 644 45 215 20 782 88 807 75 1,419 91 446 31 812 96 480 80 3,097 38 895 65 415 00 726 17 528 56 3,747 99 1,165 63 99 17 480 51 574 22 242 29 426 00 733 96 1,327 18 2,431 90 290 10 977 97 944 23 47 02 766 59 326 86 677 53 1,127 78 593 46 511 79 97 944 23 47 02 766 59 326 86 677 53 1,127 78 593 46 511 89 96 647 63 657 85 783 91 130 11 795 70 415 67 595 21 715 85 760 87 908 15 506 41 172 02 1,324 95 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00 379 55 188 25 1,006 00	\$ c c 3,344 45 3,326 07 3,967 63 3,967 63 3,840 61 3,879 60 63 3,879 60 63 4,698 88 3,753 44 3,818 03 3,758 86 11,430 80 5,434 15 1,006 50 4,094 91 3,779 10 5,064 56 2,075 00 3,690 54 4,477 79 5,495 03 2,164 20 4,060 83 2,388 23 3,986 93 3,274 90 4,078 11 5,020 06 4,018 71 3,645 23 4,558 36 3,687 63 3,432 85 3,681 06 1,041 3,645 23 4,558 36 3,687 63 3,432 85 3,681 06 1,041 3,645 23 4,558 36 3,687 63 3,432 85 3,681 06 1,041 3,645 23 4,558 36 3,687 63 3,432 85 3,681 06 1,041 3,645 23 4,558 36 3,687 63 3,432 85 3,681 06 1,041 3,655 7,894 61 3,960 68 1,506 70 3,192 77 2,378 15

CONTINUATION I. TABLE H—FINAN

	Receipts											
Continuation Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Balances and other sources	Total Receipts						
157 Wheatley	\$ c. 427 95 801 70			\$ c. 149 75	\$ c. 330 48 593 10							
1 Totals, 1921 2 Totals, 1920				22,090 90 32,582 29	162,894 49 77,228 74	723,426 62 548,411 17						
3 Increases		18,487 64	67,462 49	10,491 39		175,015 45						
5 Percentages	17.66	19.85	36.91	3.05	22.51							

^{*} Opened in September

CIAL STATEMENT (Concluded)

	Expenditure													
	Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites, and all permanent improvements	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, drawing models and equipment for physical culture	School books, stationery, fuel, examinations and other expenses	Total Expenditure								
157 158 159	\$ c. 1,160 00 1,380 00 2,460 00		\$ c. 105 21 102 39 15 36	\$ c. 57 60 94 45 104 50	\$ c. 282 65 302 72 515 46	\$ c. 1,872 46 1,879 56 3,112 82								
1 2	406,162 00 317,602 27	97,077 07 34,773 90	12,118 43 7,483 24	23,970 50 17,433 11	110,146 40 95,792 66									
3 4	88,559 73	62,303 17	4,635 19	6,537 39	14,353 74	176,389 22								
5	62.53	14.94	1.86	3.69	16.95									

CONTINUATION II. TABLE I—SCHOOLS UNDER PUBLIC SCHOOL

		11. 1	ABLE	1-50	JHOU	LS	INDE	K PU	BLIC S	CH	OOL
									Value o	f Ge	neral
Continuation Schools	Schools under Public or Separate School Board	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium, not including	Museum	Aquarium or Herbarium
1 Aberfoyle. 2 Acton. 3 Agincourt. 4 Ailsa Craig. 5 Alvinston. 6 Arkona. 7 Ayr. 8 Bancroft. 9 Bath. 10 Beaverton. 11 Beeton. 12 Belmont. 13 Blenheim. 14 Blind River. 15 Blyth. 16 Bolton. 17 Bothwell. 18 Bowesville. 19 Bridgeburg. 20 Bruce Mines. 21 Brussels. 22 Burk's Falls. 23 Cannington. 24 Cardinal. 25 Carp. 26 Chapleau. 27 Claremont. 28 Clifford. 29 Cobden. 30 Cochrane. 31 Coldwater. 32 Comber. 33 Cookstown. 34 Creemore. 35 Delaware. 36 Delhi. 37 Denbigh. 38 Devizes. 39 Dorchester. 40 Drayton. 41 Dresden. 42 Drumbo. 43 Dryden. 44 Eganville. 45 Eganville (R. C. S. S. 46 Elmira. 47 Elmvale. 48 Ennismore. 49 Erin. 50 Espanola. 51 Fenelon Falls. 52 Feversham. 53 Finch. 54 Fingal. 55 Frankford. 56 Gore Bav.		302 260 501 299 259 292 298 194 359 153 375 237	\$ 110 490 313 228 372 195 438 2899 2999 546 508 612 510 362 415 231 417 1,150 470 386 330 384 330 311 165 475 352 276 276 276 278 499 420 499 499 499 499 499 499 499 499 499 49	76 37 52 54 66 30 36 86 50 46 117 53	39 37 59 35 52 28 27 48 34 29 61 39 36 69 24 48 54 59 40 49 49 42 51 70 70 71 71 73 84 45 46 47 47 48 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	75	\$ 64 522 744 200 77 57 322 366 366 369 240 344 522 549 622 300 233 138 59 444 766 655 400 599 434 455 499 436 457 459 460 460 57 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	177 9 155 305 40 144 300 3 299 10 299 14	3,000	18	3

SCHOOLS (Continued) BOARD, VALUE OF EQUIPMENT, ETC.

Equipme	ent	Religious and other Exercis							Dest	inatio	n of l	Pupils		
Pictures	Lotal Value of General Equipment	Schools in which the Bible or Selections therefrom are used	Schools in which Passages are Memorized	Schools Opened with Prayer	Schools Closed with Prayer	Commencement Exercises	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Den- tistry or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other Continuat'n or High Schools	Without Occupation
\$ 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 202 11 10 202 11 12 50 13 14 15 16 5 16 5 16 5 17 18 19 50 21 42 42 22 34 25 26 6 6 27 18 29 30 10 31 32 25 25 25 37 6 38 35 27 36 37 6 38 38 39 40 42 20 41 42 45 29 46 47 47 13 48 44 45 29 46 47 47 13 48 49 50 15 51 18 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	995 816 753 721 942 410 1,236 902					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2 3 4 4 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 	1 1 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	1 2 12 2 2 4 5 5	3 2 3 4 2 1 1 4 1 1 4 1	1 1 1 2 2 3 2 4 1 1 3 3 3 4 4 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 8 4 3 1 1 8 8 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 5 5 4 4 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 2 2 4 4 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	3 1 3 4 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

CONTINUATION II. TABLE I—SCHOOLS UNDER PUBLIC SCHOOL

		П. Т	ABLE	1-30	СНОО	LS (JNDE	K PU	BLIC S	CH	OOL
								7	lalue of	Ge	neral
Continuation Schools	Schools under Public or Separate School Board	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium, not including Equipment	Museum	Aquarium or Herbarium
57 Grand Valley. 58 Hanover. 59 Harrow. 60 Havelock 61 Hensall. 62 Hepworth 63 Highgate. 64 Holstein. 65 Huntsville. 66 Ilderton. 67 Iroquois Falls. 68 Islington. 69 Jarvis. 70 Jockvale. 71 Kars. 72 Keewatin. 73 Kenmore. 74 Kinburn. 75 Lakefield. 76 Lambeth. 77 Lanark. 78 Lansdowne. 79 Lion's Head. 80 Little Current. 81 Lobo. 82 Lucknow. 83 Malakoff. 84 Manitowaning. 85 Manotick. 86 Marmora. 87 Massey. 88 Maxville. 89 Melbourne. 90 Merlin. 91 Merrickville. 92 Metcalfe. 93 Millbrook. 94 Milverton. 95 Mimico. 96 Minden. 97 Morriston. 98 Mount Albert. 99 Mount Brydges. 100 Navan. 101 New Hamburg. 102 New Liskeard. 103 North Augusta. 104 North Gower. 105 Odessa. 106 Oil Springs. 107 Orono. 108 Paisley. 109 Palemerston. 111 Plattsville. 112 Port Burwell.		\$ 323 396 226 475 143 396 226 475 143 158 319 145 390 00 108 147 334 158 185 315 284 210 320 295 238 242 296 288 301 426 201 320 355 359 275 366 314 329 208 300 254 334 349	\$ 593	\$ 75 62 49 89 79 50 78 80 1166 51 119 388 577 628 40 47 622 109 700 533 38 755 500 599 53 88 544 1366 23 79 600 177 557 699 600 711 333 667 100 711 334 667	46 35 40 411 448 48 17 50 48 58 34 41 41 40 46 58 51 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	35	\$ 30 74 52 58 51 39 67 24 8 34 22 48 34 26 79 51 68 56 46 43 23 47 38 47 38 152	\$73 222 12 17 37 108 20 45 5 22 24 50 27 11 16 23 20 30 27 18 110 31 31 14	50	\$	

BOARD, VALUE OF EQUIPMENT, ETC. (Continued)

Equipment		l other Exercise	D	Destination of Pupils						
Pictures Total Value of General Equipment	Schools in which the Bible or Selections therefrom are used Schools in which Passages are Memorized	Schools Opened with Prayer Schools Closed with Prayer Commencement	Commerce	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	The Trades Other Occupations	Other Continuat'n or High Schools Without				
104 10 79 105 12 89 106 15 89 107 5 77 108 1,00	1	1		1		2 2 4 3 6 1 1 1 1 1				

CONTINUATION

II. TABLE I—SCHOOLS UNDER PUBLIC SCHOOL

		•		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								
										Value	of G	eneral
Continuation S	chools	Schools under Public or Separate School Board	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium, not including Equipment	Museum .	Aquarium or Herbarium
113 Port Colborne 114 Port Credit 115 Powassan 116 Princeton 117 Richmond 118 Ridgeway 119 Ripley 120 Rockwood 121 Rodney 122 Russell 123 St. George 124 Schomberg 125 Scotland 126 Southampton 127 South Mount 128 South Porcup 129 Spencerville 130 Springfield 131 Sprucedale 132 Stayner 133 Stella 134 Stouffville 135 Sturgeon Fall 136 Sunderland 137 Sutton 138 Tamworth 139 Tara 140 Tavistock 141 Teeswater 142 Thamesford 143 Thamesville 144 Thessalon 145 Thornbury 146 Thorndale 147 Tilbury 148 Timmins 149 Tottenham 150 Walkerville 151 Warkworth 152 Westboro' 153 West Lorne 154 Westmeath 155 Westport (R 157 Wheatley 158 Winona 159 Wroxeter	ain ine.		\$ 443 359 164 331 209 345 426 88 8449 242 3302 232 233 27 490 45 253 193 304 141 301 286 229 425 307 199 366 348 294 308 258 273 267 464 312 365 186 293 359 129	\$ 952 424 605 268 209 743 400 93 324 363 408 229 298 621 494 401 624 197 449 314 401 402 307 130 341 597 612 349 481 310 362 190 483 290 299 195 374	\$ 60 83 89 65 51 55 63 63 51 74 84 77 60 62 54 52 54 63 35 63 63 63 63 63 64 62 54 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	40 40 40 588 477 56 73 444 388 622 27 29 35 20 43 46 43 43 45 39 34 45 30 30 25 37 42 42 42 43 44 45 46 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	60	\$ 38 33 39 57 33 222 67 841 722 52 59 25 39 57 38 116 46 63 59 45 73 30 311 18 40 600 63 48 35 55 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 58 73 60 35 73 60 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73	20 18 9 20 73 20 28 4 15 52		9	7 15
1 Totals, 1921. 2 Totals, 1920.		146 133	42,978 37,392		9,760 7,967		680 640		3,564 2,067	3,050 3,865	27 18	74 39
3 Increases 4 Decreases		13	5,586	6,879	1,793	857	40	1,276	1,497	815	9	35
5 Percentages			31.90	43.30	7.24	5.26	.50	5.60	2.64	2.26	. 02	. 05

BOARD, VALUE OF EQUIPMENT, ETC. (Concluded)

W75.		ent Religious and other Exercises Destination of Pupils												
Equip	oment		ious an	d othe	er Exe	rcises	-				on of	Pupils		
Pictures	Total Value of General Equipment	Schools in which the Bible or Selections therefrom are used	Schools in which Passages are Memorized	Schools Opened with Prayer	Schools Closed with Prayer	Commencement Exercises	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other Continuat'n or High Schools	Without Occupations
\$ 113 114 115 116 10 117 118 119 121 122 35 123 124 125 24 126 127 62 128 27 129 8 130 131 133 10 134 135 136 137 138 138 139 10 140 15 141 144 145 146 11 147 15 141 144 145 146 11 147 15 141 145 150 151 150 151 152 60 153 26 154 155 156 42 157 158 158 159 25	\$ 2,461 984 926 796 796 548 1,212 1,014 377 921 533 829 1,157 998 602 657 1,396 280 880 750 756 1,233 491 886, 751 741 1,008 755 522 803 1,127 1,063 835 807 769 938 416 1,195 937 947 517 939 839 755 413 936		1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 6 6 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 3 3	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	22	11 33 22 11	3 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1	2	2
	134,714 117,629	111 98	3 2	159 143	23 19	26 25	121 280	242 298	60 56			247 237	376 336	212 214
3 4 72	17,085	13	1	16	4	1	159	56	4	21	2	10	40	2
		69.81	1.88	100	14.46	16.35			3,75	15.58	5.69	15.45		
3 1.10		07.011	1.00	100	11, 101.	.0.00		20.12	-, 10	20.00	5.05			

CONTINUATION III. TABLE J—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

III. TABLE J—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOL												
		Att	endan	ce			ımber pils in		Pu	umbe pils fr		
Continuation Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Second'y Sch.	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Sch. Sec. or Sect'ns forming the Cont'n School District	County Outside Con. Sch. District	Adjacent County or Counties	Other Places
1 Aberfoyle	14 68 30 31 56 53 51 37 35 55 55 55 55 50 40 40 40 41 23 63 63 63 51 32 21 51 37 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	45 47 21 10 17 36 33 18 21 7 8 32 6 32 16 22 24	23 35 38 28 20 24 14 34 44 10 23 35	61 45 38 36 44 40 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	29 23 21 27 10 12 6 34 10 12 22 22 22 22 15 15 11 13 13 14 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	7 26 12 12 23 14 17 24 12 13 00 16 6 6 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	25 122 166 217 167 168 168 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179		133 300 144 488 299 366 166 279 599 266 279 266 279 288 288 288 298 298 298 298 29	16 32 17 25 15 41 13 15 31 15 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	1 1 1 8 18 20 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC.

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. Number of Pupils from Families whose											
Number He	of Pupils from ad is occupie	m Fam d as be	ilies w	hose		No. c	of Pupils	in the	Variou	ıs Sub	jects
Commerce	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
1 1 1 1 2 3 20 3 16 3 8 12 16 3 8 12 15 3 10 11 12 2 1 10 11 1 18 12 11 11 11 12 11 11 11 12 11 11 11 12 11 11 11 12 <	1	34 44 2 3 44 111 111 177 133 22 22 100 33 55 100 40 33 55 100 40 33 55 22 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 1	23 26 5 6 1 18 86 12 5 10 10 2 14 10 2 14 3 3 2 2 3 2 3 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1	1 5 2 1 5 5 6 3 3 5 18 3 1 4 4 6 6 5 18 3 12 6 6 6 6 14 6 6 6 6 14 6 6 6 6 14 6 6 6 6	2 	7 19 9 14 47 5 13 12 10 25 5 5 47 7 25 33 166 28 15 18 11 13 4 4 13 3 14 14 32 32 21 1 5 7 35 66 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 8 23 6 6 6 7 12 27 24 31 14 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	14 68 29 311 56 23 55 31 70 72 41 59 19 41 11 64 35 54 54 50 36 53 48 34 37 24 40 23 63 86 91 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	14 68 29 311 56 22 511 37 35 35 30 70 72 41 59 19 41 11 64 35 55 50 38 54 48 35 37 24 40 23 63 63 50 50 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	7 26 12 12 23 18 25 12 17 10 16 6 36 10 28 23 9 17 25 15 15 20 13 17 14 30 33 15 16 10 23 32 40 21 14 15 18 25 22 12 12 12 16 23 37 12 20 21 35	22 10 7 10 4 8 8 21 11 23 19 8 16 5 6 18 19 25 13 14 9 9 3 17 15 18 18 28 27 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	22 10 7 10 4 7 7 21 100 23 199 8 14 7 5 4 8 17 25 11 13 4 4 9 9 3 12 11 19 4 21 14 8 2 5 7 19 14 15 5 17 13 8 13 15 18

CONTINUATION

III. TABLE J-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

Number of Pupils i	the Various	Subjects	(Continued)
--------------------	-------------	----------	-------------

Number	of Pupil	s in the	Variou	s Subje	cts (Co	ntinue	1)		
Continuation Schools	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	French	German	Latin	Zoology
1 Aberfoyle. 2 Acton. 3 Agincourt. 4 Ailsa Craig. 5 Alvinston. 6 Arkona. 7 Ayr. 8 Bancroft. 9 Bath. 10 Beaverton. 11 Beeton. 12 Belmont. 13 Blenheim. 14 Blind River. 15 Blyth. 16 Bolton. 17 Bothwell. 18 Bowesville. 19 Bridgeburg. 20 Bruce Mines. 21 Brussels. 22 Burk's Falls. 23 Cannington. 24 Cardinal. 25 Carp. 26 Chapleau. 27 Claremont. 28 Clifford. 29 Cobden. 30 Cochrane. 31 Coldwater. 32 Comber. 33 Cookstown. 34 Creemore. 35 Delaware. 36 Delhi. 37 Denbigh. 38 Devizes. 39 Dorchester. 40 Drayton. 41 Dresden. 42 Eganville (R. C. S. S.). 46 Elmira. 47 Elmvale. 48 Ennismore. 49 Erin. 50 Espanola. 51 Fenelon Falls. 52 Feversham. 53 Finch. 54 Fingal. 55 Frankford. 56 Gore Bay. 57 Grand Valley.	28	20 13 16 15 19 11 13 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	10 5 43 53 33 36 99 177 55 99 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179	35444 5335 56448 3432 4832 4832 324111 325 557 6666 677 227 337 447 447 457 457 457 457 457 45	4 26 199 188 31 155 400 466 44 155 1 22 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	23 10 44 43 33 44 43 33 44 43 33 44 45 45 45 45 45 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	3 3 5 5 7 7 3 3 8 8 3 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	24 35 25 21 63 11 70 16 40 29	16 14 11 13 13 15 4 11 16 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

Number	of Pupils	in the	Various	Subjects	(Continued)
--------	-----------	--------	---------	----------	-------------

Number of Pupils in the Various Subjects (Continued)											
Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial Course	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
1 14 2 22 3 20 4 24 5 46 6 22 7 47 8 26 9 27 10 34 11 12 12 46 13 25 14 12 15 43 16 19 17 33 18 11 19 12 20 28 21 48 22 13 23 25 24 25 25 39 26 38 27 26 28 28 29 23 30 17 31 28 32 32 24 25 39 22 33 44 34 13 35 32 37 21 38 15 39 29 40	23 10 	13 15 7 16 14 7 13 14				144 48 20 25 25 25 25 27 26 27 26 27 26 27 36 47 36 47 36 40 40 40 40 26 28 23 17 30 20 44 43 17 30 20 24 44 43 17 30 62 28 23 17 30 20 44 43 17 30 62 28 23 17 30 20 44 43 17 30 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	29 31 56 22 51 35 55 31 70 72 41 59 19 41 11 64 35 68 55 50 40 54 48 34 37 24 41 72 41 17 41 18 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41		83		

CONTINUATION III. TABLE J—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		Att	endan	ce			umber		Number of Pupils from—			
Continuation Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Second'y Sch.	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Sch. Sec. or Sect'ns forming the Cont'n School District	County Outside Con. Sch. District	Adjacent County or Counties Other Places	
58 Hanover. 59 Harrow. 60 Havelock. 61 Hensall. 62 Hepworth. 63 Highgate. 64 Holstein. 65 Huntsville. 66 Ilderton. 67 Iroquois Falls. 68 Islington. 69 Jarvis. 70 Jockvale. 71 Kars. 72 Keewatin. 73 Kenmore. 74 Kinburn. 75 Lakefield. 76 Lambeth. 77 Lanark. 78 Lansdowne. 79 Lion's Head. 80 Little Current. 81 Lobo. 82 Lucknow. 83 Malakoff. 84 Manitowaning. 85 Manotick. 86 Marmora. 87 Massey. 88 Maxville. 89 Melbourne. 90 Merlin. 91 Merrickville. 92 Metcalfe. 93 Millbrook. 94 Milverton. 95 Mimico. 96 Minden. 97 Morriston. 98 Mount Albert. 99 Mount Brydges. 100 Navan. 101 New Hamburg. 102 New Liskeard. 103 North Augusta. 104 North Gower. 105 Odessa. 106 Oil Springs. 107 Orono. 108 Paisley. 109 Pakenham. 110 Palmerston. 111 Plattsville. 112 Port Burwell. 113 Port Colborne.	44 39	40 24 22 17 10 22 8 31 9 6 11 12 3 3 10 10 18 20 24 12 29 11 4 12 18 25 7 7 10 5 28 10 28 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	38 23 22 22 4 43 46 19 8 13 21 77 21 19 30 27 62 24 46 45 50 12 50 40 33 31 46 45 50 40 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	68 38 39 34 12 48 18 68 26 61 11 75 21 76 32 10 43 66 11 11 25 31 70 15 63 46 50 51 30 31 44 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	39 27 20 33 33 14 15 21 16 24 27 17 15 38 20 9 9 18 22 18 4 15 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	39 6 22 16 37	21 16 13 23 5 20 2 21 11 18 8 6 7 14 16 23 35 24 13 23 11 14 8 21 10 20 20 15 7 19 32 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	17 20 111 200 8 7 111 177 63 33 26 111 8 29 15 24 15 15 15 8 15 13 6 9 15 15 8 11 15 12 10 15 19 20 10 11 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	34 21 10 20 16 60 17 14 19 11 8 13 29 19 16 58	20 27 18 	5	

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

Numbe	er of Pupil	CONT	No. o	of Pupils	s in the	Vario	us Sub	iects				
Commerce	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
59 60 2 61 62 2 63 1 64 1 65 14 66 69 1 70 71 3 72 73 75 7 76 1 77 3 78 9 4 80 3 81 82 18 83 84 3 85 2 86 24 87 3 90 4 91 1 92 98 11 99 4 100 4 101 10 102 13 103 1 104 3 105 106 2 <	29 1		16 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 3 3 3 14 11 7 5 14 1 17 7 5 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 11 4 6 4 11 16 3 14 8 3 14 8 3 6 6 6 2 11 3 11 1 7 7 5 42 4 2 2 4 1 1 3 1 1 1 7 7 5 42 4 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 5 42 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 12 2	3 2	61 16 13 84 45 21 57 24 14 12 31 88 24 48 15 17 23 34 36 34 31 32 11 10 34 31 32 11 11 13 22 14 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	76 47 44 39 14 54 54 21 77 28 14 44 31 9 300 29 48 47 80 24 48 47 70 12 28 38 77 21 78 50 64 57 36 66 101 22 23 40 51 33 33 25 33 34 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	76 47 44 39 14 56 21 77 28 14 24 31 9 31 19 31 19 31 18 47 83 31 44 70 12 28 89 44 13 31 17 78 52 64 67 66 101 22 23 36 67 61 61 21 22 23 35 25 33 35 24 80 54 80 54 60 67 91	37 29 20 26 6 22 16 37 18 14 15 15 15 20 20 33 21 22 16 4 4 12 4 29 20 30 29 13 21 22 29 13 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	15 2 12 20 8 7 10 31 6 81 23 11 8 31 7 15 20 81 8 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	16 2 12 10 13 7 10 17 66 27 24 11 8 31 7 5 26 13 10 14 8 6 15 10 6 9 15 8 14 15 8 3 17 17 19 14 12 6 20

CONTINUATION III. TABLE J—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

	N	umber	of Pupi	ls in the	e Vario	ıs Subj	ects (Ce	ontinue	d)
Continuation Schools	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	French	German	Latin	Zoology
58 Hanover. 59 Harrow. 60 Havelock. 61 Hensall. 62 Hepworth 63 Highgate. 64 Holstein. 65 Huntsville. 66 Ilderton. 67 Iroquois Falls. 68 Islington. 69 Jarvis. 70 Jockvale. 71 Kars. 72 Keewatin. 73 Kenmore. 74 Kinburn. 75 Lakefield. 76 Lambeth. 77 Lanark. 78 Lansdowne. 79 Lion's Head. 80 Little Current 81 Lobo. 82 Lucknow. 83 Malakoff. 84 Manitowaning. 85 Manotick. 86 Marmora. 87 Massey. 88 Maxville. 89 Melbourne. 90 Merlin. 91 Merrickville. 92 Metcalfe. 93 Millbrook. 94 Milverton. 95 Mimico. 96 Minden. 97 Morriston. 98 Mount Albert. 99 Mount Brydges. 100 Navan. 101 New Hamburg. 102 New Liskeard. 103 North Augusta. 104 North Gower. 105 Odessa. 106 Oil Springs. 107 Orono. 108 Paisley. 109 Pakenham. 110 Palmerston. 111 Plattsville. 112 Port Burwell. 113 Port Colborne.	27 14 16 12 14 23 31 26 13	23 4 24 13 13 11 15 23 14 8 21 9 9 34 10 20 16 15 5 5 7 7 19 8 8 21 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	21 16 16 13 13 8 23 20 22 14 4 17 23 17 8 6 6 7 14 17 23 24 13 31 31 31 32 22 15 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	36 31 44 39 14 33 21 77 28 14 15 1 30 28 28 17 31 56 24 45 44 47 21 29 36 67 72 21 74 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	4 49 24 13 13 13 11 222 54 8 8 45 9 48 8 12 221 42 30 38 8 22 17 34 51 11 16 8 8 21 13 13 149 366 311 22 21 149 366 311 22 21 16 8 8 21 17 16 8 8 21 17 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	577 466 277 322 144 266 2634 447 788 233 76 344 111 669 100 588 399 388 466 255 600 1011 91 233 364 46 362 222 199 255 37 744 428 488 885		71 45 39 35 14 388 21 62 23 24 20 5 222 24 34 47 79 22 26 7 34 41 47 9 10 27 58 35 40 48 27 58 58 59 7 7 28 29 48 48 29 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	16 11 13 8 23 5 20 2 2 9 16 8 6 6 9 14 177 23 4 4 14 23 5 5 14 8 21 11 14 23 7 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

Number of Pupils in the Various Subjects (Continued)

Botany Chemistry Physics Bookkeeping Stenography Typewriting Art Commercial Course Agriculture Agriculture	Household Science
58 61 13 12 19 78 1 60 30 4 6 32 44 39 30 48 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 <td></td>	

CONTINUATION III. TABLE J—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		1	A	ttenda	nce			lumber upils in		Number of Pupils from—			
Continuat	ion Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Second'y Sch.	er School, n I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Sch. Sec. or Sect'ns forming the Cont'n School District	erict		100
115 Powas 116 Prince 117 Richar 118 Richm 119 Ridgev 120 Ripley 121 Rockw 122 Rodne 123 Russel 124 St. Gee 125 Schom 126 Scotlar 127 Southa 128 South 129 South 130 Spence 131 Spring 132 Spruce 133 Stayne 134 Stella. 135 Stouffv 136 Sturger 137 Sunder 138 Sutton 139 Tamwe 140 Tara 141 Taviste 142 Teeswa 143 Thame 144 Thame 145 Thessa 146 Thorna 147 Thorna 148 Tilbury 149 Timmi 150 Totten 151 Walker 152 Warkw 153 Westbo 154 West L 155 Westm 156 Westpo 157 Westpo	berge berg berg myton Mountain Porcupine rville bifield dale r rille bin Falls land borth bort cock tter sford sville lon boury lale r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	32 60 64 74	D 17 2 15 15 10 19 14 27 2 28 2 7 3 37 4 16 5 33 18 2 20 4 26 6 13 13 16 2 27 3 30 17 17 2 18 2 27 3 30 3 18 2 27 3 30 18 18 2 20 3 20 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	7 32 17 6 10 411 17 37 18 46 19 35 10	43 26 52 524 40 522 44 40 40 41 50 115 41 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	133 133 233 288 299 100 277 160 199 233 188 100 211 144 228 288 288 299 211	3 14 1 1 3 24 3 28 3 28 4 29 1 3 3 1 8 28 5 29 1 3 3 1 8 28 2 1 3 3 1 8 2 2 1 5 3 1 8 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 228 8 4 4 4 27 8 20 200 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	10 22 9 14 25 1 24 100 18 	28 7 26 34 33 9 68 26 55 55 55 16 14 46 12 11 18 9 21 18 9 25 37 30 26 40 27 30 22 36 30 30 30 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	21 14 21 33 30 39 7 45 15 11 11 14 8 8 33 13 35 15 25 18 42 7 39 22 22 22 32 45 5 23 3 40 48 7 7	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
158 Wheath 159 Winona 160 Wroxet	1	26 38	16		19	18 13	20 27	6	11	31 23 14	25 1 1	2 23	
	1921-22 1920-21	7,505 5,823		4,425 3,519			3,423 2,619			4,461 3,336	2,555	429	60
3 Increas 4 Decreas	esses	1,682	776	906	1,519	744	804	411	467	1,125			
5 Percent	ages		41.03	58.96	84.06	42.98	45.60	30.85	23.53	59.44	34.04	5.71	.79

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

Nu	ımber o Hea	of Pupi d is occ	ls fro	m Fan	nilies v		Nu	mber o	Pupils Subje	in the	e Vario	ous	
Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
114 15 115 1 116 117 1 118 4 119 13 120 12 121 1 122 123 9 124 3 125 7 126 5 127 12 128 2 129 3 130 7 131 1 132 133 14 134 135 9 136 8 137 7 138 5 139 7 140 141 10 142 5 144 9 145 12 146 4 147 4 148 5 149 6 150 14 151 24 152 7 153 38 154 5 155 1 156 9	21 21 25 46 31 54 40 21 40 18 22 5 6 31 17 37 4 20 23 57 4 20 23 57 9 16 34 34 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	5 3 1 1 2 2 2 5 5	1	7	4 	12 13 14 16 16 17 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	18 144 4 4 288 222 200 2 288 25 188 133 2 27 25 18 13 16 15 15 27 24 4 9 11 1 26 6 4 4 5	3 49 32 5 57 6 64 6 68 1 6 63 3 63 4 44 47 47 20 55 3 3 3 5 4 4 47 47 7 20 5 5 5 7 4 5 4 5 6 7 7 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	49 322 56 64 670 16 67 44 66 31 33 54 47 20 56 33 22 22 45 45 41 67 77	13 144 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	8 144 66 22 99 8 144 188 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	14 8 8 2 9 9 100 166 11 110 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145
157 9 158 3 159 5 160 4	35 30 15 24	····i		6 4	10 5 1	5 8 4	1	2 47 2 27	57 47 26 35	57 56 26 38		16 9 9	15 9
1 . 886 2 686	3,841 2,951	248 244	27 30	902 657	725 553	733 600	143 102	3,034 4,504	7,358 5,767		3,388 5,491	1,727 3,666	1,515 1,262
3 200	890	4	3	245	172	133	41	1,470	1,591	1,649	2,103		253
5 11.80	51.17	3.30	.35	12.01	9.66	9.76	1.90	40.42	98.04	98.96	45.14	23.01	20.18

CONTINUATION

III. TABLE J-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

	1								
		Number	of Pup	ils in th	ne Vario	us Subj	ects (C	Conclude	ed)
Continuation Schools	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	French	German	Latin	Zoology
114 Port Credit 115 Powassan. 116 Princeton. 117 Richard's Landing. 118 Richmond. 119 Ridgeway. 120 Ripley. 121 Rockwood 122 Rodney. 123 Russell. 124 St. George. 125 Schomberg. 126 Scotland. 127 Southampton. 128 South Porcupine. 130 Spencerville. 131 Springfield. 132 Sprucedale. 133 Stayner. 134 Stella. 135 Stouffville. 136 Sturgeon Falls. 137 Sunderland. 138 Sutton. 139 Tamworth. 140 Tara. 141 Tavistock. 142 Teeswater. 143 Thamesford. 144 Thamesville. 145 Thessalon. 146 Thornbury. 147 Thorndale. 148 Tilbury. 149 Timmins. 150 Tottenham. 151 Walkerville. 152 Warkworth. 153 Westboro'. 154 West Lorne. 155 Westmeath. 156 Westport. 157 Westport (R. C. S. S.) 158 Wheatley. 159 Winona. 160 Wroxeter. 1 Totals, 1921-22. 2 Totals, 1920-21.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	248 100 3 4 299 2 222 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	277 328 4 588 6 44 700 166 666 433 511 311 355 299 200 55	7 36 2 18 3 36 4 36 5 2 3 37 5 32 3 30 13 15 15 15 9 58 16 36 36 16 36 37 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	5 348 288 1 1 511 515 51 65 65 122 29 35 51 120 55 8 100 48 44 40 40 44 53 33 35 52 14	1 1 10	666 322 266 	20 23 3 24
4 Decreases	1,242		1,690				9		1,906
5 Percentages	42.87	30.80	37.70	85.47	52.29	80.82		77.97	32.63

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Concluded)

						720. (0						
			Numbe	er of Pu	pils in t	he Vari	ous Subj	ects (Co	ncluded	l)		
	Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial Course	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science
114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	50 20 9 4 48 31 11 48 31 28 20 38 20 20 12 44 47 37 30 26 56 56 68 62 62 75 75 44 49 54 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 4	17	17 14 3 2 2 8 14 19 5 10 8 17 7 5 5 9 4 17 7 7 10 15 15 10 10 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 10		32		49 37 24 32 52 54 50 13 46 31 29 20 38 20 48 40 22 12 44 43 7 30 54 56 26 25 54 44 49 54 49 54 49 54 49 54 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	67 49 32 60 64 74 44 65 31 35 54 47 20 56 63 32 22 58 19 67 72 22 76 60 60 33 34 55 80 10 90 10 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	32	500	43	61
2	4,927 4,487	1,475 3,057	1,512 5,421	72 70		18	4,792 4,477	7,315 5,807	32	186 137	43	91
3 4	440	1,582	3,909		20	10		1,508	32	49	43	91
5	65.64	19.65	20.14	.95	.42	.10	63.85	97.46	.42	2.47	.57	1.21

CONTINUATION

IV. TABLE K-ATTENDANCE OF

								T			- 6	ch	00	1 .	For		V .					18		-	1				CE T		
	Boys												lool, Form I Girls										-	Boys							
	-											-	-					1			1	1		-	-		-				
Continuation Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years
1 Aberfoyle					4 5 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	2 3 4 4 2 1 4 3 3 4 8 2 2 6 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1				1			$\begin{array}{c} - \ .31125521 \ .1 \ .1 \ .1 \ .1 \ .1 \ .1 \ .2 \ .1 \ .2 \ .1 \ .1$	$ \begin{array}{c} -322222255325274473334 & \cdot $	4 1 4 2 3 1 1	1 8 1 3 4 1	1 1 1 1 	22		1				1		4 2 3 1 3 1 1	2 1 2 7 2 4 1 1	· .

SCHOOLS (Continued) PUPILS BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE

	m II Girls	Middle School
1111	Onis I	Boys Girls
18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over	1 ye 2 ye 6 ye 8 ye 9 ye 9 ye 9 ye and	13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 20 years 21 and over 13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 16 years 17 years 17 years 17 years 17 years 21 and over
3		1 2 3 2 1 3 6 1 4 4

CONTINUATION IV. TABLE K—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS

	1							L	OW	er	So	che	001	. F	or	m	 I				_			1					Lo)We	- er
	-				Ē	Boy	s				_	-						G	irls										Bo	ys	_
Continuation Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years
61 Hensall	200		11 12 100		1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 2 3 3 6 6 1 1 1 1 2 2 5 5	1 2 3 4 4 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 3 2 4 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11			1				1 1 2 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 1 2 5 2	6 1 1 1 4 3 2 5 4 5 2 4 9 2 2 7 8 1 3 5 2 5 7 1 1 1 3 7 1 1 1 1 1 3 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 3 5 4 2 6 2 3 3	5 2 2 3 3 2 6 2 2 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	1 1	1				- 11	1	1 1 1 2 2	2 4 3 1 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 . 2
118 Richmond 119 Ridgeway			- -	. 3	3 4	1 5	i	i	:						2	1 1	2 6	5 5	1 2	3		:					1	1	1 2	2 2	2

SCHOOLS (Continued)

BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE (Continued)

hool, Forn	n II	Mide	lle School
	Girls	Boys	Girls
18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over	11 ye 12 ye 14 ye 15 ye 16 ye 17 ye 19 ye 20 ye and	13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 17 years 18 years 20 years 21 and over	13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over
75 1			1 2 2 1

CONTINUATION IV. TABLE K-ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS

												-		•			LE	, E				71		. 36.1	1	-					_
	_					L	owe	er S	Sch	100	ol,	Fo	orı	n .	l.			<u></u>						-						ow	er
	_		H	Зоу	rs			- 1		_		_						Giı	'ls	1 1		1		_	_				Bo	ys	_
Continuation Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years			21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 ye	21 and over		12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years
120 Ripley			1 2	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	73216615261322211322.51443.2821322.4472811.332262	1 3 7 5 4 5	2 · 5 · 4 5 · 5 1 2 · 4 1 1 · 3 3 1 2 1 1 · . 4 1 3 1 5 2 · . 3 · . 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2	1 1 2			11	11.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 16 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6$	612733334111171633337314522975245132165234515	1 6 2 1 1 2 1 2 3 3 3 2 5 2 4 2 2 2 1 4 1 7 4 1 1 1 2 2 5 2		2 1 3 2 1 1 2		1	1			3 2 	1 3 1	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2	1

		SUMN	AARY O	F ATTE	NDANCE
		10 yrs.	11 yrs.	12 yrs.	13 yrs.
LOWER SCHOOL	Boys		5	. 47	202
Form I	Girls	1	5	71	245
LOWER SCHOOL	Boys			8	41
Form II	Girls			. 6	44
MIDDLE SCHOOL	Boys				. 1
MIDDLE SCHOOL	Girls				2
TOTALS BY	Boys		5	55	244
SEXES	Girls	1	5	77	291
GRAND TOTA	LS	1	10	132	535

SCHOOLS (Concluded)

BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE (Concluded)

School, Forn	n II	Midd	lle School	
	Girls	Boys	Girls	rolled
18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over		13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over		Total Number Enrolled
135 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			74 16 72 44 66 31 35 54 47 20 56 33 22 58 41 67 48 41 77 23 38 41 77 25 53 62 76 60 33 45 80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE, JUNE, 1922

14 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21 yrs. or over	TOTALS
417	396	296	110	32	5	2	3	1,515
515	551	356	119	29	9	5	2	1,908
106	226	244	176	42	17	2	5	867
198	384	451	241	. 88	24	11	2	1,449
10	80	153	182	146	73	26	27	698
11	100	269	303	240	100	30	13	1,068
533	702	693	468	220	95	30	35	3,080
724	1,035	1,076	663	357	133	46	17	4,425
1,257	1,737	1,769	1,131	577	228	76	52	7,505

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES I. TABLE L—FINANCIAL

				Receipts		
Collegiate Institutes	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Debentures	Balances and other sources
1 Barrie 2 Brantford 3 Brockville 4 Chatham 5 Clinton 6 Cobourg 7 Collingwood 8 Fort William 9 Galt 10 Goderich 11 Guelph 12 Hamilton 13 Ingersoll 14 Kingston 15 Kitchener	\$ c. 1,594 61 2,057 13 1,825 13 2,131 50 1,415 44 2,061 99 1,985 60 4,248 35 2,215 15 1,272 69 1,443 09 2,911 63 2,052 12 1,580 01	\$ c. 5,521 11 8,263 08 6,678 39 11,330 14 7,596 92 6,264 00 5,366 88 14,257 96 4,753 05 4,494 17	\$ c. 14,558 06 49,856 58 25,000 00 21,484 42 4,500 00 14,237 45 16,795 52 46,151 81 22,000 00 5,000 00 25,269 74 113,093 00 15,015 00 38,285 00	\$ c. 1,436 00 1,457 00 482 94 1,683 90 657 00 2,115 50 715 60 3,743 28 14,763 20 629 25 9,353 79	\$ c.	\$ c. 2,021 18 395 05 1,288 51 1,087 67 795 81 5,790 65 890 73 2,495 69 4,097 09 6,413 07 486 06 48,706 65 2,538 38 943 19
15 Kitchener- Waterloo. 16 Lindsay. 17 London. 18 Morrisburg. 19 Napanee. 20 Niagara Falls. 21 North Bay. 22 Orillia. 23 Ottawa. 24 Owen Sound. 25 Perth. 26 Peterborough. 27 Picton. 28 Port Arthur. 29 Renfrew. 30 St. Catharines. 31 St. Mary's. 32 St. Thomas. 33 Sarnia. 34 Seaforth. 35 Smith's Falls. 36 Stratford. 37 Strathroy.	2,167 52 1,730 64 4,018 99 1,109 12 1,395 86 2,145 69 2,866 02 1,552 00 1,655 67 2,032 48 1,639 08 1,720 18 3,962 09 1,981 14 50 00 1,479 95 1,849 00 2,413 57 1,270 40 2,148 03 2,200 36 1,404 92	4,731 45 13,865 09 9,567 07 4,541 43 6,580 79 4,585 54 6,465 75 5,179 87 7,676 40 10,267 19 9,815 96 8,418 68 3,414 80 8,404 47 8,963 00 3,705 86 2,658 72 5,182 95	36,175 82 15,815 93 152,054 64 4,498 27 9,100 00 23,732 20 28,592 27 17,367 12 139,637 30 24,722 44 10,822 90 45,500 00 27,411 04 14,300 00 33,449 49 12,300 00 42,002 50 39,240 00 5,102 51 19,450 00 32,137 28 8,200 00	1,947 40 1,649 50 4,016 00 216 09 1,665 00 15,383 00 1,843 75 907 92 2,459 00 1,033 00 665 00 1,052 20 311 00 3,654 68 804 00	297,652 23 40,000 00 	5,925 23 1,353 48 9,618 31 1,430 18 6,408 16 2,662 68 435 28 7,199 84 7,163 43 243 73 3,101 92 1,714 84 9,924 62 3,181 34 8,710 76 251 62 912 02 2,235 32 4,364 78 438 55 11,924 27 478 65
Toronto: 38 Harbord 39 Humberside 40 Jarvis 41 Malvern 42 Oakwood 43 Parkdale 44 Riverdale 45 Vankleek Hill 46 Windsor 47 Woodstock	2,104 57 1,407 36 1,977 24 1,371 06 2,088 78 1,362 30 2,110 12 1,339 12 1,621 31 2,272 63	9,652 49 8,448 83 10,201 74	60,787 38 69,511 49 65,356 57 40,443 73 76,560 44 63,622 73 74,141 18 7,000 00 90,640 74 24,500 00	4,534 00 4,466 00 3,989 46 5,805 50 8,259 50 3,705 00 2,601 00 56 00 	120,000 00 180,000 00 198,000 00 80,000 00	179,308 21 11,668 97 185 79 2,334 65 6,354 91 7,569 25 3,839 26

AND HIGH SCHOOLS

STATEMENT

00				Expenditu			
Total Receipts	Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites and all permanent improvements	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, and equipment for physical culture	Art, manual training, house-hold science and agricultural dept. equipment	School books, stationery, prizes, fuel, examinations, and all other expenses	Total Expenditure
1 25,130 96 2 62,028 84 3 35,274 97 4 37,717 63 5 14,965 17 6 28,354 09 7 25,282 73 8 53,311 84 9 45,713 10 10 18,154 41 11 30,942 17 12 179,474 48 13 24,728 92 14 50,161 99	46,339 31 20,160 00 27,250 50 11,293 53 16,480 00 17,642 00 33,896 36 31,034 75 13,546 00 24,440 00 83,216 25 16,414 00	4,505 75 508 00 179 12 194 13 4,022 39 2,389 46 425 00 760 09 37,589 11 178 40	\$ c. 96 61 3,304 26 234 07 2,222 93 411 98 757 57 166 43 1,871 51 1,138 78 179 25 906 03 5,041 58 313 25 953 00	\$ c. 374 76 343 61 377 00 882 00 443 78 	\$ c. 51 90 250 00 16 70 29 95 142 01 44 67 87 82 167 11	\$ c. 4,631 37 7,484 01 13,385 34 5,772 94 2,785 93 3,813 28 6,405 70 12,324 88 9,772 59 3,465 07 4,477 50 37,399 81 5,285 33 8,518 74	\$ c. 25,111 73 62,028 84 34,914 41 36,145 07 14,965 17 21,371 98 25,143 70 53,311 84 44,676 65 18,154 41 30,942 17 164,855 08 22,765 85 49,704 56
15 50,947 42 16 34,414 64 17 476,927 24 18 11,579 00 19 23,700 90 20 33,126 11 21 31,893 57 22 34,249 71 23 203,839 40 24 34,022 27 25 24,148 22 26 50,998 92 27 32,411 99 28 34,554 47 29 26,914 50 30 88,301 86 31 18,479 37 32 53,832 99 33 43,888 89 34 20,752 89 35 26,053 44 36 52,575 31 37 16,070 52	24,527 50 87,367 50 9,469 71 13,710 00 23,819 28 19,064 09 18,258 45 95,020 00 27,216 00 13,160 00 37,001 00 18,001 31 24,762 00 19,077 19 33,543 85 14,307 73 42,060 50 34,207 60 12,784 65 18,323 00 37,062 13	267,840 79 828 36 426 21 72,664 08 1,030 30 679 60 409 21 666 97 1,408 04 2,445 92 132 44 4,220 39 2,657 64 571 29 1,182 71	895 84 894 82 578 62 278 54 496 43 1,105 01 1,644 53 877 45 586 03 308 94 562 32 200 00 109 84 719 07 760 45 1,721 93 322 60 429 19 934 80 156 60 1,851 90 582 77 161 40	1,722 42' 361 51' 603 16 173 39 310 99 965 00 576 08 41 84 563 95 1,500 00 374 88 1,240 91 244 94 216 40 14 00 591 30 1,360 92	389 20 5 65 11 63 493 91 29 00 1,090 50 353 81 102 10	11,315 18 8,444 22 75,028 78 1,657 30 3,907 61 8,201 82 10,548 21 4,230 93 34,757 27 4,931 28 3,388 90 11,340 41 4,102 07 4,973 10 6,831 92 45,568 32 3,668 66 6,631 40 5,497 55 2,237 13 4,004 58 13,052 20 3,203 42	42,601 51 34,228 05 431,424 50 11,579 00 19,253 39 33,126 11 31,893 57 24,331 83 203,603 46 34,022 27 18,354 77 50,479 62 23,255 07 34,193 62 26,914 50 83,850 23 18,445 43 53,443 58 43,888 89 15,749 67 25,362 19 52,058 02 15,534 82
38 246,734 16 39 87,053 82 40 71,509 06 41 167,620 29 42 266,908 72 43 266,690 03 44 161,186 95 45 24,402 52 46 108,280 13 47 42,835 88	57,747 13 50,947 50 36,022 15 67,564 74 55,198 98 52,448 78 12,440 00 53,123 74	1,565 20 1,565 20 23,105 54 111,040 10 85,668 37 47,871 66 4,229 37 687 60	9,982 36 5,769 05 3,970 96 2,288 11 1,396 72 2,366 61 6,977 61 481 18 7,715 30 1,032 12 75,756 40	156 30 117 61 98 72 240 67 146 97 114 77 9 88 73 78 329 46	5,502 96 8 60 6,409 90	41,019 21 21,854 83 14,926 68 9,665 86 23,786 58 114,740 69 11,370 93 1,997 73 32,637 93 12,364 60	114,919 24 87,053 82 71,509 06 71,322 33 209,438 12 258,097 72 125,158 76 14,992 69 98,035 80 41,438 12

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES I. TABLE L—FINANCIAL

				Recei	pts	
High Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Debentures	Balances and other sources
1 Alexandria 2 Alliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg. 5 Arnprior 6 Arthur 7 Athens 8 Aurora 9 Avonmore 10 Aylmer 11 Beamsville 12 Belleville 13 Bowmanville 14 Bracebridge 15 Bradford 16 Brampton 17 Brighton 18 Burford 19 Burlington 20 Caledonia 21 Campbellford 22 Carleton Place 23 Cayuga 24 Chatsworth 25 Chesley 26 Chesterville 27 Colborne 28 Cornwall 29 Deseronto 30 Dundalk 31 Dundas 32 Dunnville 33 Durham 34 Dutton 35 Elora 36 Essex 37 Exeter 38 Fergus 39 Flesherton 40 Forest 41 Fort Frances 42 Gananoque 43 Georgetown 44 Glencoe 45 Gravenhurst 46 Grimsby 47 Hagersville 48 Haileybury 49 Harriston 50 Hawkesbury 51 Iroquois	\$ c	\$ c. 984 45 1,659 74 3,661 72 1,740 24 3,692 12 4,041 63 6,029 26 3,259 54 6,292 55 4,696 77 9,510 84 7,177 30 3,554 73 1,692 07 5,527 00 2,866 49 1,142 58 4,516 16 5,316 09 2,136 46 5,472 95 2,136 46 5,472 95 2,136 46 5,472 95 6,18 2 43 3,067 94 2,028 00 2,954 45 3,067 94 2,028 00 2,954 45 3,066 96 6,182 43 3,386 15 4,223 47 2,739 06 6,218 53 3,344 54 4,071 96 4,669 61 5,767 67 2,535 61 2,798 98 3,977 41	3,500 00 6,932 31 5,000 00 3,300 00 5,600 00 5,450 00 3,563 10 3,413 85 4,200 00 4,600 00 2,500 00 9,150 00 2,500 00 9,150 00 3,200 00 5,0	418 70 226 50 59 00 551 50 6 165 20 983 50 204 50 791 00 82 40 6 327 50 6 327 50 6 327 50 6 327 50 6 327 50 6 328 60 770 20 577 00 342 70 6 342 70 6 342 70 6 343 80 6 304 00 171 50 6 629 00 171 50 6 629 00 181 381 00 181 53 50 183 153 50 184 153 50 185	2,000 00 1,576 85 	\$ c. 972 02 280 83 3,308 78 733 25 2,115 89 324 43 24,079 68 369 57 936 03 749 75 526 11 549 27 348 18 33 47 1,226 22 138 11 501 31 712 00 1,377 78 1,262 84 2,246 73 281 86 5,798 50 1,531 58 2,330 62 447 92 3,978 93 2,788 26 507 46 965 80 261 28 2,837 16 219 11 1,304 07 400 97 8,883 48 497 61 2,076 71 667 79 1,303 55 1,044 48 497 61 2,076 71 667 79 1,303 55 1,044 8156 05 303 15 1,130 49 26 75 6,083 59 172 80 5,985 07 103 15 6,083 59 172 80 1,350 51
52 Kemptville 53 Kenora 54 Kincardine 55 Kingsville 56 Leamington 57 Listowel	980 66 2,570 24 1,157 23 1,278 98	6,556 94 4,314 23 4,865 2	3,000 0 14,574 0 5,151 2 4,200 0 9,500 0	0 436 50 28 767 50 0	280 80 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	312 00 1,849 01 1,367 69

STATEMENT—(Continued)

			Two	on diture			
		g d	-	enditure	T	<i>v</i> ° 1	
Total Receipts	Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites and all perman- ent improve- ments	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, and equipment for physical culture	Art, manual training, house- hold science and agricultural dept. equipment	School books, stationery, prizes fuel, examinations, and all other expenses	Total Expenditure
\$ c. 1 10,732 62 2 7,532 77 3 15,192 27 4 35,237 99 5 18,430 46 6 9,359 97 7 37,257 80 8 10,802 61 9 8,024 19 10 11,649 19 11 17,551 06 12 40,272 25 13 14,566 54 14 9,383 61 15 6,483 51 16 17,547 74 17 7,797 98 18 63,644 31 19 18,363 68 20 9,877 85 21 14,222 96 22 9,018 12 23 15,737 34 24 6,219 43 24 6,219 43 25 10,334 63 26 7,685 56 27 12,880 54 28 29,277 52 29 7,571 96 30 6,409 52 31 14,563 24 32 13,375 13 33 8,830 71 34 8,179 88 35 6,942 99 36 21,290 38 37 10,134 66 38 11,576 59 39 8,299 73 40 9,646 17 41 22,360 12 42 11,465 04 43 15,743 81 44 8,196 95 45 6,144 8,196 95 47 7,093 87 51 10,121 47	\$ c. 6,580 00 5,082 05 8,286 50 6,260 00 11,430 92 7,000 50 8,965 00 8,566 00 4,875 00 7,965 00 7,922 50 29,313 85 9,413 24 6,879 98 4,200 00 12,540 00 5,150 00 2,400 00 4,812 00 6,145 50 10,230 00 6,145 50 10,230 00 6,790 75 3,380 00 7,640 00 4,840 00 3,720 00 17,310 00 5,200 00 4,785 00 9,433 71 9,933 50 6,727 20 6,500 00 4,140 00 9,720 00 6,080 00 6,480 00 6,480 00 6,480 00 7,917 00 9,040 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 7,917 00 9,040 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 7,917 00 9,040 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 7,917 00 9,040 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 5,200 00 4,810 00 5,200 00 6,033 74 8,061 75 7,630 00 5,000 00 5,920 00 6,033 74 8,061 75 7,630 00 5,000 00 6,930 00	\$ c	\$ c	\$ c. 151 42 	\$ c	\$ c. 2,731 86 1,948 08 1,121 32 1,619 85 3,416 99 3,110 85 2,650 19 1,490 50 993 12 1,684 19 5,805 23 9,725 56 2,944 57 215 28 1,918 31 3,412 77 1,901 42 2,423 35 2,204 34 2,118 95 2,293 33 1,542 51 1,909 29 2,456 48 1,961 79 1,639 04 4,303 78 3,929 81 1,969 25 1,104 83 4,163 87 2,504 87 1,725 01 1,394 21 1,626 05 4,759 10 1,360 68 2,151 75 1,830 47 1,397 46 4,018 08 2,670 07 3,173 58 1,540 06 1,035 65 1,693 35 2,248 29 2,520 94 1,326 79 1,645 62 1,665 66 1,063 35 2,248 29 2,520 94 1,326 79 1,645 62 1,665 66	\$ c. 9,590 59 7,438 43 10,107 82 35,237 99 16,877 43 10,374 15 13,338 82 211,649 19 16,256 46 40,272 25 13,470 44 9,380 61 6,466 71 17,547 74 7,524 55 51,172 19 17,035 92 9,723 02 13,122 63 8,637 88 9,158 15 5,843 98 10,317 86 6,671 31 8,202 81 12,357 56 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,572 60 8,813 98 10,317 86 6,671 31 8,202 81 21,357 56 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,571 96 7,572 60 3,813 98 10,317 86 6,671 31 8,202 81 4,473 15 12,556 32 8,830 71 8,078 75 6,716 17 19,572 60 8,813 98 9,036 15 6,816 94 7,582 41 21,911 30 11,465 04 15,656 31 6,766 11 5,955 30 14,289 05 9,575 73 10,831 02 9,324 15 7,093 87 9,581 48
52 11,284 01 53 17,456 26 54 13,239 25 55 49,225 00 56 17,011 88 57 14,462 57	8,170 00 11,773 15 8,800 00 3,120 00 10,887 98 9,591 50	206 70 43,009 29 391 24	47 80 225 00 408 06 476 85 133 72	18 41 107 32 1,181 23 59 01	101 17	2,592 48 4,085 19 3,493 84 503 40 2,314 50 4,717 35	10,828 69 16,397 36 12,701 90 47,813 92 14,230 75 14,442 57

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES

				I. 7	TABLE L—F	INANCIAL
				Recei	pts	
High Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fee	Debentures	Balances and other sources
58 Lucan 59 Madoc 60 Markdale 61 Markham 62 Meaford 63 Midland 64 Milton 65 Mitchell 66 Morewood 67 Mount Forest 68 Newburgh 69 Newcastle 70*Newmarket 71 Niagara 72 Niagara Falls S 73 Norwich 74 Norwood 75 Oakville 76 Omemee 77 Orangeville 78 Oshawa 79 Paris 80 Parkhill 81 Parry Sound 82 Pembroke 83 Penetanguish'ne 84 Petrolia 85 Plantagenet 86 Port Dover 87 Port Elgin 88 Port Hope 89 Port Perry 90 Port Rowan 91 Prescott 92 Richmond Hill 93 Ridgetown 94 Rockland 95 S. S. Marie 96 Shelburne 97 Simcoe 98 Smithville 99 Stirling 100 Streetsville 101 Sudbury	\$ c. 937 25 855 78 610 40 855 78 610 40 855 78 1,483 34 1,163 09 695 26 932 00 640 95 834 75 682 36 607 09 1,396 92 635 29 1,719 13 895 05 819 13 2,266 81 5600 53 1,339 96 1,438 90 1,142 87 844 80 1,870 72 1,288 20 940 68 856 99 771 18 616 67 712 30 1,304 12 3,378 90 578 41 968 17 77 08 1,072 70 779 47 3,301 17 757 43 1,138 35 721 91 846 27 682 63 2,825 80 993 77	\$ c. 4,661 55 4,756 50 610 40 5,077 71 3,345 00 2,416 69 7,179 49 1,678 98 694 15 4,217 54 4,647 40 1,573 98 4,847 94 945 48 170 25 1,973 42 2,567 15 7,787 28 1,089 09 2,200 02 4,001 48 2,820 70 3,422 78 3,459 16 940 68 2,915 64 2,011 75 857 11 3,074 35 3,766 07 5,741 62 1,535 00 1,672 87 3,432 84 5,101 45 3,501 83 265 06 6,356 67 2,094 77 5,257 48 1,914 00	\$ c. 3,000 00 2,400 00 3,130 69 2,159 92 8,000 00 10,249 00 6,232 43 5,600 00 4,521 95 5,260 06 1,100 00 2,822 50 19,277 78 7,004 03 3,183 80 700 64 2,251 96 6,800 00 18,900 00 9,500 00 5,718 49 7,117 00 13,600 61 5,611 55 6,000 06 5,100 00 2,914 19 3,200 00 8,763 95 2,896 50 1,979 11 6,997 00 2,175 00 5,000 00 2,002 91 35,777 03 4,400 00 5,405 11 3,200 00 1,300 00 24,304 56	\$ c. 449 00	\$ c	\$ c. 2,666 56 810 87 3,201 09 1,079 06 252 45 276 46 6,287 81 1,732 11 6,277 87 631 06 2,940 93 19 00 272 40 71 16 11,258 35 208 79 1,109 86 4,484 12 560 59 2,812 43 2,619 09 453 71 483 06 111 11 1,230 96 112 49 2,137 09 3,527 59 73 28 291 83 4 00 35 00 35 00 35 00 35 00 35 07 1,79 58 4,548 75 2,289 34 773 11 1,537 76 1,013 52
102 Sydenham 103 Thorold 104 Tillsonburg 105 Toronto,	806 70 1,280 69	7,150 00 2,026 40 2,747 96	9,000 00 8,000 00	320 00 550 50		509 91 1,456 55
Davenport 106 Toronto, North. 107 Trenton 108 Tweed 109 Uxbridge 110 Vienna 111 Walkerton 112 Wallaceburg 113 Wardsville	1,287 85 1,390 21 1,265 59 837 70 941 63 545 67 952 08 1,032 43 556 20	1,614 82 4,181 39 4,842 34 1,419 59 2,791 41 2,592 87 1,899 81	31,572 41 44,641 07 12,336 00 2,700 00 5,700 00 1,600 00 7,500 00 5,800 00 1,226 63	647 00 1,735 00 524 50 425 73 136 00 131 25	167,800 00	2,452 56 2,410 60 401 22 1,316 57 1,527 32 3,289 14 356 29

^{*}Figures for 1920, except Legislative Grant.

STATEMENT (Continued)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		E	Expenditu	·e		
Total Receipt 3	Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites and all perman- ent improve- ments	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, and equipment for physical culture	Art, manual training, house- hold science and agricultural dept. equipment	School books, stationery, prizes, fuel, examinations, and all other expenses	Total Expenditure
\$ c. 58 11,714 36 59 8,823 15 60 8,161 58 61 9,756 47 62 13,635 29 63 15,804 09 64 55,584 46 65 10,319 09 66 12,134 92 67 11,456 41 68 9,370 69 69 3,730 75 70 19,157 26 71 4,474 43 72 33,512 45 73 10,081 29 74 8,120 74 75 15,926 55 76 4,611 17 77 14,030 41 78 30,317 16 79 14,047 68 80 11,001 13 81 9,222 83 82 19,578 93 83 7,685 40 84 11,909 72 85 11,410 52 86 4,461 25 87 7,538 73 88 15,980 32 91 9,876 06 92 7,058 19 93 12,102 34 94 7,248 88 95 212,701 29 96 6,571 56 97 13,079 71 98 10,565 43 99 13,493 09 100 4,945 74 101 28,728 12 102 9,477 29 103 12,343 01 104 14,035 70	7,252 38 6,625 25	\$ c. 789 22 28 50 29 68	\$ c. 262 83 102 76 144 47 529 10 133 33 114 18 93 04 619 16 63 85 160 82 362 70 69 20 324 19 1,139 08 477 48 806 70 25 00 80 60 1,360 82 200 35 134 46 140 37 707 80 120 27 164 49 166 75 166 75 166 75 166 75 166 75 166 75 176 72 41 08 77 93 89 50 54 89 448 72 614 01 22 70 1,843 46 179 12 1,296 59 27 10	\$ c. 103 64	\$ c.	\$ c. 3,150 67 1,133 51 1,618 12 1,455 13 2,228 20 3,254 06 10,561 77 2,613 59 1,116 06 2,024 75 1,977 98 581 05 4,520 81 7,11 52 3,782 81 1,866 05 1,643 63 2,366 21 1,166 68 2,649 02 4,204 98 1,690 15 1,589 90 2,122 46 3,451 45 1,761 37 1,789 11 973 24 1,137 70 1,207 16 5,089 04 1,343 90 1,464 42 2,459 67 1,321 11 2,869 54 1,466 27 9,503 00 1,051 31 2,122 85 1,325 03 1,840 02 788 04 5,429 03 1,924 93 1,929 84 3,224 52	\$ c. 11,714 36 8,723 86 5,877 80 8,816 56 13,232 13 13,972 44 18,710 22 10,319 09 5,056 06 10,570 03 5,709 16 3,730 75 17,509 44 22,460 27 8,742 29 7,532 72 12,457 76 4,198 18 13,933 22 29,695 53 12,712 19 10,305 40 9,222 83 19,117 55 7,461 64 9,453 60 6,293 24 4,461 25 6,043 97 15,617 35 11,761 41 4,092 52 9,831 77 6,809 46 12,058 72 6,080 34 212,283 65 6,563 19 13,079 71 6,753 14 8,791 54 4,630 74 26,188 10 9,433 67 10,722 26 13,876 88
105 33,507 26 106 215,566 28 107 17,668 97 108 10,129 69 109 12,409 69 110 4,881 83 111 13,196 54 112 12,850 44 113 4,170 18	35,092 74 9,660 00 5,180 00 8,860 00 2,761 35 8,760 00 8,709 52	1,565 20 6,125 55 252 66 100 00 40 00 766 87 234 70	2,344 09 3 50 26 20 130 50 151 78		29 92 9 10	6,868 02 38,767 70 6,673 13 1,288 82 2,252 12 434 76 1,840 56 1,583 16 694 93	33,507 26 82,550 85 16,361 63 6,813 64 11,509 29 3,196 11 11,652 57 11,486 79 3,965 33

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES

I. TABLE L—FINANCIAL

				Recei	pts	
High Schools	Legislative Grants	Municipal Grants (county)	Municipal Grants (local)	School Fees	Debentures	Balances and other sources
114 Waterdown 115 Waterford 116 Watford 117 Welland 118 Weston 119 Whitby 120 Wiarton 121*Williamstown 122 Winchester 123 Wingham	\$ c. 656 75 806 67 1,002 92 1,492 94 1,238 74 2,288 04 825 19 928 84 1,126 24 1,201 10	\$ c. 2,030 99 2,624 63 5,683 33 6,697 40 5,308 62 5,043 94 3,073 23 665 86 4,160 45 5,012 40	\$ c. 3,900 00 4,000 00 4,900 00 15,000 00 12,800 00 5,909 18 3,000 00 6,340 50 5,769 12 4,381 28	1,185 00 203 00 222 00		\$ c. 495 50 1,616 39 3,678 01 1,821 04 3,071 72 1,420 53 344 13 731 42 872 88 1,855 10
1 Totals, High Schools 2 Totals, Collegiate Institutes	90,566 72	391,352 62 226,853 78	1,735,922 55	110,327 71	954,768 55	200,536 70 379,707 18
3 Grand Totals, '21. 4 Grand Totals, '20.		618,206 40 509,776 29				580,243 88 768,627 77
5 Increases 6 Decreases	47,005 80	108,430 11	237,785 48	46,839 34		188,383 89
7 Percentages	3.97	10.99	45.54	2.63	26.54	10.31

^{*}Figures for 1920, except Legislative Grant.

STATEMENT (Concluded)

	Expenditure											
			^									
Total Receipts Teachers' Salaries	Buildings, Sites and all perman- ent improve- ments	Repairs to school accommodations	Library, scientific apparatus, maps, etc., typewriters, and equipmentfor physical culture	Art, manual training, house-hold science and agricultural dept. equipment	School books, stationery, prizes, fuel, examinations, and all other expenses	Total Expenditure						
\$ c. \$ 114 7,287 24 5,190 115 9,047 69 4,760 116 15,453 26 7,180 117 25,011 38 15,840 118 23,604 08 14,080 119 14,864 69 10,32: 120 7,464 55 5,170 121 8,666 62 6,571 122 11,928 69 7,155 123 16,689 68 10,182	0 00 98 0 0 00 98 0 0 00 258 3 6 06 3,665 9 6 36 1 50 54 5 2 50	0 315 45 298 00 0 283 11 5 449 46 1,024 68 5 56 5 56 	\$ c. 157 59 235 04 297 27 469 35 718 82 44 64 141 95 44 23 95 80	97 30	\$ c. 554 20 1,363 68 2,854 63 4,452 76 4,683 79 3,473 37 1,577 10 1,752 78 1,785 60 2,553 47	\$ c. 7,287 24 6,656 72 10,429 90 21,619 49 23,604 08 1 ,864 69 6,952 00 8,476 14 9,436 49 16,689 68						
1 2,125,381 10 994,339 2 3,498,146 49 1,536,728		35,656 79 6 75,756 40	,	,	,	1,766,559 35 3,023,651 22						
3 5,623,527 59 2,531,068 4 4,065,049 90 2,269,38	8 69 1.058,690 6	-	42,802 15	18,885 74	1,027,350 19	4,790,210 57 3,588,933 07						
5 1,558,477 69 261,681	1 39 694,427 0	7,048 06	3,457 71	705 60	248,053 83	1,201,277 50						
7 52.8	83 22.10	2.32	. 89	.39	21.44							

Cost per pupil, enrolled attendance, \$121.56.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND

II. TABLE M-BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

01410			11. 1.	TDDD IVI	-DOARDS	OF EDU	CATION,
	Board						Value of
Collegiate Institutes	Schools under I of Education	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens
1 Barrie		\$ 524 919 1,081 1,223 1,048 1,880 904 1,195 1,335 1,012 2,131 1,192 1,180 2,131 1,197 825 1,161 1,296 852 894 3,631 1,263 1,160 1,220 857 1,231 1,161 1,243 1,165 1,239 876 71,213 1,116 1,085 1,239 876 71,213 1,116 1,085 1,239 876 71,213 1,116 1,085 1,239 876 71,213 1,116 1,085 1,239 876 71,213 1,116 1,085 1,239 876 71,735	\$ 947 2,717 1,403 3,687 1,377 1,615 1,948 1,261 1,834 832 2,682 3,178 1,034 1,425 1,494 1,682 2,599 1,182 925 1,137 2,205 945 1,673 1,195 2,150 1,868 810 1,425 1,716 1,164 6,156 4,439 4,520 2,600 5,110 3,594 2,578 2,173 2,325	\$ 78 611 268 271 287 268 248 248 249 452 201 233 456 151 279 333 80 522 167 272 261 130 449 105 190 130 340 351 95 232 146 85 182 105 110 127 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 18	\$ 113 199 130 101 113 132 114 140 285 102 77 100 95 100 195 139 111 107 103 245 191 106 181 102 104 101 114 106 155 113 100 107 89 100 140 157 167 173 163 161 120 97 142 157	\$ 750 2,216 659 2,100 2255 1,250 534 895 1,100 500 960 310 540 1,180 2,133 900 365 1,003 955 1,000 670 1,045 3,153 4,373 1,040 800 675 1,265 260 1,401 2,085 90 100 130 90 2660 2,460 686	\$ 122 685 103 213 101 162 119 274 387 107 319 229 100 114 185 268 287 100 115 110 102 116 465 101 167 242 143 54 133 167 189 155 140 115 103 500 94 1,320 382 600 239 1,352 387 626 138 153 118
Totals	35	68,620	99,123	11,161	6,041	39,525	12,401

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC.

General Equipment Value of Manual Department Equ											
	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium (not including equipment)	Museum	Aquarium, Herbarium, etc.	Pictures	Total Value of General Equipment	Woodwork	Woodturning	Forging	Machine Shop Practice	
123456789101112133445117188190212223342562788933333333333333333333333333333333333	\$ 604 533 447 411 323 555 257 333 223 370 1,191 1,539 336 430 616 506 685 386 475 355 417 288 1,251 362 486 480 318 157 409 548 480 318 157 64 406 372 409 578 435 581 792 320 600 304	980 962 15,000 10,000 1,800 10,000 3,000 7,000 5,000 8,000 6,000 1,552 1,380 7,688 2,000 3,500 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 11,000	31 31 31 692 100 268 150 100 242 138 50 200	\$ 25 7 119 25 75	\$ 127 415 319 177 160 350 40 2,560 190 625 450 412 152 25 233 214 200 1,121 100 56 857 778 233 501 141 500 	\$ 12,265 18,295 6,985 10,683 4,641 9,743 5,355 20,537 8,893 5,814 10,174 16,614 4,212 15,058 8,499 9,919 5,315 4,504 5,234 19,417 14,107 5,762 22,393 7,741 10,687 9,598 10,237 20,555 8,185 13,624 9,701 7,763 10,886 8,447 7,044 21,987 19,485	\$ 886 768 5,174 1,877 1,209 984 516 1,502 775 624 1,360 600	\$ 285 1,229 299 195 275 364 400	\$ 502	\$ 567	
46 47	595 532	40,000 5,000			200 252	48,574 11,043	1,686 778	421	843	2,104	

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND

II. TABLE M-BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

		of Househ		₹.	0]	f Special per pre- lumns	es, ni-
	Equip	e Departn	nent	Value of Agricultural Department Equip- ment	quip- School)	Total value of Special Equipment as per pre- ceding nine columns	Value of School Sites, Buildings and Furni- ture
	Equipi		1	ult	Sou	Stan	H H
Collegiate		nd v-	Laundry Work	E E	of Art E (Middle	of as 1 col	nd
Institutes	ne	sev Sev	No	Value of Agr Department ment	dd	it a	Scl
	on gie	ork e S	5	r Je	Mij.	value nent nine	JC SS
	ati 1y	w.iin	dr	e c))	or I	in
	ok nit d F	und ack	un	Value Depa ment	Value o	Total Equip	illo e
	Cookery, Sanitation and Hygiene	Handwork and Machine Sew- ing	La	NO E	Va	L H H	Va Br tu
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1 Barrie	φ	Ψ					150,000
2 Brantford	3,015	220			160	5,635	250,000
3 Brockville	4 200			568	120	688	50,137
4 Chatham	1,392			318	160 120 114	2,160	60,000 30,000
6 Cobourg	1 485	261	4	261	111	2 011	27,600
7 Collingwood	1,100	201				2,011	27,914
8 Fort William	1,432	135				7,970	232,672
9 Galt	1,652	33	22		125	4,008	90,000
5 Clinton 6 Cobourg 7 Collingwood 8 Fort William 9 Galt 10 Goderich							45,000
11 Guelph						1	50,000 289,332
13 Ingersoll						1,209	40,000
14 Kingston							153,000
15 Kitchener-Waterloo	1,662				125	4,562	50,000
10 Lindsay					1 102	102	110,000
17 London	555	91				1,162	415,000
18 Morrisburg 19 Napanee							15,350
19 Napanee	716	206				1 042	60,000 100,000
21 North Bay	740	290				1,042	105,000
ZZ Urillia				1	į.		82,500
23 Ottawa					73	73	507,000
24 Owen Sound	721	82			63	2,368	100,000
25 Perth							50,000
26 Peterborough							83,992 65,000
28 Port Arthur	2.859	93	55			4.432	150,000
29 Renfrew	2,007					4,432	35,000
30 St. Catharines					31	31	44,000
51 Oc. Ividi y 5							33,000
30 St. Catharines. 31 St. Mary's. 32 St. Thomas. 33 Sarnia.	978					1,602	75,000
34 Seaforth							60,000 25,000
35 Smith's Falls	582	35		333		2,674	125,000
35 Smith's Falls 36 Stratford 37 Strathroy	1,000	50				2,583	
37 Strathroy						2,000	75,000
38 Toronto, Harbord							150,000
39 Toronto, Humberside 40 Toronto, Jarvis							176,000
40 Toronto, Jarvis 42 Toronto, Malvern							135,500 140,000
40 Toronto, Jarvis 42 Toronto, Malvern 42 Toronto, Oakwood 43 Toronto, Parkdale 44 Toronto, Riverdale 45 Vankleek Hill	410	8	70			3 117	375,000
43 Toronto, Parkdale							180,000
44 Toronto, Riverdale	1,919				27	4,336	300,000
44 Toronto, Riverdale 45 Vankleek Hill 46 Windsor							30,000
40 Windsor	1.393		,			3,081	255,500
47 Woodstock	1,363	07				5,576	100,000
Totals	23,166	1,371	151	1,480	940	60,854	5,773,497

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC.—(Continued)

-											
Religious	and otl	ner Exe	ercises			Des	tination	of Pu	pils		
Schools in which Bible or Selec- tions therefrom are used	Schools opened with Prayer	Schools closed with Prayer	Commencement Exercises	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other High Schools or Coll, Institutes	Without
1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111 300 222 355 5 144 188 344 451 166 666 388 366 145 20 100 311 288 855 257 75 457 199 200 166 577 111 59 88 221 211 177 5 300 463 463 463 463 473 474 475 475 475 475 475 475 475	13 11 6 18 11 6 12 26 6 12 5 4 4 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	77 33 33 11 411 518 222 88 300 11 9 88 5	15 13 13 11 19 10 6 6 7 7 19 19 11 12 20 25 8 5 5 17 21 20 10 10 10 10 8 8 11 11 2 11 2 11 2 11 2 11 12 2 13 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	2 277 23 3 21 18 77 22 8 55 155 22 77 500 11 188 200 44 55 66 77 11 77 22 11 33 22 44 100 20 155 225 11 19 5 5 422 8 19 9 5 5	144 166 5199 55 100 628 224 11 211 87 300 133 349 16 630 144 1099 119 620 122 620 122 638 318 180 100 111 355 88 300 22 133 355 166 388 99 810	99 399 121 14 88 33 89 111 100 111 125 7 355 44 233 99 500 64 77 77 8 85 244 41 114 77 99 11 125 233 255 88 688 330 322 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	5 9 51 14 6 21 6 55 4 2 28 26 8 75
30	**/		12	1,770	001	7111	3011				

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND II. TABLE M—BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

II. TABLE M—BOARDS OF EDUCATION,										
	Board	-				Value	of General			
High Schools	Schools under Education	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens			
1 Alexandria. 2 Alliston. 3 Almonte. 4 Amherstburg. 5 Arnprior. 6 Arthur. 7 Athens. 8 Aurora. 9 Avonmore. 10 Aylmer. 11 Beamsville. 12 Belleville. 13 Bowmanville. 14 Bracebridge. 15 Bradford. 16 Brampton. 17 Brighton. 18 Burford. 19 Burlington. 20 Caledonia. 21 Campbellford. 22 Carleton Place. 23 Cayuga. 24 Chatsworth. 25 Chesley. 26 Chesterville. 27 Colborne. 28 Cornwall. 29 Deseronto. 30 Dundas. 31 Dundalk. 32 Dunnville. 33 Durham. 34 Dutton. 35 Elora. 36 Essex. 37 Exeter. 38 Fergus. 39 Flesherton. 40 Forest. 41 Fort Frances. 42 Gananoque. 43 Georgetown. 44 Glencoe. 45 Gravenhurst. 46 Grimsby. 47 Hagersville. 48 Haileybury. 49 Harriston. 50 Hawkesbury. 51 Iroquois. 52 Kemptville.		\$ 817	\$691 826 625 436 625 436 625 811 849 966 822 1,061 675 1,836 613 463 895 1,045 676 490 325 644 729 625 822 837 758 530 696 696 696 696 670 494 943 943 944 943 944 944 943 945 946 947 947 948 948 948 948 948 949 949 949 949 949	\$ 87 55 58 82 97 58 111 109 124 268 121 299 144 133 76 186 268 104 2 114 165 120 79 109 121 60 97 103 85 70 170 80 66 65 50 180 66 67 79 98 132 133 136 137 147 148 149 149 149 149 149 149 149 149	\$ 83 49 63 522 75 79 84 84 57 85 89 95 103 47 76 21 61 61 68 109 86 51 55 79 91 58 85 53 75 79 91 58 85 87 95 79 91 57 91 57 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	\$ 150 140 1,149 115 290 60 1,070 1,125 160 150	\$ 130 54 102 49 104 83 123 102 105 195 139 71 52 117 75 3 30 107 169 100 35 48 81 101 63 64 220 105 139 107 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109			
53 Kenora. 54 Kincardine. 55 Kingsville. 56 Leamington. 57 Listowel.		651 735 400 645 429	897 1,067 979 837 454	286 80 69 120 60	74 99 41 110 59	1,328	63 95 249 109 124			

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Continued)

Equipment Value of Manual Training											
Equipment					Valu De _l	e of Mar	nual Tra Equipn	ining nent			
Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium (not including equipment)	Aquarium, Herbarium, etc.	Pictures	Total Value of General Equipment	Woodwork	Woodturning	Forging	Machine Shop Practice			
1 2 2 3 5 4 3 3 5 5 6 11 7 3 8 9 9 9 9 10 114 11 27 12 22 13 9 114 4 4 15 4 16 17 17 118 2 2 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 4 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	\$ 10,000	\$ \$	\$ 160 40 	\$ 1,994 1,411 1,615 1,127 1,967 1,520 1,934 2,268 1,594 6,189 4,741 5,267 2,256 1,738 1,738 1,738 1,736 1,364 3,695 5,67 8,3313 1,905 567 858 1,636 1,518 1,522 1,925	\$ 362	Woodt	Forgin	Machii Practii			
32 86 33 107 34 13 35 56 36 53 37 16 38 51 39 35 40 38 41 125 42 202 43 39 44 22 43 44 26 44 154 48 38 49 11 50 42 51 40 52 36 53 450 54 80 55 95 56 137	2,500 800	200	225 59 40 55 109 437 200 25 20 68 66 345 100 91 118 165	2,344 1,342 1,452 1,010 1,536 1,522 1,641 1,996 2,705 4,667 2,317 1,469 1,228 1,231 2,019 2,521 1,465 1,503 2,794 1,902 6,414 2,956 1,943 2,031							

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND II. TABLE M-BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

	Scienc	of Housel e Departr quipment		icultural Equip-	quip- School)	opecial er pre- mns	Sites, Furni-
High Schools	Cookery, Sanitation and Hygiene	Handwork and Machine Sew- ing	Laundry Work	Value of Agricultural Department Equip- ment	Value of Art Equip- ment (Middle Scho	Total value of Special Equipment as per pre- ceding nine columns	Value of School Buildings and F ture
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1 Alexandria	Ψ			ψ	Ψ	Ψ	25,000
2 Alliston				91		91	40,000 2,60 0
3 Almonte						362	78,15 0
5 Arnprior							20,000
h						259	20,000
7 Athens	1			27		27	2,200 15,000
9 Avonmore							20,000
10 Aylmer							30,000
11 Beamsville		77	115 22	432		1,097 1,137	70,000 85,000
13 Bowmanville				597		597	40,000
14 Bracebridge							8,500
15 Bradford							25,000
16 Brampton							80,000 40,000
18 Burford							60,000
19 Burlington			3				9,250
20 Caledonia							25,000
21 Campbellford 22 Carleton Place			ł				30,000 28,550
23 Cayuga			I				15,000
24 Chatsworth							10,000
25 Chesley					65	65	22,000 15,000
27 Colborne							8,500
28 Cornwall	607	164				771	45,000
29 Deseronto			i .			1	18,000 44,000
31 Dundalk							10,000
32 Dunnville							41,790
33 Durham							16,250 10,000
34 Dutton							4,500
36 Essex							15,000
37 Exeter							27,000
38 Fergus							8,000 30,000
40 Forest							35,000
41 Fort Frances							9,750
42 Gananoque					• • • • • • • •		30,000 50,000
44 Glencoe							15,000
45 Gravenhurst							15,000
46 Grimsby							33,982 15,000
47 Hagersville							60,000
49 Harriston							16,000
50 Hawkesbury							18,000
51 Iroquois					33	33	15,000 15,000
53 Kenora							46,041
54 Kincardine				289		289	33,750
55 Kingsville						126	55,000 30,000
57 Listowel							37,000

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Continued)

				1							
Religious	and oth	er Exer	cises			Des	tination	of Pu	pils		
Schools in which Bible or Selec- tions therefrom are used	Schools opened with Prayer	Schools closed with Prayer	Commencement	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other High Schools or Coll. Institutes	Without
1				1 2 6 6 4 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 9 2 2 8 4 5 5 1	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 7 7 5 13 4 4 8 8 100 2 111 111 4 5 100 5 5 3 3 5 4 8 8 2 2 8 8 100 122 12 12 12 12 13 3 111 13 3 8 8 4 7 5 13 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 8 8 4 7 5 5 15 5 5	5 3 1 8 8 4 1 1 2 3 6 5 5 5 4 3 1 1 2 4 3 1 3 1 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	16 55 	1 1 2 4 4 2 2 4 2 4 2 2 4 3 3 5 5 3 3 1 1	7 2 2 2 2 12	6 4 4 4 3 7 7 3 7 6 6 5 5 4 4 4 1 3 3 4 4 5 5 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 8 8 3 4 4 6 5 5 8 6 6 17 1 8 1 1 5 1 2 2 6 3 10 2 4 2 2 1 1 4 3 9 9 2 1 7 7 4 2 3 3 4 4 3 3

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND II. TABLE M—BOARD OF EDUCATION,

II. TABLE M—BOARD OF EDUCATION,											
	Board					Value o	f General				
High Schools	Schools under B of Education	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens				
58 Lucan 59 Madoc 60 Markdale 61 Markham 62 Meaford 63 Midland 64 Milton 65 Mitchell 66 Morewood 67 Mount Forest 68 Newburgh 69 Newcastle 70 Newmarket 71 Niagara 72 Niagara Falls South 73 Norwich 74 Norwood 75 Oakville 76 Omemee 77 Orangeville 78 Oshawa 79 Paris 80 Parkhill 81 Parry Sound 82 Pembroke 83 Penetanguishene 84 Petrolia 85 Plantagenet 86 Port Dover 87 Port Elgin 88 Port Hope 89 Port Perry 90 Port Rowan 91 Prescott 92 Richmond Hill 93 Ridgetown 94 Rockland 95 Sault Ste. Marie 96 Shelburne 97 Simcoe 98 Smithville 99 Stirling 100 Streetsville 101 Sudbury 102 Sydenham 103 Thorold 104 Tillsonburg 105 Toronto, Davenpor 106 Toronto, North 107 Trenton 107 Trenton 108 Tweed		\$ 475 446 350 477 762 694 329 487 363 544 622 392 585 301 749 351 477 689 342 908 1,026 294 642 440 891 440 577 487 578 290 811 490 404 499 507 844 390 755 370 644 390	\$ 687 1,126 358 787 1,375 974 441 557 413 674 4466 429 699 305 1,529 412 587 927 436 1,117 1,887 818 82 876 651 1,062 848 176 7487 85 10 1,062 8486 176 176 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	\$ 116 68 96 299 110 165 43 197 72 194 186 68 110 261 58 247 385 105 65 65 94 161 76 66 130 113 113 152 52 144 161 202 21 144 66 89 90 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	\$ 76 97 53 77 77 77 77 77 88 84 42 100 50 131 50 76 67 67 67 67 67 68 88 86 86 86 86 87 67 77 67 77 88 88 86 86 86 87 77 77 77 77 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	\$	\$ 102 105 50 112 144 122 49 101 53 102 54 54 54 122 70 117 60 77 110 50 99 194 111 54 55 116 157 77 77 77 101 84 74 66 101 63 141 65 102 51 99 158 40 104 21 180 67 68				
109 Uxbridge		524 57 1 548	288 1 1,044 8 678 4 44	71 1 111 3 68 4 57	1 42 1 100 3 12'	508 7 200					

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Continued)

Equi	pment						Valu Der	e of Mai	nual Trai Equipm	ning nent
	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium (not including equipment)	Museum	Aquarium, Herbarium, etc.	Pictures	Total Value of General Equipment	Woodwork	Woodturning	Forging	Machine Shop Practice
58	\$ 140	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,596	\$	\$	\$	\$
59	56				80 39	1,978				
60 61	125 16				75	1,071 1,843				
62 63	441 390	1,404	50	4	435 200	5,338 2,782				
64	26					930				
65 66	212 18	550	1		92	2,296 1,007				
67	15				125 50	1,785 1,340				
68 69	16 8				36	1,010				
70 71	184 237	1,475				2,682 2,510				
72	466	7,500			200	11,658				
73 74	9 32				51	933 1,390				
75 76	59 30					2,513 983				
77	313	2,500				5,824				
78 79	207 33				157	5,274 1,848				
80	17			3	110 94	1,850 1,503				
81 82	101 40				100	3,162				
83 84	31 43		75	25	112 100	2,011 1,703				
85	20					1,296				
86 87	90		,		32 61	1,425 1,195				
88	41				500 54	3,335 1,689				
89 90	150 167					1,294				
91 92	58 19				74	2,026 1,616				
93	256	900	25	15	47	3,929 1,014				
94 95	9 12				242	3,119	539	270	238	2,991
96 97	36 47				40	1,373 2,250				
98	17				20	888 1,227				
99 100	20 13				103	1,309				
101	570	2,500)		40 44	8,160 1,732				
102 103	106 22					1,425				
104 105	64 82				372	2,073				
106	61				119 192					
107 108	46 70				40	1,498				
109 110	30	3			8	1,000				
111	24				120 15	2,581			}	
112 113		5			18	960	1		1	
114	21				1	830			1	1

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES II. TABLE M—BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

				II.	IMDLE	MBOA	CDS OF I	
		Scienc	of Housel e Departr quipment		Value of Agricultural Department Equipment	Value of Art Equipment (Middle School)	Total value of Special Equipment as per pre- ceding nine columns	School Sites, and Furni-
	High Schools	ne	ne		it	rt	e cc	school
		Cookery, Sanitation and Hygiene	Handwork and Machine Sewing	> .	Value of Agr Department ment	f A Mid	Total value Equipment a	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
		Cookery, Sanitation and Hygie	dwd Ma ng	Laundry Work	e o artı	e o	l v pm	Value of S Buildings ture
		anii bu	an	aur /or	Value Depai ment	alu	Total v Equipm	alu uile rre
		S S C	No in II	M	DO E	<u> </u>	日田 2	> m z
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Lucan							22,000 12,000
	Markdale							14,000
	Markham							20,000
	Meaford							35,000 29,500
64	Milton							78,856
65	Mitchell							10,000 11,999
	Mount Forest							16,500
68						16	16	5,000
69 70	Newcastle Newmarket							7,000 3,200
71	Niagara							6,000
72 73	Niagara Falls South.						1,699	50,000 50,000
	Norwood							20,000
75	Oakville						603	25,000
	OmemeeOrangeville							7,500 25,000
78	Oshawa							65,000
79 80	Paris							40,000 14,000
81	Parry Sound							30,000
82			.,		j.			35,000
84	Penetanguishene							25,000 6,000
85	Plantagenet							3,400
86 87	Port Dover						• • • • • • • •	1,300 10,000
					1			60,000
89 90								70,000
					1			9,000 20,142
92	Richmond Hill							17,000
93	Ridgetown							24,000 20,000
95	Sault Ste. Marie	995	104				5,137	290,000
96 97								9,000 40,000
98	Simcoe							10,000
99	Stirling							30,000
	Streetsville							8,000 28,728
	Sydenham							30,000
	Thorold							13,000
	Tillsonburg Toronto, Davenport							30,000
106	Toronto, North							235,000
	TrentonTweed				1	4		100,000 35,000
109	Uxbridge						1	12,000
	Vienna							1,250 40,000
	Walkerton							35,000
113	Wardsville							5,000
114	Waterdown							2,000

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Continued)

Religious and oth	ner Exercises			Destin	ation of	f Pupils			
Schools in which Bible or Selec- tions therefrom are used Schools opened with Prayer	Schools closed with Prayer Commencement	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other High Schools or Coll. Institutes	Without
58 59 1 60 61 62 63 64 1 65 1 66 1 67 1 70 1 71 1 72 73 1 74 1 75 1 76 77 78 79 1 80 1 81 1 82 83 84 1 85 86 1 87 1 88 1 89 90 1 91 92 93 1 94 95 96 1			8 1 13 4 4 4 7 7 5 5 3 9 3 9 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	3 4 4 5 5	6 4 4 7 7 7 2 2 2 2 1 2 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 7 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 3 3 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 133 77 25 133 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 6 6 5 100 4 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3 1 1 1 9 4 4 12 8 12 5 5 6 6 1 1 8

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND II. TABLE M—BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Board			-		Value	of General
High Schools	Schools under I	Library	Scientific Apparatus	Charts, Maps and Globes	Art Models	Typewriters	Biological Specimens
115 Waterford	1 1 1 	\$ 533 604 577 531 647 645 466 551 506	1,094 1,318 1,719 658 693 477		132 92 2 80 50	593 435 50 50	\$ 53 111 118 104 114 65 102 62 127
1 Totals, High Schools 2 Totals, Coll. Institutes	53 35	67,449 68,620	95,192 99,123			21,501 39,525	11,061 12,401
3 Grand Totals, 1921 4 Grand Totals, 1920	88 85	136,069 134,330					
5 Increases	3	1,739	6,931	908	22	3,232	420
7 Percentages		15.70	22.43	2.89	1.72	7.04	2.70

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND II. TABLE M—BOARDS OF EDUCATION,

	Science	of House e Departi quipment	nent	ultural quip-	luip- School)	of Special as per pre- columns	Sites, Furni-
High Schools	Cookery, Sanitation and Hygiene	Handwork and Machine Sew- ing	Laundry Work	Value of Agricultural Department Equip- ment	Value of Art Equip- ment (Middle School)	Total value of Equipment as p	Value of School Buildings and I ture
447 337 . 6 1	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
115 Waterford					31		16,000 15,000
117 Welland					31	31	83,000 75,000
119 Whitby				640		884	50,000
120 Wiarton				258		258	12,000 15,000
122 Winchester				702 284		702 284	19,000
123 Wingham				204	• • • • • • • •		35,000
1 Totals, High Schools	3,850			5,197 1,480			
2 Totals, Coll. Institutes	23,166	1,371	151	1,400	940		3,773,497
3 Grand Totals, 1921		1,866			1,085 1,397		
4 Grand Totals, 1920	23,246	1,674	1,772			73,703	0,014,704
5 Increases		192		830	312	1,617	754,921
6 Decreases			1,484		312		
7 Percentages	35.86	2.47	.38	8.86	1.44		

HIGH SCHOOLS (Continued) EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Continued)

Equ	ipment						Valu Dep	e of Mar artment	iual Trai Equipm	ning
	Equipment for Physical Culture	Gymnasium (not including equipment)	Museum	Aquarium, Herbarium, etc.	Pictures	Total Value of General Equipment	Woodwork	Woodturning	Forging	Machine Shop Practice
115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123	\$ 61 145 210 103 74 25 117 45 177	\$,000 200	\$	\$	\$ 46 117	\$ 1,500 2,327 10,792 3,184 3,273 1,677 1,908 1,285 2,154	165	\$	79	\$
1 2	10,678 22,459					290,273 576,039			317 2,263	2,991 4,257
3 4	33,137 32,187			633 1,383		866,312 834,221	23,993 21,730	4,569 7,764		
5 6	950	21,951	2,339	750	973	32,091	2,263	3,195	86	361
7	3.82	39.87	.42	.07	3.28		31.85	6.06	3.42	9.62

HIGH SCHOOLS (Continued)

EQUIPMENT, DESTINATION OF PUPILS, ETC. (Concluded)

Religious a	ind oth	er Exer	cises			Des	stination	n of Pu	pils		
Schools in which Bible or Selec- tions therefrom are used	Schools opened with Prayer	Schools closed with Prayer	Commencement Exercises	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Other Occupations	Other High Schools or Coll. Institutes	Without
115 1 116 117 1 118 1 119 120 1 121 122 123 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1	7 2 36 7 1 8 3 4	4 77 10 6 6 3 9 12 3	2 5 7	1 4 8 3 6 3 4 4	1 1	20 20 3 5 2	5 1 14 13 9 2 2 2 2	8 1 2 9 2 9 2 5 7
1 65 2 30	118 47	3	76 42	626 1,496	702 384	216 471	546 534	192 422	618 810	662 859	389 781
3 95 4 97	165 168	3 3	118 112	2,122 3,417	1,086 1,322	687 692	1,080 1,131	614 787	1,428 1,807	1,521 1,632	1,170 1,319
5 6 2	3		6	1,295	236	5	51	173	379	111	149
7 55.88	97.05	1.76	69.41	21.85	11.18	7.07	11.12	6.32	14.70	15.66	12.05

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		At	tendan	ce			Num Pupil	ber of			umber Pupils
Collegiate Institutes	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Secondary School	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Upper School		Other Municipalities within the County or Territorial District
1 Barrie 2 Brantford. 3 Brockville. 4 Chatham 5 Clinton 6 Cobourg. 7 Collingwood 8 Fort William 9 Galt 10 Goderich 11 Guelph 12 Hamilton 13 Ingersoll 14 Kingston 15 KitchnrWaterloo 16 Lindsay 17 London 18 Morrisburg 19 Napanee 20 Niagara Falls 21 North Bay 22 Orillia 23 Ottawa 24 Owen Sound 25 Perth 26 Peterborough 27 Picton 28 Port Arthur 29 Renfrew 30 St. Catharines 31 St. Mary's 32 St. Thomas 33 Sarnia 34 Seaforth 35 Smith's Falls 36 Stratford 37 Strathroy 38 Toronto, Harbord 39 " Humberside 40 " Jarvis 41 " Malvern 42 " Oakwood 43 " Parkdale 44 " Riverdale 45 Vankleek Hill 46 Windsor 47 Woodstock	309 835 353 380 190 175 257 438 511 1,094 236 663 388 386 1,025 143 209 292 333 1,396 456 216 503 241 769 1549 231 339 545 201 757 691 467 778 478 484 484	397 156 1644 80 77 1000 1933 237 72 2233 5622 107 321 1844 198 513 59 78 117 145 145 145 145 108 137 129 299 108 317 249 101 134 270 93 430 391 421 245 537 369 415 62 387 221	159 438 197 216 110 98 157 245 274 111 248 532 129 342 204 188 512 247 188 577 262 127 262 127 262 133 196 202 330 139 374 300 205 275 108 329 366 270 222 520 365 363 104 441 263	751 310 325 175 156 2222 394 462 151 353 1,043 200 572 341 346 907 115 196 172 2258 1,133 405 145 200 296 302 544 495 180 657 490 198 284 495 180 677 569 399 973 640 703 142 778 409	115 360 144 129 500 69 179 194 476 84 215 167 148 263 40 476 64 98 120 476 61 173 71 183 87 156 130 206 101 275 173 76 132 194 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	123 394 145 173 599 75 75 222 226 63 192 468 944 238 167 178 335 51 97 68 116 133 525 525 182 291 104 117 125 291 114 279 196 63 322 258 203 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 36	215 104 123 44 522 844 1177 1499 53 133 2899 68 162 101 89 333 45 60 46 92 100 393 129 55 147 74 98 130 130 146 245 167 167 168 174 174 174 175 174 175 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176	60 186 855 559 33 588 91 106 52 114 258 599 241 103 97 278 80 409 117 62 103 48 44 457 119 59 127 164 64 71 71 72 187 213 108 211 189 291 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 1	39 40 19 29 15 40 8 34 31 32 79 15 22 27 9 11 12 20 69 28 13 32 15 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	192 663 257 258 92 117 195 410 252 117 382 972 146 532 335 208 904 66 115 161 269 229 1,306 341 129 403 114 328 406 446 142 520 456 446 142 520 456 46 47 54 73 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	98 58 53 24 209 65 77 88 74 120 52 148 108 73 117 22 105 83 86 124 177 63 152 93 134 35 69 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108
Totals	22,734	11,044	11,090	19,994	0,4381	9,170	0,3331	3,03/	1,3921	10,078	4,032

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC.

of from—	Nı	umber He	of Pu ad is o	pils f	rom Fa	amilies below-	s whos	e		Numb Va	er of Prarious S	upils in	the	
Other Counties or Districts	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Den- tistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without Occupation	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
1 2 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 9 8 4 4 9 50 10 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 3 4 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 6 3 0 1 7 1 3 1 8 4 1 1 1 5 1 1 6 3 0 1 7 1 3 3 2 8 5 2 9 3 3 3 0 6 3 1 4 2 2 2 4 1 0 0 2 6 1 4 2 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 2 1	40 203 666 444 300 111 922 1477 1466 366 109 4399 511 1300 183 87 4922 105 377 1266 766 113 344 271 822 225 369 313 283 149 419 419 429 429 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 420	98 110 87 125 95 53 56 28 84 68 68 76 69 80 118 35 143 31 15 70 114 112 81 77 110 87 54 115 13 16 10 10 10 10 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	14 60 11 7 14 5 23 6 19 18 12 73 5 6 6 39 15 77 6 5 12 3 21 9 4 20 20 15 17 6 8 8 18 12 7 3 6 15 17 6 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	55 54 112 2114 188 22311 144 186 647 77 117 77 466 44 664 488 111 331 1361 144 9363 7155 42 2376	45 132 74 87 26 50 41 76 177 40 91 314 46 141 193 35 265 31 31 38 80 30 88 83 30 157 28 79 84 198 39 198 105 105 106 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	65 108 44 82 15 6 14 43 31 11 13 33 62 30 58 42 26 71 51 54 17 60 23 50 28 19 10 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	29 150 56 15 8 8 28 19 124 411 57 8 125 50 15 12 23 74 12 3888 35 22 79 20 83 83 10 145 14 20 7 7 7 7 8 12 13 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	188 67 100 166 11 200 122 12 12 12 14 144 144 15 15 15 16 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	159 274 844 128 496 170 400 129 72 124 62 69 400 238 62 668 123 109 207 112 40 70 22 249 81 11 23 28 186 60 87 7 234 205 47 478 205 25 132 225 37 15 118 6,586	309 830 346 362 182 170 250 436 493 1800 236 659 997 130 232 209 290 321 1,375 440 215 482 227 330 500 187 757 755 680 467 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 1,049 1	306 830 353 362 182 493 1800 424 1,047 236 659 997 128 232 209 288 322 21,374 440 215 482 228 333 617 247 675 549 219 330 539 757 755 680 467 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048 778 1,048	123 394 142 209 59 75 71 222 77 186 457 94 238 167 178 335 48 100 68 65 133 525 119 251 105 1125 323 114 437 199 490 298 321 400 200 366 260 337 633 635 635 635 635 636 636 636 637 637 638 638 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 639	60 157 79 216 122 34 58 104 141 522 110 233 34 240 360 104 278 311 555 578 90 157 801 111 39 102 62 78 187 151 59 246 68 79 26 68 79 26 24 58 34 44 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 4	96 58 40 53 69 14 58 72 69 52 96 233 255 73 68 33 143 15 26 27 78 118 102 48 166 27 78 102 48 166 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS,

		Num	ber of	Pupils i	n the V	arious S	Subjec	ets (Co	ntin	ued)	
Collegiate Institutes	Modern History	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	Trigonometry	French	Spanish	German	Latin
1 Barrie. 2 Brantford. 3 Brockville. 4 Chatham. 5 Clinton. 6 Cobourg. 7 Collingwood. 8 Fort William. 9 Galt. 10 Goderich. 11 Guelph. 12 Hamilton. 13 Ingersoll. 14 Kingston. 15 Kitchener-Waterloo. 16 Lindsay. 17 London. 18 Morrisburg. 19 Napanee. 20 Niagara Falls. 21 North Bay. 22 Orillia. 23 Ottawa. 24 Owen Sound. 25 Perth. 26 Peterborough. 27 Picton. 28 Port Arthur. 29 Renfrew. 30 St. Catharines. 31 St. Mary's. 32 St. Thomas. 33 Sarnia. 34 Seaforth. 35 Smith's Falls. 36 Stratford. 37 Strathroy. 38 Toronto, Harbord. 39 "Humberside. 40 "Jarvis. 41 "Malvern. 42 "Oakwood. 43 "Parkdale. 44 "Riverdale. 45 Vankleek Hill. 46 Windsor. 47 Woodstock.	28 15 12 15 12 17 7 21 1 3 20 11 11 16 62 4 4 4 4 4 4 37 7 9 12 10 5 5 9 34 17 8 6 6 10 1 16 5 32 22 27 7 13 16 6 5 35 6 6 11 1 9 9 2 2 7 7 1 13 1 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	123 274 166 209 69 51 95 58 257 65 206 	71 166 81 85 44 26 60 281 98 35 99 256 60 132 230 120 333 40 32 46 146 79 422 72 48 93 44 45 59 168 114 64 70 135 135 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14	52 334 129 298 44 71 84 298 218 112 145 524 72 242 173 117 333 300 454 169 600 170 96 157 243 246 59 239 152 64 92 236 57 279 207 255 231 210 222 64 135 146	300 456 200 369 184 123 191 386 404 129 395 746 294 334 993 84 147 182 288 288 286 196 291 1,372 209 68 246 291 1,372 209 11 302 291 18 401 18 401 18 402 403 404 405 406 407 407 407 408 408 409 409 409 409 409 409 409 409	150 353 171 155 119 71 152 164 200 98 233 595 99 277 283 136 659 74 101 86 147 175 843 341 119 221 160 73 272 133 294 283 155 160 73 272 143 272 143 273 274 275 177 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277	25 19 9 15 6 6 10 26 3 3 26 11 10 60 12 19 40 9 9 15 6 6 9 9 26 6 12 17 7 18 22 9 9 26 6 11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	195 555 332 255 128 108 116 315 338 122 375 923 1676 655 286 303 617 80 185 158 264 249 1,353 401 209 305 194 238 246 536 177 490 429 171 278 477 159 753 710 640 433 1,052 670 770 89 732 261	335	10 26 20 8 8 13 6 8 28 22 4 7 37 53 55 7 144 67 58 13 13 11 11 156 106 110 22 143 98 88 88 88 88 89 106 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	275 590 257 238 129 108 200 214 335 112 373 848 156 521 234 270 935 64 166 201 199 292 184 363 127 235 238 440 182 235 238 440 170 250 321 164 717 628 620 398 1,040 633 754 144 531 376
Totals	690	8,060	5,874	7,746	18,022	11,338	958	8,539	136	1,312	17,413

HIGH SCHOOLS (Continued) AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

24 79 206 114 76 99 99 99 305 435 99 248 240 25 25 9 48 100 68 44 20 18 22 101 212 22 28 29 186 95 95 96 114 114 45 387 116 126 91 29 53 39 53 87 237 56	N	umber o	of Pupi	ls in th	ne Var	ious Sı	ubject	s (Con	tinued	1)		Spec	ial Co	ırses	
2 5 167 274 148 148 197 197 46 820 197 294 315 4 5 92 227 57 57 53 50 53 114 352 71 97 114 11 5 48 74 73 72 121 190 31 6 12 40 40 38 35 30 41 190 36 54 121 190 36 54 120 36 54 34	Greek	Zoology	Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Art (Middle School)
212 2,940 7,029 4,209 5,092 3,440 2,353 2,165 5,843 22,052 1,872 355 3,250 3,435 189	2 5 7 4 5 5 6 7 2 8 13 3 14 5 15 12 13 3 14 5 15 4 16 6 17 30 18 4 4 19 5 20 22 22 22 22 23 16 22 25 9 26 27 28 29 6 30 3 31 5 32 23 34 23 35 33 35 36 37 38 21 39 10 40 6 41 42 24 43 38 44 8 45 42 44 3 3 44 8 45 46 1 47 8 8	167 29 92 48 48 48 41 58 61 45 254 41 95 26 115 28 24 58 96 79 48 29 50 23 34 106 38 91 75 68 101 44 47 45 82 57 37 96 61 25 99 61 25 99	274 622 2277 744 40 138 1699 1536 61 205 558 677 277 75 1222 285 78 82 284 137 188 206 100 186 111 145 211 235 54 86 153 306 122 411 246 240 249 122 411	148 388 577 733 400 722 1055 811 1211 688 744 3011 266 544 755 388 809 158 1144 688 955 222 411 466 1122 244 1420 241 1420 511 511 512 513 514 615 615 615 615 615 615 615 615	148 75 577 722 388 688 26 1200 2488 599 91 93 76 297 200 555 300 375 76 444 95 25 445 110 433 186 286 86 72 72 71 220 157 200 189 310 189 310 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189	53 73 35 34 118 125 27 58 30 110 77 40 66 54 67 67 99 20 96 53 391 50 113 20 95 112 252 112 252 112 252 134 116 116 117 117 117 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	50 51 34 118 128 35 59 37 37 36 37 37 39 39 39 30 108 31 39 30 108 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	53 62 	144 522 1211 144 80 168 151 211 181 149 67 1188 90 100 70 30 30 55 138 536 305 101 45 87 24 24 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	820 352 380 190 170 256 436 504 436 918 232 618 380 1,020 1,386 435 212 387 237 333 325 628 247 685 528 231 328 247 685 528 231 328 646 646 61,051 718 716 680 680 680 680 680 680 680 68	197 77 34 118 128 32 62 36 110 96 45 99 22 116 56 93 114 36 6 13 61	2177	299 135 143 255 688 135 170 	240 240 291 106 119 121 131 214 559 237 154	143 25

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		At	ttendan	ce		Num	ber of I	Pupils	in		ber of
High Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Secondary School	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Upper School	Municipalities Forming High School	Other Municipalities of within the County or Herritorial District
1 Alexandria 2 Alliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg. 5 Arnprior 6 Arthur 7 Athens 8 Aurora 9 Avonmore 10 Aylmer 11 Bealleville 12 Belleville 13 Bowmanville. 14 Bracebridge 15 Bradford 16 Brampton 17 Brighton 18 Burford 19 Burlington 20 Caledonia 21 Campbellford. 22 Carleton Place 23 Cayuga 24 Chatsworth 25 Chesley 26 Chesterville 27 Colborne 28 Cornwall 29 Deseronto 30 Dundalk 31 Dundas 32 Dunnville 33 Durham 34 Dutton 35 Elora 36 Essex 37 Exeter 38 Fergus 39 Flessherton 40 Forest 41 Fort Frances 42 Gananoque 43 Georgetown 44 Glencoe 45 Gravenhurst 46 Grimsby 47 Hagersville 48 Haileybury 49 Harriston 50 Hawkesbury 51 Iroquois 52 Kemptville 53 Kenora 54 Kincardine 55 Kingsville 56 Leamington 57 Listowel	127 112 129 67 234 114 148 160 52 131 136 391 167 174 80 202 988 46 137 98 76 343 66 81 149 129 128 129 128 131 149 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 12		80 78 80 78 84 89 34 77 74 221 104 45 94 100 114 45 227 67 53 81 13 75 88 75 75 37 75 33 43 45 94 45 94 45 94 45 96 47 67 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 64 65 65 65 66 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	106 98 1111 577 209 104 134 138 48 109 121 353 147 78 667 137 141 171 171 172 37 120 75 69 63 141 111 107 108 51 109 108 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 11	41 50 61 18 75 49 46 66 64 48 49 155 56 41 31 70 30 36 37 51 51 80 63 37 51 51 80 63 43 40 35 43 40 35 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	70 49 72 30 91 52 47 71 71 55 50 148 61 31 34 47 29 26 24 47 29 40 46 24 47 46 24 47 46 46 47 46 47 46 47 47 46 47 47 46 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	32 34 28 13 10 45 39 31 30 117 42 25 50 38 56 48 48 56 61 44 29 39 31 30 117 20 57 30 31 30 31 30 45 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		7 6 14 4 6 10 6 26 4	56 54 36 45 152 87 61 126	3 58 54 23 63 666 78 77 9 81 95 85 76 63 0 55 87 49 9 1 49 42 135 15 28 97 33 65 665 67 11 75 38 48 52 2 42 80 75 39 57 41 91 666

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

	Name of Paris (Continued)																
	N N	Number of Pupils from Families whose Head is occupied as below—									Number of Pupils in the Various Subjects						
Other Counties or Districts	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without Occupation	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History			
1 2 2 13 3 2 4 5 32 6 7 1 8 9 1 1 10 11 4 12 16 13 2 14 15 3 16 11 17 2 18 4 12 2 1 9 2 2 2 5 5 23 24 1 1 25 15 26 7 27 28 37 29 3 30 20 31 33 2 4 33 23 35 24 33 34 2 2 3 5 3 37 7 38 14 39 41 1 42 13 43 22 2 44 5 1 46 30 47 41 1 42 13 43 22 5 45 1 46 30 47 41 41 1 42 13 43 22 5 45 1 46 30 47 41 49 37 50 12 51 38 53 55 55 6 8 57 18	13 37 7 13 20 6 12 19 21 45 29	80 56 64 24 64 63 92 64 40 80 80 85 38 50 85 38 53 63 64 90 77 39 52 53 53 53 53 63 63 74 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	92 11 22 11 11 55 12 24 41 11 22 8 8 26 6 6 6 3 3 10 8 5 5 4 4 7 7 7 6 6 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	1 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 1 3 3 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 5 3 3 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2	6 11 20 12 53 3 12 14 55 148 14 34 12 22 15 53 11 47 7 5 2 366 10 5 106 4 8 8 22 11 35 31 18 53 18 53 18 53 18 12 22 15 50 10 27 7 6 7 17 23 12 13 3 3 3 18 12 22 15 50 10 27 7 6 7 17 23 12 13 3 3 21 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	12 100 77 322 13 111 18 22 22 28 2 15 1 1 12 20 166 29 7 7 2 5 3 3 6 6 6 11 24 4 5 5 15 6 6 12 4 4 4 38 8 10 13 3 5 5 6 6 5 19 2 6 22	144 77 11 133 144 100 144 58 188 631 188 631 188 62 77 55 12 12 17 21 21 17 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	5 1 1 12 100 3 122 13 3 1 4 5 5 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 6 100 2 2 4 5 5 3 3 12 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	32 38 100 111 157 79 90 110 17 31 31 230 36 78 25 50 54 19 101 101 52 26 13 79 68 85 55 186 48 25 186 48 25 186 48 25 186 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	127 106 128 63 228 111 148 158 52 120 136 374 162 109 80 197 96 66 84 147 166 184 80 42 126 98 87 2 322 66 75 158 53 129 117 143 64 120 115 150 117 143 64 120 115 150 121 140 157 182 101 140 157 182 101 140 157 182 101 140 157 182 101 140 157 182 101 140 157	127 109 125 65 230 111 148 160 52 120 136 375 162 108 80 200 96 68 44 147 164 190 79 46 126 98 87 4 324 66 79 158 110 117 143 64 120 117 150 121 94 50 129 139 139 157 183 95 129 101 139 157 183 95 124 156	70 49 72 30 91 50 47 71 17 55 50 174 59 41 32 54 40 32 54 39 65 59 90 31 24 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	20 26 15 24 66 21 49 35 8 16 35 85 44 34 20 70 27 11 16 37 59 43 12 8 39 68 19 100 18 15 22 27 21 21 22 23 25 27 21 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 27 21 21 22 23 25 26 27 27 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 27 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 27 27 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 27 21 21 22 23 24 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	25 26 14 23 27 21 46 36 10 22 35 31 44 45 28 28 28 28 28 21 6 37 29 17 43 43 18 18 16 22 17 23 18 24 25 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28			

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND

III. TABLE N-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

III. TABLE N-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS												
		Number of Pupils in the Various Subjects (Continued)										
High Schools	Modern History	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry ,	Trigonometry	French	Spanish	German	Latin	Greek
1 Alexandria 2 Alliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg 5 Arnprior 6 Arthur 7 Athens 8 Aurora 9 Avonmore 10 Aylmer 11 Beamsville 12 Belleville 13 Bowmanville 14 Bracebridge 15 Bradford 16 Brampton 17 Brighton 18 Burford 19 Burlington 20 Caledonia 21 Campbellford. 22 Carleton Place 23 Cayuga 24 Chatsworth 25 Chesley 26 Chesterville 27 Colborne 28 Cornwall 29 Deseronto 30 Dundalk 31 Dundas 32 Dunnville 33 Durham 34 Dutton 35 Elora 36 Essex 37 Exeter 38 Fergus 39 Flesherton 40 Forest 41 Fort Frances 42 Gananoque 43 Georgetown 44 Glencoe 45 Gravenhurst 46 Grimsby 47 Hagersville 48 Haileybury 49 Harriston 50 Hawkesbury 51 Iroquois 52 Kemptville 53 Kenora 54 Kincardine 55 Kingsville 55 Kingsville 56 Leamington 57 Listowel		70 49 100 18 1555 50 47 711 177 555 411 344 700 26 36 39 611 34 24 29 26 148 31 35 87 40 40 40 40 42 43 43 64 44 55 50 77 77 77 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	322 822 822 823 120 677 309 188 311 311 412 544 244 120 211 199 299 355 266 144 777 399 277 888 177 39 37 311 417 423 333 417 433 333 441 440 366 388 385 466 285 466 285 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 466 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385	32 38 100 43 66 29 50 39 25 86 81 153 37 37 59 50 29 64 46 54 57 14 77 73 27 138 17 22 124 16 62 33 36 62 33 36 63 43 37 39 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	127 74 121 47 230 112 103 111 45 108 52 382 149 112 49 150 60 67 65 79 73 132 80 21 11 125 59 76 236 49 78 125 119 67 65 58 6 118 141 61 93 19 150 109 92 46 120 132 124 126 67 103 94 141 182 102 221 153	57 69 20 26 131 62 101 75 34 57 52 46 90 98 72 46 90 59 31 42 104 109 73 48 45 74 69 50 191 35 56 69 50 31 14 48 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	6	71 15 119 111 118 95 80 61 105 105 144 88		17	127 844 105 34 210 433 98 150 32 855 116 293 120 90 72 191 67 52 75 115 146 182 67 41 117 85 53 32 216 62 99 77 60 67 46 90 92 126 36 93 37 282 84 71 110 96 97 101 61 54 87 101 61 87	4 1

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

Number of Pupils in the Various Subjects (Continued)										Special Courses				
Zoology	Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Art (Middle School)	
1 32 48 3 28 4 12 5 66 6 7 19 8 39 9 18 10 38 11 6 6 12 70 13 7 14 37 15 24 16 53 17 20 18 21 43 22 54 23 25 7 24 14 25 31 26 29 27 25 28 94 29 17 30 20 31 38 32 34 33 47 34 41 35 16 36 37 41 38 38 38 39 21 40 23 44 24 45 10 46 30 47 37 48 17 49 34 50 36 51 37 52 31 53 15 55 55 28	102 82 28 27 160 41 110 177 93 66 71 77 78 58 123 34 555 52 94 43 77 39 51 1192 45 55 90 71 47 47 40 72 70 70 72	25 27 17 21 166 1 49 400 48 17 19 67 27 8 13 33 58 39 12 28 28 23 25 18 15 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	25 28 28 28 22 666 7 40 12 19 32 27 8 14 36 36 37 18 22 28 23 31 47 30 30 30 30 20 21 31 32 41 41 36 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	122 	12 69 52 31 33 33 33 33	12 69 31 32 33 17	1022 755 255 255 7 1622 308 435 355 31 699 1199 833 36 244 110 222 499 655 142 266 45 45 45 45 57 37 57 57 97 88 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	127 1100 1299 67 2311 111 147 158 52 131 136 391 164 114 80 202 96 66 84 147 170 192 80 46 135 91 127 138 184 121 144 44 50 127 134 141 151	52 31	102 43 	5	7 47		

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

MILL 10.		P	Attend	dance			Number Pupils	Number of Pupils from—			
High Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Secondary School	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Upper School	Municipalities Forming High School	Other Municipalities within the County or Territorial District
58 Lucan. 59 Madoc. 60 Markdale. 61 Markham. 62 Meaford. 63 Midland. 64 Milton. 65 Mitchell. 66 Morewood. 67 Mount Forest. 68 Newburgh. 69 Newcastle. 70 Newmarket. 71 Niagara. 72 Niagara Falls Sth. 73 Norwich. 74 Norwood. 75 Oakville. 76 Omemee. 77 Orangeville. 78 Oshawa. 79 Paris. 80 Parkhill. 81 Parry Sound. 82 Pembroke. 83 Penetanguishene. 84 Petrolia. 85 Plantagenet. 86 Port Dover. 87 Port Elgin. 88 Port Hope. 89 Port Perry. 90 Port Rowan. 91 Prescott. 92 Richmond Hill. 93 Ridgetown. 94 Rockland. 95 Sault Ste. Marie. 96 Shelburne. 97 Simcoe. 98 Smithville. 99 Stirling. 100 Streetsville. 101 Sudbury. 102 Sydenham. 103 Thorold. 104 Tillsonburg. 105 Toronto— "Davenport" 106 "North. 107 Trenton. 108 Tweed.	84 200 83 118 72 140 141 108 164 310 507 193	112 23 844 577 155 677 146 59 544 588 104 32 22 885 31 757 64 73 20 180 32 85 33 57 68 88 84 84 73 20 85 85 86 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	76 88 51 96 126 256 117 58	88 85 78 104 118 144 123 107 40 107 77 20 174 28 43 104 86 119 43 130 151 466 70 151 467 181 368 181 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 187 188 188 188 188 188 188	43 50 63 117 209 80 39	54 46 50 74 121 218 91 37	30 32 32 33 37 43 43 44 46 46 41 119 51 38 47 44 42 22 38 48 40 41 41 41 41 42 43 44 46 46 47 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	28 32 17 39 34 36 34 35 16 27 29 18 44 11 48 54 22 33 35 56 14 60 13 27 28 32 16 46 19 27 28 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	28 10 7	139 80 87 310 476 138 46	76 71 8 83 350 23 71 51 1 27 68 .12 122 11 69 56 42 66 67 75 68 .12 122 11 44 66 47 71 11 44 66 47 72 11 39 93 88 88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80
109 Uxbridge 110 Vienna 111 Walkerton 112 Wallaceburg	107	39	14 68		27	59 7 28 76		37 6 22 39	8	. 22	92 1 48 37

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

AND IN	TILE	VAN	1005	SUB				ontin	uea)					
	N				rom Fied as			e		Numb Va	er of Pu trious S	ipils in ubjects	the	
Other Counties or Districts	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Den- tistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without Occupation	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
58 59 1 60 61 23 62 2 63 65 66 10 67 40 68 1 69 73 9 74 14 75 .7 76 7 77 51 78 14 79 2 80 20 81 1 82 6 83 2 84 90 91 92 93 5 94 6 95 2 96 3 97 98 18 99 2 100 9 101 4 102 1 103 8	20 28 17 24 24 5 5 6 148 5 25 8 125 10 125 19 30 6 9 9 14 26 15 15 16 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	89 89 13	1 1 1 2 7 6 3 3 4 4 7 4 1 1 6 7 1 2 8 8 4 4 1 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33 3 1 1 5 2 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 5 6 6	23 22 15 4 147 3 45 8 6 7 21 4 73 24	31 4 77 4 17 18 14 11 10 11 12 2 8 8 3 4 5	13 42 16 6 16 16 18 3 17 43 3 13 3 22 26 22 23 31 23 31 23 31 23 31 25 26 44 39 4	3 15 2 5 8 8 8 14 1 3 3 2 7 7 1 1 2 7 1 1 2 2 7 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 3 4 4 4 4	27 200 55 45 19 40 1 41 63 31 100	81 196 83 115 72 140 131 108 160	96 43 129 118 165 42 430 81 196 83 315 72 136 137 108	59 36 64 75 48 75 22 24 49 97 44 222 56 52 73 30 169 40 40 40 40 41 54 46 50 77	12 20 36 17 53	28 12 17 38 30 21 30 35 10 27 6 9 31 12 26 9 18 17 11 13 25 21 14 47 13 22 14 47 22 14 47 22 14 32 33 34 34 34 36 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
105 106 107 32 108 1 109 6 110 111 112 23	180 44 18 32 2	14 53 34 82 20 43	21 3 1 1	21 5 1 	41 47 13 15 1 28	36 9 18	215	13 13 3 2	179 91 54 105 10 10	507 189 93 106 23 99	507 189 93 105 23 101	218 91 37 60 7 28	46 13 33 4 17	30 57 26 16 33 4 15 39

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND

III. TABLE N-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

			Nun	ber of	Pupils i	n the V	arious	Subject	ts ((Contin	ued)	
High Schools	Modern History	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra	Geometry	Trigonometry	French	Spanish	German	Latin	Greek
58 Lucan. 59 Madoc. 60 Markdale. 61 Markham. 62 Meaford. 63 Midland. 64 Milton. 65 Mitchell. 66 Morewood. 67 Mount Forest. 68 Newburgh. 69 Newcastle. 70 Newmarket. 71 Niagara Falls Sth. 73 Norwich. 74 Norwood. 75 Oakville. 76 Omemee. 77 Orangeville. 78 Oshawa. 79 Paris. 80 Parkhill. 81 Parry Sound. 82 Pembroke. 83 Penetanguishene. 84 Petrolia. 85 Plantagenet. 86 Port Dover. 87 Port Elgin. 88 Port Hope. 89 Port Perry. 90 Port Rowan. 91 Prescott. 92 Richmond Hill. 93 Ridgetown. 94 Rockland. 95 Sault Ste. Marie. 96 Shelburne. 97 Simcoe. 98 Smithville. 99 Stirling. 100 Streetsville. 101 Sudbury. 102 Sydenham. 103 Thorold. 104 Tillsonburg. 105 Toronto—	10 6 111 7	48 45 30 36 44 47 50 15 51 13 88 10 100 13 59 41 38 57 22 24 49 97 42 24 49 97 42 24 49 97 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	30 311 312 26 43 40 27 19 34 43 43 44 46 18 41 59 46 38 45 30 22 38 16 40 22 26 36 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	73 666 344 288 355 422 1099 288 199 344 455 499 188 122 2144 322 388 112 118 222 400 166 200 733 199 400 121 118 107 177 455 181 181 192 193 194 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195	112 63 83 93 125 149 146 116 23 117 72 26 189 25 132 120 64 101 33 31 128 325 128 115 133 164 84 130 511 62 84 142 90 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	64 49 53 80 59 77 78 65 31 711 57 15 83 25 88 63 62 68 73 133 81 36 61 47 75 74 42 98 211 211 211 212 212 212 213 214 215 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217	6 4 4 20 8 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 7 11 122 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	97		55	112	
" Davenport 106 " North. 107 Trenton 108 Tweed 109 Uxbridge 110 Vienna 111 Walkerton 112 Wallaceburg.	12 6 7 4	121 218 91 37 60 7 28 76	90 124 39 25 44 10 25 51	91 256 15 28 46 17 71 51	220 378 189 85 150 11 66 48	121 283 97 84 88 14 52 175	26 4 5 10	57 127 8		66 142 4	455 162 53 131	

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

	Numb	er of P	ıpils in	the Va	rious	Subjec	cts (Co	ntinued) 4		Specia	al Cou	rses	
	Zoology	Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial	Agriculture .	Manual Training	Household Science	Art (Middle School)
58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 97 98 99 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	23 24 31 30 29 47 37 27 19 34 23 3 31 13 32 41 36 13 38 26 30 22 11 38 20 18 6 37 38 20 21 19 38 20 21 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	81	31 27 17 43 34 28 28 33 31 27 27 27 27 27 27 18 31 49 61 7 7 10 12 12 15 18 39 39 31 11 49 61 7 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	32 12 40 41 51	12 124 138 26 41 40 25 25	26 32 54 12 24 112 38 38	7 54 14 25 112 38 38 26	23 26 61 62 25 55 96 103 28 14 41 41 74 44 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 22 77 74 26 11 22 23 38 38 65 16 17 26 37 37 48 40 37 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	165 42 430 84 200 83 118 72 138 140 108	32 54 	91335	81	25	3
105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112	54 272 39 26 52 10 22 51	273 130 62 112 17 30	88 128 54 15 3 19	136 33 14	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	2.		400	479 193 93 150 23	B				

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		At	tendanc	e	* .	Num	ber of	Pupils	in—		ber of from—
High Schools	Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Boys	Girls	Average Daily Attendance	Number Admitted for the First Time to a Secondary School	Lower School, Form I	Lower School, Form II	Middle School	Upper School	Municipalities Forming High School	Other Municipalities within the County or Territorial District
113 Wardsville 114 Waterdown 115 Waterford 116 Watford 117 Welland 118 Weston 119 Whitby 120 Wiarton 121 Will'mstown. 122 Winchester 123 Wingham	43 87 69 114 266 350 169 101 94 140 172	37 34 51 125 170 85 48	50 35 63 141 180 84 53 58	59 95 223 296 142 80 84 118	56 38 31	20 40 29 45 87 171 67 39 34 52	31 24 29 104 87 53 19 24	16 16 26 56 70 39 38 36 52	19 22 10 5	138 153 96 53 92 71	187 70 33
 Totals, High Schools Totals, Collegiate Institutes. 	16,671 22,734	7,284 11,044	,	14,268 19,994				4,157 5,637	946 1,392		,
3 Grand Totals, 1921-22 4 Grand Totals, 1920-21	39,405 34,128		21,077 18,907	34,262 28,952		15,950 14,208			2,338 1,491		
5 Increases 6 Decreases	5,277	3,107	2,170	5,310	1,987	1,742	1,365	1,323	847	3,795	1,274
7 Percentages		46.51	53.48	86.94	37.18	40.47	28.73	24.85	5.93	70.65	25.41

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Continued)

	N	lumbei He	of Pu					e		Numbe Var	r of Pur ious Sul	oils in	the	
Other Counties or Districts	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry, or the Church	Teaching	The Trades	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without Occupation	English Grammar	English Composition and Rhetoric	English Literature	Canadian History	British History	Ancient History
115 116 117 118 119 120 1 121 122	3 15 8 8 0 22 3 73 0 71 3 15	27 57 49 63 79 90 61 37 62 66 100	4 3 3 8 15 6 18 2 2 2 5 4	1 2 4 1 2 	1 6 10 84 101 14 10 3 14 18	1 1 7 11 12 15 20 8 9 9	34 28 17 5 12		13 72 23 51 76 46 47 11 58 33 32	41 85 69 113 245 348 160 85 92 134 163	42 85 69 113 245 348 160 88 93 135 163	20 40 29 45 174 171 70 38 34 53 68	9 14 16 26 52 69 21 37 35 49 44	8 15 7 26 54 35 24 28 35 47 44
1 94 2 60	6 2,862 4 6,445	6,528				1,578 1,864					16,267 22,274			
	0 9,307			554	8,149	3,442	4,554	1,458			38,541			
4 1,34	2 8,118	8,583	1,711	529	7,236	2,813	3,856	1,282	22858	33,260	33,405	26294	21872	7,747
5 20	1,189	1,536	111	25		629			9,229	5,099	5,136	9,985	10364	1,439
7 3.9	3 23.62	25.68	4.62	1.40	20.68	8.73	11.55	3.70	34.58	97.34	97.80	41.38	29.20	16.00

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND III. TABLE N—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS

		N	umber	of Pupi	ls in the	e Variou	ıs Sub	jects (C	onti	nued)		1
High Schools	Modern History	Geography	Physiography	Arithmetic and Mensuration	Algebra .	Geometry	Trigonometry	French	Spanish	German	Latin	Greek
113 Wardsville 114 Waterdown 115 Waterford 116 Watford 117 Welland 118 Weston 119 Whitby 120 Wiarton 121 Williamstown 122 Winchester 123 Wingham	12 8 4 9 2	20 40 29 45 87 171 70 6	12 31 24 29 63 80 42 18 24 30 35	13 33 24 29 101 112 46 53 60 35 102	28 86 45 113 142 349 150 86 93 6	20 44 40 68 125 179 88 51 92 6 75	12 12 12 19 10 5	31 85 60 84 202 262 160 71 87 117 152		13	23 82 58 91 168 252 150 67 87 105 115	
 Totals, High Schools Totals, Collegiate Institutes 	473 690			ŕ		11,338		12,672 8,539			12,194 17,413	
3 Grand Totals, 1921-224 Grand Totals, 1020-21						19,722 18,461						
5 Increases 6 Decreases	700			9,295	101	1,261	528	6,745		85	4,024	17
7 Percentages	2.95	37.03	26.47	35.71	80.09	50.04	4.13	53.82	.42	4.33	75.13	. 65

AND IN THE VARIOUS SUBJECTS, ETC. (Concluded)

	Num	ber of F	upils in	the Va	rious S	Subject	s (Cor	ntinued))		Specia	ıl Cour	ses	
	Zoology	Botany	Chemistry	Physics	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Art	Physical Culture	Commercial	Agriculture	Manual Training	Household Science	Art (Middle School)
113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123	13 31 20 29 58 92 3 46	33 71 48 77 89 176 3 15	5 15 16 34 58 128 20 30 35 17 48	31 32	38 31 39	38 29 16	388 311 177	34 31 20 29 150 221 52 41 24 87 97	43 87 68 113 266 346 169 101 94 38 172	38	58			
1	3,994	7,892	3,641	3,674	1,049	764	768	6,087	16,477	745	1,068	140	333	
2	2,940	7,029	4,209	5,092	3,440	2,353	2,165	5,843]22,052	1,872	355	3,250	3,345	189
3	6,934	14,921	7,850	8,766	4,489	3,117	2,933	11,930	38,529	2,617	1,423	3,390	3,768	189
4	15,159	15,530	14,178	25,301	6,212	4,306	3,450	15,439	33,227	4,227	1,506	2,767	3,578	419
5 6	8,225	609	6,328	16,535	1,723	1,189	517	3,509	5,302	1,610	83	623		230
7	17.59	37.86	19.92	22.24	11.39	7.91	7.44	30.27	97.77	6.64	3.61	8.60	9.56	.47

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

									Low	er S	cho	ol, F	orm	I					_
						Во	ys									(Girl	3	_
Collegiate Institutes	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years
1 Barrie. 2 Brantford. 3 Brockville. 4 Chatham. 5 Clinton. 6 Cobourg. 7 Collingwood. 8 Fort William. 9 Galt. 10 Goderich. 11 Guelph. 12 Hamilton. 13 Ingersoll. 14 Kingston. 15 Kitchener. Waterloo. 16 Lindsay. 17 London. 18 Morrisburg. 19 Napanee. 20 Niagara Falls.	1	1	5	4 9 5	20 66 23 16 7 13 5 16 32 12 37 48 12 31 1 25 12 2 10 7	28 49 20 12 13 8 11 26 32 4 30 86 13 27 18 30 63 5 5 11 16	18 27 13 9 8 5 6 23 13 9 17 57 5 17 5 21 21 3 6 5 5	2	1	1		1			3 1 4 1 2 1 3 4 8	2 31 6 26 3 4 4 2 3 3 18 5 10 15 9 25 3 3 20 3 3 20 3 20 3 20 3 20 3 20 3	24 86 26 20 11 13 15 30 42 4 29 74 16 33 25 53 6 16	24 588 200 200 6 7 155 485 12 19 96 10 37 18 25 52 7 21 12	2 37 12 18 5 12 13 28 13 7 10 55 15 17 7 10 18 3 3 11 5
20 Magara Falls. 21 North Bay. 22 Orillia 23 Ottawa 24 Owen Sound. 25 Perth. 26 Peterborough. 27 Picton. 28 Port Arthur. 29 Renfrew. 30 St. Catharines. 31 St. Mary's. 32 St. Thomas. 33 Sarnia 34 Seaforth. 35 Smith's Falls. 36 Stratford. 37 Strathroy. Toronto—		2	2 6 6 3 5 5 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1	7 6 48 7 5 14 5 13 7 13 5 7	21 14 81 15 9 27 13 19 37 20 26 23 5 16 47	16 19 92 28 12 23 17 31 10 47 20 35 36 10 16 33	14 11 59 20 8 20 11 19 2 25 8 50 18	57 266 44 43 13 16 13 33 13 55 6	2 1 3 1 4 	1 1 1 2		1		1 1 2 2	6 1 2 3 1 2	66 66 26 100 88 9 9 111 9 10 5 4 20 10 4	8 200 64 35 17 39 10 32 23 46 24 31 33 10 17 42 11	177 222 51 411 133 299 200 211 200 411 155 38 355 122 311 411 100	14 14 46 15 5 21 7 18 9 33 9 48 16 8 7 22 6
1 oronto— 38 Harbord 39 Humberside 40 Jarvis 41 Malvern 42 Oakwood 43 Parkdale 44 Riverdale 45 Vankleek Hill 46 Windsor 47 Woodstock			6 11 1 1 5 9 11 2	27 26 6 30	53 50 28 70 43 58 5 58	20 35 10	17 13 12 7 18	2 10 8 4	1		1			1	6 2 1 6 18 15 3		47 63 33 35 59 46 56 4 70 30	11 32	16 18 19 24 30 4 16 2 17 12

		·
	Lower School	ol, Form II
	Boys	Girls
17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over	12 years 13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over	12 years 13 years 14 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 and over
1 1	2 22 7 5 1 1 6 37 38 20 6 1 3 14 11 4 5 11 13 4 8 4 5 1	5 28 12 4 1 2 15 42 39 6 3 1 7 17 18 20 5 3 3 10 19 19 11 5 3 2 3 9 8 5 1 4 10 11 9 1 1 1 5 14 24 13 8 3 1 5 14 24 13 8 3 3 13 9 8 2 1 3 13 9 8 2 1 2 8 2 20 12 9 4 2 1 2 12 14 7 5 7 23 23 20 4 2 2 2
17 4 1 1 18 1 1 20 1 21 4 1 1 23 10 1 1 24 3 1 25 3 26 11 5 27 3 29 6 2 1 30 8 2 2 31 3 32 13 2 34 6 7 1 1 36 3 2 1 36 3 2 1 37 2 3	1 5 27 46 50 22 5 3 1 1 3 2 3 6 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 10 9 9 8 1 <td< th=""><th>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</th></td<>	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
38 3	5 16 28 35 13 2 1 8 27 35 17 7 2 1 1 11 12 22 5 14 8 1 6 27 53 31 21 7 1 1 1 12 29 32 21 2 1 10 28 48 24 9 1 5 3 3 4 3 1 16 29 42 33 5 8 16 17 7 4 1	3 14 33 19 12 1 21 32 25 22 3 2 7 13 24 11 7 1 8 16 27 7 6 2 15 37 36 20 2 2 2 15 37 36 20 2 15 24 27 21 12 4 4 7 11 9 8 4 17 64 73 33 5 14 30 33 16 2 3

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O-ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

								Mic	ldle	Sch	ool							
]	Boys	3								Gi	irls			
Collegiate Institutes	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	13 years	14 years	· 15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
1 Barrie. 2 Brantford. 3 Brockville. 4 Chatham. 5 Clinton. 6 Cobourg. 7 Collingwood. 8 Fort William. 9 Galt. 10 Goderich. 11 Guelph. 12 Hamilton. 13 Ingersoll. 14 Kingston. 15 Kitchener- Waterloo. 16 Lindsay. 17 London. 18 Morrisburg. 19 Napanee. 20 Niagara Falls. 21 North Bay. 22 Orillia. 23 Ottawa. 24 Owen Sound. 25 Perth. 26 Peterborough. 27 Picton. 28 Port Arthur. 29 Renfrew. 30 St. Catharines. 31 St. Mary's. 32 St. Thomas. 33 Sarnia. 34 Seaforth. 35 Smith's Falls. 36 Stratford. 37 Strathroy. Toronto— 38 Harbord. 39 Humberside. 40 Jarvis. 41 Malvern. 42 Oakwood.		1 1 4 4 5 5	1 10 4 4 4 1 1 2 2 2 4 4 4 5 12 8 7 15 3 21 6 6 1 7 1 1 3 3 6 4 4 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 21 9 4 4 7 7 5 5 5 2 6 2 1 3 3 8 8 9 2 3 8 1 4 4 1 6 6 1 6 1 1 1 4 1 5 5 6 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 3 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 3 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 3 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 3 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 3 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 5 6 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 5 6 6 1 8 8 1 6 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	8 30 13 4 9 6 6 8 9 13 5 11 54 8 26 10 12 36 3 5 13 6 7 6 5 20 9 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	3 222 10 8 5 3 8 4 12 3 16 6 41 3 31 4 7 7 4 4 4 8 8 5 5 5 9 2 15 4 6 4 13 15 4 9 4 6 18 18 34 11 15 5	3 7 2 6 5 2 8 8 7 3 3 3 6 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 2 1 1 1 1	1 22 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3	1 1 1 1 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 1 1 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 1 1 1 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 1 1 1 1			3 144 3 5 2	15 388 11 5 7 22 6 8 8 12 9 15 12 36 5 5 7 6 10 12 38 8 26 6 13 3 13 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 9 5 5 7 9 2 4 2 6 6 1 7 7 3 3 3	12 24 15 9 15 3 14 14 16 7 7 21 1 47 7 10 38 8 11 1 62 15 15 16 11 6 4 10 13 8 13 22 21 10 32 25 26 13 16 1	3 100 9 4 12 3 2 14 4 8 5 5 12 2 27 7 9 33 3 7 4 4 12 6 6 9 8 12 14 4 4 19 18 4 15 3 3 9	1 5 2 2 2 2 5 4 4 · · · · 9 3 6 8 8 8 · · · · 14 6 6 9 9 1 5 5 4 2 2 3 3 2 2 7 7 4 5 5 5 5 · · · · · 10 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 1 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 6 6 1 3 3 3 3 5 1 2 2 2	
43 Parkdale		7 3 	13 11 12 7	50 29 2 16 7	32 19 2 18 17	21 23 1 30 8	1 9 1 12 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\7\\ \cdots\\4\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	2		7 7 1	15 24 3 	30 17 5 14 14	27 23 7 19 19	17 12 4 25 15	3 7 4 	4	-

						U	pper	r Sch	2001								1 1		1 77
			В	oys			X- I					Gi	rls						rollec
	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	Boys	Girls	Total No. Enrolled
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		1	3 1 2	3 4 1 2 1 2 1 6 3 9 1 2	9 5 2 2 1 1 3 4 8 5 18 2 8	4 5 2 4 1 3 5 1 5 2 7 3 3	1 3 2 2 2 1 1 6 1 4 6 6 1 4	1 1 1 1 2 2			3 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 	5 8 3 8 7 1 6 1 1 3 4 9 2 2	10 5 6 4 4 3 5 2 2 10 10	3	1	1 1 1 1	150 397 156 164 80 77 100 193 237 72 223 562 107 321	159 438 197 216 110 98 157 245 274 111 248 532 129 342	309 835 353 380 190 175 257 438 511 183 471 1,094 236 663
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37		2 3 2 1 3	1 6 2	4 2 14 6 5 3 2 2 1 7 2 8 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 5 9 1 1 6 10 7 1 4 2 1 3 5 6 6 2 3 5 1	5 4 3 1 1 3 9 4 2 6 6 1 2 3 1 1 6 2 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 4 1 4 2	2		1 1 4 1 4	1 2 6 2 3 1 6 1 5	4 1 8 5 2 1 1 5 3 2 2 1 1 5 3 2 2 4 2 6 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 14 2 3 3 1 2 14 4 2 5 3 3 1 2 1 5 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 2	184 198 513 59 78 117 145 145 819 194 89 241 108 137 129 299 108 317 249 101 134 270 93	204 188 512 84 156 92 147 188 577 262 127 262 133 196 202 330 139 374 300 130 205 275 108	388 386 1,025 143 234 209 292 333 1,396 456 216 503 241 333 331 629 247 691 549 231 339 545 201
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47			4 1 1 3 1 1 2 1	8 5 7 1 9 8 2 1 1 2	13 9 13 2 14 6 5	4 7 11 6 9 2 8 1 3 8	4 2 6 1 1 2 3	1 4		1	5 4 2 4 1 3 1	6 5 1 2 9 8 1 3 1 6	3 6 8 3 8 1 5 1 2 7	5 1 3 1 2 2 1	1 .	1	430 391 421 245 537 369 415 62 387 221	329 366 270 222 520 365 363 104 441 263	759 757 691 467 1,057 734 778 166 828 484

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

					1	٧.	IA	BLE	- O	A	111	END	AN	ıE.	OF	PU.	PIL	S B	Y
									I	Low	er So	choo	l, Fe	orm	Ι				
						В	oys										Girl	s	
High Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years
1 Alexandria. 2 Alliston. 3 Almonte. 4 Amherstburg. 5 Arnprior. 6 Arthur. 7 Athens. 8 Aurora. 9 Avonmore. 10 Aylmer. 11 Beamsville. 12 Belleville. 13 Bowmanville. 14 Bracebridge. 15 Bradford. 16 Brampton. 17 Brighton. 18 Burford. 19 Burlington. 20 Caledonia. 21 Campbellford. 22 Carleton Place. 23 Cayuga. 24 Chatsworth. 25 Chesley. 26 Chesterville. 27 Colborne. 28 Cornwall. 29 Deseronto. 30 Dundalk. 31 Dundas. 32 Dunnville. 33 Durham. 34 Dutton. 35 Elora. 36 Essex. 37 Exeter. 38 Fergus. 39 Flesherton. 40 Forest. 41 Fort Frances. 42 Gananoque. 43 Georgetown. 44 Glencoe. 45 Gravenhurst. 46 Grimsby. 47 Hagersville. 48 Haileybury. 49 Harriston. 50 Hawkesbury. 51 Iroquois. 52 Kemptville. 53 Kenora. 54 Kincardine. 55 Kingsville. 56 Leamington. 57 Listowel.			1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2	2 3 2 3 11 1	9 1 3 5 10 9 1 5 6 17 5 15	4 22 111 4 3 3 9 3 3 2 2 6 3 3 5 6 6 7 7 2 2 6 8 8 5 5 3 2 2 7 7 4 4 2 2 2 8 8 9 9 13 3 9 9 13	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 7 7 5 1 1 9 8 8 8 2 2 2	1 1 2 4 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 3							1 3 2 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 11 16 5 22 7 7 7 11 2 8 7 23 15 5 4 9 8 6 8 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	16 12 8 7 20 6 9 10 17 4 22 16 7 5 15 2 8 3 8 7 7 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	$ \begin{array}{c} 8 & 6 & 2 & 3 & 5 & 8 & 2 & 6 & 2 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 6$

											L	ow	er S	Schoo	ol, F	orm	II							
									Boy	/S									Gir	ls				
17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
5 1	1 1 1 5 5 1						2 1 6 1 2	232336452461486556345471115433922297211126552333444412 75522428829		2 6 6 2 1 2 4 3 4 13	1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 3 7	1		1	1	1 2 2	$\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 5 & 3 & 6 & . & 2 & 4 & 2 & 7 & 2 & 7 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 5 & 2 & . & 3 & 3 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3$	- 5 4 8 8 1 9 0 7 8 8 3 7 7 3 15 8 8 2 16 9 3 6 3 6 5 7 1 1 5 4 2 16 2 3 8 8 4 1 1 4	22 33 155 66 66 99 88 44 65 58 81 10 44 77 22 57 78 84 46 66 81 12 14 14 15 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 2 2 2 1 4 4 8 1 2 4 4 4 1 1 3 3 6 6 9	5 8 8			

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

								M		e Sch		AIN				FIL		_
				1	P			171.	ladit		1001			Ciri				_
					Boys					-				Girl	S			
High Schools	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
1 Alexandria 2 Alliston 3 Almonte 4 Amherstburg 5 Arnprior 6 Arthur 7 Athens 8 Aurora 9 Avonmore 10 Aylmer 11 Beamsville 12 Belleville 13 Bowmanville 14 Bracebridge 15 Bradford 16 Brampton 17 Brighton 18 Burford 19 Burlington 20 Caledonia 21 Campbellford 22 Carleton Place 23 Cayuga 24 Chatsworth 25 Chesley 26 Chesterville 27 Colborne 28 Cornwall' 29 Deseronto 30 Dundalk 31 Dundas 31 Dundas 32 Dunnville 33 Durham 34 Dutton 35 Elora 36 Essex 37 Exeter 38 Fergus 39 Flesherton 40 Forest 41 Fort Frances 42 Gananoque 43 Georgetown 44 Glencoe 45 Gravenhurst 46 Grimsby 47 Hagersville 48 Haileybury 49 Harriston 50 Hawkesbury 51 Iroquois 52 Kemptville 53 Kenora 55 Kingsville 56 Leamington 57 Listowel			1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 1 1 2 9 9 2 2 2 2 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 2 3 3 3 5 5 4 4 1 1 2 2 5 5 3 3 1 1 5 5 2 2 4 4 1 1 5 5 2 2 4 1 1 5 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	33 33 55 22 33 66 11 44 31 11 24 42 25 55 22 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		1		1 1 1 1	6 2 3 3 3 2 2	1 4 5 6 4 3 4 3 2 5 1 7	2 2 2 3 3 1 3 2 2 5 6 6 3 4 4 7 7 7 7 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 5 5 5 3 3 1 1 0 6 6 7 7 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 22 3 3 7 1 1 2 2 7 7 1 1 3 3 6 6 4 4 9 9 1 1 6 1 1 1 3 3 4 9 9 4 4 4 4 8 8 5 5 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 4 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 9 9 9 4 4 2 2 2 9 9 9 8 4 4 2 2 2 9 9 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	22 11 12 3 3 3 22 11 3 5 11 7 7 11 12 12 11 13 3 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	2 1 1 1 2 4 	

					Up	per	Scho	ool							.		1	pa
		В	oys								Gi	rls	-	•				Snrolle
14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	Boys	(zirls	Total No. Enrolled
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 12 1 13 1 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 22 22 23 24 22 22 23 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 44 445 447 448 449 50 51 55 5								1		4	2 1 3 	22				65 59 71 69 37, 42 56 71 88 53 104	80 42 143 70 84 89 34 77 74 221 104 59 43 113 65 44 45 94 100 114 52 27 67 53 87 75 63 75 75 63 77 78 88 75 75 63 75 76 77 88 77 78 88 78 78 78 78 78	12' 11' 12' 6' 23' 11' 14' 166 5.3 13 39 16' 11' 18' 88 200 99 68. 84 177 190 88 14 173 34 66 88 166 12 122 144 66 12 122 144 62 111 155 122 144 155 122 144 155 122 144 155 122 144 155 122 144 155 162 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

									L	owe	r Sc	hool,	For	m I					_
						1	Boys	3									Gi	rls	_
High Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	15 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years
58 Lucan. 59 Madoc. 60 Markdale. 61 Markham. 62 Meaford. 63 Midland. 64 Milton. 65 Mitchell. 66 Morewood. 67 Mount Forest. 68 Newburgh. 69 Newcastle. 70 Newmarket. 71 Niagara. 72 Niagara Falls S. 73 Norwich. 74 Norwood. 75 Oakville. 76 Omemee. 77 Orangeville. 78 Oshawa. 79 Paris. 80 Parkhill. 81 Parry Sound. 82 Pembroke. 83 Penetanguishene. 84 Petrolia. 85 Plantagenet. 86 Port Dover. 87 Port Elgin. 88 Port Hope. 89 Port Perry. 90 Port Rowan. 91 Prescott. 92 Richmond Hill. 93 Ridgetown. 94 Rockland. 95 Sault Ste. Marie. 96 Shelburne. 97 Simcoe. 98 Smithville. 99 Stirling. 100 Streetsville. 101 Sudbury. 102 Sydenham. 103 Thorold. 104 Tillsonburg. 105 Davenport. 106 North. 107 Trenton. 108 Tweed. 109 Uxbridge. 110 Vienna.		1	2 2	1445536612233143322533366337733441133111	111 44 33 55 77 33 33 199 36 67 88 77 66 55 99 9 244 311 83 31 55 1	98 83 22 77 51 13 51 94 4 22 17 22 89 94 44 12 12 12 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	8		1 1		1				1 2 	5353562157417743222358541152235572222357308734237 6523421	4 6 4 14 10 5 11 15 3 6 0 10 1 7 7 8 2 12 17 13 6 6 11 1 8 3 3 10 5 4 7 7 17 6 5 10 6 6 10 4 35 8 14 6 6 7 5 7 7 8 9 14 19 14 16 3 4 4 5 5 7 8 9 14 19 14 16 3 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	9 6 3 3 5 15 14 9 9 1 1 12 4 6 20 2 2 6 6 6 5 5 6 6 5 14 18 4 4 4 9 9 1 1 15 12 1 1 1 6 10 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 10 5 5 9 12 7 7 1 4 19 3 9 9 1 5 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
111 Walkerton 112 Wallaceburg 113 Wardsville		1	2	5	8	10	0	1	1	···i					0	10	15	3	8 3

													Lo	we:	r Sch	ool,	For	m I	I						
										В	oys									Gi	rls				
	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
58 59 60 61 62 63 66 67 68 67 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 22 11 14 41 11 11 11 17 77 12 22 11 3 55 44 32 22 22 5 33 33 4 7 55 22 22 2	53 33 77 53 32 4 4 22 23 3 3 55 11 33 4 4 55 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2		2 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 3 4 4 5 5 1 1 2 2 3 3 9 2 2 8 8	2 1 2 1 1 4 4 1 1		11	1				33 88 100 77 68 88 11 100 41 14 15 66 77 77 22 22 24 43 35 100 117 117 117 117 117 117 117	48 82 11 100 77 111 66 1	1		3 .		1
105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113	5 2 2 2 2	1 1 1	1				1 1 1 2	9 7 1 3 2 2 5	15 23 3 6 3 1 5 4	16 5 2 9 3 2	7 9 1 4 1 2	2 1 2			1		1 2	12 12 1 5 4 6	12 18 5 3 1 1 11 16 1	6 27 11 5 9 3 7	3 8 4 3 7 2 10			2	

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

								Mic	ldle	Scho	ool							
					Boy	ys							G	irls				
High Schools	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
58 Lucan 59 Madoc 60 Markdale 61 Markham 62 Meaford 63 Midland 64 Milton 65 Mitchell 66 Morewood 67 Mount Forest 68 Newburgh 69 Newcastle 70 Newmarket 71 Niagara 72 Niagara Falls South 73 Norwich 74 Norwood 75 Oakville 76 Omemee 77 Orangeville 78 Oshawa 79 Paris 80 Parkhill 81 Parry Sound 82 Pembroke 83 Penetanguishene 84 Petrolia 85 Plantagenet 86 Port Dover 87 Port Elgin 88 Port Hope 89 Port Perry 90 Port Rowan 91 Prescott 92 Richmond Hill 93 Ridgetown 94 Rockland 95 Sault Ste. Marie 96 Shelburne 97 Simcoe 98 Smithville 99 Stirling 100 Streetsville 101 Sudbury 102 Sydenham 103 Thorold 104 Tillsonburg Toronto—	1		5	1 8	7 4 3 16 3 8 1 3 3 3 2 2 5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2				11	1 1 1 3		3 6 3 3 111 6 4 4 8 8 6 2 2 8 8 8 2 4 2 2 1 10 1 10 2 2 4 1 1 10 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 3 3 3 1 6 2 9 3 6 5 1 1 3 3 2 2 3 7 7 1	1 1 1 2 4 4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
105 Davenport. 106 North. 107 Trenton 108 Tweed. 109 Uxbridge. 110 Vienna. 111 Walkerton 112 Wallaceburg. 113 Wardsville.		2	7 1 3 2	20 2 2 3 2	19 5 3 3 2 1 2	23 3 1 4	7 2 1 1	3	1		· · · i	3 7 2 3	15 15 5 2 10 1 4 13 1	20 10 7 8 4 5	10 14 5 6 	5 5 2 1 1	1 2 2 2 2	1

							Up	per S	Scho	ol							1		p
			Е	Boys								Gi	rls						Enroll
	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	·14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	Boys	Girls	Total No. Enrolled
58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 98 99 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90			111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 5 1	4 1 2	1 2 2	1 3	1 1			11	2 2 3 1 3 1 3 1 1					61 45 36 52 59 69 61 49 28 11 112 23 84 57 77 15 67 67 146 58 104 58 104 104 105 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	511 744 477 484 822 933 855 657 733 667 155 100 155 855 70 366 119 182 87 633 78 79 90 29 34 44 92 22 25 75 2 115 48 75 90 88 75 90	112 119 83 136 141 162 146 117 48 122 95 5 26 212 38 169 120 100 147 51 186 183 184 174 51 62 186 197 97 43 130 118 165 42 42 43 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113		1 · · · · 2 · · · · 1	3	2	1	1	2	1 1	1	2	1 1	4 1 3 1 	1 2 1 3 2	4 1	1		184 251 76 35 73 9 39 69 15	126 256 117 58 83 14 68 106 28	310 507 193 93 156 23 107 175 43

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND IV. TABLE O—ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

									L	owe	r Sc	hool	, Fo	m I					_
						Boy	ys									. (Girls	3	
High Schools	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	10 years	11 years	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years
114 Waterdown 115 Waterford 116 Watford 117 Welland 118 Weston 119 Whitby 120 Wiarton 121 Williamstown 122 Winchester 123 Wingham			1 1 2 1 2 2 2	2 1 4 14 4 4 2 3 3	4 6 5 15 13 8 7 4 5 8	5 4 12 10 32 10 3 2 2	2 4 8 19 7 6 3 5	5 2 2 7 4 1 3 3 3	4					1	1	3 2 3 8 7 3 2 5 5 5	7 10 6 13 27 13 4 3 8	7 2 11 23 26 10 5 3 10	3 1 1 2 15 2 2 3 2 7

		Lowe	er School, Form II
		Boys	Girls
114 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	1 1 3 1 1 7 1 2	1

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES AND

IV. TABLE O-ATTENDANCE OF PUPILS BY

									Mid	ldle S	Scho	ol						
				I	Boys	3 '							(Girls	3			
High Schools	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	13 years	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over
114 Waterdown 115 Waterford 116 Watford 117 Welland 118 Weston 119 Whitby 120 Wiarton 121 Williamstown 122 Winchester 123 Wingham		2 1	1 1 1 1	4 3 2 2 7 4 1 3 5	3 3 2 10 9 12 7 2 6	1 1 4 10 10 4 2 1 5 4	5 3 5 1	1 4 1 2 3	2		1 2	2 2 3 1 4 2 1	3 1 2 7 5 4 3 8 7	3 3 6 7 11 6 5 7 2	2 3 4 3 15 4 1 3 6 3	2 2 1 1 3 7 5	1 1 3 	3

SUMMARY OF ATTENDANCE

		10 yrs.	11 yrs.	12 yrs.	13 yrs.
LOWER SCHOOL	Boys	2	19	204	1,056
Form I	Girls	1	16	232	1,216
LOWER SCHOOL	Boys			9	140
Form II	Girls			16	143
MIDDI E CCHOOL	Boys				8
MIDDLE SCHOOL	Girls				3
HIDDED COHOOL	Boys				
UPPER SCHOOL	Girls				
TOTALS BY	Boys	2	19	213	1,204
SEXES	Girls	1	16	248	1,362
GRAND TOTALS		3	35	461	2,558

HIGH SCHOOLS (Concluded)

AGE, SEX AND GRADE (Concluded)

					Up	per	Scho	ool										pel
		Во	ys								G	irls						Enrolled
21.007.		16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	14 years	15 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	21 and over	Boys	Girls	Total No. I
114 115 116 117 118 120 121 122	. 1	2 1	2 2 1	3 3 5 1 2	3 2 1 1 	2	2 2 1 1 		1	1	1 2 4	3 3 2 1 	2 1 4	2 1 1	1	37 34 51 125 170 85 48 36 58 76	50 35 63 141 180 84 53 58 82	87 69 114 266 350 169 101 94 140

BY AGE, SEX AND GRADE, JUNE, 1922

14 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21 yrs. or over	TOTALS
2,128	2,202	1,336	· 465	111	21	7	5	7,556
2,540	2,436	1,374	438	100	28	8	5	8,394
635	1,367	1,410	815	335	91	24	18	4,844
826	1,803	1,956	1,142	445	100	32	16	6,479
94	438	1,160	1,270	962	430	190	114	4,666
78	503	1,256	1,502	1,076	478	172	60	5,128
1	26	101	270	366	262	150	86	1,262
4	25	135	304	336	179	63	30	1,076
2,858	4,033	4,007	2,820	1,774	804	371	223	18,328
3,448	4,767	4,721	3,386	1,957	785	275	111	21,077
6,306	8,800	8,728	6,206	3,721	1,589	646	334	39,405

DAY VOCATIONAL

I. TABLE P-ATTENDANCE, NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

	0)	or	Atte	endanc	e of F	full Ti	me Pu	oils	P	Atte art Ti	ndance me Pu	
Schools	Number of Full Time Teachers	Number of Part Time Occasional Teachers	Total Number of Pupils on the Roll for the Year	Males	Females	Average Daily Attendance for the Year	No. admitted for first time to a Secondary School	Days the School was Open	Total Number on the Roll	Male	Female	Student Hours
1 Chatham 2 Collingwood 3 Fort William 4 Haileybury 5 Hamilton 6 Kingston 7 London 8 Niagara Falls 9 Ottawa 10 Sault Ste. Marie 11 Sudbury 12 Toronto, Central 13 *Toronto, Commerce 14 Windsor	4 3 2 33 2 22 6 20 8 74 35 3	2 9 6	139 48 680 578 145 546 31 137 1,672 1,268 58	246 66 289 31 83 1,247	332	36 458 476 106 393 22 92	467 325	190 198 183 199 187 185 192 184 184 184 189	151 5 40 378	151	40 283	19,461 100 2,816 15,399
1 Totals, 1921-22 2 Totals, 1920-21	212	60	5,344 2,600	3,067 1,927	2,277 673	4,260 2,123	2,722 1,422		574 907	251 222		37,776 40,996
3 Increases			2,744	1,140	1,604	2,137	1,300		333	29	362	3,220
5 Percentages	, .			57.39	42.60	79.71	50.93			43.72	56.27	

ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS

								,				
		Religi	ous a Exerc		ther			Spelling				
	Schools	Schools where the Bible or selections therefrom used	Schools where passages are memorized	Schools Opened with Prayer	Commencement Exercises	English Literature	Reading	Composition and Spel	Grammar	History and Civics	Geography	Arithmetic
1	Chatham	1	1	1		. 42	42	42	30	42	42	42
3	Collingwood Fort William	i		i	1	124	124	124		32	121	139
4	Hailevbury			1	1	48	27	48		39	37	37
5	Hamilton			• •		680	274	662	556	680	430	465
7	London	1		1		578	374	578	411	564	541	541
8	Niagara Falls Ottawa	1 1	• •	1	i	145 546	546	145 546		145 546		145
10	Sault Ste. Marie		• •	1	1	31	340	340	437	31	310	• 546 31
11	Sudbury	1		1	1	136	39	136	95	136	136	136
12 13	Toronto, Central			1	1	1,678		1,672			847	1,192
14	*Toronto, Commerce. Windsor			1	1	1,268	54	1,268 54		1,268 54	1,059 54	54
	Totals, 1921-22	7		11	8	5,330	1,480	5,275				

^{*} This school appeared with the High Schools in 1920-21.

SCHOOLS VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC.

	Attenda	nce of S	Special	Pupils	N	umber	of Full T Head	ime Pu	pils from pied as b	Famili elow	ies whos	se
	Total Number on the Roll	Male	Female	Student Hours	Commerce	Agriculture	Law, Medicine, Dentistry or the Church	Teaching	The Trades and Industries	Labouring Occupations	Other Occupations	Without Occupation
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1 29 4 114 40 83 936	1 29 4 74 40 66 292	40 17 363	429 8,380 1,056 50,750 10,614 29,452 13,636 236,897	49 2 175 85 31 63 5 18 352 426 9	4 9 2 377 68 122 199 1 1 3 344 133	1 2 2 10 4 1 8 4 35 12	2 2 3 1 20 29	28 30 277 246 38 204 17 36 640 448 30	9 	5 30 2 60 56 21 145 8 40 307 116 8	5 6 31 6 5 234 135
1 2	1,604 1,019	540 348	1,064 671	351,214 223,570	1,219 597	203 144	79 70	57 30	2,008 959	462 193	798 376	518 231
3 4	585	192	393	127,644	622	59	9	27	1,049	269	422	287
5		33.66	66.33		22.81	3.79	1.47	1.06	37.58	8.64	14.93	9.69

BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

	Algebra	Geometry	Trigonometry	Shop Mathematics	Surveying and Mapping	General Physics	Electricity	Applied Mechanics	Chemistry (General)	Chemistry (Industrial)	Metallurgy and Assaying	Mineralogy and Geology	Mechanical Drawing	Machine Drawing and Design	Architectural Drawing	Machine Shop Work	Forge Work
1	. 12	12	12	12		12			12				27			12	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	92	26 20		26 20		89 48 432	26 8		26 33				26 34			26	
4	92 32 190	20 307	20 12	20 193		48	8		33 100		15	32	34 219	3 247	23	470	
6																1	
7	459	121	26	153		204	107		160				228		5	228	
8	130 363 31	4.1				39 301	154		92				61 219		219	27 152	
10	31	41 31	• • •	31		31	134		9				31	31		31	
11	81	48	23	13	9	31	13	13	31 1,047	4	13	31	68	59		:::	
12	1,290 898	1,290	370	870		1,438	112	62	1,047	77	30	30	903	59	37	753	400
13	898				0.30	1,120			85 21				49			21	
14	49					28			21								
	3, 627	1,896	463	1,318	27	3,773	420	84	1,616	96	58	93	1,865	340	284	1.720	400

DAY VOCATIONAL

I. TABLE P-ATTENDANCE, NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

_															
	Schools	Acetylene Welding	Foundry Work.	General Wood Working	Joinery and Cabinet Making	Pattern Making	Carpentry and Building Construction	Plumbing	Steam Engineering	Marine Engineering	Navigation	Electrical Wiring and Machinery	Printing and Book- binding	Automobiles and Gas Engines	Elementary Drawing
. 1 2	ChathamCollingwood			15						10	19				30
3	Fort William			26	26							26			
4	Haileybury														16
5	Hamilton			97	137	208	156			: .		127	280	82	274
6	Kingston			202		22	116			10	30				
8	London			34		27	1								
0	Ottawa			187	187		69			• •	• •	154	98	188	121
10	Sault Ste. Marie			31	10,				1 ::					100	
11	Sudbury		16	69		10									32
12	Toronto, Central	34	400	576	190		32	448	56			296	563	104	882
13	*Toronto, Commerce														
14	Windsor			28											
	Totals, 1921-22	34	416	1,265	540	267	389	448	56	20	49	603	941	374	1,355

ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS

Schools .	Home Nursing	Hygiene and Dietetics	Sewing and Dress- making	Laundry	Millinery	Embroidery and Lace Work	French	Spanish	Commercial Law	Economics
1 Chatham. 2 Collingwood. 3 Fort William. 4 Haileybury. 5 Hamilton. 6 Kingston. 7 London. 8 Niagara Falls. 9 Ottawa. 10 Sault Ste. Marie. 11 Sudbury. 12 Toronto, Central. 13 *Toronto, Commerce. 14 Windsor.	15 10 34 82 48 81	15 16 308 82 12 82 15 290	15 55 16 108 102 12 226 48 483	15 27 12 82 62	14 108 102 12 187 	65	95 16 224 81 177 23 697 1,197	34	50 113 40 109 24 481	26 15 15 36 7 153 99
Totals, 1921-22	361	829	1,074	207	818	167	2,519	34	817	355

^{*}This school appeared with the High Schools in 1920-21.

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

Power Plant Operation		Colour Study	Lettering and Show Cards	Industrial Design	Illustrating	Antique Drawing	Still Life Drawing	Life Drawing	Modelling	Pottery	Art Metal Work	Stained Glass	History of Art	Cooking	Housekeeping	Home Economics
1 .														15	15	15
4 .		45	45	45	45	45	45	45	39				313	55 16 100	16 74	16
6 .														99	99	99
19 .		121	121	121										186	82	82
11 12	60	155	120	336	118	76	76	64	92	62	3	3	53	48 502	48 47	48 284
13 . 14 .		9												9	9	9
	60	330	286	502	163	121	121	109	131	62	3	3	366	1,042	402	565

BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

	Writing	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Typewriting	Optometry	Horology	Physical Training	Study of Materials	Latin	Mining	Anatomy	Chemistry for Nurses	Electrical Drawing	Commercial Art
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	113 274 374 	15 113 294 72 227 46 	288 72 259 49		29	19	139 48 578 145 546 31 137 1,672 1,268 57	127 73 301 170 1,144	76	13	49	293	63	71
14	2,532	2,035	2,046	1,165	29	19	4,621	1,963	557	13	49	293	63	71

DAY VOCATIONAL

I. TABLE P-ATTENDANCE, NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

_						Occup	oation	of Part	Time	e and
	Schools	Metal Working Trades	Woodworking Trades	Building Trades	Electrical Trades	Chemical Industries	Automotive Trades	Printing and Bookbinding	Mining Occupations	Power Plant Operating
1 2	Chatham									
3	Fort William								• •	
4	Haileybury								3	
5	Hamilton	25	2		29			60	• •	
7	KingstonLondon	7	3		2		7			
8	Niagara Falls									
9	Ottawa	12						18		
10	Sault Ste. Marie	5							• •	
11 12	Sudbury Toronto, Central	6	.:7	12	21	11	65	112		5
13	*Toronto, Commerce									
14	Windsor						!			
	Totals, 1921-22	55	12	12	52	11	.72	190	3	5

^{*}This school appeared with the High Schools in 1920-21.

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Concluded)

Special Pupils on Entering School

Labouring Occupations	Draughting, and Design	Bookkeeping Stenography	Salesmanship	Other Commercial Occupations	Agriculture	Women at Work in Shops and Stores	House Workers	Housekeepers	Nurses	Other Occupations	Without Occupation
1 2 3 4 1 5 6 7 9 8 9 10 11 112 30 13 14	5	 2 4 14	3	• • •	10	5	4 1 23	336	313	29 10 	121 26 16 2 388

DAY VOCATIONAL
II. TABLE Q—VALUE OF

			V	alue of Equ	uipment		
Schools	Library	Maps and Charts	Laboratory and Workshop Tables	Machines and Tools	Scientific Apparatus	Drawing Instruments	Drawing Models
1 Chatham. 2 Collingwood. 3 Fort William. 4 Haileybury. 5 Hamilton. 6 Kingston. 7 London. 8 Niagara Falls. 9 Ottawa. 10 Sault Ste. Marie. 11 Sudbury. 12 Toronto, Central. 13 *Toronto, Commerce. 14 Windsor.	\$ 288 306 2,737 161 1,102 95 827 23 281 426 4,104 3,134 103	\$ 12 32 125 110 162 241 94 365 347	\$ 341 250 1,249 942 6,884 60 422 7,333 6,970 8,630 44,060	26,859 18,292 10,405 11,003 82,716	100 6,966 9,351 7,484 5,354	290 16 1,118 62 970 673 671 56 173 2,645	\$ 7
1 Totals, 1921-22 2 Totals, 1920-21	13,587 6,882	1,488 557	77,491 59,453	236,112 200,100			3,646 3,544
3 Increases	6,705	931	18,038	36,012	25,362	1,422	102
4 Percentages	2.47	. 27	14.11	43.00	13.52	1.31	.66

^{*} This school appeared with the High Schools in 1920-21.

SCHOOLS (Continued)

EQUIPMENT, ETC.

	Value of Équipment												
	Stoves, Ranges and Utensils	Equipment for Dressmaking	Equipment for Millinery	Equipment for Laundry	Equipment for Home Nursing	Equipment for Physical Culture	Other Equipment Not Specified	Total Value of Equipment	School Buildings, Grounds and Furniture				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	\$ 1,836 789 567 613 4,207 769 1,328	\$ 374 216 136 437 1,335 314 1,081	\$ 34 48 274 140 50	\$ 1,625 162	\$ 13 48 12	\$ 201 153 1,000	\$ 1,863 110 353 8,012 5,987 22,648 2,064 151	\$ 15,451 999 20,247 11,434 71,801 479 67,242 40,121 28,655	(Rented) 240,000 20,000 385,488 301,241 181,756 350,000				
10 11 12 13 14	1,233 4,040	371 3,569 418	7 294 	46 1,798	40 117 179	2,629 552 90	10 10,471 49,747 522	37,829 220,708 8,574 25,379	6,562 1,759,160 402,500				
1 2	15,473 11,769	8,251 6,520	874 512	3,631 3,415	409 347	4,625 2,853	101,938 75,566	548,985 426,194	3,646,707 2,958,681				
3	3,704	1,731	362	216	62	1,772	26,372	122,791	688,026				
4	2.81	1.50	. 15	. 66	. 07	. 84	18.56						

EVENING VOCA III. TABLE R—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE

	Attendance											
Schools	Number of Teachers	Number of Pupils on the roll for the year	Boys and men on roll	Girls and women on roll	New pupils admitted during the year	Pupils whose birth- place is Canada	Pupils whose birth- place is British Isles	Pupils who were born in other countries	Evenings the school was open	Aggregate number of student hours for the year		
1 Barrie	22 4 18 9 56 193 11 11 5 34 16	125 81 330 1,073 406 354 143 175 94 104 494 291 173 74 516 3,477 134 102 80 74 767 226 1,883 57 62 427 218 56 359 4,074 514 239 124 403 362 88 88 189 68 836 362 407 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	45 50 134 410 159 189 69 32 199 66 48 234 110 511 194 1,999 50 34 48 34 232 255 25 170 1,134 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 101 36 218 102 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	4 165 16 248 12 1,352 3,826 84 57 32 672 181	20 777 265 800 2744 287 124 65 61 10 296 181 131 131 131 131 131 131 131	115 62 248 681 291 251 1129 143 68 44 44 44 44 45 26 207 184 1,727 108 80 80 34 599 585 184 1,727 215 150 38 164 3,505 453 222 93 258 178 43 172 29 93 258 178 43 172 29 93 258 178 43 172 29 93 258 178 43 172 29 93 258 178 43 172 29 93 201 144 166 398 393 61 398 393 61 399 1,409 4,198 93 61	15 10 50 36 499 8 4 158 50 17 150 428 51 11 28 114 108 15 141 63 33 36 28 12 137 71 29 833 2,527 58 48 99 419	35 26 160 35 25 160 571 13 60 229	121 50 97 92 62 70 16 47 87 120 125 44 68 105 65	6,366 1,210 12,285 20,252 12,530 11,506 3,678 5,178 4,358 4,358 4,358 2,926 5,266 15,776 11,260 7,367 2,246 18,236 87,386 3,174 4,257 2,228 3,184 30,836 7,072 73,970 2,345 1,704 13,157 8,720 2,156 12,714 125,748 8,454 8,146 2,764 411,359 15,634 7,744 7,822 2,456 9,940 1,098 11,832 4,121 1,876 13,208 422 12,600 3,608 103,535 351,056 6,132 6,410 9,333 58,506 7,292 1,176,039		
Totals, 1921-22	1,075	32,545	14,032	17,093	21,090	20,900	17,000	(2,017	,	(2)210,007		

TIONAL SCHOOLS VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC.

^{*} The Trades.

EVENING VOCATIONAL III. TABLE R—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE

Occupations, etc. (Continued)											her of				
		cupat	ons, e	(munue		Number of								
C-11-	Women at work in factories	Women at work in shops and stores	House Workers	Housekeepers	Other Occupations	Without Occupation	English Literature	Reading	Composition and Spelling	Grammar	History and Civics				
1 Barrie. 2 Beamsville. 3 Belleville. 4 Brantford. 5 Brockville. 6 Chatham. 7 Cobourg. 8 Collingwood. 9 Dundas. 10 Espanola. 11 Fairbank. 12 Fort William. 13 Galt. 14 Gananoque. 15 Goderich. 16 Guelph. 17 Hamilton. 18 Hespeler. 19 Ingersoll. 20 Iroquois Falls. 21 Kenora. 22 Kitchener. 23 Lindsay. 24 London. 25 Midland. 26 Newmarket. 27 Niagara Falls. 28 North Bay. 29 Orillia. 30 Oshawa. 31 Ottawa. 32 Owen Sound. 33 Pembroke. 34 Perth. 35 Peterborough. 36 Port Arthur. 37 Port Hope. 38 Preston. 39 Renfrew. 40 St. Catharines. 41 St. Thomas. 42 Sarnia. 43 Sault Ste. Marie. 44 South Porcupine. 45 Stratford. 46 Sturgeon Falls. 47 Sudbury. 48 Timmins. 49 Toronto, Commerce. 50 Toronto, Technical. 51 Walkerville. 52 Welland. 53 Whitby. 54 Windsor. 55 Woodstock.	5 13 136 19 10 2 27 37 6 8 80 146 4 30 125 30 125 7 50 7 9 5 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	20 5 31 138 27 80 2 233 4 1 644 133 297 57 66 68 89 933 33 155 597 47 18 20 17 27 7 88 14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10 2 37 30 26 6 37 4 1 1 2 4 8 8 30 19 70 532 8 4 11 18 104 15 23 15 4 4 52 17 17 17 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	17 19 66 180 133 3 52 57 60 31 3 25 72 44 47 15 80 41 36 6 7 12 27 30 30 158 3 3 15 5 5 2 2 3 3 2 5 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	37 51 49 91 58 88 135 56 17 20 30 30 79 1,177 10 32 5 130 82 749 17 1522 50 8 70 1,498 68 52 21 151 169 26 17 176 29 197 192 27 192 27 489 80	2 4 6 6 14 16 16 18 14 16 16 17 18 18 14 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	97 50 11 25 19 462 536 39 47 245 16 7 25 16 7 34 824 36	50 	15 19 97 33 50 21 25 10 12 536 55 39 13 47 245 55 39 13 47 245 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	111 25 462 50 10 536 25 25 16	536				

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

pupils in the various branches of instruction

pup	pupils in the various branches of instruction																
	English for Non- English Speaking Persons	Geography	Bookkeeping for Industrial Purposes	Civil Service	Arithmetic	Algebra	Geometry	Trigonometry	Shop Mathematics	Surveying and Mapping	General Physics	Electricity, Theory	Electricity, Applied	Applied Mechanics	General Chemistry	Chemistry of the Trades & Industries	Mining, Under- ground
1 2					15				9								
3						4	4	4									
4 5					68 34	20	20		25		11		59		11		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	6		34	15	50			1				1				10	
8			30		30				5						7		
9	32				11	5	5										
11		25	15		46												
12 13	71				25				1			8	23		14		
14			11		34												
15 16	35		19		6				1		1						
17 18									247			24 260					
19									11				1				
20 21	22				6				8			8					
22					21				15				4.5		7		
23 24	536	536	536	536	12 536	 19	19	19	19		8	14 37	9.5			19	
25 26																	
27					28							25	38				
28. 29					39 13				26								
30	14		33		47				18								
31 32					245 92				14			62	1/				
33 34			28		51	1			11 8				7				
35					29	28		3				24					
36 37	40				26	8	8	8	12				23				
38			15		16				21								
39 40			9		34				9				14				
41 42	• • •				31 14				8								
43	45					25	25 11		37			11					
44 45	22				18		11		120			59			24		
46			10														
47 48					12 834								13				18
49 50					834 1,168	15 741	720		741	10		507	533	19	155	217	
51		18	18						18			9	9				
52 53			6		20 6												
54									14			51					
55													000		252	240	10
	1,099	629	766	559	3,686	885	831	153	1,501	10	19	1,106	990	19	353	248	18

EVENING VOCATIONAL III. TABLE R—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE

III. TABLE R—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE														
			Number of pupils in the various branches of instruction											
Scho	pols .	Mechanical Drawing	Machine Drawing and Design	Architectural Drawing	Sheet Metal Drawing	Machine Shop Work	Forge Work	Sheet Metal Work	General Wood Working	Cabinet Making and Joinery	Pattern Making	Carpentry and Building Construction	Painting and Decorating	Oxy-Acet, Welding
1 Barrie														
	ille e	14												
4 Brantfor		10	15			39				67		32		
5 Brockvi	lle	1				25								
6 Chathar 7 Cobourg	n	14												
8 Collingv	vood	5							42					
9 Dundas 10 Espanol	 a .	28							1					
11 Fairban	k												ł.	
	lliam	8 28		3					33	6				
15 Goderick	1													
	n	12		145	10	16 218			22 238	23	43	119		11 107
18 Hespeler														
19 Ingersol.	l	11 6	i						9					
20 Iroquois 21 Kenora.	rans	3												
22 Kitchen	er	16											1	
23 Lindsay 24 London.		10 54		38	10		25		124	124				
25 Midland		6											1	
26 Newmar 27 Niagara	ket Falls	24		16		43			35		• • •		1	
28 North B	ay													
29 Orillia 30 Oshawa.		9 12				Į.		1						
31 Ottawa.		45		18	3	36				103				
32 Owen So	und	1 7	15	10										
	œ	13						1						
35 Peterbor	ough	29	10		7									
36 Port Art 37 Port Ho	hur pe	5						1	27					
38 Preston.		12		8	1									
39 Renfrew		18						1			- 1			
40 St. Cath 41 St. Thor	arines								23					
42 Sarnia		11							10					
43 Sault Ste 44 South Po	e. Marie	11							16					
45 Stratford		36							43					
46 Sturgeon		6					• • • • •		12	• • • • •	• • •	• • • • •		
47 Sudbury 48 Timmins	3		16						12					
49 Toronto,	Com'ce.		100	200		112			102	1.4				
50 Toronto, 51 Walkery		279	129	208		113 43	80		103	14		98	29	
52 Welland		20						16						
53 Whitby. 54 Windsor		32				56				75		35		
55 Woodsto		7				33	41			21				
Totals 10	21-22	1,032	319	446	39	750	146	16	861	455	43	285	29	118

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Continued)

Number of	pupils in	the	various	branches	of	instruction
-----------	-----------	-----	---------	----------	----	-------------

	Number of pupils in the various branches of instruction															
	Plumbing	Steam and Gas Engines and Power Plants	Marine Engineering	Printing and Book-binding	Photography, Photo- engraving and Lithography	Automobile Mechanics	Telegraphy	Elementary Draw-	Colour Study	Lettering	Show Card Writing	Industrial Design	Illustrating	Drawing and Paint- ing from Antique	Drawing and Paint- ing from Still Life	Drawing and Paint- ing from Life
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	36	31 9				266 144 688 1066 400 300 411	8	21	4	244 500	24 50 28 61 23	444	63	63		
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	12 18 	15 591		153	45	21 68 30 17 37 55 42 516 171	18	236	479	72	333 15 153 588 8	32	72	54	280 17	

EVENING VOCATIONAL III. TABLE R-ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE

	III. TABLE R—ATTENDANCE, PUPILS IN THE									N THE			
-			Nu	mber	of pu	pils in t	the	variou	s bran	ches o	finstru	ction	
	Schools	Modelling	Wood Carving	Pottery	Metal Work and Jewellery	Cooking	Housekeeping	Home Economics	Home Nursing	Hygiene and Dietetics	Sewing and Dress- making	Power Machine Operating	Millinery
2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 1 12 1 13 4 1 15 1 16 1 17 1 18 1 19 2 10 2 2 3 2 4 2 2 5 2 2 6 7 2 8 2 9 3 3 3 3 4 4 3 5 6 3 7 3 8 8 3 9 4 1 4 2 4 3 4 4 4 5 4 6 6	Brantford Brockville Chatham Cobourg Collingwood Dundas Espanola Fairbank Fort William Galt Gananoque Goderich Guelph Hamilton Hespeler Ingersoll Iroquois Falls Kenora Kitchener Lindsay London Midland Newmarket Niagara Falls North Bay Orillia Oshawa Ottawa Owen Sound Pembroke Perth Peterborough Port Arthur Port Hope Preston Renfrew St. Catharines St. Thomas Sarnia Sault Ste. Marie South Porcupine. Stratford Sturgeon Falls. Sudbury	13	26			34 85 56 50 16 29 9 11 17 29 99 36 80 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	299	177	111 	18	42 111 111 96 235 110 244 28 20 46 	53	10 15 29 68 82 35 12 14 25 55 41 8 80 90 6 485 88 52 21 14 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80
49 50 51 52 53 54	Toronto, Com'ce. Toronto, Tech Walkerville Welland Whitby Windsor	34	55	88	27	1,251 21 10 31 13		83 21	127	97	1,129 46 26 22 174 72	73 46	818 10
	Totals, 1921-22	117	267	88	27	2,700		150		143	6,058	172	2,862

SCHOOLS (Continued)

VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION, ETC. (Concluded)

	Number of pupils in the various branches of instruction													
	Embroidery and Lace Making	French	Spanish	Physical Culture	Bookkeeping	Stenography	Salesmanship	Typewriting	Fruit and Vegetable Growing	Basketry	Penmanship	Business Law	Public Speaking	Rapid Calculation
1														
3					43	37		29						
4 5 6		26		49 27				65						
7			5	14	5	4		11						
8 9					8	10		14						
10 11		9			13									
12 13					25 14	29 20		39						
14	53	12				13		34						
15 16					19	13 60		19		61				
17 18										34				
19 20		23												
21 22					12 27	11 17		11 31		154				
23 24	14 272	25		39		8		20		154				
25					142	190	35							
26 27					28	77		93						
28 29					25	43		43						
30 31		14 142		150	33 155	33 175		30 175						
32 33				16										
34	8	8												
35 36		11				41 28	15	30						
37 38					21	21 20				25				
39 40					32	7 40		10 40						
41 42	10	13 6	6	13	33 12	31 17		31						
43 44														
45					16	33		33						
46 47					17	31		31						
48 49		191	44		1,023	1,073	96	862			1,044	123	58	18
50 51	100	305	64	650										
52 53														
54 55		29												
33	457		110	0.00		0.217					1 044			10
	457	841	119	958	1,858	2,31/	140	1,951	41	214	1,044	123	58	18

VOCATIONAL IV. TABLE S—

			Re	eceipts		
Day and Evening Schools	Legislative Grants	Local Municipal Grants	School Fees	Debentures	Balances and Other Sources	Total Réceipts
1 Barrie 2 Beamsville 3 Belleville 4 Brantford 5 Brockville 6 Chatham 7 Cobourg 8 Collingwood 9 Dundas 10 Fairbank 11 Fort William 12 Galt 13 Gananoque 14 Goderich 15 Guelph 16 Haileybury 17 Hamilton 18 Ingersoll 19 Iroquois Falls 20 Kenora 21 Kingston 22 Kitchener 23 Lindsay 24 London	\$ c. 1,381 98 625 50 2,394 96 4,702 19 2,462 22 6,693 95 750 06 1,907 26 1,117 28 1,651 24 99,367 21 2,360 73 908 49 416 34 4,160 57 7,000 00 44,217 60 1,045 20 817 41 1,165 86 275 32 4,621 43 2,280 87 23,563 34	\$ c. 400 00 	\$ c. 238 00 169 00 437 00 	\$ c. 20,384 50 385,037 90	169 85 2 00 1,974 63	\$ c. 2,133 23 794 50 5,097 95 9,042 90 4,260 11 14,138 81 1,139 07 3,016 86 1,625 02 2,152 34 127,862 81 3,734 03 1,935 96 744 88 6,387 64 10,504 77 567,939 91 1,800 18 1,872 25 1,688 09 675 65 10,426 73 5,076 98 127,059 50
25 Midland. 26 Niagara Falls. 27 North Bay. 28 Orillia. 29 Oshawa 30 Ottawa. 31 Owen Sound. 32 Pembroke. 33 Perth. 34 Peterborough. 35 Port Arthur. 36 Port Hope. 37 Preston. 38 Renfrew. 39 St. Catharines. 40 St. Thomas. 41 Sarnia. 42 Sault Ste. Marie. 43 South Porcupine. 44 Stratford. 45 Sturgeon Falls. 46 Sudbury. 47 Timmins. 48 Toronto, Commerce. 49 Toronto, Technical. 50 Walkerville. 51 Welland. 52 Whitby. 53 Windsor. 54 Woodstock.	43,536 15 1,224 38 902 84 1,431 68 33,216 75 3,256 62 1,494 02 2,619 23 991 25 747 90 248 62 1,458 46 840 83 94,442 04 54,234 60 1,045 11 1,280 66	15,904 05 682 49 682 49 1,249 12 46,631 22 204 25 1,035 67 1,450 00 1,431 99 269 08 1,326 53 714 70 512 79 1,600 00 1,500 00 3,163 97 580 00 158 64 20,000 00 250,841 00 600 00 1,000 00 390 82 9,808 02	559 00 325 00 126 00 126 00 127 00 222 34 403 00 205 00 308 50 94 00 386 00 438 00 438 00 236 00 173 00 277 25 5,096 70 35,937 45 449 45 196 00 27,717 60 230 00	101,150 00	26,726 51 200 43 15,612 53 1,517 93 460 13 768 71 	86,725 71 2,231 87 1,028 84 2,881 23 102,039 64 4,978 80 2,529 69 567 13 4,638 45 4,454 22 1,465 33 2,472 79 1,057 32 3,123 66 2,878 83 103,063 97 158,784 57 1,847 38 2,468 18 1,309 32 187,726 96 1,792 00 369,073 70 395,532 12 6,350 22 3,285 87 1,132 46 29,315 07 2,230 52
1 Totals, 1921 2 Totals, 1920	511,021 04	691,817 18 828,914 72	68,994 13 49,546 48	731,572 40	234 953 75 100,013 29	2,398,096 02 1,489,495 53
3 Increases		137,097 54	19,447 65	20.50	134,940 46	908,600 49
5 Percentages	27.97	28.84	2.87	30.50	9.79	

1 2

3 5

6

8

9

10 11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24 25

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

2

3

4

5

SCHOOLS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Teachers'

Salaries

1,564 75

7,142 00

1,973 00

1,205 99

4,842 69

3,195 66

1,625 00

538 00 4,205 00 6,887 72

74,036 00

1,290 00

1,212 00

51,995 04

10,887 46 1,867 00

646 00

2,127 00 66,705 50 3,345 50 2,278 00

376 00

3,114 00

.3,072 00

1,366 00

1,621 00

1,053 52

1,884 00 2,566 00

4,654 00 6,277 40 1,227 00

1,905 00

14,736 02

1,580 00 89,015 74

192,776 68

3,670 70

1,625 00

16,483 99

625,848 64

455,902 02

169,946 62

39.48

1,492 50

809 26

908 00

764 00

650 00 6,017 70 2,467 50

664 00

760 00

765 00 3,765 00 4,737 32 3,475 00 Buildings,

Sites and All

Permanent

Improvements

\$

120 00

40 00

110,522 04

100 00

418 50 1,361 50

3,692 26

39,189 30

75 00

2,819 67

55 00

4 00

140 00

4,632 22

11,758 24

9,356 23

2,402 01

74

474 04 16 85

40 00

1,200 00

100,935 48

118,914 65

89,759 39

17,010 11

2,400 00

488,896 90

514,919 47

26,022 57

30.84

240 00

to

Acc

Expend	liture		
Repairs School commoda- tions	Library, Maps and Charts, All Apparatus and Equipment	School Books, Stationery, Prizes, Fuel, Examinations and all Other Expenses	Total Expenditure
\$ c. 373 44 194 17 2 50 7 76 66 37 1,187 15 35 50	\$ c. 131 65 296 42 2,703 23 112 35 2,381 82 53 46 56 60 9 19 11,089 67 385 37 85 00 11 85 554 14 980 34 14,996 14 76 86 607 52 342 48 25 65 1,279 56 805 63	\$ c. 319 42	\$ c. 2,015 82 765 00 5,097 95 9,042 90 4,125 93 12,452 58 1,125 11 3,016 86 1,555 66 815 69 127,862 81 3,734 03 1,935 96 744 88 6,387 64 10,504 77 132,451 41 1,775 18 1,719 27 1,688 09 675 65 10,426 73 3,565 63 115,137 47
2,264 81 506 75 1,856 68	16,489 12 67 51 8 50 73 73	43,208 21 	115,137 47 86,725 71 2,231 87 902 70 2,881 23 102,039 64 4,978 80 2,529 69

173 67

66 03

792 45

413 83

143 00

844 94 21 26 23 77

87 65

30,874 87

51 00

241 64

269 98

693 90

7 90

112,726 54 145,028 69

32,302 15

7.11

2,655 75

467 40

3 80

17 46

688 40

449 77

59 33

433 96

272 41

638 35 574 28

594 85

563 18 294 55 4,135 24 161 00

43,570 32

194 49

7,339 87

345,856 04

222,698 63

123,157 41

21.81

270 62

315 30

135,901 00 1,686 00

439 93

567 13

3,872 43

4,454 22

1,465 33 2,468 79

1,057 32

2,466 93

2,838 41

7,337 29 107,808 42

1,845 62

2,468 18 1,290 20 168,660 78 1,792 00 227,219 31

346,431 81

6,067 45

1,819 49

1,132 46

28,879 61

1,585,086 36

237,181 32

1,347,905 04

2,230 52

TABLE T-PROTESTANT SEPARATE SCHOOLS

	No. 1 Grattan	No. 2 Hagarty	L'Orig- nal Village	Penetan - guishene Town	Totals 1921
Number of Schools	1	1	1	2 .	5 ,
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	. \$ с.	\$ c.
Receipts: Balances from 1920	203 61	513 60	131 31	104 80	953 32
Government grants	160 74	541 51	251 25	180 75	1,134 25
Municipal grants	17 45 1,275 89	11 51 306 40	554 78	12,000 00	28 96 14,137 07
Other sources	900 00		201 24	140 04	
Totals	2,557 69	1,373 02	1,138 58	12,425 59	17,494 88
Expenditure:					
Teachers' salaries	828 50	872 85	672 76	9,390 88	
School sites and buildings Libraries, maps, apparatus, etc	10 00	8 00		37 35 269 42	45 35 279 42
Other expenses	699 48	117 90	443 80		3,989 12
Totals	1,537 98	998 75	1,116 56	12,425 59	16,078 88
Balances on hand	1,019 71	374 27	22 02		1,416 00
Teachers:					
Male Female	1	1	1	1 7	10
Certificates	II	Dist.	II	8 II	10 II; 1 Dist.
Salaries	\$1,000	\$900	\$750	Male, \$1,600 Av. Fem., \$993	1 male, \$1,600 Av. Fem., \$960
Pupils:	0.5	25			
Total number attending Boys	25 14	35 19	20	354 170	434 215
Girls	11	16	8	184	219
Average attendance No. in Primer	13	24 11	15 6	255	307
" 1st Book	5	6	2	56	69
" 2nd "	5 8 2	7 7	2 4	85 73	99 92
" 4th "	2	4	6	77	. 89
" Beyond 4th Book " Art	2 25	35	20	354	434
" Geography	25	35	20	291	371
" Music	25 25	35 35	20	354 235	414 315
" Composition	25	35	20	235	315
" Grammar	12	11	10	150	183
English History Canadian History	17 17	18 18	6	28 56	69
" Physiology and Hygiene.	25	35	20	354	434
" Nature Study Physical Culture	25 25	35 35	20 20	354 354	434 434
" Arithmetic and Mensur-				001	
ation	2 2				2 2
" Elementary Science	2				2
" Agriculture	12 2	• •	• •	48	60
Brick or frame school house		Frama	Priot	1 De . 1 Fe	
Dick of frame school nouse	Brick	Frame	Brick	1 Br.; 1 Fr.	3 Br.; 2 Fr.

TABLE U-REPORT ON NIGHT SCHOOLS

I. Night Elementary Schools

	Number of Schools	Teachers	Pupils Enrolled	Average Daily Attendance
Toronto	2	62 1 2 5	2,357 18 42 116	1,233 16 26 39
Totals, 1921-22	24	70	2,533	1,314

II. Night High Schools

School	Number of Schools	Teachers	Pupils Enrolled	Average Daily Attendance
Brantford Collingwood Fort William Galt Hamilton London Pembroke St. Thomas Toronto Windsor Totals, 1921-22	1 1 1	4 1 2 2 12 12 12 2 2 36 4	63 7 42 54 194 169 30 24 1,005 47	52 3 25 13 50 70 16 15 203 22

TABLE V-GENERAL

A General Statistical Abstract, exhibiting the comparative state and progress of and Vocational Schools from the year 1867

No.	Subjects Compared.	1867	1872	1877	1882	1887
1	Population		1,620,851		1,926,922	
2	High Schools (including Collegiate Institutes)	102	104			
3 4	Continuation Schools					
5 6 7	Public Schools	4,261				
8	tionPupils attending High Schools (in-	4,524	4,765	5 ,244	5,307	5,618
9	cluding Collegiate Institutes and Night High Schools) Pupils attending Continuation Schools	5,696	7,968	9,229	12,348	17,459
10	Pupils attending Day Vocational SchoolsPupils attending Evening Vocational					
11	Schools					
12	Pupils attending Public Schools (in- cluding Kindergarten and Night		100 0 0 0 0	465,000	445.264	460.020
13	Schools)Pupils attending Roman Catholic	382,719				
14	Separate Schools		21,406	24,952	26,148	30,373
	cational, Public and Separate	407,339	462,630	500,089	483,860	510,671
15	Amount paid for the salaries of Public and Separate School Teachers	\$1,093,517				2,458,540
16	Total amount paid for Public and Separate School purposes	1 .		3,073,489	3,026,975	3,742,104
17	Amount paid for Continuation School Teachers' salaries	\$	• • • • • • • • •			
18	Total amount paid for Continuation School purposes					
19	Amount paid for High School (and Collegiate Institute) Teachers' sal-			044.60	080 064	207 470
20	Total amount paid for High School					
21	and Co legiate Institute purposes Amount paid for Vocational School		210,005	343,710	343,720	495,612
22	Teachers' salaries	\$				
23	School purposes	Ф1 50 7 270	2 417 260	2 417 100	2 270 605	1 227 716
24	Male Teachers in Public and Separate	2,849				
25	Schools			3,448		
26	ate Schools	2,041 4,890		6,468		
27 28	Continuation School Teachers High School and Collegiate Institute					
29	Teachers	159	239	280	332	398
30	Number of all Teachers, as specified above		5,715	6,748		7,992
	* Included in Publi					luded with

^{*} Included in Public and Separate School attendances. † Included with year ended six months after

STATISTICAL ABSTRACT

Education in Ontario, as connected with Public, Separate, Continuation, High to 1921, compiled from Returns to the Department of Education.

						Education		
No.	1892	1897	1902	1907	1912	1917	1920	1921
1	2,114,321		2,182,947		‡2,527,292			2,933,662
2 3 4 5	128	130 44	134 65			137	168 144	170 160
5 6	5,577 312	5,574 340	5,671 391	5,819 449			6,207 594	6,280 621
7	6,017	6,088	6,261	6,518	6,738	6,961	7,126	7,245
8	22,837	24,390 *1,618			32,608 6,094		¶39,539 ¶5,823	¶41,040 ¶7,505
10		• • • • • • • • •				¶3,674	¶4,526	¶7,522
11			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		¶14,597	¶27,297	¶32,545
12	458,553	453,256	420,094	413,510	429,030	458,436	489,660	503,769
13	37,466	41,620	45,964	51,502	61,297	70,048	76,881	83,977
14	518,856	519,266	490,530	495,343	529,029	584,883	643,726	676,358
15	2,752,629	2,886,061	3,198,132	4,389,524	6,109,547	8,398,450	13,070,038	15,473,049
16	4,053,918	4,215,670	4,825,160		11,273,960	14,111,835	25,216,512	29,714,793
17		Included with No. 15 Included	Included with No. 15 Included	Included with No. 15 Included	202,875	228,362	317,602	406,162
18	• • • • • • • • • •	with No. 16	with No. 16	with No. 16	265,087	324,621	473,085	649,474
19	472,029	532,837	547,402	783,782	1,232,537	1,554,049	2,269,387	2,531,069
20	696,114	715,976	769,680	1,213,697	1,953,061	2,418,975	3,588,933	4,790,211
21							455,902	625,849
22							1,347,905	1,585,086
23	4,750,032	4,931,646	5,594,840	8,769,876	13,492,108	16,855,431	30,626,435	36,739,564
24	2,770	2,784	2,311	1,813	1,511	1,317	1,506	1,641
25	5,710	6,344	7,320	8,387	9,617	11,445	12,363	12,763
26 27	8,480	9,128 †44	9,631 †86	10,200 †140	11,128 226	12,762 241	13,869 255	14,404 286
28 29	522	579	593	750	917	1,051 132	1,207 191	1,302 212
30	9,002	9,707	10,224	10,950	12,271	14,186	15,522	16,204

Public and Separate School Teachers.

‡Census of 1911.
¶Figures for the School the calendar year specified.

THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS

Consolidated School	Sections Consolidated	Assessment of Section	Cost of School Building	Amount Raised by Debentures	No. and Type of Conveyance
Barwick	4, 11, 12, Barwick	\$ 119,827	\$ 29,830	\$ 22,000	2 Waggon Vans
Dorion	1, 2, 3, Dorion	84,316	29,982	10,000	4 Covered Vans
Falls View	7, 9, Stamford	8,213,363	62,850	12,000	1 Motor, 1 Waggon
Hudson	Hudson Twp.	77,000	17,000		2 Motor Vans in summer 2 Horse-drawn in winter
Humber Heights	5, Etobicoke (3 schools)	391,336	85,000	70,000	2 Horse-drawn Vans
Macdonald Guelph	6½, 7, Guelph	402,905			Street Cars
Mallorytown	4, 5, 6U, Foot of Yonge, 19 Escott	290,888	50,000	30,000	Covered Vans
Mindemoya	1, 4, Carnarvon	121,950	42,000	24,000	2 Covered Waggon Vans
Morley	7 Morley, 9 Morley and Dilke, 1 Long Sault	258,000	25,500	14,000	Motor Van in sum- mer. 2 Sleighs in winter
Nobel	1 Carling 3 McDougall	182,455	20,685	10,000	1 Motor in summer 2 Horse-drawn in winter
Savard	1, 3, Savard, 2 Robillard	159,200	25,800	11,500	5 Closed Vans
Tamworth	3, 6, 10, Sheffield, 28 Camden	240,480	29,000	5,000	2 Covered and 2 open Waggons
Tweed	5 Hungerford, 3 Hungerford and Huntington, Tweed Village	829,000	45,000	12,100	2 Motor in summer, 3 Horse-drawn in winter.
Wellington	8, 10, Hallowell, 11, 14, 15, Pt. 10, Hillier, Village of Wellington	1,214,000	118,000	120,000	3 Motor Vans 2 Waggons
West Guilford	2, 3, Guilford	48,500	3,700		4 Covered Vans
Wilberforce	Pt. 8 Cardiff, 6, 1, Monmouth	42,960	4,500		1 Waggon

THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS (Continued)

	1	1		1				
Consolidated School	Conveyncs Owned by	Cost of Conveyncs	Length of Route	Contract Cost of			hing	
			Route	Transportn	Agr.	IVI. I	D.50	Wus
Barwick	Drivers		4 mi	\$50 per mo. each	0	0	0	0
Dorion	3 by Section (1 rented)	\$643.75	5½ mi 3¾ mi 3 mi 2½ mi	\$700;\$400 \$400;\$400	0	1	1	0
Falls View	Drivers		5 mi	\$2,300 \$2,500	1	0	1	0
Hudson	Section	\$2,000	4 mi 4 mi 5 mi	\$3.25 per day each	1	1	1	1
Humber Heights	Drivers		4 mi 5 mi	\$5 per day each	0	1	1	1
Macdonald, Guelph			2 mi	\$222	1	1	1	1
Mallorytown	Drivers		6 mi 5 mi 5 mi 2½ mi	\$500;\$418 \$400;\$199 for one winter route	1	0	1	0
Mindemoya	Drivers		6 mi 8 mi	\$3.50 per day each	1	0	1	0
Morley	Drivers		5 mi 5 mi 2 mi	\$4; \$3.75; \$2 per day	1	0	1	0
Nobel	Section	\$1,389	6 mi 3 mi	\$8 day in winter; \$9 summer (incl. caretaking)		0	0	0
Savard	Section	\$1,960	5½ mi	\$4.25; \$4; \$3.50; \$4 25 per day	0	0	0	0
Tamworth	2 by section	\$300	5 mi 5 mi 3½ mi 3½ mi 3½ mi	\$453; \$300; \$300; \$200;	1	0	1	0
Tweed	2 by Section, 3 by Drivers		6 mi each	\$3 per day for motor \$4 per day for horse- drawn	1	1	1	1
Wellington	Drivers		7 mi 5 mi 5 mi 6 mi 4 m	\$1,000, \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,600 \$680.	Faci prov	lities ided	will for	be all
West Guilford	Drivers		2½ mi 4½ mi 1½ mi 2 mi	\$395; \$550; \$350; \$250	0	0	0	0
Wilberforce	Section	\$95	6 mi	\$3.70 per day	0	0	0	0

THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS.—Continued

				0020.	Contin			
Consolidated School	Area of Sch. Grnds.	Com. Hall	Special Equipment	High School Facilties	No. of Tchrs for HS	No. of	Certi- ficates	Salaries
Barwick	5 ac	1		V Form	** .	2	1-I 1-II	\$1,800 \$1,100
Dorion	5 ac	1		V Form		2	2-11	\$1,200 \$1,000
Falls View	6¼ ac	1	Piano, Phono- graph, Pro- jection Lan- tern, Medical Cabinet	0	0	5	5-11	\$2,300 \$1,350 \$1,200 \$1,200 \$1,100
Hudson	3 ac	0	Piano, Med. Cab.	0	0	2	2-11	\$1,500 \$1,000
Humber Heights	3 ас	1	Piano, Proj. Lant., Med. C Pathescope	0	0	5	5-II	\$1,800 \$1,100 \$1,100 \$1,000 \$1,000
Macdonald, Guelph		0	Piano, Proj. Lant.	0	0	4	1-I 3-II	\$1,800 \$1,500 \$1,000 \$1,000
Mallorytown	6¾ ac	0	Phonograph	V Form		4	1-I 3-II	\$1,600 \$1,100 \$1,000 \$1,000
Mindemoya	5 ac	1	Piano,phono- graph	Cont. Sch.	2	4	2-I 2-II	\$1,500 \$1,300 \$1,300 \$1,000
Morley	8 ac	0	Piano, Med. Cab.	V Form		2	1-I 1-II	\$1,500 \$1,100
Nobel	5 ac	0		V Form		2	2 -II	\$1,400 \$1,100
Savard	5 ac	1	Organ	V Form		2	1-II 1-III	\$1,400 \$1,000
Tamworth	6 ac	1	Piano	Cont. Sch.	2	5	2-I 2-II 1-III	\$2,000 \$1,500 \$1,050 \$1,000 \$900
Tweed	4 ac	0	Phonograph	0	0	6	6-11	\$1,700 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000
Wellington	6½ ac	1	To be provided	Cont. Sch.	11/2	7	2-I 5-II	\$2,000 \$1,100 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000
West Guilford	1 ac	0		V Form		2	2-11	\$1,1 00 \$90 0
Wilberforce	4 ac	0		V Form		2	2-11	\$1,000 \$800

THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS.—Continued

Consolidated School	Number Enrolled	Number Trans- ported	Average Attend- ance	Caretaker's Salary	Approx. Cost of Fuel	Total Mainten- ance Cost
Barwick	104	45	89%	\$30 per Month	\$200	\$4,500
Dorion	73	63	80%	\$275	\$150	\$1,875
Falls View	228	72	97%	\$1,600	\$800	\$20,000
Hudson	85	70	84%	\$200	\$200	\$5,411
Humber Heights	198	44	89%	\$800	\$500	\$9,000
Macdonald, Guelph	120	34	95%	\$840	\$600	\$10,859
Mallorytown	115	72	88%	\$600	\$560	\$8,303
Mindemoya	124	53	86%	\$400	\$200	\$7,300
Morley	70	35	77%	\$75 per Month	\$400	\$5,700
Nobel	55	46	91%	Included in cost of Transportation.	\$150	\$4,789
Savard	90	90				
Tamworth	175	41	87%	\$480	\$600	\$9,000 .
Tweed	240	100	93%	\$450	\$600	\$10,670
Wellington	240	114	93%	\$780		\$13,160
West Guilford	54	45	76%	\$90	\$70	\$3,672
Wilberforce	60	22	77%	\$130	\$200	\$3,025

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS NOT YET IN OPERATION

Consolidated School	Sections Consolidated	Assessment	No. of Classrooms Required	Remarks
Benmiller	2, 4, 7, Colborne Tp., Huron Co.	\$414,000	3	Arrangements for building complete.
Bloomfield	6, 7, 9, Hallowell Tp., Prince Ed- ward Co.	\$760,000	6	Arrangement for addition of four class-rooms and community hall to present building No. 7. High Sch. pupils now being conveyed to Picton Collegiate Inst.
Burriss	1, 2, Burriss Tp., Rainy River Dist.	\$88,875	2	Building in progress after considerable delay.
Gooderham	2, 4, 5, Glamorgan Tp., Haliburton County.	\$25,500	4	Building in progress.
Grant	3, 15, Nepean Tp., Carleton Co.	\$500,000	6	A splendidly-equipped fire- proof building now being erected.
Grantham	5, 6, Grantham Tp Lincoln Co.	\$315,000	6	Addition of four classrooms to present building at No. 5 now nearing completion.
Nipigon	1, 2, 3, Nipigon Tp., Thunder Bay Dist.	\$300,000	4	Building nearing completion.
North Mountain	9, 12, 13, 14 Mountain Tp., Dundas Co.	\$300,000	6	Building nearing completion. Continuation Schbeing conducted at present in temporary quarters.
Paudash	1, 6, 7, Cardiff Tp. Haliburton Co.	\$12,750	1	Arrangements complete for starting building.
Tarentorus:	1, 2, 3, Tarentorus Tp., Algoma Dist.	\$430,000	4	Building delayed.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922

No. Library Read Room Expendition					9 9		Pull III	-/	
Acton	No.	Library	ing		Expendi-	in		tive Grant paid in	expended on Books
Acton			Koom		ture	Library		1922	in 1921
Almontestburg					477 73			89 51	172 94
4 Amherstburg. R 2,800 3,060 12 4,811 16,490 101 07 152 26 5 Arnprior									
6 Arthur. R 1,108 287 75 3,947 6,490 67 44 101 40 7 Aurora. R 2,300 877 10 3,696 9,777 121 21 206 04 8 Aylmer. R 2,241 1,382 63 9,169 19,319 177 30 299 36 77 10 Barrie. R 6,888 2,842 24 7,738 40,228 260 00 793 75 11 Beamsville. R 1,189 650 46 5,342 14,967 93 27 142 34 24 12 Beaverton. R 1,160 287 00 2,043 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Beaverton. R 1,100 287 00 2,043 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Belleville. R 1,1294 5,573 68 11,994 69,853 260 00 1,614 82 13 Betcon		Amherstburg	R			4,811	16,490	101 07	152 26
7 Aurora. R 2,300 877 10 3,696 9,977 12 21 206 04 8 Ayr R 7.96 716 21 4,360 8,249 91 03 99 36 9 Ayr R 7.96 716 21 4,360 8,249 91 03 95 77 10 Barrie. R 6,888 2,842 24 7,738 40,228 260 00 793 75 11 Beamsville. R 1,189 659 46 5,542 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Beaverton. R 1,100 287 00 2,043 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Beaverton. R 1,100 287 00 2,043 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Beaverton. R 1,200 287 00 2,043 14,967 93 27 142 34 12 Beaverton. R 1,200 1,000 1,									
9 Ayr. R 706 716 21 4,360 8,249 91 03 95,77 10 Barnie. R 6,888 2,482 24 7,738 40,228 260 00 793,75 11 Beamsville. R 1,189 659 46 5,342 14,967 93 27 142 34 22 Beaverton. R 1,100 287 00 2,043 1,429 63 16 33 97 13 Beeton	7		_						
10 Barrie. R			1						
11 Beamsville			1 _						
Belleville		Beamsville	R	1,189	659 46	5,342	14,967	93 27	142 34
14 Belleville		Beeton							
15 Belmont		Belleville							
17 Bracebridge		Belmont			nual report fo	or 1921	<u> </u>		
18 Brampton R 4,970 1,956 87 7,564 26,021 260 00 3,852 28 19 Brantford R 31,091 12,974 44 32,897 142,581 260 00 2,829 16 20 Brighton R 1,421 438 31 4,370 5,010 70 72 177 50 21 Brockville R 9,377 3,327 78 16,072 24,100 260 00 569 16 22 Brussels R 1,000 666 14,755 6,715 22 54 6 09 23 Burk's Falls R 1,000 3,19 97 3,166 3,526 43 85 24 Campbellford R 3,100 2,020 70 2,954 24,742 250 34 664 02 25 Cardinal R 1,200 237 72 2,935 3,259 40 87 30 77 26 Carleton Place R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 205 63 27 Cayuga 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 01 1,599 38 29 Chesley R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 32 190 90 30 Clifford 600 177 66 4,396 5,606 32 63 63 78 31 Clinton R 2,011 1,756 408 8,179 20,303 230 233 357 64 32 Colligwood R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi R 7,638 1,903 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 35 Deseronto No annual report for 1921 44,710 260 779 85 36 Drayton R 625 303 63 3,740 779 779 741 100 53 37 Dresden No annual report for 1921 44,710 260 779 85 779		Bracebridge							
19 Brantford. R 31,091 12,974 44 32,897 142,581 260 00 2,829 16 20 Brighton. R 1,421 438 31 4,370 5,010 260 00 569 16 21 Brockville. R 9,377 3,327 78 16,072 24,100 260 00 569 16 22 Brussels. R 1,000 319 97 3,166 3,526 43 85 24 Campbellford. R 3,100 2,020 70 2,954 24,742 250 34 664 02 25 Cardinal. R 1,000 237 72 2,935 3,259 40 87 30 77 26 Carleton Place. R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 205 63 27 Cayuga. 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham. R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 00 1,509 38 29 Chesley. R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 23 20 205 63 31 Clinton. R 2,011 1,536 40 8,179 20,303 230 23 357 06 32 Colligwood. R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 60 00 570 49 33 Cornwall. R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi. R 726 467 95 2,574 35 35 Deseronto. No annual report for 1921 43 43 44 47 44 47 47 47	18	Brampton	R			7,564			
21 Brockville R 9,377 3,327 78 16,072 24,100 260 00 569 16		Brantford	R			32,897	142,581		
22 Brussels R 1,000 319 97 3,156 3,526 43 85 24 Campbellford R 3,100 2,020 70 2,954 24,742 250 34 664 02 250 Cardinal R 1,200 2,37 72 2,935 3,259 40 87 30 77 26 Cardeton Place R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 205 63 27 Cayuga 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 00 1,509 38 29 Chesley R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 32 190 90 30 Clifford 600 177 66 4,396 5,606 32 63 63 78 31 Clinton R 2,011 1,536 40 8,179 20,303 230 23 357 06 32 Collingwood R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 18 357 81 34 Delhi R 7,226 467 95 2,574 5,300 121 55 149 78 35 Deseronto No annual report for 1921 36 Drayton R 625 303 63 3,740 3,859 8,030 64 66 181 00 40 Elmira R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 41 Elora R 1,205 1,124 69 8,040 7,927 97 41 100 53 42 Erin 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 45 Erigus R 1,414 766 78 4,274 1,747 90 90 110 95 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 1,747 90 22 100 54 47 Fort Frances R 1,414 766 78 4,274 1,956 2,060 7,935 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 1,967 90 42 180 44 1,956 1,747 1,747 90 22 100 53 49 Fort William R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 4,366 47 50 50 60 1,938 56 60 1,938 50		Brockville	R	9.377					
24 Campbellford R 3,100 2,020 70 2,954 24,742 250 34 664 02 25 Cardinal R 1,200 237 72 2,935 3,259 40 87 30 77 20 Carleton Place R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 205 63 27 Cayuga 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 00 1,509 30 Clifford 600 1,776 4,396 5,606 32 63 63 78 63 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	22	Brussels	R	1,000	666 51	4,755	6,715	22 54	6 09
25 Cardinal R 1,200 237 72 2,935 3,259 40 87 30 777 26 Carleton Place R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 205 63 27 Cayuga 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 00 1,509 38 29 Chesley R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 32 190 90 30 Clifford 600 177 66 4,396 5,606 32 63 63 78 31 Clinton R 2,011 1,536 40 8,179 20,303 230 23 357 06 32 Collingwood R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi R 726 467 95 2,574 5,300 121 55 149 78 35 Descronto No annual report for 1921 36 Drayton R 625 303 63 3,740 6,609 55 11 22 26 37 Dresden No annual report for 1921 38 Dundas R 5,056 3,318 01 9,259 44,710 260 00 797 85 39 Durham R 1,587 838 04 3,859 8,030 64 26 181 00 41 Elora R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 66 66 66 66 66 66		Burk's Falls	R	/					
26 Carleton Place R 3,786 628 83 7,775 15,675 113 20 20 56 63 27 Cayuga 800 140 74 1,951 806 15 72 16 64 28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 1,999 79,357 260 00 1,509 38 29 Chesley R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 32 190 90 30 Clifford 600 177 66 4,396 6,560 32 63 63 78 31 Clinton R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 32 Collingwood R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,1948 18 18 357 81 34 Delhi R 7 726 467 95 2,574 5,300 121 55 149 78		Cardinal	R						
28 Chatham R 15,525 6,660 91 12,909 79,357 260 00 1,509 38 29 Chesley R 1,803 581 09 3,153 6,583 125 32 190 90 30 Clifford 600 177 66 4,396 5,606 32 63 63 78 31 Clinton R 2,011 1,536 40 8,179 20,303 230 23 357 06 32 Collingwood R 6,016 4,316 18 10,615 19,313 260 00 570 49 33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi. R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi. R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,948 198 18 357 81 36 Drayton. R 625 303 631 3,740 6,609 55 11 22 26 36 Drayton. R 625 303 631 3,740 6,609 55 11 22 26 37 Dresden No annual report for 1921 38 Dundas R 5,056 3,318 01 9,259 44,710 260 00 797 85 39 Durham R 1,587 838 04 3,859 8,030 64 26 181 00 40 Elmira R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 41 Elora R 1,205 1,124 69 8,040 7,927 97 41 100 53 42 Erin 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 42 Erin 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 43 Essex R 1,600 931 95 4,157 4,689 125 54 211 08 45 Erin R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus R 1,815 1,863 13 4,949 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 17,395 99 58 199 21 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 705 43 56 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 67 42 42 61 61 61 62 60 60 770 48 41 1,736 67 67 42 43 21 60 60 61 62 60 60 747 50 60 60 60 1,938 56 60 61 62 60 60 1,408 81 59 60 61 62 60 60 1,408 81 50 60 61		Carleton Place	R	3,786	628 83	7,775	15,675	113 20	205 63
Chesley		Chatham	D			1,951			
31 Clinton	29						6,583	125 32	
32 Collingwood. R									
33 Cornwall R 7,738 1,900 30 6,410 13,048 198 18 357 81 34 Delhi									
No annual report for 1921 Section Sectio	33	Cornwall	R	7,738	1,900 30	6,410	13,948	198 18	
36 Drayton		Delhi	R				5,300	121 55	149 78
No annual report for 1921 38 Dundas R 5,056 3,318 01 9,259 44,710 260 00 797 85 39 Durham R 1,587 838 04 3,859 8,030 64 26 181 00 40 Elmira R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 41 Elora R 1,205 1,124 69 8,040 7,927 97 41 100 53 42 Erin 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 43 Essex R 1,600 931 95 4,157 8,614 159 25 235 71 44 Exeter R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus R 1,815 1,863 13 4,949 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 41 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 1,938 56 49 Fort William, Br R 3,633 48 4,904 34,116 260 00 705 43 50 Galt R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 820 70 51 Gananoque R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R 2,400 1,250 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 49 10 59 Guelph R 1,400 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 1,0093 78 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 425,340 260 00 10,093 78 61 425,340 260 00 10,093 78							6,609	55 11	22 26
39 Durham. R 1,587 838 04 3,859 8,030 64 26 181 00 40 Elmira. R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 41 Elora. R 1,205 1,124 69 8,040 7,927 97 41 100 53 42 Erin		Dresden					44 7740	260.00	707 05
40 Elmira R 2,392 994 33 5,481 12,918 171 25 138 66 41 Elora R 1,205 1,124 69 8,040 7,927 97 41 100 53 42 Erin 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 43 Essex R 1,600 931 95 4,157 8,614 159 25 235 71 44 Exeter R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 44 49 Fort William R 20,561 17,391									
42 Erin. 475 317 43 3,354 4,689 125 54 211 08 43 Essex. R 1,600 931 95 4,157 8,614 159 25 235 71 44 Exeter. R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus. R 1,418 1,863 13 4,949 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest. R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 41 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William. R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 1,938 56 49 Fort William. R 13,600 7,704	40	Elmira	R	2,392	994 33	5,481	12,918	171 25	138 66
43 Essex R 1,600 931 95 4,157 8,614 159 25 235 71 44 Exeter R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus R 1,815 1,863 13 4,949 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 41 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,600 260 00 1,938 56 49 Fort William, Br. R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 705 43 50 Galt R 13,600 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>									
44 Exeter R 1,458 953 23 5,176 11,747 90 02 110 95 45 Fergus R 1,815 1,863 13 4,949 17,395 99 58 199 21 46 Forest R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 41 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 1,938 56 49 Fort William, Br. R 13,600 7,704 44 11,736 55,185 260 00 705 43 50 Galt R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 747 50 51 Gananoque R 3,665									
46 Forest. R 1,414 766 78 4,274 19,567 99 42 180 41 47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,7391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 1,938 50 49 Fort William, Br. R 3,633 48 4,904 34,116 260 00 705 43 50 Galt. R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 820 70 51 Gananoque R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R		Exeter	R						
47 Fort Frances 2,849 2,067 99 3,365 8,655 215 43 501 68 48 Fort William R 20,561 17,391 85 29,361 127,690 260 00 1,938 56 49 Fort William, Br. R 3,633 48 4,904 34,116 260 00 705 43 50 Galt R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 820 70 51 Gananoque R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 54 Glencoe 80 125 00 2,100 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
49 Fort William, Br. R 3,633 48 4,904 34,116 260 00 705 43 50 Galt. R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 705 43 51 Gananoque. R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island. . 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown. R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 54 Glencoe . 800 125 00 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich. R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley. R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst.	47	Fort Frances			2.067 99	3,365		215 43	501 68
50 Galt. R 13,600 7,704 84 11,736 55,185 260 00 820 70 51 Gananoque R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 54 Glencoe 800 125 00 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 46 72 43 21 57 Grand Valley R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 58 Grimsby R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898		Fort William	R	1	17,391 85	29,361			
51 Gananoque R 3,665 1,771 72 6,166 21,601 260 00 747 50 52 Garden Island 75 56 50 5,000 302 22 08 26 25 53 Georgetown R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 54 Glencoe 800 125 00 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 49 10 58 Grimsby R 2,000 1,688									
53 Georgetown. R 2,400 1,979 17 3,816 13,441 182 78 318 96 54 Glencoe. 800 125 00 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich. R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 49 10 58 Grimsby R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898 198 30 391 80 59 Guelph R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville R 1,1	51	Gananoque	R	3,665	1,771 72	6,166	21,601	260 00	
54 Glencoe 800 125 00 2,100 632 25 00 55 Goderich R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 39 18 58 Grimsby R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898 198 30 391 80 59 Guelph R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville R 1,100 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78									
55 Goderich. R 4,700 2,226 74 6,355 26,701 247 49 466 72 56 Grand Valley. R 590 860 81 3,500 6,866 57 42 43 21 57 Gravenhurst. 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 49 10 58 Grimsby. R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898 198 30 391 80 59 Guelph. R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville R 1,100 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton. R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78				800	125 00	2,100	632		
57 Gravenhurst 1,437 204 41 2,637 2,115 53 35 49 10 58 Grimsby R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898 198 30 391 80 59 Guelph R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville R 1,100 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78	55	Goderich	. R						
58 Grimsby. R 2,000 1,688 90 4,642 20,898 198 30 391 80 59 Guelph. R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville. R 1,100 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton. R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,993 78	50		1				2.115		
59 Guelph R 18,027 10,805 90 21,110 115,229 260 00 1,408 81 60 Hagersville R 1,100 763 23 2,514 1,210 170 79 281 49 61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78	58	Grimsby	R	2,000	1,688 90	4,642	20,898	198 30	391 80
61 Hamilton R 118,243 65,343 00 54,516 425,340 260 00 10,093 78		Guelph	R			21,110	115,229		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						54,516	425,340	260 00	10,093 78
					1 0 4 2 4 2 6				2,451 36

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Continued)

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922 (Continued)

	Statistics, 1721	.,			THE PAIG	111 1722 (
No.	Library	Read- ing Room	Popula- tion	Total Expendi- ture	Volumes in Library	Circula- tion	Legisla- tive Grant paid in 1922	Amount expended on Books in 1921
63 64 65	Hanover Harriston Hensall	R R	2,724 1,326 885	1,149 68	4,214	16,967 23,262 5,557	\$ c. 249 89 75 37 93 12	\$ c. 951 29 99 43 210 09
66 67	Hespeler Hillsburg	R		ed January 2	5,402 nd, 1922	14,106	97 37 100 00	115 83
68 69	Ignace	R	Opene 5,385	ed May 12th 2,646 86		27,880	100 00 260 00	511 78
70	Kemptville	R	1,200	608 70		10,248	100 76	150 75
71 72	Kenora	R R	5,000			22,770	221 13	346 33 94 33
73	Kincardine Kingston	R	2,200 22,368			4,767 110,662	65 98 260 00	4,779 74
74	Kingsville	R	1,800	815 79	3,730	12,342	120 45	210 56
75 76	KitchenerLakefield	R R	$ \begin{array}{c c} 22,717 \\ 1,137 \end{array} $			90,763 8,676	260 00 116 07	3,159 27 212 01
77	Lanark		No an	nual report	for 1921	· ·		
78 79	Lancaster Leamington	R	600 3,668			2,307 27,078	34 26 260 00	51 60 257 07
80	Lindsay	R	8,025	3,349 12	8,646	25,581	260 00	847 22
81 82	ListowelLittle Britain	R R	2,500	1,362 93 271 86	5,486 2,384	12,433 2,331	138 15 63 73	212 62 36 65
83	London	R	59,784	21,766 68	43,880	277,190	260 00	3,612 72
84 85	London, East London, South	R		3,049 08 1,347 36	6,452 3,330	48,980 21,717	260 00 200 00	786 52 784 07
86	London, Southeast.			1,845 17	1,530	678	200 00	1,371 78
87 88	Lucknow Markdale	R	902 1,000	1,215 93 701 77	4,576 3,438	8,506 7,753	134 09 65 76	390 60 85 20
89	Merrickville		950	461 59	3,275	5,578	59 17	163 43
90	Merritton		2,683 7,129	271 60	2,757	8,477	39 57	81 95
91 92	Midland	R R	7,129	2,958 91 369 75	8,538 2,915	36,935 7,636	255 17 121 43	701 91 122 25
93	Milverton	R	1,054	739 68	3,436	6,213	79 52	166 59
94 95	Mimico	R R	3,736 1,801	3,496 .18 822 74	3,750 5,631	28,046 5,212	211 74 56 47	498 55 120 45
96	Mount Forest	R	1,717	1,323 67	4,549	13,448	92 67	143 73
97 98	New Hamburg New Liskeard	R R	1,401 2,300	739 96 2,051 93	3,040 5,107	8,004 11,265	82 91 236 27	113 81 357 92
99	Newmarket	R	3,590	717 89	4,624	10,203	123 52	182 42
100 101	Niagara Falls North Bay	R R	16,000 11,402	7,734 92 3,928 65	18,159 7,251	72,372 54,097	260 00 260 00	1,502 93 784 36
102	Norwich	R	1,279	1,662 61	3,677	13,710	203 52	338 24
103 104	Norwood Oakville	R	3,114	Opened Jun 940 02	e 7th, 1922 6,109	2 . 7,879	100 00 148 39	176 79
105	Oakwood	R	250	165 17	2,187	2,042	53 53	25 15
106 107	Orangeville Orillia	R R	2,427 7,854	1,917 89 2,626 03	7,197 8,462	20,518 35,939	251 61 229 24	347 96 497 51
108	Oshawa	R	11,500	3,326 89	5,719	26,258	238 13	372 31
109 110	OttawaOttawa, South	R R	112,899	72,524 45 1,961 35	77,524 3,496	235,191 20,212	260 00 260 00	8,109 45 668 45
111	Ottawa, West	R		3,600 25	6,001	30,861	260 00	896 76
112	Otterville Owen Sound	R	600	190 62 4,450 93	2,217 9,770	4,906	72 76	128 46
113 114	Paisley	R	12,013 751	482 92	5,830	50,443 8,558	260 00 90 73	936 24 115 36
115	Palmerston	R	1,650	2,013 98	3,376	8,879	130 82	306 39
116 117	ParisParkhill	R R	4,346 1,213	1,793 80 746 77	12,543 2,795	36,026 5,240	232 44 90 86	387 50 157 02
118	Parry Sound		3,229	1,368 78	4,108	24,482	167 07	469 76
119 120	Pembroke Penetanguishene	R R	8,000 4,004	3,393 26 2,091 12	7,161 6,741	26,853 10,968	260 00 234 24	669 47 383 30
121	Perth	R	3,710	1,972 32	4,046	19,897	96 09	195 79
122 123	Peterborough	R	21,439 3,177	9,560 82 2,418 65	18,479 7,890	85,666 27,623	260 00 260 00	1,501 70 422 97

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Continued)
Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922 (Continued)

No.	Library	Read- ing Room	Popula- tion	Total Expendi- ture	Volumes in Library	Circula- tion	Legisla- tive Grant paid in 1922	Amount expended on Books in 1921
124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 155	Port Arthur Port Carling Port Colborne Port Colborne Port Elgin Port Hope Port Rowan Prescott Preston Renfrew Richmond Hill Ridgeway St. Catharines St. Mary's St. Thomas Saltfleet Sarnia Sault Ste. Marie. Sault Ste. Marie,W Schreiber Seaforth Shelburne Simcoe Smith's Falls South River Springfield Stayner Stirling Stouffville Stratford Strathroy Streetsville Sudbury	R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	15,629 357 3,420 1,500 4,567 2,758 5,547 4,960 1,100 750 20,961 4,039 17,892 22,034 	\$ c. 11,453 87 366 34 1,029 88 884 53 2,079 89 191 94 670 74 2,355 59 2,398 35 341 98 249 00 8,959 49 1,776 00 6,920 29 461 99 5,667 39 10,425 07 2,048 18 242 28 1,472 98 767 45 2,346 30 2,414 40 30 00 99 41 157 93 891 81 701 97 6,379 47 844 98 392 80 3,922 80	2,747 5,378 7,852 1,949 7,174	104,881 3,154 13,370 13,903 25,979 19,121 31,498 34,448 7,642 4,139 90,378 22,837 98,062 8,818 58,945 95,330 26,709 7,898 21,751 7,754 29,430 23,604 1,036 3,222 1,889 7,284 18,283 75,763 31,869 5,763 31,869 5,761 18,772	\$ c. 260 00 136 88 214 24 100 51 137 75 30 42 78 70 186 79 252 72 73 28 53 53 260 00 236 08 260 00 53 17 260 00 260 00	\$ c. 1,843 43 176 30 348 67 181 51 363 42 37 38 187 41 349 61 653 92 122 48 88 11 1,981 09 402 66 1,765 67 2,515 01 755 59 31 75 337 32 209 97 532 47 564 19
156 157 158 159 160 161	Sundridge	R R R R	441 696 537 990 807 5,012	76 06 217 73 323 23 1,096 25 730 93 1,933 39	1,001 2,046 2,045 4,675 5,159 6,826	1,343 4,482 5,094 5,615 8,218 7,649	20 44 59 13 76 58 142 30 109 35 229 31	44 86 84 65 27 06 311 60 212 49 388 91
162	TilburyTillsonburg	R		l report for	1921	27,675	161 25	209 91

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Concluded)

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922 (Concluded)

No.	Library	Read- ing Room	Popula- tion	Total Expendi- ture	Volumes in Library	Circula- tion	Legisla- tive Grant paid in 1922	Amount expended on Books in 1921
164 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191	Toronto:— Beaches Church College Deer Park Dovercourt. Earlscourt. Eastern High Park. Municipal Northern Queen and Lisgar Riverdale Western Wychwood. Yorkville. Trenton Uxbridge Walkerton Walkerville Walkerville Waterford Waterford Waterford Waterson Whitby Windsor Wingham Woodstock Wroxeter	RRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	6,000 1,389 2,200 7,303 4,067 1,085 5,976 1,035 9,135 3,104 3,000 38,530 2,454 10,164 344	22,239 24 105,088 34 10,949 39 23,764 88 16,704 21 7,508 66 14,887 23 2,545 34 5,886 06 10,360 87 19,115 71 12,981 38 11,597 83 10,931 83 4,099 22 1,019 33 1,759 73 9,867 33 3,047 61 487 72 2,908 20 771 48 795 02 1,730 58 1,240 81 20,884 22 1,001 04 4,897 37 164 12	57,230 183,087 12,388 21,322 11,578 6,915 15,450 1,634 8,473 17,434 14,961 11,988 15,875 3,358 6,982 5,002 10,649 5,205 1,452 12,459 4,687 4,722 5,342 4,140 33,414 7,426 12,757 6,087	102,956 663,697 113,117 289,520 185,857 34,092 192,733 8,751 44,653 115,520 229,676 140,164 125,609 102,559 36,138 13,021 13,044 63,094 38,111 1,780 26,522 11,163 18,576 30,444 15,631 167,610 12,004 56,364	260 00 260 00 255 00 260 00 237 60 224 02 254 85 241 77 230 43 255 00 260 00 255 00 255 00 255 00 255 00 255 00 255 00 251 55 260 00 251 55 260 00 253 58 260 00 253 58 260 00 253 58	\$ c. 1,546 26 1,044 98 13,698 60 1,451 54 2,898 73 1,302 85 1,485 82 1,671 28 588 25 728 00 1,110 10 1,895 18 1,785 68 934 08 1,253 58 1,900 87 100 25 579 34 1,522 16 620 61 188 98 301 45 141 31 337 72 493 59 285 30 4,811 62 387 16 978 52 29 62
	Totals		1,548,511	834,590 32	1,654,424	7,511,391	31,199 85	141,821 26

ASSOCIATION PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922

No. Library Read- Populating Expenditure Circulation Legislating Circulation Population Circulation Population									
No. Library Room Room Expendicion Library Library Library Room 1922 In 1921 In 1922 In 1921 In 1922 In 1922 In 1921 In 1922 In 1924 In 192								Legisla-	Amount
Admaston	NT.	т.ч.							
Admaston	No.	Library		tion			tion		
1 Admaston.			Room		ture	Library		1922	in 1921
1 Admaston.					¢ 0			dh _	
2 Agincourt	1	Admaston		Rural		1 5/12	973		
3 Allenford		Agincourt							
4 Alliston. 1,264 1,582 00 849 11,195 183 16 524 94 5 Alma. 250 200 1,537 1,864 25 00 6 Alton. 419 168 46 5,234 3,440 25 07 7 Angus. 420 104 52 1,300 2,063 33 27 47 70 8 Arkona. 418 171 91 2,971 1,690 26 06 43 32 9 Assiginack. No report for 1921 Manitowaning P.O 10 Athens. 775 189 13 2,019 3,439 38 38 135 94 11 Atwood. 600 77 83 1,287 1,319 11 46 18 24 12 Auburn. R 250 146 25 1,703 1,502 33 84 51 40 13 Badjeros. R 250 146 25 1,703 1,502 33 84 51 40 13 Badjeros. R 250 146 25 1,703 1,502 33 84 51 40 14 Bala. Organized August 1th, 1922 15 Bancroft. 800 328 12 474 2,362 76 32 180 75 16 Bath. R 367 171 55 1,713 4,211 33 75 17 Bayfield. R 400 183 41 964 3,342 54 49 100 18 18 Bayham. No annual report for 1921 19 Baysville. 168 70 63 1,085 2,033 25 24 12 9 20 Beachville. 500 166 30 1,605 2,717 13 50 21 21 Beelwood. Rural 219 76 1,526 1,868 100 73 170 03 22 Belwood. 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 39 90 23 Bircheliff. 1,962 483 19 572 1,409 78 87 384 59 24 Blenheim. R 1,650 635 49 5,552 1 1,608 800 73 170 03 25 Bloomfeld. 600 29 01 1,513 25 00 26 Blyth. 700 127 15 2,599 2,540 27 72 79 65 27 Bobcaygeon. R 600 22 01 1,513 25 00 27 Bobcaygeon. R 600 22 81 2,304 5,400 36 80 107 33 Bridgeburg. No annual report for 1921 1 28 Browline. R 650 282 81 2,304 5,400 36 90 107 85 87 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81		Allenford							
5 Alma 250 29 00 1,537 1,864 25 00 7 Angus 420 104 52 1,300 2,063 33 27 47 70 8 Arkona 418 171 191 2,971 1,690 26 66 48 9 Assiginack No report for 1921 Manitowaning P.O 10 Athens 0 775 189 13 2,019 3,439 38 38 15 94 11 Atwood 600 775 189 13 2,019 3,439 38 38 15 94 11 Bale Organized August 11th, 1922 33 84 51 40 14 81 84 51 40 18 18 18 18 18 14 18 18 18 14 18 18 14 18 18 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 13	4	Alliston							
6 Alton 419 168 46 5,234 3,440 25 79 56 51 8 Arkona 420 104 52 1,300 2,063 33 27 47 70 8 Arkona 418 171 91 2,971 1,690 26 06 43 32 Manitowaning P.O No report for 1921 1,690 26 06 43 32 Manitowaning P.O 775 189 13 2,019 3,439 38 38 135 94 11 Atwood 600 77 83 1,287 1,319 11 46 18 24 12 Auburn R 250 146 25 1,703 1,502 33 84 51 40 13 Badjeros Rural 46 67 760 457 14 59 26 31 14 Bala Organized August 1tth, 1922 15 Bahroft 800 328 12 474 2,362 76 32 180 75 16 Bath R 367 171 55 1,173 4,211 33 75 17 Bayfield 400 183 41 964 3,342 54 49 100 18 18 Bayswille 166 30 1,685 2,053 25 52 44 29 20 Beachville 500 166 30 1,685 2,013 34 34 21 Beechwood Rural 219 76 526 34 29 22 Belwood 350 228 11 2,779 2,066 37 34 59 23 Bircheliff 1,962 483 19 572 1,169 78 78 34 59 24 Biehheim R 1,650 635 49 5,552 1,490 78 78 34	5	Alma					1,864		
7 Angus		Alton		419	168 46		3,440		
Massignack No report for 1921 Manitowaning P.O.		Angus					2,063		
Manitowaning P.O		Arkona				2,971	1,690	26 06	43 32
10 Athens.	9	Manitowaning P.O.		No rep	ort for 1921				
11 Adwood	10	Athens		775	180 13	2.010	3 430	20 20	135 04
12 Auburn R 250 146 25 1,703 1,502 33 84 51 40 13 Badjeros Rural 46 67 700 457 14 59 26 31 14 Bala Organized August 11th, 1922 15 Bancroft R 367 171 55 1,173 4,211 33 75 16 Bath R 367 171 55 1,173 4,211 33 75 17 Bayfield R 400 183 41 964 3,421 34 75 40 100 18 18 Bayham No annual report for 1921 19 Bayswille 168 70 63 1,085 2,053 25 52 41 29 20 Beachville 500 166 30 1,065 2,717 15 00 41 56 21 Beechwood Rural 219 76 1,526 1,868 100 73 170 03 22 Belwood 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 75 51 93 90 23 Birchcliff 1,962 483 19 572 1,400 78 87 384 59 24 Blenheim R 1,650 635 49 5,552 1,568 101 89 102 96 25 Bloomfield 600 29 01 1,513 25 00 26 Blyth 700 127 15 2,599 2,540 27 72 79 65 27 Bobcaygeon R 962 339 46 3,613 4,108 88 71 116 32 28 Boton 68		Atwood							
13 Badjeros Rural 46 67 760 457 14 59 26 31 14 Bala Organized August 11th, 1922 15 Bancroft 800 328 12 474 2,362 76 32 180 75 16 Bath R 367 171 55 1,173 4,211 33 75 17 38 ayfield 400 183 41 964 3,342 34 49 100 18 18 Baysham No annual report for 1921 19 Baysville 168 70 63 1,085 2,053 25 52 41 29 20 Beachville 500 166 30 1,605 2,717 15 00 41 56 21 Beechwood Rural 219 76 1,526 1,868 100 73 170 03 22 Belwood 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 22 38 irchcliff 1,962 483 19 572 1,490 78 87 384 59 24 Blenheim R 1,650 635 49 5,552 15,685 101 89 102 96 25 Bloomfield 600 29 01 1,513 25 00 26 26 Blyth 700 127 15 2,599 2,540 27 72 79 65 28 Bolton 650 282 81 2,304 5,400 36 09 107 85 28 Bolton 650 282 81 2,304 5,400 36 09 107 85 29 Bowmanville R 3,200 701 52 5,151 12,817 161 71 281 07 31 Brigden No annual report for 1921 31 Brogklin Rural 133 06 3,339 3,110 35 88 66 51 38 Brougham Organized March 4th, 1922 34 Brownsville 200 160 75 1,982 1,375 15 00 64 70 38 Burnstown No annual report for 1921 36 36 36 36 36 37 38 37 38 37 38 38 39 38 38 39 38 38		Auburn	R			1.703			
14 Bala.	13	Badjeros							
15 Bancroft		Bala		Organia	zed August 1	11th, 1922			
17 Bayfield		Bancroft							180 75
Bayham		Bath	R						
19 Baysville 168 70 63 1,085 2,717 15 00 41 56 21 Beechwold Rural 219 76 1,526 1,868 100 73 170 03 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 350 228 31 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		Bayfield					3,342	54 49	100 18
Beachwolle. 500 166 30 1,605 2,717 15 00 41 56		Baysville					2.053	25 52	41 20
Bechwood		Beachville					2,033		
228 Belwood. 350 228 11 2,779 2,006 57 51 93 90 238 Bircheliff		Beechwood							
Birchcliff		Belwood	1						
Blenheim		Birchcliff		1,962	483 19		1,490	78 87	384 59
26		Blenheim		/			15,685		
27 Bobcaygeon R 962 339 46 3,613 4,108 88 71 116 32 28 Bolton 650 282 81 2,304 5,400 36 09 107 85 29 Bowmanville R 3,200 701 52 5,151 12,817 161 71 281 07 30 Bridgeburg 2,401 545 99 2,907 6,091 116 75 280 10 31 Brigden No annual report for 1921 32 Brooklin Rural 133 06 3,339 3,110 35 88 66 51 32 Brownsville 250 307 12 1,623 3,960 63 80 125 00 35 Brucefield 200 169 75 1,982 1,375 15 00 64 70 36 Burgessville 200 160 87 1,083 2,328 26 87 26 72 37 Burlington R 2,438 764 84 4,870 13,431 79 19 202 04 38 Burnstown No annual report for 1921 39 Caledon 500 165 14 3,291 1,908 43 56 67 95 40 Cambray Rural 177 78 1,902 935 69 28 126 58 41 Camden East 200 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol 2,000 102 63 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol 2,000 102 63 4,268 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 15 24 48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 0 52 57 50 50 50 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 0 50 50 50 100 38 60 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		Bloomfield						25 00	
28 Bolton 650 282 81 2,304 5,400 36 09 107 85 29 Bowmanville R 3,200 701 52 5,151 12,817 161 71 281 07 30 Bridgeburg 2,401 545 99 2,907 6,091 116 75 280 10 31 Bridgeburg No annual report for 1921 32 80 60 31 81 66 51 32 Brooklin Rural 133 06 3,339 3,110 35 88 66 51 34 Brownsville 250 307 12 1,623 3,960 63 80 125 00 35 Brucefield 200 166 87 1,982 1,375 15 00 64 70 26 72 72 38 Burlington R 2,438 764 84 4,870 13,431		Blyth						27 72	
Bridgeburg		Bolton					4,108 5,400	36 00	
Bridgeburg		Bowman ville	R				12.817	161 71	
Brigden		Bridgeburg.							
Stocklin Street 133 06 3,339 3,110 35 88 60 51		Brigden					-,		
Brownsville		Brooklin					3,110	35 88	66 51
35 Brucefield 200 169 75 1,982 1,375 15 00 64 70		Brougham			zed March 4	th, 1922	2.040	62.00	405.00
36 Burgessville 200 160 87 1,083 2,328 26 87 26 72 37 Burlington R 2,438 764 84 4,870 13,431 79 19 202 04 38 Burnstown No annual report for 1921 1 1,908 43 56 67 95 40 Cambray Rural 177 78 1,902 935 69 28 126 58 41 Camden East 200 109 25 2,070 615 32 21 71 75 42 Canfield 700 145 59 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington R 900 225 30 4,268 40 77 62 63 44 Capreol 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45		Brownsville			307 12	1,623			
37 Burlington R 2,438 764 84 4,870 13,431 79 19 202 04 39 Caledon 500 165 14 3,291 1,908 43 56 67 95 40 Cambray Rural 177 78 1,902 935 69 28 126 58 41 Camden East 200 109 25 2,070 615 32 21 71 75 42 Canfield 700 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45 Cargill 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 <		Bruceneld							
No annual report for 1921 1,908 43 56 67 95		Burlington	B						
39 Caledon. 500 165 14 3,291 1,908 43 56 67 95 40 Cambray. Rural 177 1,902 935 69 28 126 58 41 Camden East. 200 109 25 2,070 615 32 21 71 75 42 Canfield. 700 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington. R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol. 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45 Cargill. 20 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 <				No ani			10,101		202 01
40 Cambray Rural 177 78 1,902 935 69 28 126 58 41 Camden East 200 109 25 2,070 615 32 21 71 75 42 Canfield 700 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45 Cargill 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84						3,291	1,908	43 56	67 95
41 Camden East 200 109 25 2,070 615 32 21 71 75 42 Canfield. 700 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington. R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol. 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45 Cargill. 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheaspside. 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00	40	Cambray					935	69 28	
42 Canfield. 700 145 99 1,054 2,232 50 51 102 38 43 Cannington. R 900 225 30 4,268 4,268 50 77 62 63 44 Capreol. 2,000 102 3,686 5,48 47 16 45 Cargill. 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth. 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside. 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville. 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 </td <td></td> <td>Camden East</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Camden East							
44 Capreol. 2,000 102 63 468 548 47 16 45 Cargill. 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside. 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville. 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont. 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarkson. 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude. 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg. R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15		Canfield							
45 Cargill. 250 247 97 3,686 5,007 84 15 155 35 46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarksburg 80 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41				900	225 30				
46 Chalk River. R Rural 126 46 96 46 41 92 16 55 47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202		Carrill		2,000	102 03				
47 Chatsworth 303 119 96 1,726 1,025 34 16 51 24 48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
48 Cheapside 500 82 55 2,570 1,380 23 73 62 00 49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41		Chatsworth	10					1	51 24
49 Chesterville 949 439 21 808 4,568 36 40 190 84 50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Coldstream 100 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155		Cheapside						23 73	62 00
50 Claremont 350 150 43 2,877 1,952 42 95 76 76 51 Clarksburg 600 355 67 2,648 6,185 89 97 183 97 52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 <td></td> <td>Chesterville</td> <td></td> <td>949</td> <td>439 21</td> <td>808</td> <td>4,568</td> <td>36 40</td> <td></td>		Chesterville		949	439 21	808	4,568	36 40	
52 Clarkson 250 110 38 463 2,122 25 69 52 00 53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155						2,877			
53 Claude 30 82 38 3,685 663 39 33 67 41 54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 500 38 36 1,813 383 10 00									
54 Cobourg R 4,874 712 02 5,372 19,278 93 14 152 15 55 Cochrane 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 500 38 36 1,813 383 10 00									
55 Cochrane. 3,000 279 74 485 1,722 81 72 202 07 56 Colborne. R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber. R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 500 38 36 1,813 383 10 00						5 372			
56 Colborne. R 1,000 113 00 2,236 705 27 95 32 50 57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 500 38 36 1,813 383 10 00									
57 Coldstream 100 108 36 2,130 2,359 31 53 41 31 58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 500 38 36 1,813 383 10 00 10 00						2,236	705	27 95	32 50
58 Coldwater 625 145 54 2,308 7,918 18 06 53 18 59 Comber R 600 308 52 2,790 4,985 102 48 155 35 60 Cookstown 38 36 1,813 383 10 00 10				1 '100		2,130	2,359	31 53	
59 Comber				625	145 54	2,308	7,918	18 06	
0 1 10 1 1000	59			600		2,790	4,985		
61 (Copetown					38 36	1,813	383	10 00	
	61	Copetown	1	1 Organ	lized Octobe	1 30111, 192	44		

ASSOCIATION PUBLIC LIBRARIES.—Continued. Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922.—Continued.

	1			1			T 1.	Ι Δ
		D . 1	D 1	T-4-1	37-1	C:1-	Legisla-	Amount
».T	T 11	Read-		Total	Volumes		tive Grant	
No.	Library	ing	tion	Expendi-	in	tion	paid in	on Books
		Room		ture	Library		1922	in 1921
				<i>d</i> b			6	
			3.7	\$ c.	4004		\$ c.	\$ c.
62	Copleston			ual report f		40.054	407 74	400.00
63	Copper Cliff		3,000			18,854	125 54	428 93
64	Craighurst			ual report for			450	45 05
65	Creemore		656		706		17 66	
66	Delaware		350		259		25 00	111 95
67	Delta		400		1,210		52 60	110 45
68	Depot Harbour		800	200 72	1,256		47 32	156 96
69	Don		150	123 03	1,855		41 85	
70	Dorchester		500	161 42	1,776		35 64	86 75
71	Drumbo		400	169 37	3,029	3,164	51 94	126 07
72	Duart		200	70 20	2,076		16 52	42 00
73	Dundalk		700	231 33	1,148	4,096	45 64	125 95
74	Dungannon		Rural	195 19	2,705	3,585	45 21	122 27
75	Dunnville		3,500	938 28	6,168		200 00	564 11
76	Dutton	R	1,000	459 34	2,687	9,942	148 59	242 14
77	East Linton		200	184 87	398	33	20 25	84 07
78	Elmvale		310	204 47	2,660		38 91	103 27
79	Elmwood		Rural	173 26	1,750	4,009	57 97	100 68
80	Embro	R	500	244 23	5,124	4,892	44 75	85 63
81	Emo		1,500	295 30	912		51 87	102 66
82	Emsdale		No ann	ual report fo	or 1921			
83	Ennotville		Rural	234 09	5,009	1,256	48 67	130 00
84	Espanola		3,500	1,138 64	2,144	5,000	65 21	198 59
85	Ethel		550	198 40	1,505	1,563	27 83	58 08
86	Fenelon Falls	R	903	552 32	5,199	3,336	59 41	81 70
87	Fenwick		360	702 63	671	1,732	27 90	83 48
88	Flesherton		500	83 11	1,222	1,308	15 00	25 78
89	Fonthill	R	764	233 24	4,083	6,237	61 59	61 10
90	Fordwich		485	184 24	2,320	2,263	16 08	75 00
91	Forester's Falls		1,582	91 70	1,452	1,486	25 95	49 55
92	Fort Erie		1,241	283 22	4,267	3,242	50 59	116 49
93	Frankford	R	900	384 14	1,186	2,249	54 73	87 80
94	Fullarton		No ann	ual report fo	or 1921			-
95	Glamis		Rural	69 43	1,035	1,240	14 06	27 65
96	Glanworth		500	499 30	552	788	31 72	25 02
97	Glen Allen		200	85 65	1,428	929	10 00	41 64
98	Glen Morris		250	394 22	3,126	800	42 85	71 67
99	Gore Bay	R	639	200 86	1,505	1,336	77 66	
100	Gore's Landing		200	47 52	1,673	1,855	13 00	23 90
101	Gorrie		400	95 63	2,168	618	12 21	34 52
102	Grafton		250	76 20	1,193	842	19 41	48 85
103	Haileybury		3,433	297 37	677	. 476	33 79	
104	Haliburton		900	41 70	1,918	2,018	15 00	
105	Harrietsville		Rural	180 71	1,242	2,941	60 89	132 61
106	Harrington		200	138 14	2,140	1,240	39 50	85 48
107	Harrow	R	750	438 05	2,175	5,533	56 06	82 10
108	Hastings		780	28 55	1,203	100	20 00	
109	Hawkesbury		5,276	172 51	799	2,490	52 19	79 95
110	Hawkesville			ual report fo				
111	Hepworth			ual report fo				
112	Highgate	R	1,000	719 72	882	5,863	173 49	336 52
113	Highland Creek		675	93 93	2,849	1,189	17 23	26 48
114	Hillsdale		300	94 24	2,082	1,288	31 45	57 37
115	Hillview		290	52 89	726	1,001	13 30	35 69
116	Holstein		300	198 97	2,328	3,395	45 55	73 40
117	Honeywood		100	76 50	940	1,060	29 75	48 15
118	Huntsville	R	2,176	404 61	4,438	4,112	70 95	64 45
119	Inglewood		400	143 50	1,552	1,912	63 32	104 50
120	Inwood		260	261 69	1,984	3,014	101 86	165 72
121	Iroquois		840	130 11	1,998	3,606	29 35	39 81
122	Iroquois Falls			ed July 15th		C 0.4 h	04 40	424 00
123	Islington		Rural	176 83	3,250	6,947	81 18	131 00

ASSOCIATION PUBLIC LIBRARIES.—Continued.

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922.—Continued.

		D 1	D 1	m . 1		~· ·	Legisla-	Amount
No.	Library	Read-	4	Total	Volumes		tive Grant	
140.	Library.	ing	tion	Expendi-	in	tion	paid in	on Books
		Room		ture	Library		1922	in 1921
				\$ c.			\$ c.	\$ c.
124	Ivanhoe		540		56	208		71 03
125	Jarvis	R	600	147 73	3,909	3,453	31 72	71 89
126	Kars		Rural	125 03	1,854	885	45 85	74 63
127	Kearney		350	73 50	406	2,100	21 32	51 00
128	Kemble		400	185 94	1,466	1,093		48 85
129	Kinmount		400	211 90		3,154		103 25
130	Kintore		280	168 50		2,264		86 69
131 132	Kirkfield		100	52 00	2,677	1,672		
133	Kirkton Komoka		Rural 300	189 73				
134	Lake Charles		250			2,824 381		94 49
135	Lakeside			zed Februar			10 00	
136	Lefroy		Rural				12 08	24 39
137	Linwood			ual report f		1,110	12 00	21 07
138	Lorne Park		230			1,037	61 04	139 27
139	Lucan		700	318 31	1,763	4,883		93 93
140	Lyn		275	223 09	1,189	2,513		96 15
141	Madoc		1,056			7,586		
142	Mandamin		200		1,535			
143	Manilla		300			2,702	120 19	200 38
144 145	Manotick			ual report f				
145	Maple Markham			ual report f		225	20 46	47 63
147	Markstay		1,000	2,083 37 ual report f		220	20 40	47 03
148	Marksville		440			4.653	11 63	50 91
149	Marmora		850			7,727	81 09	
150	Martintown		376			1,933	32 06	120 17
151	Matilda		Rural	105 80	564			50 00
4 7 0	Brinston P.O.			# C # C C	= -	4 0 = =	02.60	077.40
152	Maxville		800					
153	Meaford		2,600		5,990			
154 155	Melbourne Metcalfe		210 No and	70 75 70 75 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1,116	15 00	
156	Mildmay			iual report f				
157	Millbank		400			3,330	92 35	204 05
158	Millgrove		150					50 00
159	Milton		2,000			7,528	33 96	70 72
160	Minden		300	81 76	2,127	1,482		
161	Monkton		350					
162	Mono Centre		64	9 20	907	801		
163	Mono Mills		D. 1	70 50	1 120	1 710	25 00	
164	Mono Road		Rural	72 50 146 68				
165 166	Moorefield Morrisburg	P	1,500					
167	Morriston		2,733					
168	Mount Albert		550					
169	Mount Brydges		371					23 07
170	Mount Hope		200					
171	Nanticoke		100	112 30	2,451			
172	Napanee	R	2,863			17,782	207 34	
173	Napier		200			631		
174	Newburgh		432					
175	Newbury		300					44 91
176	New Dundee		368					20 28
177	Newington		300					170 82
178	New Toronto	D	2,650 1,585					
179 180	Niagara		169					
181	North Cobalt		1,500		304	1,820		
182	North Gower		350			2,750	24 06	61 55
183	Odessa		700	334 02	1,518	1,500	40 84	
184	Omemee		500	234 45	1,784	1,717	45 50	92 50
-								

ASSOCIATION PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Continued)

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922 (Continued)

			_				Legisla-	Amount
		Read-	Popula-	Total	Volumes	Circula-	tive Grant	expended
No.	Library	ing	tion	Expendi-	in	tion	paid in	on Books
		Room		ture	Library		1922	in 1921
				\$ c.			\$ c.	\$ c.
185	Orono		No ann	ual report f	or 1921		,	"
186	Oxford Mills		300			1,189	23 64	83 76
187	Pakenham			ual report f		_,		00.0
188	Palermo		100		155	274	28 07	45 67
189	Park Head		250		673			42 86
190			600		1,997	2,013		
	Pickering	R						73 48
191	Pinkerton		Rural	288 43	2,164		15 00	
192	Plattsville		600		2,819		35 36	98 84
193	Plympton		335	. 112 23	1,728	2,622	33 23	58 45
	Camlachie, P.O.							
194	Point Edward		1,300	132 22	4,188			80 22
195	Port Credit		1,200		3,387	9,133	50 44	159 08
196	Port Dover	R	1,350	413 52	1,288		61 73	150 00
197	Port Perry	R	. 1,200	449 35	3,047	6,096	103 09	108 10
198	Port Stanley		797	274 83	2,358	4,509	69 79	107 20
199	Powassan		510	317 91	1,079	3,914	121 52	242 13
200	Princeton		Rural	101 95			20 00	
201	Queensville		300					50 10
202	Rainy River			ual report f				00 10
203	Ridgetown		2,300			7,730	90 88	111 65
204			800		2,183			24 00
	Ripley							24 00
205	Riversdale		400		1,540		10 00	150 10
206	Rodney		756					156 16
207	Romney		1,491				48 85	95 65
208	Rossdale			zed Februar			40 55	400 40
209	Runnymede		4,000				42 55	105 45
210	Russell		700		718		86 48	
211	St. George		700		5,515			139 68
212	St. Helen's		Rural	93 09	2,480			
213	Scarboro		Rural	185 36			78 72	172 05
214	Scarboro Bluffs		Organi	zed Februar				
215	Scotland		400					50 70
216	Sheddon		400				28 39	44 38
217	Shetland		350	177 20	1,260			135 88
218	Singhampton		100	41 80	346	848	12 21	20 00
219	Smithville		600	225 09	1,314	3,832	34 65	124 41
220	Solina		Rural	44 98	558	662	29 45	39 68
221	Sombra		175	315 95	336	648	124 08	226 77
222	Sonya		300	160 09	384		52 59	86 18
223	Southampton		1,710	288 90	6,169	7,343	40 50	201 59
224	Southcote		Rural	185 31	169			173 32
225	South Mountain		300	84 46	1.052	875	18 57	24 73
226	South Woodslee		Organi	zed Oct. 20t				
227	Sparta			nual report f				
228	Speedside		250			608	10 00	
229	Stevensville		350					
230	Strathcona		350					70 10
231	G	i .		nua! report f		, , ,		
232			1,700	175 18		2,530	22 21	25 18
	Swansea Sydenham	D	200	309 85	1,896	4,180	61 27	
234	Thamesford		600	247 08	2,219	3,288		
235			750					
	Thamesville	1					45 20	
236	Thedford		600				45 20	
237	Thornbury		800			10.000	64 04	8 33
238	Thorndale		400					
239	Thornhill		460					90 70
240	Tiverton		300					
241	Tobermory		385					88 86
242	Tottenham		600					
243	Trout Creek		413					
244	Tweed					7,939	41 42	
245	Underwood	1	216	299 03	743	1,527	10 00	174 19

ASSOCIATION PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Concluded)

Statistics, 1921, showing Legislative Grants paid in 1922 (Concluded)

No.	Library	Read- ing Room	Popula- tion	Total Expendi- ture	Volumes in Library	Circula- tion	Legisla- tive Grant paid in 1922	Amount expended Books in 1921
246 247 248 249 250	Unionville Vankleek Hill Varna Victoria P.O. Victoria Mines Coniston P.O. Victoria Road		450 1,600 Rural Rural 1,500	398 75 85 95 100 84 194 59		2,500 859 2,269	79 72 55 60 21 84 65 52	53 45 101 25
252 253 254	Walton Wardsville Warkworth		Rural 215 2,400	114 71 533 56 246 94	1,546 2,253 1,640	1,073 3,838 702	33 33 63 96 24 93	85 62 110 59 54 65
255 256 257 258	Waterdown Wellesley Westford West Lorne		790 600 150 850		1,535	1,643 2,974	54 24 15 00 96 19	75 00 152 38
259 260 261 262	White Lake Wiarton Williamstown Winchester	R	Rural 1,754 300 1,028	99 40 201 82	973 3,584 2,480 2,031	4,252 1,077 5,380	86 61 23 26 42 44	74 44
263 264 265 266 267	Woodville Worthington Wyoming Zephyr Zurich	R	425 350 480 625 1,500	185 13 79 27	2,663 734 1,299 1,585 446	1,385 1,061 1,604	83 22 54 67	77 39 65 20
201	Totals			56,272 39				22,181 98

Notes from Public Libraries Register

Ten new libraries were added during 1922.

Six libraries were added to the list of Free Libraries during 1922: Almonte, Hillsburg, Ignace, Norwood, Oakville and Welland. Of these libraries, Almonte, Norwood, Oakville and Welland were formerly Association Public Libraries.

Eight Association Libraries have been added to the list, all of which are new libraries. They are Bala, Brougham, Copetown, Iroquois Falls, Lakeside. Rossdale, Scarboro Bluffs and South Woodslee.

Grants to Historical, Literary and Scientific Institutions

The following Historical, Literary and Scientific Institutions, etc., duly reported according to the requirements of the Act, and received the undermentioned grants during the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1922:

	\$	c.
Brant Historical Society. Elgin Historical and Scientific Association.	100	00
Elgin Historical and Scientific Association.	100	00
Essex Historical Society	100	
Huron Institute	100	00
Kent Historical Society	100	00
Kingston Historical Society	100	00
L'Alliance Française, Ottawa	400	00
Lennox and Addington Historical Society	100	00
Lundy's Lane Historical Society	200	00
London and Middlesex Historical Society.	100	00
Niagara Historical Society	350	00
Ontario Historical Society	1,000	00
Thunder Bay Historical Society, Fort William	100	00
Wentworth Historical Society.	200	00
Women's Canadian Historical Society of Ottawa	400	00
Women's Canadian Historical Society of Toronto	200	00
Women's Wentworth Historical Society	300	00
Hamilton Scientific Association	400	00
Royal Canadian Institute	2,500	00
Club Litteraire Canadien Français, Ottawa	300	00
L'Institut Canadien Français, Ottawa	300	00
Ottawa Field Naturalists' Club	200	00
Royal Astronomical Society, Toronto	600	00
Society of Chemical Industry	300	00
Ontario Library Association	400	00
St. Patrick's Literary Association of Ottawa	200	00
Canadian Free Library for the Blind	700	00
Waterloo Historical Society.	100	00
United Empire Loyalists	200	00
York Pioneers	200	00
Institut Jeanne D'Arc, Ottawa	200	00
Le Cercle Social, Ottawa	200	00
Folk Lore Society	100	00
Grenville Pioneer and Historical Society	100	00
Georgian Bay Historical Society.	200	00
Parry Sound Historical Society	100	00
Owen Sound Historical Society.	100	00
Gore Bay Historical Society.	50	
Little Current Historical Society	50	00
Manitowaning Historical Society	50	
Avran Society	200	
Le Cercle St. François d'Assise	300	00

APPENDIX M

LIST OF INSPECTORATES AND INSPECTORS

Inspectorates	Public School Inspectors	Post Office
Algoma District in part; City of Sault Ste. Marie; Town of Bruce Mines	D. T. Walleam, P. A.	Cault Cta Maria
Brant and Norfolk in part; Town of Paris;	D. I. Walkom, D.A	Sault Ste. Marie.
Brant and Norfolk in part; Town of Paris; Village of Waterford (Joint Inspectorate) Bruce East; Towns of Chesley, Walkerton, Wiarton; Villages of Hepworth, Lion's		Brantford.
Head, Mildmay, Tara	John McCool, M.A	
ampton; Villages of Lucknow, Paisley, Port Elgin, Teeswater, Tiverton	W. F. Bald, B.A., LL.B T. P. Maxwell, B.A.	Port Elgin.
Carleton, West, and Lanark, East; Towns of Almonte, Carleton Place; Village of Richmond (Joint Inspectorate)		
Dufferin; Town of Orangeville; Villages of Grand Valley, Shelburne		
Dundas; Villages of Chesterville, Iroquois, Morrisburg, Winchester		
Elgin, East; Town of Aylmer; Villages of Springfield, Vienna	J. C. Smith, B.A	St. Thomas.
Elgin, West; City of St. Thomas; Villages of Dutton, Rodney, Port Stanley, West Lorne (Joint Inspectorate)	John A. Taylor, B.A	St. Thomas.
Essex; Towns of Amherstburg, Essex, Ford, Kingsville, Leamington, Riverside, Tecum- seh; Villages of Belle River, St. Clair Beach	D. A. Maxwell, B.A., LL.B., Ph. D	Kingsville.
Essex, North (in part only)		R.R. 8.
Frontenac, North, and Addington (Joint Inspectorate)		
Glengarry; Town of Alexandria; Villages of Lancaster, Maxville	J. W. Crewson, B.A	
Grey, East; Towns of Meaford, Thornbury; Village of Flesherton	Samuel Huff, B.A., B. Paed	Meaford.
Grey, West; City of Owen Sound; Villages of Chatsworth, Shallow Lake	H. H. Burgess, B.A	Owen Sound.
Grey South; Towns of Durham, Hanover; Villages of Dundalk, Markdale, Neu- stadt	Robert Wright, B.A	Hanover.
	J. L. Mitchener, B.A	Cayuga.
	Geo. E. Pentland, M.A	Fenelon Falls.
Halton and Wentworth in part; Towns of Burlington, Georgetown, Milton, Oak- ville; Village of Acton (Joint Inspectorate)		Milton.
Hastings, Centre; Villages of Deloro, Madoc, Marmora, Stirling, Tweed		Tweed.
Hastings, South, and City of Belleville; Towns of Deseronto, Trenton; Village of Frankford (Joint Inspectorate)	H. J. Clarke, B.A	Belleville.
Hastings, North; Village of Bancroft Huron, East; Towns of Clinton, Seaforth,	Jas. Colling, B.A	Bancroft.
Wingham; Villages of Blyth, Brussels, Wroxeter	John M. Field, B.A., Ph. D	Goderich.

Inspectorates	Public School Inspectors	Post Office		
Huron, West; Town of Goderich; Villages of Bayfield, Exeter, Hensall Kenora District, in part, Thunder Bay District (East) and Algoma District in part; City of Fort William; Towns of	J. Elgin Tom	Goderich.		
Dryden, Sioux Lookout (Joint Inspectorate)	W. J. Hamilton, B.A	Fort William.		
Highgate, Thamesville	Rev. W. H. G. Colles	Chatham.		
ley (Joint Inspectorate)	J. H. Smith, M.A	Chatham.		
Watford. Lambton, West (No. 1); City of Sarnia; Town of Forest; Villages of Courtright, Point Edward Thedford Wyoming (Joint	J. J. Edwards, B.A			
Inspectorate)	Henry Conn, B.A			
Lanark, East (see Carleton, West). Leeds and Grenville (No. 1); Town of Gananoque; Villages of Newboro, West-	Thos. C. Smith, M.A	Perth.		
Leeds and Grenville (No. 2); Town of Brockville; Village of Athens (Joint Inspectorate)	James F. McGuire, M.A			
Leeds and Grenville (No. 3); Town of Prescott; Villages of Cardinal, Kempt- ville, Merrickville (Joint Inspectorate)	T. A. Craig			
Lennox; Town of Napanee; Villages of Bath, Newburgh (see also Frontenac North)	E. J. Corkill, B.A	Napanee.		
Lincoln; Towns of Grimsby, Merritton Niagara; Villages of Beamsville, Port Dalhousie	Geo. A. Carefoot, B.A., B.Paed.	St. Catharines.		
Manitoulin Dist.; Algoma Dist. in part Sudbury Dist. in part; Towns of Blind River, Gore Bay, Little Current, Thes-		Carra Para		
salon	P. J. Thompson, B.A			
roy; Villages of Ailsa Craig, Glencoe, Newbury, Wardsville Muskoka, South and West, District; Towns	J. H. Sexton, B.A	Strathroy.		
of Bala, Bracebridge, Gravenhurst; Village of Port Carling	H. R. Scovell, B.A	Bracebridge.		
Muskoka, North (see Parry Sound East) Nipissing (see Timiskaming South Dist.) Norfolk; Town of Simcoe; Villages of Delhi Port Dover, Port Rowan (see Brand				
Co.)				
	L. D. Ollider, D.A	TOTO TOPO		

Inspectorates	Public School Inspectors	Post Office
Northumberland and Durham, Centre (No. 2); Town of Cobourg, Village of Millbrook	J. W. Odell, B.A	Cobourg.
Brighton, Colborne, Hastings	Robert Boyes	Campbellford.
Ontario, North; Town of Uxbridge; Villages of Beaverton, Cannington	T. R. Ferguson, M.A	Uxbridge.
Ontario, South; Towns of Oshawa, Whitby Village of Port Perry	R. A. Hutchison, B.A	Whitby.
Villages of Embro, Tavistock (Joint Inspectorate) Oxford, South; Towns of Ingersoll, Tillsonburg; Village of Norwich (Joint Inspectoration)	J. M. Cole	Woodstock.
spectorate)	R. A. Paterson, B.A	Ingersoll.
Parry Sound, Village of Magnetawan Parry Sound, East, District; Muskoka North; Towns of Kearney, Powassan, Trout Creek; Villages of Burk's Falls,	J. L. Moore, B.A	Parry Sound.
Trout Creek; Villages of Burk's Falls, South River, Sundridge	R. O. White	North Bay.
Port Credit, Streetsville	W. J. Galbraith, M.A	Brampton.
St. Mary's; Village of Milverton Perth, South, and City of Stratford (Joint	William Irwin, B.A	Stratford.
Inspectorate	James H. Smith, B.A	Stratford.
Peterborough, East; Villages of Havelock, Lakefield, Norwood	Richard Lees, M.A	Peterborough.
Omemee (Joint Inspectorate) Prescott and Russell: Towns of Hawkes-	G. E. Broderick	Lindsay.
bury, Rockland, Vankleek Hill; Villages of Casselman, L'Orignal	Archibald McVicar, M.A	
Bloomfield, Wellington	F. P. Smith, M.A	
Kenora, Rainy River	Samuel Shannon, B.A	Kenora.
of Cobden	I. D. Breuls, B.A	Pembroke.
frew; Villages of Braeside, Eganville, Killaloe Station	G G. McNab, M.A	Renfrew.
Simcoe, North; Towns of Barrie, Collingwood, Penetanguishene	Joseph L. Garvin, B.A	Barrie.
Villages of Beeton, Bradford, Creemore, Tottenham	Edwin Longman	Barrie.
Villages of Coldwater, Port McNicol, Victoria Harbour	Isaac Day, B.A	Orillia.
Stormont; Town of Cornwall; Village of Finch	James Froats, M.A., B. Paed	Finch.
Copper Cliff, Frood Mine, Massey, Sudbury, Webbwood	D. M. Christie, B.A	Sudbury.

Inspectorates	Public School Inspectors	Post Office
Thunder Bay District, West; City of Port	John Ritchie	Port Arthur.
Timiskaming, Central; Towns of Charlton Englehart, Haileybury, New Liskeard Village of Thornloe	W. Asbury Wilson, B.A	
Timiskaming, North; Algoma (in part) Towns of Cochrane, Hearst, Iroquois Falls Kapuskasing, Matheson, Timmins Timiskaming District, South; Nipissing	L. A. Marlin, M.A	Cochrane.
Towns of Bonfield, Cache Bay, Cobalt Latchford, Mattawa, North Bay, Sturgeor Falls	P. W. Brown, B.A	North Bay.
Victoria, West; Villages of Fenelon Falls Sturgeon Point, Woodville	W. H. Stevens, B.A	Lindsay.
Waterloo, North (No. 1); City of Kitchener Towns of Elmira, Waterloo (Joint In- spectorate)	F. W. Sheppard	Kitchener.
Towns of Hespeler, Preston; Villages of Ayr, New Hamburg (Joint Inspectorate) Welland, North; City of Welland; Town	Lambert Norman, B.A	Galt.
of Thorold; Villages of Chippawa, Fonthil (Joint Inspectorate)	John W. Marshall, B.A	Welland.
wellington, North; Towns of Harriston Mount Forest, Palmerston; Village of	James McNiece, B.A	
Clifford. Wellington, South; Villages of Arthur Drayton, Elora, Erin, Fergus.	J. J. Craig, B.A	
Wentworth; Town of Dundas; Village of Waterdown	Jno. B. Robinson, B.A., B.Paed.	
Villages of Holland Landing, Sutton West	7	
bridge. York (No. 3); Villages of Markham, Richmond Hill, Stouffville		
York (No. 4); Town of Leaside	A. A. Jordan, B.A	Toronto, 63 Orchard View Boulevard
Brantford, City of	E. E. C. Kilmer, B.A	Brantford. Guelph.
Hamilton, do	W. H. Ballard, M.A Jas. Gill, B.A., B.Paed	Hamilton. Hamilton.
do do		Hamilton. Hamilton.
Kingston, do	V. K. Greer, M.A	Kingston. London.
do do	D. C. Hetherington	St. Catharines.
	J. H. Putman, B.A., D.Paed E. T. Slemon, B.A., D.Paed	

Inspectorates		Public School Inspectors	Post Office	
Peterborough,	City of	A. Mowat, B.A	Peterborough.	
Toronto,	do	R. H. Cowley, M.A., Chief Inspector		
		spector	Toronto.	
do	do	Jos. W. Rogers, M.A	Toronto.	
do	do	Geo. H. Armstrong, M.A.,		
do		B. Paed	Toronto.	
do	do	D. D. Moshier, B.A., B.Paed.	Toronto.	
do	do	N. S. MacDonald, B.A., D.Paed.	Toronto.	
do	do	Walter Bryce, B.A	Toronto.	
do		Miss A. E. Marty, M.A., LL.D.		
Windsor,				
Sandwich and	Walkerville Towns	. } J. E. Benson, M.A	Windsor.	

R.C. Separate School Inspectors

J. F. Power, M.A	Toronto, 33 Dalton Rd.
J. F. Sullivan, B.A.	
Jas. E. Jones, B.A	Ottawa, 104 Henderson Ave.
J. P. Finn, B.A	Peterborough.
W. J. Lee, B.A	Toronto, 434 Brunswick Ave.
J. M. Bennett, B.A	Toronto, 47 Browning Ave.
Vincent C. Quarry, B.A	Parkhill, R.R. 8.
Thomas S. Melady	Stratford.

English-French Public and Separate School Inspectors

J. S. GrattonTo	pronto, 280 Jarvis St.
Jno. C. Walsh, B.A	tawa, 72 Sweetland Ave.
James Scanlan, B.ATo	oronto, 41 Harvie Ave.
Joseph Lapensee, B.A	antaganet.

Public and Separate Schools

John Waugh, M.A., D.Paed., Chief Insp Toronto, Parliament Buildings.
W. I. Chisholm, M.A., AssistantToronto, Parliament Buildings.
J. B. McDougall, B.A., D.Paed., General
Inspector for the DistrictsNorth Bay.
Neil McDougall, B.A., General Inspector Toronto, Parliament Buildings.

High School Inspectors

J. A. Houston, M.A	Toronto, 105 Roxborough St. V	٧.
I. M. Levan, B.A	Toronto, 144 Balmoral Ave.	
Geo. F. Rogers, B.A	Toronto, 104 Glencairn Ave.	

Continuation School Inspectors

G. K. Mills, B.A	Toronto,	Parliament Buildings.
J. P. Hoag, B.A	Toronto,	Parliament Buildings.

Manual Training and Household Science Inspector

Albert H. Leake......Toronto, Parliament Buildings.

Inspector of Elementary Agricultural Education

J. B. Dandeno, B.A., Ph.D......Toronto, Parliament Buildings.

Inspector of Auxiliary Classes

S. B. Sinclair, M.A., Ph.D......Toronto, Parliament Buildings.

APPEN TEACHERS' FINANCIAL

Total Registered Attendance of		Municipal Grant Members' Fees
tal Registered cendance of	Members Government Grant	nt nt nbers' Fees
T T O T T		Mun Gra, Mer
3 Brant	266 50 00 .	c. \$ c. 85 00 13 00 50 00 102 50 50 00 50 00 27 00 50 00 78 00 50 00 109 00 50 00 53 50 50 00 26 25 50 00 41 75 9 69 13 25 50 00 26 50 20 50 50 00 25 50 50 00 25 50 50 00 25 50 50 00 25 50 50 00 41 75 25 00 41 75 25 00 41 75 25 00 52 50 50 00 52 50 50 00 52 50 50 00 53 00 67 41 58 50 50 00 53 00 50 00 54 00 50 00 54 00 50 00 54 00 50 00 55 75

DIX N
INSTITUTES
STATEMENT

Receipts (C	Receipts (Continued) Expenditure					
Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts	Printing, Postage, etc.	Libraries, Educational Journals	Miscellaneous	Total Expenditure	Balances
\$ c. 1 143 11 2 45 23 3 186 63 5 360 02 6 31 95 7 90 49 8 372 87 9 17 50 10 64 28 11 150 39 12 115 44 13 70 95 14 51 88 15 256 45 16 239 40 17 96 60 23 156 18 24 41 94 25 25 56 26 245 60 27 44 51 28 57 29 29 494 79 30 365 59 31 6 86 32 255 03 33 171 52 34 77 48 35 144 52 36 188 34 37 118 09 38 88 48 39 103 26 36 59 47 349 66 48 93 11 56 89 47 349 66 48 93 103 94 49 66 48 93 103 94 55 191 68 46 206 59 47 349 66 48 93 76 59 51 163 84 55 194 66 50 95 31 51 163 84 55 195 31 51 163 84 55 195 31 51 163 84 55 195 31 51 163 84 55 195 31 55 135 85 56 334 00	\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ 143 11 278 11 1227 455 23 108 23 687 2 50 31 95 90 49 299 49 72 69 54 00 372 87 472 87 57 20 115 50 39 276 64 13 80 61 66 115 44 190 44 9 55 30 00 155 46 28 217 78 190 44 9 55 30 00 155 46 28 217 78 190 44 9 55 30 00 15 15 60 39 276 64 13 80 61 66 115 44 190 44 9 55 30 00 15 15 60 39 276 64 13 80 61 66 115 44 190 44 9 55 30 00 15 15 60 39 276 64 13 80 61 66 115 44 190 44 9 55 30 00 15 15 60 39 276 64 13 80 61 66 115 44 190 44 9 55 30 00 15 15 60 15 188 99 82 82 4 56 08 256 45 382 95 11 67 60 00 15 29 45 60 96 70 189 45 12 02 122 95 141 45 259 95 8 50		2 50 62 16 14 25 155 00 50 52 54 00 115 50 50 00 61 66 30 00 45 60 122 95 107 50 15 50 27 50 108 00 95 83 14 50 52 37 18 25 19 50 81 55 24 00 56 08 69 69 37 67 150 63 74 00 56 00 93 17 81 55 24 00 35 50 23 79 26 00 50 00 43 75 50 00 49 93 71 13 3 00 51 24	\$ c. 135 00 42 15 217 55 163 80 144 75 109 85 136 10 151 90 111 50 64 20 28 00 25 00 73 340 33 85 153 25 46 00 53 86 133 00 54 50 75 98 73 35 149 87 90 00 40 41 74 00 59 55 86 00 76 45 88 36 98 25 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 28 75 131 25 76 35 62 40 128 78 130 54 57 75 130 54 51 75 104 77	\$ c. 147 27 51 52 310 01 221 88 308 75 175 99 262 79 324 60 152 94 133 40 103 46 64 55 83 00 98 17 224 92 105 89 188 83 141 50 171 50 102 73 108 05 273 52 222 71 61 71 138 05 96 60 162 50 61 50 171 74 170 60 146 17 302 65 162 84 141 40 233 03 35 75 218 88 98 50 163 17 145 92 90 96 147 97 221 08 71 75 223 04 303 70 169 33 186 79 294 06 26 05 66 40 203 78 337 15 223 04 303 70	\$ c. 130 84 56 71 79 31 283 75 178 27 33 96 36 70 148 27 114 56 84 38 173 18 125 89 179 70 1 65 158 03 203 01 62 118 45 195 30 720 89 10 51 71 64 75 22 44 73 39 17 207 50 91 01 45 79 476 05 334 74 14 69 82 88 134 68 90 08 32 24 250 09 48 97 30 161 42 164 51 231 44 146 18 30 58 209 59 193 93 105 05 116 96 193 82 270 28

TEACHERS' FINANCIAL

			Receipts			
Name of Institute	Total Registered Attendance of Members	Government Grant	Municipal Grant	Members' Fees		
57 Prince Edward. 58 Rainy River. 59 Renfrew North 60 Renfrew South 61 Simcoe East. 62 Simcoe North. 63 Simcoe South-West. 64 Stormont. 65 Sudbury. 66 Thunder Bay. 67 Timiskaming North. 68 Timiskaming South. 69 Victoria. 70 Waterloo. 71 Welland. 72 Wellington North. 73 Wellington South. 74 Wentworth. 75 York (No. 3). 76 York West (No. 1). 77 York West (No. 2). 78 York East (No. 4). 79 *Ontario Educational Association.	105 61 121 147 134 122 113 130 150 245 80 89 148 344 217 80 155 132 118 92 137 125 763	\$ C. 50 00 50	\$ c. 50 00 50 00 50 00 50 00 50 00 50 00 50 00 50 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	\$ c. 93 00 61 00 42 00 74 50 31 25 30 50 65 00 33 75 61 25 40 00 44 50 76 50 182 00 54 50 80 00 125 00 96 00 44 00 82 25 981 90		
CITIES 80 Brantford. 81 Guelph. 82 Hamilton. 83 Kingston. 84 London. 85 Ottawa. 86 Peterborough. 87 St. Catharines and Niagara Falls. 88 Toronto District No. 1. 89 " " " 2. 90 " " 3. 91 " " " 4. 92 " " " 5. 93 " " " 6. 94 " " 7. 95 " " " 8. 96 Windsor and Walkerville.	124 50 511 79 285 395 114 111 260 236 231 238 224 227 210 247 220	125 00 25 00 75 00 100 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00 75 00	25 00 25 00 150 00 25 00 75 00	30 50 127 75 39 00 269 00 270 00 85 50 28 75 65 75 59 75 62 00 58 00 60 25 57 25 62 50 55 25 121 50		
Totals, 1921	13,309 13,303		4,411 50 3,937 57	6,244 00 5,116 54		
Increases	6	760 80	473 93	1,127 46		

^{*}Statement for 1921-22.

INSTITUTES (Concluded)

STATEMENT (Concluded)

	Receipts (C	Continued)	4		Expenditure	e	
	Balances and Other Sources	Total Receipts	Printing, Postage, etc.	Libraries, Educational Journals	Miscellaneous	Total Expenditure	Balances
57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78	\$ c. 22 25 88 98 60 94 139 64 192 99 131 47 164 76 123 78 70 56 132 89 68 87 140 29 168 44 152 26 219 74 215 11 342 60 86 80 257 67 217 95 210 08 47 35 2,540 30	\$ c. 215 25 199 8202 94 314 14 324 24 211 97 293 26 288 78 154 31 303 54 158 87 234 79 244 94 534 26 424 24 395 11 342 60 261 80 503 67 411 95 442 33 47 35 5,522 20	\$ c. 23 41 9 600 27 80 9 75 32 94 11 00 11 95 28 14 13 25 26 20 32 71 8 94 19 00 54 79 14 15 6 25 2 50 37 90 75 62 65 35 93 14 639 69	\$ c. 50 00 17 73 31 63 38 93 62 90 65 60 116 25 103 20 25 00 50 95 4 35 25 00 37 50 82 42 148 72 74 39 104 20 172 79 120 80 91 90	\$ c. 140 05 99 55 53 67 35 10 94 70 98 65 85 55 94 90 47 25 125 13 49 35 68 35 93 45 215 25 211 75 286 65 64 00 119 70 174 10 40 00 218 00 1,051 52	\$ c. 213 46 126 88 113 10 83 78 190 54 175 25 213 75 226 24 85 50 202 28 86 41 102 29 149 95 352 46 374 62 367 29 66 50 261 80 422 51 226 15 403 04 	\$ c. 1 79 73 10 89 84 230 36 133 70 36 72 79 51 62 54 68 81 101 26 72 46 132 50 94 99 181 80 49 62 27 82 276 10
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	55 06 61 02 298 57 102 52 62 34 503 97 140 43 85 50 11 00 184 31 169 83 206 91 179 68 107 37 215 71 589 04 80 55	135 56 111 02 701 32 191 52 481 34 973 97 225 93 164 25 226 75 394 06 381 83 414 91 389 93 314 62 428 21 794 29 252 05	9 00 1 53 31 93 12 69 46 30 47 54 27 25 8 95 8 56 7 00 33 96 33 55 28 69 45 69 2 00 38 33 53 00	53 25 38 72 323 28 70 98 111 97 156 40 60 59 51 80 256 45 166 00 127 05 145 00 47 35	65 09 44 55 190 35 90 74 263 83 640 15 118 05 36 40 118 00 244 76 83 25 107 88 232 60 89 20 152 83 623 02 100 00	127 34 84 80 545 56 174 41 422 10 844 09 205 89 97 15 126 56 251 76 373 66 307 43 388 34 279 89 169 83 708 70 153 00	8 22 26 22 155 76 17 11 59 24 129 88 20 04 67 10 100 19 142 30 8 17 107 48 1 59 34 73 258 38 85 59 99 05
	18,730 20 16,873 57	35,660 70 31,441 88	2,698 64 2,419 65	5,807 92 5,120 72	12,341 19 10,375 59	20,847 75 17,915 96	14,812 95 13,525 92
	1,856 63	4,218 82	278 99	687 20	1,965 60	2,931 79	1,287 03

APPEN FIFTH CLASSES

		7	
Inspectorate	sec	Name of School the case of rural schools the tion number and the name the township are given.)	Post Office
Algoma1	U. 2	Tarbutt and Laird	MacLennan
Brant and North Norfolk (in part)2	11	Windham	Vanessa, R. R. 2
Bruce East		Mildmay	Mildmay
Bruce, West4	6	Tiverton	TivertonArmow
Dundas	22 4	Mountain	MountainWinchester
Elgin East	3 9 3	Bayham. Southwold. Southwold. Yarmouth. Yarmouth.	Corinth. Southwold Station Shedden Union. St. Thomas.
Elgin West	17	AldboroDunwich	Rodney Dutton
Essex15	2	Pelee Island	Pelee Island
Grey, East	3	Euphrasia	Priceville
Grey, South19		Neustadt	Neustadt
Haldimand20	3	Walpole	Selkirk
Halton and Wentworth (in part)21		West Flamboro'	Dundas, R. R. 4 Freelton
Hastings, Centre	13	Hungerford	Bogart
Huron, East	17 7	Howick	
Huron, West	5 U.16 6	Stephen	Zurich. Crediton. Dashwood Woodham, R. R. 1 Lucknow.
Kenora in part, Thunder Bay East, etc.35 36	1		SchreiberSioux Lookout
Kent, East		RaleighHarwich	

DIX O 1921-22

Teachers		Pupils		Grade of Fifth Class					
Name of Principal and Degree if any	Professional Certificate	Annual Salary, 1922	No. of Pupils	Average Daily Attendance	A	В	С	Total Value of Approved Equipment	Legislative Grant
1 Margueretta L. Martin	II	\$ 1,200	10	8		1		\$ c. 89 00	\$ c. 128 58
2 Revah E. Miller	II	1,000	6	4		1		214 75	75 24
3 Wm. V. Tovell	II	1,250	9	8			1	551 60	115 91
4 Maude B. Alexander 5 Myrtle McCarty	II	1,175 1,050	6 4	5 3		1	1	356 19 68 78	116 17 75 59
6 Howard Fader	II II	1,100 1,000	6 3	5 3	1			509 79 344 95	94 35 125 14
8 Erie V. Amoss	II II II II II	1,100 1,050 1,125 1,000 1,200	9 5 3 3 3	6 4 3 2 3		1 1 1	1 1	232 71 269 38 229 42 204 37 201 50	76 79 79 99 76 51 65 63 65 38
13 Margaret Kelly 14 Bernice McAllister	II	1,000 1,000	6 2	4 2			1 1	91 55 142 65	55 81 60 27
15 Frances Archer	II	1,200	3	2		1		136 86	68 45
16 Myrtle Kidd	II II	1,100 1,200 1,100	15 10 4	12 6 3		1 1 1		272 24 255 00 87 25	80 23 100 48 64 14
19 H. M. Ermel	II	1,250	11	9		1		219 79	106 12
20 John Henry	. II	1,650	16	13		1		686 00	100 05
21 Robert N. Weir 22 Nina M. Kirk	II I	1,415 1,100	5	6 4		1		322 57 137 22	83 70 90 24
23 Stanley Beatty	I I I	1,450 1,125 1,200	8 3 6	7 2 6		1 1 1		208 00 84 00 81 00	95 44 85 61 85 35
26 Geo. H. Jefferson 27 Gordon Jefferson	II	1,550 1,550	8 3	7 2		1 1		325 34 233 30	83 89 76 8 5
28 Frederick Ross	II II II II	1,500 1,400 1,450 1,500 1,300 950 1,100	7 25 14 11 18 9 7	6 23 13 9 16 7 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			226 00 415 00 449 00 346 00 265 00 234 00 341 00	115 36 128 24 155 90 125 28 140 50 116 06 115 28
35 Geo. A. Evans	III	2,100 1,900	35 11	29 9	1 1			203 00 187 00	226 72 319 70
37 Mrs. Pearl W. Pardo 38 Wilhelmina McCuaig	II I	1,200 1,050	3 3	2 2		1	1	116 72 160 00	58 00 70 47

FIFTH CLASSES

Inspectorate	Name of School (In the case of rural schools the section number and the name of the township are given.)	
Kent, West	9 ChathamTupperville	
Lambton, East	1 Dawn Tupperville, R. R. 2 10 Dawn Dresden, R. R. 2 13 Dawn Croton, R. R. 2 20 Dawn Croton, R. R. 1 5 Euphemia Florence	
Lambton, West	CourtrightCourtrightBrigden	
Leeds and Grenville, No. 2	Mallorytown Consolidat'd Mallorytown 1 & 5 Oxford and Marlborough Burritt's Rapids	
Lincoln	10 S. Grimsby Smithville, R. R. 1. St. Catharines, R. R.	. 1
Manitoulin51	Mindemoya Consolidated. Mindemoya	
Middlesex, East52	14 & 9 N. and S. Dorchester Belmont, R. R. 1	
Northumberland and Durham, No. 153	7 ManversJanetville	
Northumberland and Durham, No. 3 54	U.16 & 18 Murray and Brighton Wooler	
Ontario, North	U. 4 Brock	
Ontario, South57	West 4 PickeringPickering	
Oxford, North	Embro Embro Innerkip.	
Oxford, South	12 DerehamBrownsville	
Parry Sound, South	U. 1 Chapman	
Parry Sound, East	4 Himsworth, South Callander 1 McConkey. Loring. 1 Nipissing. Nipissing. Kearney. Kearney. South River. South River. Sundridge. Sundridge. Trout Creek. Trout Creek.	
Prescott and Russell	2 Cumberland	
Rainy River, etc	Rainy River	• •

1921-22 (Continued) .

Teachers			Pupils			rade th Cl			
Name of Principal and Degree if any	Professional Certificate	Annual Salary, 1922	No. of Pupils	Average Daily Attendance	A	В	С	Total Value of Approved Equipment	Legislative Grant
39 F. Mydra Smith	I	\$ 1,425	5	4		1		\$ c. 256 43	\$ c. 89 73
40 Edith J. Hatton	II II I I	1,050 1,000 1,100 1,100 1,200	6 3 8 2 12	4 2 6 2 11	1		1 1 1 1	125 28 106 56 176 24 111 13 276 46	58 75 56 99 63 18 57 52 119 76
45 Elsa I. Craig	II II	1,200 1,200	3 19	2 17	1			224 00 639 96	106 49 127 82
47 W. L. Oliver	I	1,500 1,200	20 7	14 4	1	 1		153 00 327 85	130 76 84 99
49 Ethel Aikenhead 50 Beavin McConnell	I	1,200 1,100	8 5	8 5		1		148 15 144 93	82 49 80 03
51 Frank Purdy	I	1,537	20	15		1		823 00	176 26
52 Kathleen Robb	II	1,000	2	2		1		187 49	68 50
53 G. A. Biggs	II	1,100	3	2		1			56 55
54 J. Leonard Wilson	II	1,100	8	7	1			321 65	121 86
55 Mrs. Wm. Townshend 56 Julius Rynard	II	1,000 1,350	5 6	3 5		. 1		205 03 211 03	74 38 74 91
57 W. A. Henderson	II	1,200	10	6	1			297 00	121 54
58 R. Ardiell	II	1,400 1,100	4 3	3 2		1 1		359 57 397 29	118 28 91 12
60 Jessie Kelso	I	1,300	4	3	1			409 87	147 94
61 Godfrey Grunig 62 Keith Stevenson 63 Clarence M. Ross 64 Charles E. Stuart	II II II	1,500 1,500 1,200 1,800	12 5 15 5	8 4 12 2	1	1 1 1		428 59 205 11 322 71 101 05	180 38 148 78 247 56 130 68
65 Roy W. Warnica	II II II II II II	1,450 1,200 1,400 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,200	4 3 5 9 8 14 2	3 5 7 5 9 2	1 1 1	1 1 1		216 00 190 00 298 00 420 00 294 00 224 00 257 00	228 98 146 16 208 46 246 72 294 76 282 58 218 72
72 Hadley Melvin	Temp. I II II	1,000 1,200 1,200 800	5 10 2 7	3 7 2 5	1	1		308 33 207 42 209 51 289 87	120 93 113 74 74 78 138 16
76 Ruth Denike	I I I I	1,300 1,500 1,500 1,800	30 10 19 19	22 8 16 16	1 1	1		403 00 306 00 239 00 346 00	308 50 206 54 229 86 182 70

• FIFTH CLASSES

		·	
Inspectorate	sec	Name of School the case of rural schools the case of rural schools the rame the township are given.)	
Renfrew, North	6	Ross	Forester's Falls Beachburg
Simcoe, East		Port McNicoll Victoria Harbour	Port McNicoll Victoria Harbour
Simcoe, North84	6	Flos	Phelpston
Sudbury (in part)	2 2	Creighton and Snider Denison and Drury Neelon Webbwood	Creighton Mine Worthington. Coniston. Webbwood.
Victoria, East89	U. 3	Somerville	Kinmount
Victoria, West	8 12	Eldon	Coboconk. Kirkfield. Oakwood. Woodville.
Waterloo North94	16	Wellesley	Wellesley
Welland, South95	9	Bertie	Stevensville
Wellington, South96	6	Erin	Hillsburg
Wentworth	U. 7	Ancaster	Ancaster Millgrove Stony Creek
York, No. 1	19 23	Georgina. King. King. King. King. Whitchurch.	Pefferlaw. King. Nobleton. King. Bethesda.
York, No. 2105		Woodbridge	Woodbridge
York, No. 4	22	York York York	Fairbank, R. R. 1 Toronto, 11 Keele St Todmorden
R. C. Separate Schools— Inspector Finn		Mara Emily	Brechin
Inspector Jones111	10	Lancaster	Dalhousie Sta., P.Q.,
112 113		Charlottenburgh Cornwall	R. R. 1
Inspector Lapense e114	10	Alfred	Alfred

1921-22 (Continued)

Teachers			Pų	pils		rade ifth C			
Name of Principal and Degree if any	Professional Certificate	Annual Salary, 1922	No. of Pupils	Average Daily Attendance	A	В	С	Total Value of Approved Equipment	Legislative Grant
80 Hazel Fraser	II	\$ c. 1,500 1,800	22 43	18 38	1	1		\$ c. 273 26 323 46	\$ c. 80 33 123 84
82 Lewis E. Armstrong 83 Gordon A. Chisholm	I II	1,500 1,450	14 17	13 13	1 1			200 23 307 70	160 98 148 57
84 J. H. Hall	II	1,200	5	3			1	213 50	66 42
85 Ursula M. Black 86 Edward C. McDermott. 87 John T. Kidd 88 Grant Barnes	II II II	1,600 1,500 1,600 1,500	6 4 11 3	6 4 11 2	1 1 1		1	111 00 102 00 508 00 440 00	210 72 113 44 263 60 315 64
89 W. L. Walling	I	1,200	7	4	1			227 76	115 07
.90 Eugene Richardson 91 Mona A. Ross 92 Wm. MacMillan, B.A 93 G. B. Rennie	II II II	1,050 1,000 1,300 1,250	4 3 9 4	3 3 8 2		1 1 1		380 00 223 00 221 00 203 00	83 26 77 53 97 44 104 66
94 Wm. H. Hartman	II	1,350	3	3	1			209 94	113 96
95 Mrs. I. F. Baker	I	1,128	15	11	1			351 83	137 18
96 Ross R. McKay	II	1,200	6	5		1		256 06	78 82
97 Robert A. Riddell 98 John A. Dalton 99 Robert L. Hyslop	II II	1,900 1,300 1,500	14 2 5	9 2 4	1	1		293 26 244 75 257 93	119 48 77 85 118 12
100 Elva E. McPhaden 101 Tillie A. Patton 102 Wm. J. Robertson 103 Walter Rolling 104 Marjorie Heaslip	II II II II	1,000 1,100 1,100 1,200 1,100	3 3 5 4 4	3 2 4 3 2		1 1 1	1 1	250 00 218 00 216 00 233 00 233 00	78 04 75 52 75 34 68 12 68 12
105 Geo. W. Shore	II	1,600	7	6	1			372 63	154 22
106 John Gilchrist	II I I	2,000 2,200 1,350	15 17 8	14 13 7	1	1	1	186 58 121 31 111 19	72 78 112 46 79 27
109 Mary C. O'Brien 110 Helen F. Shannon	I I	1,100 1,300	20 14	18 12	1 1			233 38 99 35	131 87 119 93
111 Sr. M. Jerome, B.A	I	1,500	61	49	1			1,114 04	185 00
112 Sr. M. St. Florina, B.A. 113 Sr. M. Camilla	II	1,500 1,200	34 24	27 20	1 1			768 75 472 98	180 46 154 37
114 Sr. Jos. Herman	Dist.	800	5	5	1			296 63	89 63

FIFTH CLASSES

Inspectorate	Name of School (In the case of rural schools the section number and the name of the township are given.)
116 117 118 119	
Inspector Quarry	MattawaMattawaDouglas
Inspector Scanlan	7 Hawkesbury, E St. Eugene

1921-22 (Concluded)

m 1			70	- 1		rade	of		
Teachers			Pup	Pupils		Fifth Class			
Name of Principal and Degree if any	Professional Certificate	Annual Salary, 1922	No. of Pupils	Average Daily Attendance	A	В	С	Total Value of Approved Equipment	Legislative Grant
115 Sr. M. Bridilia 116 Sr. Solania 117 Sr. M. Isabel, B.A 118 Madeleine Glavin 119 Sr. M. Fidelis, B.A	II II II	1,300 1,000 1,100 1,200 1,200	10 10 21 6 10	8 9 18 5 9	1 1 1 1 1			\$ c. 152 99 428 76 708 11 151 49 968 68	\$ c. 125 30 179 75 180 90 123 65 185 00
120 M. M. Dolores, A.B	Ι	1,300	60	54	1			625 96	180 52
121 Sr. Nativity	I I I I	850 1,500 2,000 1,600	20 12 58 29	18 11 53 25	1 1 1 1			308 32 585 88 719 82 381 90	172 46 420 90 185 00 142 85
125 Sr. F. Xavier	I	600	17	16	1			463 10	94 10
Totals, 1921-22 Totals, 1920-21		* 1,287 * 1,188	1338 1001	1100 774	54 53	54 43	17 9	36,434 97 31,570 86	†15,964 63 18,549 21
Increases Decreases		99	337	326	1	11	8	4,864 11	2,584 58

^{*} Average salary.

[†]In addition there was paid on equipment the sum of \$75.71 to schools that did not qualify as Fifth Classes in 1921-22.

APPENDIX P

RURAL SCHOOL LIBRARIES, OCT. 1st, 1921, TO OCT. 1st, 1922

Inspectorate	No. of schools purchasing books to the value of \$10 during the year	Total amount expended by such schools during the year for books	Total Government grant	No. of rural school libraries in inspectorate	No. of libraries established during the year
Algoma. Brant and Norfolk in part. Bruce East. Bruce West. Carleton East. Carleton East. Dufferin Dundas. Elgin East. Elgin West Essex Essex North in part. Frontenac North, and Adding-	4 17 17 57 15 22 31 11 38 6 39 5	\$ c. 97 13 232 65 186 48 825 89 239 38 259 83 394 80 144 79 451 60 78 14 719 78 81 05	\$ c. 33 80 103 12 85 79 362 80 94 64 119 52 172 60 66 62 203 77 35 94 282 24 33 72	50 77 84 83 85 82 92 75 78 34 97	1
Frontenac South Glengarry Grey East. Grey South, Grey West. Haldimand Haliburton and Muskoka East.	11 7 5 5 12 17 15	117 96 86 74 61 79 112 13 168 02 187 17 193 67	54 26 39 90 28 43 45 71 77 12 86 09 80 69	77 - 95 - 75 - 80 - 66 - 70 - 74 - 71	
Halton and Wentworth in part. Hastings Centre. Hastings North. Hastings South. Huron East. Huron West. Kenora in part, Thunder Bay	19 17 18 20 23 5	259 93 213 10 261 56 249 29 276 74 62 15	115 04 96 52 110 57 112 39 127 28 28 58	68 70 57 50 84 99	1
East, and Algoma in part. Kent East. Kent West Lambton East. Lambton West Lanark West Leeds and Grenville, No. 1. Leeds and Grenville, No. 2 Leeds and Grenville, No. 3 Lennox Lincoln Manitoulin, etc. Middlesex East. Middlesex West. Muskoka South-West Norfolk Northumberland and Durham	27 12 14 7 6 35 8 26 19 15 11	110 48 576 26 365 85 174 92 142 29 315 66 183 97 161 28 89 84 67 24 596 34 154 66 374 12 247 26 206 76 135 29	47 33 189 57 170 30 73 49 65 45 142 54 74 04 74 17 32 30 94 251 84 56 68 38 111 27 95 12 62 43	28 69 65 87 82 72 75 69 73 82 65 54 103 81 76 83	1
No. 1	17	228 93	104 50	63	
No. 2	25	418 99	187 37	74	
No. 3. Ontario North. Ontario South. Oxford North. Oxford South.	6 22 7 21 6	112 00 369 07 96 71 358 87 69 12	40 83 157 06 44 41 133 86 31 80	66 76 43 58 48	1
Parry Sound East, and Musko- ka North Parry Sound South	. 8	124 60 136 19	57 99 40 65	73 69	2 2

RURAL SCHOOL LIBRARIES, OCT. 1st, 1921, TO OCT. 1st, 1922 (Concluded)

Inspectorate	No. of schools purchasing books to the value of \$10 during the year	Total amount expended by such schools during the year for books recommended	Total Govern- ment grant	No. of rural school libraries in inspectorate	No. of libraries established during the year
Peel Perth North Peth South Peterborough East Peterborough West, and Vic-	11 11 8	\$ c. 196 85 181 40 158 36 173 45	\$ c. 74 08 73 35 63 00 79 67	74 68 44 · 71	
toria East	9 5 16	114 87 58 38 226 63	49 81 26 85 86 32	54 81 71 47	1
Renfrew North. Renfrew South. Simcoe East. Simcoe North. Simcoe South. Stormont Sudbury. Thunder Bay West. Timiskaming Centre. Timiskaming North, and	2 5 20 13	34 96 78 74 388 31 161 10 141 02 179 21 259 80 66 85 175 66	16 08 28 94 163 78 74 05 63 35 80 92 102 86 28 79 60 95	77 81 58 59 87 75 43 53 52	1 1 1
Algoma North in part Timiskaming South, and Nipissing. Victoria West Waterloo North Waterloo South Welland North Welland South Wellington North Wellington South Wentworth York, No. 1 York, No. 2 York, No. 3 York, No. 4	2 22 15 11 12 13 15 26 34 49 19 21 3	34 95 244 02 197 13 144 83 173 13 169 39 274 26 394 05 487 56 556 00 470 52 515 87 101 58	16 08 112 25 88 83 66 62 79 38 77 63 105 12 172 17 212 04 255 76 121 97 140 79 30 00	26 48 72 40 42 35 13 65 68 70 67 40 45 11	2
R. C. Separate Schools: Inspector Bennett "Finn "Jones "Lee "Melady "Quarry "Sullivan "Walsh Acting Inspector Beneteau.	5 25 7 4 28 15 2 1	73 88 383 71 89 73 43 18 389 89 181 26 20 40 11 23 180 85	38 20 205 09 51 28 25 90 216 16 10 5 56 10 00 6 73 87 27	14 45 20 10 47 52 6 8 20	1 2 1
Totals, 1921-22 Totals, 1920-21	1,330 1,286	19,511 48 18,125 48	8,348 07 8,310 06	5,581 5,602	23 33
Increases	44	1,386 00	38 01	21	10

APPENDIX Q

CADET CORPS, 1922

Collegiate Institutes, High, Public and Separate Schools having Cadet Corps with at least twenty members between the ages of 12 and 18 years in the case of Public and Separate Schools, and between 16 and 18 years in other cases.

Collegiate Institutes: Barrie, Brantford, Brockville, Clinton, Cobourg, Collingwood, Fort William, Galt, Goderich, Guelph, Hamilton, Ingersoll, Kingston, Kitchener, London, Lindsay, Napanee, Niagara Falls, Orillia, Ottawa, Owen Sound, Perth, Peterborough, Picton, Port Arthur, Renfrew, St. Catharines, St. Thomas, St. Mary's, Sarnia, Seaforth, Smith's Falls, Stratford, Strathroy, Toronto (Harbord, Humberside, Jarvis, Malvern, Oakwood, Parkdale, Riverdale), Vankleek Hill, Windsor and Woodstock. Total 44.

HIGH SCHOOLS: Almonte, Athens, Aurora, Belleville, Bowmanville, Campbellford, Carleton Place, Chesley, Cornwall, Dundas, Dunnville, Fergus, Gananoque, Georgetown, Haileybury, Harriston, Iroquois, Kenora, Kincardine, Leamington, Listowel, Lucan, Markdale, Markham, Meaford, Midland, Mount Forest, Niagara Falls South, Norwood, Orangeville, Oshawa, Pembroke, Port Hope, Tillsonburg, Toronto (Davenport, North), Trenton, Uxbridge, Wallaceburg, Welland, Whitby, Wiarton, Wingham. Total 43.

VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS: London, Ottawa, Toronto (Commerce, Technical). Total 4.

Continuation Schools: Lakefield, Millbrook, Southampton. Total 3.

Public Schools: Arthur, Barrie, Belleville (3), Blenheim, Brockville, Chatham (3), Dundas, Dresden, Fairbank (3), Fort Frances, Hamilton (20), Iroquois Falls, Keewatin, Kenora, Kingston (3), Kitchener (2), London (12), Mimico, Niagara Falls (3), Orangeville, Ottawa (9), Paris, Peterboro (4), Port Arthur (5), Port Hope, St. Catharines (3), St. Mary's, St. Thomas (6), Stratford (5), Sudbury, Teeswater, Todmorden (No. 27, York), Toronto (64), Walkerton, Waubaushene (No. 12, Tay), Windsor (7), Woodbridge. Total 173.

R. C. Separate Schools: Hamilton (7), London, Toronto (21), Total 29.

Total number of Cadet Corps, 296.

APPENDIX R

SUPERANNUATED TEACHERS

(Ryerson Superannuation Scheme)

Summary for Years 1882-1922

• Year	Number of Teachers on List	Expenditure for the Year	Gross Contributions to the Fund	
1882 1887 1892 1897 1902 1907 1912 1917 1921 1922	422 454 456 424 407 375 297 245 177 159	\$ c. 51,000 00 58,295 33 63,750 00 62,800 33 64,244 92 63,018 55 †52,696 90 †48,232 00 †61,417 50 †55,799 75	\$ c. 13,501 08 1,489 00 1,313 50 847 00 1,073 50 766 00 †504 65 †353 60 †27 00 †4 00	\$ c. 3,660 10 3,815 80 786 86 620 27 722 78 764 54 †443 01 †810 92 †73 80

The annual allowance to each Superannuated Teacher was increased by the Legislature in 1920. Payments are at the rate of \$11 per year of service instead of at \$6 as formerly.

† For fiscal year ending 31st October.

APPENDIX S

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE ONTARIO COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

Financial Statement for Year Ending 30th June, 1922

Expenditures for salaries and maintenance for the year ending 30th June, 1922, as detailed below. Legislative Grant received therefor. Fees received.	\$122,770 00	\$151,855 82
Net amount unused returned to Provincial Treasurer	\$154,212 00 2,356 18	\$151,855 82

Expenditures		
Salaries	Payment to Officer	Super- annuation reservation under 7 Geo. V, Cap. 58
Professors, each 12 mos. to 30th June:	\$5.050.00	e 150 00
W. Pakenham, Dean, @ \$6,000 H. J. Crawford, Classics, also Headmaster of University Schools, @ \$5,220 (absent on sick leave) P. Sandiford, Education Psychology, @ \$4,800	\$5,850 00 5,089 50 4,680 00	\$ 150 00 130 50 120 00
Assistant Professors, also Chief Instructors, University Schools, each		
12 mos. to 30th June: G. A. Cornish, Science, @ \$4,375. J. T. Crawford, Mathematics, @ \$4,375. G. M. Jones, English and History, @ \$4,375. W. C. Ferguson, French and German, @ \$4,290. F. E. Coombs, Elementary Subjects, @ \$4,290.	4,265 62 4,265 62 4,265 62 4,182 75 4,182 75	109 38 109 38 109 38 107 25 107 25
Assistant Professors, each 12 mos. to 30th June: W. E. Macpherson, Education, @ \$4,190 Miss L. L. Ockley, Household Science, @ \$3,000	4,085 25 2,925 00	104 75 75 00
Lecturers, also Instructors in University Schools, each 12 mos. to 30th June: S. W. Perry, Art and Commercial Work, @ \$3,875	3,778 13 3,471 00 3,168 75	96 87 89 00 81 25
Instructor, University Gynasium)	2,559 36	65 64
Miss A. E. Robertson, Instructor in Household Science, 12 months' salary, \$2,500.	2,437 50	62 50
Instructors in University Schools, each 12 mos. to 30th June: J. O. Carlisle, @ \$3,560. G. A. Cline, @ \$3,250. E. L. Daniher, @ \$3,125 (paid also \$625 in Faculty of Medicine). H. A. Grainger, @ \$3,875. D. E. Hamilton, @ \$3,125. J. A. Irwin, @ \$3,750. W. J. Lougheed, @ \$3,875. N. L. Murch, @ \$3,125. T. M. Porter, @ \$3,875. W. L. C. Richardson, @ \$3,250. J. F. Van Every, @ \$3,200 (paid also \$625 in Faculty of Medicine) W. H. Williams, @ \$3,750. J. G. Workman, @ \$3,560.	3,471 00 3,168 75 3,046 88 3,778 13 3,046 88 3,656 25 3,778 13 3,046 88 3,778 13 3,168 75 3,120 00 3,656 25 3,471 00	89 00 81 25 78 12 96 87 78 12 93 75 96 87 78 12 96 87 81 25 80 00 93 75 89 00

S. S. Fiett, Sessional Lecturer, Graduate Course, Science of Education (paid also as Professor of Philosophy)	C. S. Partt Serious I. Lestower Conducto Course Science (E.)	Payment to Officer	Super- annuation reservation under 7 Geo. V, Cap. 58	1
Miss L. Swinarton, Secretary, 12 months to 30th June		\$200 00		
annum (resigned). Miss E. G. Seldon, 15th September to 31st December, @ \$20 per week; 1st January to 30th June, @ \$1,100 per annum. Messenger Service: Miss Ella Campbell, 50 weeks, @ \$11. S550 00 \$106,726 38 \$2,651 12 106,726 38 \$109,377\$50 Retiring Allowances Teachers' Insurance & Annuity Association, contribution of College for year ending 30th June, 1922, to fund for retiring. Charges on Investment: University of Toronto, proportion of annual payment on debenture issue of 1909 for interest and sinking fund. Maintenance of Building: Fuel. Light. Water. Alto 944 73 Water. Sepairs and renewals. Cleaning. Cleaning. Repairs and renewals. Telephone service. 1616 60 Engineer and caretaker. Firemen. 606 30 Nightwatchman. 1,318 35 Maintenance of Instruction: Use of city schools. Observation in rural schools. Assistance in laboratory, also piano and physical training. Info 00 General supplies and apparatus for class room use, including lockers and furniture. Reference books, periodicals and contingencies. Physical training, including rent and care of grounds, Field Day sports, etc. Lunchroom equipment. Summer session. 1,600 00 "The School' Magazine. 229 17 855 30 \$550 00 \$106,726 38 \$2,651 12 106,726 38 \$109,377\$50 1,512 25 1,512 25 1,512 25 1,512 25 2,771 47 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 73 944 13 10,000 00	Miss L. Swinarton, Secretary, 12 months to 30th June	1,500 00		
Week; 1st January to 30th June, @ \$1,100 per annum. 855 33 Messenger Service: Miss Ella Campbell, 50 weeks, @ \$11. 550 00 \$106,726 38 \$ 2,651 12 106,726 38 \$106,726 38 \$ 109,377,50 Retiring Allowances Teachers' Insurance & Annuity Association, contribution of College for year ending 30th June, 1922, to fund for retiring. 1,512 25 Charges on Investment: University of Toronto, proportion of annual payment on debenture issue of 1909 for interest and sinking fund. 10,000 00 Maintenance of Building: Fuel. 2,771 47 Light. 2,771 47 Water. 446 09 Caretaker's supplies 2,556 70 Repairs and renewals. 2,556 70 Repairs and renewals. 2,196 06 Telephone service. 1,160 00 Engineer and caretaker. 1,560 00 Piremen. 666 30 Nightwatchman. 1,318 35 Maintenance of Instruction: Use of city schools. \$5,200 00	annum (resigned)	229 17		
Miss Ella Campbell, 50 weeks, @ \$11 550 00	week; 1st January to 30th June, @ \$1,100 per annum	855 33		
Retiring Allowances		550 00		
Retiring Allowances		\$106,726 38		
Teachers' Insurance & Annuity Association, contribution of College for year ending 30th June, 1922, to fund for retiring. Charges on Investment: University of Toronto, proportion of annual payment on debenture issue of 1909 for interest and sinking fund. Maintenance of Building: Fuel	Patiring Allowances		\$109,377±50	0
ture issue of 1909 for interest and sinking fund. 10,000 00 Maintenance of Building: Fuel. 2,771 47 Light. 944 73 Water. 416 09 Caretaker's supplies. 611 53 Cleaning. 2,586 70 Repairs and renewals. 2,196 06 Telephone service. 161 60 Engineer and caretaker. 1,600 00 Firemen. 606 30 Nightwatchman. 1,318 35 Maintenance of Instruction: Use of city schools. \$5,200 00 Observation in rural schools. 231 39 Assistance in laboratory, also piano and physical training. 151 60 Office supplies, including office furniture, printing, postage, circulars and contingencies. 1,190 42 General supplies and apparatus for class room use, including lockers and furniture. 2,948 28 Reference books, periodicals and contingencies. 969 43 Physical training, including rent and care of grounds, Field Day sports, etc. 748 91 Lunchroom equipment. 75 21 Summer session. 1,600 00 'The School' Magazine. 4,638 00 \$17,753 24	Teachers' Insurance & Annuity Association, contribution of College for year ending 30th June, 1922, to fund for retiring. Charges on Investment:		1,512 25	5
Fuel 2,771 47 Light 944 73 Water 416 09 Caretaker's supplies 611 53 Cleaning 2,586 70 Repairs and renewals 2,196 06 Telephone service 161 60 Engineer and caretaker 1,600 00 Firemen 606 30 Nightwatchman 1,318 35 Maintenance of Instruction: \$5,200 00 Observation in rural schools 231 39 Assistance in laboratory, also piano and physical training 151 60 Office supplies, including office furniture, printing, postage, circulars and contingencies 1,190 42 General supplies and apparatus for class room use, including lockers and furniture 2,948 28 Reference books, periodicals and contingencies 969 43 Physical training, including rent and care of grounds, Field Day sports, etc 748 91 Lunchroom equipment 75 21 Summer session 1,600 00 'The School'' Magazine 4,638 00 \$17,753 24	ture issue of 1909 for interest and sinking fund		10,000 00	0
Maintenance of Instruction: Use of city schools. \$5,200 00 Observation in rural schools. 231 39 Assistance in laboratory, also piano and physical training. 151 60 Office supplies, including office furniture, printing, postage, circulars and contingencies. 1,190 42 General supplies and apparatus for class room use, including lockers and furniture. 2,948 28 Reference books, periodicals and contingencies. 969 43 Physical training, including rent and care of grounds, Field Day sports, etc. 748 91 Lunchroom equipment. 75 21 Summer session 1,600 00 "The School" Magazine. 4,638 00	Fuel Light. Water. Caretaker's supplies. Cleaning Repairs and renewals. Telephone service. Engineer and caretaker. Firemen.	944 73 416 09 611 53 2,586 70 2,196 06 161 60 1,600 00 606 30	13 212 83	3
\$151.855_82	Use of city schools. Observation in rural schools Assistance in laboratory, also piano and physical training. Office supplies, including office furniture, printing, postage, circulars and contingencies. General supplies and apparatus for class room use, including lockers and furniture. Reference books, periodicals and contingencies Physical training, including rent and care of grounds, Field Day sports, etc Lunchroom equipment. Summer session.	231 39 151 60 1,190 42 2,948 28 969 43 748 91 75 21 1,600 00		
#zozyooo oz			\$151,855 82	2

Toronto, 22nd December, 1922.

Certified correct,

F. A. MOURE, Bursar.

APPENDIX T

EXAMINATIONS

I. HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1922

Collegiate Institutes	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination	High Schools	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination
Toronto, Humberside Toronto, Malvern Ave. Toronto, Oakwood	58 83 	127 85 91 116 80 124 86 238 310 91 65 313 98 157 335 130 293 48 125 157 171 165 669 227 123 104 71 232 151 234 113 276 287 95 145 381 113 202 82 82 100 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	106 35 60 57 63 1111 84 221 280 57 41 95 72 85 321 128 171 29 77 125 144 118 365 174 94 70 58 185 107 188 185 107 188 185 107 188 185 107 188 188 188 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	Dundalk Dundas. Dunnville Durham Dutton Elora. Essex. Exeter. Fergus. Flesherton. Forest Fort Frances. Gananoque. Georgetown Glencoe. Gravenhurst. Grimsby. Hagersville. Haileybury. Harriston. Hawkesbury. Iroquois. Kemptville. Kenora.	70	89 63 68 74 94 84 39 73 21 115 53 128 53 128 53 47 49 67 43 42 161 14 555 123 89 46 77 48 90 35 67 67 68 67 67 68 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	58 39 41 61 755 525 62 15 64 33 31 48 65 43 98 39 98 30 51 48 39 43 39 43 39 65 30 61 31 31 31 31 42 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43
				Kincardine		71	54

High Schools.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination	High Schools.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination
Kingsville. Leamington Listowel Lucan Madoc Markdale Markham Meaford Milton Mitchell Morewood Mount Forest Newburgh Newcastle		61 1099 1111 74 68 54 44 41 91 110 104 16 76 500	52 82 80 50 33 41 35 50 78 71 85 10 48 32 212	Waterford. Watford. Welland. Weston. Whitby. Wiarton. Williamstown. Winchester. Wingham Totals. Other Places	139	61 62 116 62 67 84 48 46 64 8,478	45 40 76 19 53 58 23 26 47 6,161
Newmarket. Niagara. Niagara Falls South. Norwich. Norwood. Oakville. Omemee. Orangeville. Oshawa. Paris. Parkhill. Parry Sound. Pembroke. Penetanguishene. Petrolia. Plantagenet.		83 28 95 50 644 100 411 566 161 988 555 83 184 70 70 70 50	70 23 69 31 34 81 37 41 141 81 33 71 135 61 53	Aberfoyle Acton Agincourt Ailsa Craig Alvinston Ameliasburg Ancaster Angus Apsley Arkona Ashton Aultsville Ayr Ayton Bailieboro Bancroft		47 49 68 29 54 35 52 11 10 28 23 24 24 29 9	31 39 56 19 39 20 34 7 5 5 11 16 15 23 9 22 26 60
Port Dover. Port Elgin. Port Hope. Port Perry. Port Rowan. Prescott. Richmond Hill. Ridgetown. Rockland. Sault Ste. Marie Shelburne. Simcoe. Smithville.	. 120	22 53 89 67 32 88 37 98 58	17 48 75 51 28 64 22 74 48 149	Barriefield. Barwick. Bath. Battersea. Bayfield. Beachburg Beaverton. Beeton. Belleville, Co. Centre. Belle River. Belmont. Bethany Billing's Bridge. Binbrook.	57	38 24 21 27 9 24 58 27 57 36 19 21 21	13 12 20 4 15 45 11 18 27 13 16 15 14
Stirling Streetsville. Sudbury Sydenham Thorold Tillsonburg Toronto, North Trenton Tweed Uxbridge Vienna Walkerton Wallaceburg Wardsville Waterdown	63	29 143 49 61 73 22 17 85 63 37 68 102 25	23 120 25 53 53 2 8 60 42 22 64 78 16	Bindrook. Bisco Blackstock Blenheim Blind River Bloomfield Blyth Bobcaygeon Bolton Bothwell Bowesville Bridgeburg Brigden Browntown Bruce Mines		60 20 90 32 27 27 27 30 41 18 17 46 34 39	3 13 67 27 25 16 27 23 15 13 43 21 22

Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's re- commendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination	Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's re- commendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination
D . 1		F0	26	D		0=	10
Brussels		50 31	36 24	Dungannon Dunsford		25 11	12 10
Burk's Falls		33	26	Eastview		28	25
Burridge		11	8	Easton's Corners		10	6
Burritt's Rapids		8	4	Echo Bay		25	17
Byng Inlet		19 14	12	Echo Place		84 21	80
Caistor Centre		11	9	Eganville		66	47
Canfield		21	20	Elk Lake		11	8
Cannington		30	20	Elmira		52	39
Cardinal		33 47	11 32	Elmvale		64 29	51 23
Cargill		28	24	Embro		23	18
Castleton		10		Emo		33	26
Cataraqui		50		Englehart		27	17
Chaile Divor		22 21	18 12	Ennismore		18 60	12 43
Chalk River Chapleau		41	19	Erin Espanola		26	20
Charleston		48		Fairbank		64	57
Charlton		16		Fenelon Falls		52	34
Chelmsford		28		Fenwick		20 31	14
Clifford		24		Fingal		61	40
Cobalt		106		Flinton		13	10
Cobden		68		Florence		30	14
Coboconk		37	16 12	Foleyet		3 23	2 10
Coldstream		25		Fordwich		33	24
Coldwater		30		Forester's Falls		25	14
Comber		35		Fournier	1	28	15
Coniston		31	33 25	Frankford	13	14 25	9
Copper Cliff		62		Glen Allan		13	5
Courtright		30		Gore Bay		65	57
Crediton		18		Gowganda		1 44	36
Creemore		4		Grand Valley Haliburton		18	15
Crosshill		46	23	Hamilton, Co. Centre		80	71
Cultus		31		Hanover		. 52	42
Cumberland Cutler		11 21	7 15	Harrington		11 46	32
Dalkeith		21	16	Harrowsmith		22	9
Dashwood		31	19	Hastings		25	18
Delaware		19		Havelock		46 34	18 21
Delhi		70		Hawkestone		4	
Demorestville		22	18	Hensall			34
Denbigh		12		Hepworth		22	
Desbarats Dickenson's Landing		20		Highgate		48 19	
Dixon's Corners		20		Holstein		15	1
Dorchester Station	.	73	47	Hornepayne		3	3
Dorion Consolidated.		6		Horning's Mills		28	
Douglas				Huntsville		60	1 -
Dresden		41	. 29	Ilderton		16	16
Dromore		1 7		Innerkip		24	
Drumbo		19		Iroquois Falls			
1 d y dCH		1 10	1 44	l Ivy		. 10	1 1/

Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificate on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination	Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination
Janetville		8 15		Milford		24 53	15 40
Jasper		21	15	Milverton		100	88
Jockvale		6	4	Mimico	69	60	29
Kapuskasing		7 14	3 13	Minden		26	20
KarsKearney		28		Mindemoya Minesing		27 15	20
Keene		37	24	Moncklands		11	8
Keewatin		29	26	Monteith	1 2	9	3
Kenmore		11 36	23	Moorefield		35 23	25 20
Killarney		4	1	Mount Albert		16	15
Kilmaurs		11	9	Mount Brydges		30	23
Kimberley		21	11	Mount Elgin		26	12
Kinburn		16 17	11	Mount Hope Mount Pleasant		26 42	12 30
King George (York				Mount St. Patrick		39	26
Co.)		66		Mountain Grove		13	9
Kinmount		15 16	1	Mountain Station		29 23	11 16
Kirkfield		44		Navan Neustadt		3	3
Lakefield		83	51	Newboro		43	32
Lanark		86		New Hamburg		71	40
Lancaster		22		New Liekeard		16 87	16 41
Laurel		20		New Liskeard North Augusta		24	15
Lefroy		40	24	North Gower		19	12
Lemonville		28		North Lancaster		27	19
Lion's Head Little Britain		34		Oakwood Odessa		17 37	21
Little Current		18		Oil Springs		49	
London East		137		Orono		53	
Loring		15		Oshweken		25 26	15 17
Lucknow		2,0	44	Osgoode Station Otterville		21	11
dated, Guelph		43		Paisley		37	28
McKellar		15		Pakenham		20	
Madawaska Magnetawan		12 22		Palmerston		31	24
Mallorytown		34		Pelee Island		14	5
Manitowaning		13		Pickering		24	
Manley		12 22		Plattsville		26	
Manotick	24			Port Burwell		9	8
Marmora		61	28	Port Carling		28	
Marshville		32		Port Colborne		0.5	
Marsville				Port Credit			
Massey		1		Port McNicoll		11	7
Mattawa	.	34	1 15	Port Stanley		9	1
Maxville				Pricovilla			1
Medina Melbourne				Priceville		21	14
Merivale		1		Queensville		25	10
Merlin		59		Rainy River			
Merrickville				Ramsayville			
Merritton Metcalfe				Ravena		18	10
				Richard's Landing		30	18

Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination	Other Places.—Con.	Number granted certificates on Principal's recommendation	Number taking Departmental Examination	Number passed Departmental Examination
Ridgeway		31 39 30 38	21 30 23 17	Timmins Tiverton Toronto, De La Salle Institute		72 32 171	45 20 67
Rockwood		51 44 11 14 20	34 35 10 7 9			46 11 41 25 21	35 9 25 15 9
Russell St. David's St. George St. Helen's Sandwich		32 14 25 20 136	23 12 23 14 106	Victoria Harbour Vineland Walkerville	70	13 40 19 49 31	9 20 18 35 13
SchombergSchreiberScotlandSecord School (York Co.)		39 16 32 58	16 7 26 55	Warkworth. Warren Warsaw Waubaushene Webbwood.		40 15 20 12 15	19 9 12 10 12
SelkirkSharbot LakeSioux LookoutSinghamptonSmooth Rock FallsSolina		43 38 12 22 8 19	27 22 9 13 7 17	Wellandport. Wellington Westboro. Westfield. West Lorne. Westmeath.		23 32 98 5 57 27	10 25 82 2 35 16
South Finch. South Indian. South Mountain. South Porcupine.		22 39 8 29	16 31 5 14 14	Westport. Wheatley. Whitevale. White River. Wilberforce.		46 42 12 5	29 28 12 1
South River Sparta Spencerville Springfield Sprucedale		13 33 44 19 29	12 25 27 16 16	Wilkesport Williamsburg William Burgess(York Co.) Willowdale		28 30 36 42	7 23 33 28
Stayner Stella Stevensville Stittsville Stony Creek.	• • • • • • • •	48 12 23 15 53	21 8 17 9 36		19	13 19 27 21 50	10 14 13 6 31
Stouffville Strabane. Stratton Sturgeon Falls Sunderland Sundridge		31 27 6 74 33 25	18 20 2 51 21 12	Wooler Worthington Wroxeter Wyoming. Yarmouth Heights Zephyr.		42 28 41 46 65	25 12 35 33 41
Sutton		63 18 46 47	36 14 33 33	Zurich		11,989	16 8,144
Tara. Tavistock. Teeswater. Thamesford.		26 55 31 49	19 44 17 31	Collegiate Institutes High Schools Other Places	7,233 415 256	7,743 8,478 11,989	5,351 6,161 8,144
Thamesville		37 54 52 51	51 51 31 42	Grand Totals, 1922	7,904	28,210	19,656
Thorndale		46	31				

II. JUNIOR PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATION DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, 1922

Centre	Ex- amined	Passed	High School Entrance Allowed	Centre	Ex- amined	Passed	High School Entrance Allowed
Aurora	6 13 4 13	3 17 5 8 2 5 6 13 3 9 7 1 1 4 5	1 5 1	Parry Sound. Penet'guishene Port McNicoll Renfrew. Rodney. Rosseau. Sault SteMarie Schomberg. Schreiber. Selkirk. Stirling. Strathroy. Sutton. Wiarton. Wim. Burgess School (York Tp.).	2 12 4 1 4 24 12 8 1 1 2	2 2 12 9 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 1 1 1 2	3
Ottawa Owen Sound	122	58	4				

APPENDIX U

LIST OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, 1922

I. Public School Inspectors' Certificates

Easson, McGregor, B.A. (Queen's) Snider, Egerton Eber, B.A. (Victoria)

Munro, Peter F., M.A. (Queen's), B.Paed. (Toronto)

II. High School Principals' Certificates

Atkinson, William D. T., B.A. (Classics)
Austin, Prudence M., B.A.
Brown, Duncan, M.A.
Burton, Violet, B.A. (Classics)
Carter, George W., M.A.
Clarry, Arthur R., B.A., B.Sc.
Costin, Carrie L., B.A.
Edge, Mary E., B.A. (Eng. & Hist.)
Erb, William O., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Evans, Margaret E., B.A.
Foreman, Kathleen B., B.A.
Hendry, Earl D., B.A.
Henry, Stanley H., M.A. (Math. & Phys. & Science)
Hutchinson, John I., M.A. (Eng. & Hist.)
Ireland, Norval J., B.A.
Kehoe, Martin B., B.A.
King, Reginald H., B.A. (Classics)

Lamont, Alexander D., B.A. (Math.)
MacKillop, Oliver M., B.A.
MacMinn, Marie B., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Maitland, Jessie H., B.A.
McKellar, John, B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
McLellan, Robert F., B.A.
Meade, Robert, M.A.
O'Brian, Mabel B., B.A.
Pacey, Mabel I., B.A.
Payette, Henry J., B.A.
Robb, Charles W., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Robb, James A. M., B.A.
Sine, Frederick, M.A., B.Sc. (Science)
Strachan, Donald L., B.A.
Tanton, Francis, B.A.
White, Lloyd J., B.A.
Willson, Harriet B., B.A. (Math.)

III. High School Assistants' and Specialists' Certificates

Adams, John G., B.A. (Agric.)
Allin, C. Stanley, M.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Anderson, Effie E.
Anderson, John A., B.A. (Science)
Archibald, Bertha R., B.A.
Ashdown, Charles R., B.A.
Baillie, Grace S. T., B.A. (Household Science)
Bell, Lily May, M.A. (Art)
Blatchford, Douglas H., B.A.
Boland, Eva G.
Bole, Cecil L., B.A. (Art)
Bowes, Ella D., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Brand, Olive C.
Brandon, Norma P., B.A.
Brookins, Marjorie, B.A. (French & German)
Brown, Marion H., B.A.
Burridge, Arthur A., B.A. (Household Science)
Campbell, Archibald D., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Carroll, William I., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Chambers, Marjorie A. C.
Chantler, Gladys W., B.A.
Child, Mabel C., B.A.
Chown, Elizabeth, B.A. (French & German)
Clendinnen, Margaret E., B.A.
Cole, Gertrude M., B.A.
Cole, Gertrude M., B.A.
Coleman, Kathleen (Sr. M. Cyril), (Art)
Connor, Hannah, B.A. (Sr. M. Carmelita)
Cooley, Robert F. B., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Coolican, Elsie T., B.A.

Copeland, George E., M.A. (Agric.)
Cowan, Euphemia J., M.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Cowan, Jessie I., B.A. (Art)
Cowie, Helen, B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Crowe, Marie, B.A. (Art)
Cummings, Maude (Sr. M. Angelina)
Cunningham, Elinor I.
Curry, Jessie E. (Phys. Cult.)
Daniels, Percy, B.A.
Dawson, Viola M.
Dean, Mrs. Olive I., B.A.
Dickson, Marion C. (Art)
Donnelly, Mertis M., B.A.
Dugit, Rosalie A., M.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Elliott, Mary M., B.A.
Ettinger, Karl F., B.A.
Farley, Hazel, B.A. (Art)
Fennell, Mary A., B.A.
Foreman, Bessie E., M.A. (Classics)
Foster, Helen E.
Fothergill, Ethel L. (Art)
Fowler, Edith I., B.A. (Classics)
Fraser, Laura G., B.A.
Gillan, Ella E., B.A. (Math.)
Gillan, Kathleen M. (Art)
Gillespie, Mary A., M.A. (Art)
Gillham, Blanche (Art)
Gillham, Blanche (Art)
Gillies, Ina M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)

III. High School Assistants' and Specialists' Certificates (Continued)

Gilroy, (Mrs.) Helen, B.A. Gould, Ford M., B.A. Gowan, Bella I. Graham, Herbert W., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Halford, Aileen M., B.A.
Hall, Margaret M. S., B.A. (Art)
Hall, Marjorie S., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Hamill, Alice M., B.A. (Household Science)
Hamilton, Grace A. G., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Hay, James A. M. (Math. & Phys.) Hayward, Mary M.
Henry, Mamie E., B.A.
Herington, Bertha C., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Hodge, Gertrude A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Holland, Kathleen M., B.A. Holland, Kathleen M., B.A.
Hood, Rita M., B.A.
Hooker, Ida A., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Hopkins, Florence C., B.A. (Sr. M. Constantia), (Art)
Howson, Alexandra A., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Hugill, Mrs. Lyla M., B.A.
Jackson, William A., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Jeffrey, Hugh G. S., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Jolliffe, Ernest H., B.A. (Science)
Kennedy, Margaret I., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Keough, Maggie (Art)
Kerr, Maybelle G., B.A. (Mods. & Hist. & Phys. Cult.)
King, Reginald H., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Phys. Cult.)
King, Reginald H., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Knowles, John H., B.A. (Math.)
Laing, Maybelle M., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Lee, Elizabeth D.
Leggott, Louie V. (Phys. Cult.)
Linklater, Jessie L.
Little, Evelyn M.
Long, John A., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
MacDougall, Florence E., B.A. (Art)
MacNaughton, Evelyn I. (Art)
Macphail, Mary C., B.A.
MacQuarrie, George B., B.A. (Classics)
MacTavish, Alice M., B.A.
Magee, Myrtle B. Magee, Myrtle B. Marchant, Gladys O. Massecar, Ethelyn, B.A. (Eng. & Hist.) Matthews, Frances A., B.A. (Sr. M. Miriam), Maus, Adah, B.A. (Household Science) McArthur, Annie M., B.A. (French & Ger-McBride, Sara M. (Art) McCamus, Marion K., B.A. McCamus, William R., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) McCorquodale, Elizabeth E. McCoy, Margaret H. S., B.A. McDermid, Ina E., B.A. McDonald, Kate M., B.A. (Classics) McDowell, Jennie McGee, Florence McGillicuddy, Mary, B.A. (Sr. Mary Made-

McLaren, Caroline E., B.A. (Science)
McLaughlin, Verna J.
McLellan, Robert F., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Mitchell, Janet A. (Phys. Cult.)
Moffat, Hazel J. G., B.A.
Moore, Kathleen, V., B.A. (Art)
Nelson, Dorothy A.
Nethercott, James P. S., M.A.
Norton, Ida (Art)
Oatway, George A., B.A.
O'Meara, Celestine (Sr. Victorine)
O'Toole, Mary E.
Parker, Olive E., B.A.
Pearen, Hartley E., B.A. (Classics)
Pyke, Edgar W., B.A. (Classics)
Quirk, Eric L., B.A. (Phys. Cult. & Math. & Phys.) Quirk, Eric L., B.A. (Phys. Cult. & Math. & Phys.)
Rae, Margaret, B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Ramsay, Jean B., B.A. (Com.)
Reynolds, Norman W., B.A.
Ribey, Florence E., M.A. (Classics)
Robb, James A. M., B.A.
Robertson, William A., B.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Robins, John J., B.A.
Ross, Pearl
Runians, Minnie C., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Runians, Minnie C., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Scott, Andrew R., B.A. (Math.) Scott, Jean L., B.A. Shortill, Margaret M., B.A. (Hous. Science) Sillers, Annie M., B.A. Simmie, Jean
Sirrs, Elmer J. (Phys. Cult.)
Skelton, Minnie M., B.A.
Smith, James C. (Phys. Cult.)
Smith, Kathleen, B.A. (Household Science) Smyth, Alice C.
Stanley, Lucille H., B.A.
Steele, Walter S., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Stevens, Violet E.
Stock, Dora H., M.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Sutherland, Donald A., B.A. Sutherland, Donald A., B.A.
Tanner, Anne M. (Phys. Cult.)
Tanton, Francis, B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Teeter, Clarence G., B.A.
Tickell, Lizzie J., B.A. (Mods. & Hist.)
Toll, Charles E. (Phys. Cult.)
Tranter, Hazel M.
Truscott, Edith L., B.A.
Tully, Oral L.
Turville, Ada D., B.A.
Twomey, Mary
Vrooman, Caroline L., M.A. (Math. & Phys.)
Watson, M. Alberta (Phys. Cult.)
Wells, Dorothy (Art)
Whelan, Frances J., B.A.
Whiteman, Margaret Whiteman, Margaret Wilkinson, Mrs. Laura J., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Wilson, Nora E. (Phys. Cult.) Winhold, Edward P. (Phys. Cult.) Ziehr, Mathilde T., B.A.

IV. Permanent Elementary Certificates

Abbott, Isabella (Household Sc.) Anderson, Effie E. (Art) Armstrong, Emily, B.A. (Art) Armstrong, John A. (Agric.) Aylsworth, Bessie C. (Phys. Cult.)

McIntosh, Margaret, B.A.

Barnes, Eva M. (Agric.) Bell, M. F. Winifred (Art) Benn, Agnes M. (Agric.) Bertrand, Marie A. (Sr. F. Xavier), (Art) Blackwell, Mary E. (Auxiliary Classes)

IV. Permanent Elementary Certificates (Continued)

Bradley, Idella M. (Agric.) Bradley, Wesley E. (Agric.) Brand, Olive C. (Art) Brookins, Marjorie, B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Brunkard, Ethel (Art) Butson, Mrs. Christina K. (Agric.)
Campbell, John J. (Phys. Cult.)
Campbell, Teresa (Sr. M. Augustine), (Household Sc.) hold Sc.)
Carpenter, Mabel M. (Art)
Carter, George W., M.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Clarke, Mamie (Agric.)
Conway, Irene E. (Phys. Cult.)
Coolican, Elsie T., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Copeland, George E., M.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Courtman, Mary C.(Sr. Margaret), (Agric.)
Cox, George E. (Manual Training)
Cunningham, Hildegarde C. (Agric.)
Darby, Laura W., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Davey, Leona L. (Agric.)
Davidson, Georgia, B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Dertinger, Alice (Sr. M. Anastasia), (Agric.)
Deyell, Margery L. (Agric.)
Donnelly, Mertis M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Dowler, Thomas (Manual Training & Vocal Music) Music) Duffin, Georgina R. (Agric.) Duffin, Georgina R. (Agric.)
Dunbar, Jennie (Agric.)
Dundas, Sadie E. (Agric.)
Edwards, Henry W. (Art)
Erwin, Erie H. (Agric.)
Evans, George E., M.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Fallon, Florence (Sr. M. Victorine), (Agric.)
Fennell, Mary A., B.A. (Commercial)
Firth, Alexander (Manual Training)
Fowler Edith J. B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Fruit, Alexander (Manual Training)
Fowler, Edith I., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Fraser, Laura G., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Garbutt, Ruby (Art)
Garrett, Florence (Household Sc.)
Gerhart, Henry W. (Phys. Cult.)
Gibb, Moyna B. (Phys. Cult.)
Gilbor, Planche (Phys. Cult.) Geihart, Henry W. (Fhys. Cult.)
Gibb, Moyna B. (Phys. Cult.)
Gillham, Blanche (Phys. Cult.)
Gosling, Mrs. Bessie (Agric.)
Gothorp, Jean (Agric.)
Greene, (Mrs.) Laura L. (Household Sc.)
Gundry, Helen M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Hammort, Elizabeth L. (Household Sc.)
Hammond, Evelyn F. (Agric.)
Hammor, Elizabeth M. (Agric.)
Hansford, Alice E. (Agric.)
Harper, Gertrude A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Harris, Harold W. (Phys. Cult.)
Hartman, William H. (Agric.)
Hay, James A. M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Heather, Eunice G. (Phys. Cult.)
Helmer, (Mrs.) Blanche (Agric.)
Henderson, Orville J. (Art & Phys. Cult.)
Henry, Mamie E., B.A. (Art)
Hepburn, Cora (Agric.)
Hodgins, Edna M. (Agric.)
Hodg, Elizabeth I. (Agric.)
Hood, Rita M., B.A. (Art & Phys. Cult.)
Hugill Mrs. Lyla M. B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Huff, Lavine (Agric.)
Hugill, Mrs. Lyla M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Ireton, Mary E. (Agric.)
Jeffrey, Hugh G. S., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Jenkins, (Mrs.) Mary, M.A. (Art)
Johns Addison F. (Agric.) Johns, Addison F. (Agric.) Kehler, Louise (Agric.) Kennedy, Florence C. (Agric.)

King, Annie A. (Art & Phys. Cult.) Laidlaw, Constance I. (Household Sc.)
Lee, Elizabeth D. (Phys. Cult.)
Long, John A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
MacCuaig, Elizabeth M. (Agric.)
Macdonald, May (Sr. Margaret Mary), MacCuald, May (Sr. Margaret Mary) (Agric.)
MacMonald, May (Sr. Margaret Mary) (Agric.)
MacKillop, Oliver M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
MacTavish, Alice M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Marchant, Gladys O. (Art)
Marvellus, J. Ernest, B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Marwick, (Mrs.) Allie (Art)
Marwick, Bruce D. (Phys. Cult.)
McArthur, Annie M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
McBride, Sara M. (Phys. Cult.)
McCorquodale, Elizabeth E. (Phys. Cult.)
McCorquodale, Elizabeth E. (Phys. Cult.)
McDermid, Ina E., B.A. (Art)
McGuire, Mary M. (Sr. St. Edith), (Agric.)
McLachlan, Archie T. (Manual Training)
McLaren, Caroline E., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
McLean, Helen G., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
McLeod, Hattie B. (Art)
McKone, Susanna E. (Agric.)
McMullen, Louise M. (Household Sc.)
McRae, Pearl V. (Agric.) McMullen, Louise M. (Household Sc.)
McRae, Pearl V. (Agric.)
McWilliams, Walter A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Moran, Annie (Sr. M. Winifreda), (Agric.)
Muckle, Leata W. (Phys. Cult.)
Nelson, Dorothy A. (Phys. Cult.)
Nokes, Eva R. (Phys. Cult.)
Norton, E. Ida (Phys. Cult.)
Oatway, George A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
O'Reilly, Mary F. A. (Agric.)
O'Reilly, Mary F. A. (Agric.)
Perry, Neva M. (Phys. Cult.)
Phelan, Margaret M. (Agric.)
Pomeroy, John B. (Agric.)
Queenan, Sadie (Agric.)
Rae, Sarah J. (Agric.) Oueenan, Sadie (Agric.)
Rae, Sarah J. (Agric.)
Robb, James A. M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Robbt, James A. M., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Robins, John J., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Ross, Ralph, B.A., B.Paed., (Phys. Cult.)
Rutledge, Evelyn M. (Commercial)
Schmidt, Nelda (Agric.)
Schooley, Fred. T. (Phys. Cult.)
Scobie, Susie E. (Agric.)
Seabrook, Mary V. (Agric.)
Siegner, Gertrude (Agric.)
Skakel, Myrtle R. (Agric.)
Smith, Duncan D. (Agric.)
Snell, Blanche E. (Art)
Stanley, Lucille H., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Stanley, Lucille H., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Stanley, Lucille H., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Stapleton, Louis J. (Phys. Cult.)
Stevens, Violet E. (Art)
Stewart, Winona, B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Sullivan, Annie C. (Agric.)
Sutherland, Donald A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Sutherland, Donald A., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Tranter, Hazel M. (Phys. Cult.)
Tripp, Edith (Art)
Troy, Maude (Sr. M. St. Peter), (Agric.)
Truscott, Edith L., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Tully, Oral L. (Art)
Turville, Ada D., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)
Twomey, Mary (Art)
Ulrich, Mary A. (Agric.)

IV. Permanent Elementary Certificates (Continued)

Vrooman, Caroline L., M.A. (Phys. Cult.) Walsh, Mary A. (Sr. M. Edith), (Agric.) Waterman, Isobel M. (Art) Whelan, Frances J., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) White, Lloyd J., B.A. (Phys. Cult.) Williams, Luella K. (Agric.) Winhold, Erna (Agric.) Ziehr, Mathilde T., B.A. (Phys. Cult.)

V. Permanent Supervisors' and Intermediate Certificates

Barron, Belle B. (Art)
Buchanan, Mary E. (Art.)
Burns, Teresa (Art)
Crich, Wilfred V. (Phys. Cult.)
Dowler, Thomas (Art)
Game, John M. (Phys. Cult.)
Laborde, Lucy E. (Art)
Lemon, Ada F. (Music)

McDermott, Edward C. (Phys. Cult.) McGill, Margaret H. (Art) McGillis, Annie L. (Sr. St. Agatha), (Art) Rutherford, Myrtle M. (Art) Short, John A. (Agric.) Smith, Joseph H. (Phys. Cult.) Stonehouse, Edith (Phys. Cult.) Thomas, Edward H. (Art)

VI. Permanent First Class Certificates

Acton, Mrs. Leta D. Alles, Edith I. Arnold, Lillian B. Baile, John A. Bailie, John A.
Balfour, Mary A.
Barclay, Jean A.
Barnes, Herbert G.
Barr, John A.
Beamer, Ilma P.
Beatty, Stanley A.
Bell, Clarence B.
Bell, Erma L.
Bell, Ruby J.
Bennett, Mary A.
Bennie, Margaret D.
Billings, Edward J. Beillings, Edward J.
Billings, Edward J.
Bingle, Thomas.
Black, Harold C.
Bowman, Mary E. R.
Brethour, Eldon J.
Brodie, Amy A.
Brokenshire, Rheta E. Brown, Harry W.
Bunner, Vivian H.
Burke, Margaret A. (Sr. M.
Clotilde) Burke, Teresa A.
Camp, Annie V.
Campbell, Goldie T.
Campbell, Helen B.
Cantelon, Harriett.
Chard, Thomas.
Clarke, Olive J.
Clement, Isabel Clarke, Olive J.
Clement, Isabel.
Code, James A.
Collier, William B.
Collins, Mary E.
Corlett, Hazel I.
Coumans, Melinda M.
Cousins, Gladys M.
Craig, Marguerite M.
Craig, Muriel M.
Crayen. Margaret. Craven, Margaret.
Crich, Wilfred V.
Crone, Marguerite J.
Crosby, Marion E. B.
Cross, Dora E., B.A. Currie, Jessie. DeHart, Nora A. Dietrich, Rufina J. (Sr. M. Josepha)

Douglas, Dorothy C. Down, Edna M. Dundas, Robert A. Dunn, Annie L. (Sr. M. Leo) Echlin, Gladys M. Edmonds, Ruth L. M. Edmunds, Mary M. Ellerby, Marion I. Elliott, Gladys S. Elliott, Wilton H. Embury, Nina K. Farr, Percy W. Fiddes, Gordon H. Fletcher, Bertha M.
Fortune, Agnes E. (Sr. M.
Fidelis) Foster, Rene N. Foulds, Gordon A. Fox, Hilda L. Fraser, Gordon K. Fraser, Nancy H. Fritz, Wesley E. Game, John M. Gardiner, Euphemia A. Gibb, Moyna B. Gibson, Mary M. Gibson, Mary M.
Graham, Meta I.
Gray, M. A. Verlie.
Green, Georgina M.
Haiste, Edna G.
Halliday, Anna D.
Hamm, Winnifred.
Hanna, Edna.
Hart, Morley C.
Hayes, Mary G.
Hetherington, Verna L.
Hodd, Edith M.
Holmes, Mabel I. Hodd, Edith M.
Holmes, Mabel I.
Holmes, Myrtle O.
Houser, Florence M.
Howard, Frances.
Hunter, Albert C.
Hunter, Annie F.
Jackson, Nellie M.
Jarvis, Beatrice E.
Johnston, Jessie V. Johnston, Jessie V. Johnston, Marion J. Jones, Mrs. Ruth N. Jourdan, Harriet E. Kaufman, Alvin J. Keith, Leslie M.

Kelk, Gladys G. Kemp, Elenor. Kendrick, William K. S. Kennedy, Florence I. Kerfoot, Richard R. Kilty, Harold R. Klemner, Edward H. Knight, Norma E. Knox, Mary E. Knox, Mary E.
Lehane, Mary T.
Lewis, Gordon.
Long, Marshall W.
Lundy, Doris A.
MacCallum, Neil W.
MacKay, Mildred M.
MacKenzie, Pearl C.
Manning, Charles E.
Martin, Catherine (Sr. M.
Martinella) Martinella) Martin, Thomas H. W. Martyn, Harry L. McBroom, Jessie B. McCulloch, Lila B. McCulloch, Lila B.
McDermott, Edward C.
McFadden, Della.
McGahey, Mabel R.
McKeever, Mabel E.
McLean, William A.
McMannus, Celestine E.
McNaughton, Oliver J.
McWilliams, Mary M.
Menzies, Leslie P., B.A.
Merritt, Roland L.
Miller, Sadie G.
Mitchell, Elizabeth M. S. Mitchell, Elizabeth M. S. Mitchell, Jessie A. Moffat, Peter B. Moncrieff, Margaret R. Moore, Gladys M. Muckle, Leata W.
Murray, Florence.
Nash, Roland P.
Neven, Marie C.
Nichol, Robert M. W. Nicol, Gladys. Noble, Almeda B. Nodwell, William E. Norris, Donald A. Nutting, Rowena E. O'Connell, Mary A.

VI. Permanent First Class Certificates (Continued)

O'Donohue, Mary A.
Overend, Mary C.
Parker, Harold T.
Parson, Dorothy F. M.
Perkin, Irvine B.
Perry, Neva M.
Pinder, Grace M.
Pothier, Mrs. Kathryn A.
Powell, Arthur E.
Prosser, Thornton.
Purdy, Frank.
Rawson, Clarke M.
Robinson, Marion A.
Root, Milton.
Sager, Elmer.
Samuel, William A.
Schneider, Thekla (Sr. M.
Cajetan)
Scott, Alice E.

Scott, Elizabeth V.
Secord, Rachel A.
Setterington, Nora V.
Shaver, Bessie J.
Sloman, Frederick G.
Sloman, Wilbert G.
Smith, Leslie A.
Squire, Earle V.
Start, Isabel S.
Steele, Ethyl M.
Stevenson, Muriel G.
Stewart, Cameron A.
Stewart, Richard A. W.
Strong, Harriet E.
Stuebing, Anna M.
Torrance, Thomas M.
Trott, Beatrice.
Trowse, Mable I.
Virgin, Albert R.

Walker, Evelyn E.
Walker, Minnie R.
Wallen, Wilfred B.
Walling, William Lloyd.
Warnica, Catherine E.
Wasman, Leslie J.
Waters, Clara J. I. M.
Watson, Stanley A.
White, Orville R.
Willmot, M. Constance V.
Woolcott, Arthur O.
Woolcott, Earl S.
Woolner, Mary I.
Worsell, Reta M.
Wright, Richard J.
York, Eva M.
Youdale, William P.

VII. Permanent Second Class Certificates

Adams, Alice I. Adams, Wilma Z. Agar, Dorothy E. F. Agnew, Mary J. Aikenhead, Gertrude D. Aikens, Bertha.
Aiton, Flora M.
Allan, Jessie M.
Allan, Mary Edith.
Allan, Vera.
Allen, Kathleen M. (Sr. Mary Philip).
Allen, Lavina P.
Allen, Marjorie A.
Alton, Alice.
Alton, Sara A.
Amay, Alice M Alton, Sara A.
Amey, Alice M.
Amos, Amy R.
Anderson, Annie K.
Anderson, Erma L.
Anderson, Jean M.
Andrew, Mary E.
Andrew, Robert.
Anguish, Mrs. Sadie A.
Angus, Verna L.
Annett, Margaret J.
Anperley, Gordon S. Apperley, Gordon S.
Archer, Frances A.
Ard, Elizabeth L.
Arnold, C. Eleanor (Sr. M. Raphael). Arnott, Jessie B. Ashdown, Elizabeth I. Asselin, Teresa A. (Sr. M. Asselin, Teresa A. (Sr. Medard).
Atkinson, Myrtle I.
Atmore, Florence S.
Austin, Robert A.
Awrey, Olive M.
Baigent, Mary.
Baillargeon, Victoria L.
Baird, Margaret A.
Baird, Margaret G.
Baker, Mary H.
Balcanquel, Cecilia A.
Ball. Emma A. B. Ball, Emma A. B. Ball, Pearl. Ball, Winnifred M.

Banks, Osborne H. Barclay, Bruce.
Barclay, Gladys.
Barclay, Jack M.
Barnard, William T.
Barned, Mrs. Mary R.
Barnes, Earl T. Barnum, Myrtle B. Barrie, Mary C. Barry, Mary A. Bartlett, Isabelle M. Barton, Douglas D. Bateman, Florence M. Bates, Elsie A. Bauman, Ada. Bayne, Margaret G. Beaumont, Beatrice
Beley, Lucy M.
Belfield, Frances O.
Bell, Charles A.
Bell, Gertrude M.
Bell, Jessie E.
Bell, Mary.
Bell, Mary D.
Benner, Viola E.
Bennett, Alice K.
Bennett, Fannie G.
Berrey, Edna G.
Bertran, Aleene M.
Bessey, Mildred C.
Betts, Elsie M.
Biggings, Hilda E. Beaumont, Beatrice M. Biggings, Hilda E. Birrell, Christina. Bissette, Philomene M. Blackburn, Jean E. Blair, Allan B. Blair, Allan B.
Blandford, Beatrice R.
Blanshard, Jennie V.
Bodkin, Hazel U. B.
Bolingbroke, Herbert.
Bonney, Hilda F.
Boon, Thomas C.
Bouck, Iva L.
Bouck, Mabel H.
Bourke Beatrice G. Bourke, Beatrice G. Boyce, Dorothy E. Bradden, Mary (Sr. M. Patricia).

Bradford, Alice E. Bradley, Florence M.
Bradley, Gertrude E.
Bradley, Hannah M.
Braithwaite, Clifton B. Brandon, Harold E. Branton, Fern E. C. Brett, Mamie E. Brock, Olive V. Brooks, Olive F. Brotherton, Victor T. Brown, Alice M.
Brown, Kathryn M.
Brown, Margaret E.
Brown, Retta M. Brownson, Annie M. Bruce, Lillian G.
Brueckner, Emma E.
Bryan, Wilbert L.
Buckwell, Edna E. M.
Budge, Edna G.
Bulger, Frances M.
Bulger, Viola.
Bunt, Lillian J. C.
Burchill, Ina W.
Burgess, Elizabeth A.
Burnet, Helen L.
Burns, Teresa.
Burrill, Marion G.
Butler, Eva E. M.
Buttrum, Alice E. Bruce, Lillian G. Buttrum, Alice E. Byers, Agnes C.
Cadwell, Sadie M.
Calder, Elizabeth I.
Caldwell, Emily C.
Campbell, Duncan. Campbell, Elda M.
Campbell, Elda L. D.
Campbell, Isabelle C.
Campbell, Jessie L.
Campbell, Lila I. Campbell, Margaret.
Campbell, Mary C.
Campbell, Mary E.
Campbell, Victoria E.
Cannon, Cecil F. Capel, Rosie. Cardy, Martha J.

Carey, Mary B. Carnegie, Mary E. Carothers, Richard E. Carrington, Flossie V. Carruthers, Blanche. Carson, Elizabeth M.
Carter, Eva R.
Carter, Hattie I.
Carter, Irene (Sr. M. Lenore)
Carter, Mary B.
Casson, Vera E. Carter, Mary B.
Casson, Vera E.
Caswell, Elsie A.
Cathcart, Lillian M.
Chalmers, Vera L.
Chambers, Mrs. Grace I.
Channen, Eleanor V.
Chaplin, Thomas W.
Charlton, Pearl M.
Childerhose Georgina H. Childerhose, Georgina H. Chisholm, Lucy (Sr. Precious Blood). Church, Jean W. Churchill, Ruth U. Chute, Helen F. Clapton, Edna M. Clark, Bertha M.
Clark, James V.
Clark, Jessie I.
Clarke, Reginald D.
Clarke, Mary A.
Clement, Glyde E. Clements, Dorothy P. Cochrane, Harriet E. Coke, Maude A. Coleman, Elizabeth (Sr. M. Urban) Coles, Olivia E. M. Colhoun, Oliver M. Collings, Gladys E. Colvin, Rebecca M. Connor, Annie A.
Connor, Marion B.
Cook, Annie.
Cook, Mamie B. V.
Cooley, Dora M. A.
Conney, Almer J. (Brother Damian) Cooper, John P. Cooper, Kathleen A. Copeland, Marjorie B. Cords, Harriet. Cork, Helen F. Cork, Helen F.
Cornell, Doris.
Cornish, Wava L.
Corrigan, Mary E.
Cosgrove, Clara A.
Costello, Annie H.
Costello, Marjorie A.
Cotton, Greta A.
Coulter, Nellie E. R. Coulthart, Jennie M.
Coulthart, Neva A.
Cowan, Gwendolyn G.
Cox, Clara I. Craig, Lorna C. Cranston, John J. Craven, Viola B. Crich, Myrtle H. Crosthwaite, Hazel E. Cruickshank, Isabel M.

Cudmore, Berenice V. Culham, Desta L. Culp, Marguerite P. Culver, Helen V. Cummings. Annie W. Currah, Louie M. Curry, Olive B. (Sr. M. Rosalie) Curtin, Agnes C. Daley, Lillian M. Daly, Gretta M. Davey, Gwynndoline B. Davies, J. Bryn. Davis, Elizabeth (Sr. M. Consilio). Davis, Franklin W. Davy, Warren P. Daymond, Mary L. Dean, Ruth V. DeFoe, Aileen (Sr. Philip Neri). DeGuerre, Margaret B. Deem, Florence. Delmege, Constance M. Denison, Verna A. Dennison, Dorothy. Derbyshire, Reita M. Deshaw, Mary E.
Devereaux, Agnes M.
Dewar, Margaret C. M.
Dick, Martha T. Dickerson, Kathleen M.
Dickson, Aldona.
Dickson, Pearl E.
Ditchburn, Edith S.
Dodds, Elspeth A. Donaldson, Edna M.
Donaldson, Gladys E.
Dowling, Genevieve
Down, Gladys A.
Doyle, Helen I. Doyle, Ross E. Draffin, Bertha E. Duckworth, Edith S. Dudley, Laura L. Duffy, Muriel A. Dunbar, Etta D. Dunn Edith F. Dunn, Katherine A. (Sr. M. Margaretta). Dunn, Marjorie A. Dunston, Alice R.
Durnford, Louise V. Dyer, Grace J. Dyke, Ernest V. Earl, Edward L. Earley, Lillian A. Eastwood, Bessie E. M. Eckel, Laura M. Edgerton, Edith M. Edmondson, Hazel M Edmondson, Hazel M Eesley, Elva V. Ego, Gordon P. Elford, Mrs. Lillian I. Elliott, Jessie S. Elliott, Mary G. Elliott, Myrtle L. Elliott, Sadie E. Elliott, Vera J. Ellis, Bertha M.

Ellis, Eva. Ellis, Eva.
Ellwood, Evelyn E.
Empey, Hattie A.
Empringham, Ethel A.
England, Margaret D.
Esplen, Luella M.
Evans, James K.
Everett, Irene.
Everingham, Augusta L.
Everingham, Ernest E.
Fair. Doris L. Fair, Doris L. Fairburne, Edna. Farrell, Jennie. Farrell, Mary M. Farrelly, Mabel E. Featherston, Ethel. Fee, Florence A.
Fell, Elsa I.
Fenn, Beatrice.
Fenn, Josephine (Sr. M. St. Rose). Ferguson, Bessie J. Ferguson, Charles J. Ferguson, Evelyn A. Ferguson, Marjorie A. Field, Lillian G. Finlayson, Gladys L. Finlayson, Liella. Finlayson, Mary E. Flindyson, M. Flett, Agnes A. Foley, Ella A. Fontaine, Juliette (Sr. M. Albina) Forman, Ralph S. Francis, Jessie B. Fraser, Edna M. Fraser, Hazel E. Fraser, Jennie. Friel, Ella J. Frisken, Caarmelita S. Fritz, Hilda L. Frost, Mrs. Myrtle J. Fuller, Ruth E. Gaiser, Addileene M. Galbraith, Mrs. Helen F. Gale, Edythe G. Gallagher, Mary (Sr. Ursula). Ursula).
Gallagher, Mary L. E.
Gallagher, Olive E. J.
Gallivan, Kathleen.
Galvin, Clara.
Gamble, Winnifred E.
Gannon, Maria V.
Gardner, Mable E.
Gardner, Mary E.
Garrah, Helen C.
Garrison, Alice M. Garrison, Alice M. Gattie, Margaret L. Gay, John S.
Gay, Pearl I.
Gearin, Kathleen.
Geary, Cleva M.
Geen, Jessie M. E. Gemmell, Jessie E. Gendron, Irene (Sr. St. Gervaise). Gerry, Zelma M. Gibbons, Margaret.

Gibson, Mary H. Giffen, Mary M. Gilbank, Percy E. Gilchrist, Mary J. Gillies, Ettie. Gilliland, Meda E.
Gilmore, Marjorie E.
Gilmour, Hilda A.
Giroux, Yvonne I.
Glavin, Madeleine.
Glenn, Rose A. Golden, Elba N. Gollan, Nancy A. Gomoll, Bertha A. Goodall, Mayme. Gordon, Eva. Gordon, Rhena V. Gormley, Bernadette A. Goudge, Beatrice V. Gracey, James F. Graham, Christopher J. Graham, Eunice E. Graham, Grace B. Graham, Hugh G. Graham, Muriel M. Graham, Pearl V. Grant, Jean A.
Gray, Berta.
Gray, Gladys P. E.
Greaves, Alice M.
Greene, Madeline I.
Grimes, Gertrude N. Growden, Marguerite J. Guerin, Mary H. Guiler, Vera. Guscott, Reta M. Hagerman, Bessie A.
Haggerty, Nettie E.
Haines, Muriel D.
Hair, Marguerita E.
Haist, Millicent V.
Haldenby, Wilbert H. Haley, Christena M. Hamilton, Fanny E. Hammill, Winifred G. Hammond, Mable G. Hammond, Stella G. G. Hancock, Harold C. Hand, Mary C. Hanke, Talitha A. Hanlon, Anna M. Harbison, Alberta. Harding, Wilma R. Hardy, Albert E. Hardy, Albert E.
Hargreaves, Mildred A.
Harrison, Mary E.
Hartwick, Violet E.
Hastie, Margaret R.
Hays, Jean R.
Healey, Hazel J.
Heitzner, Mary K.
Hemwood, Nancy D.
Henderson, Gertrude H.
Henry, Hazel A. E. Henry, Hazel A. E. Herr, Charles T. Heslop, Dorothy G. Hewitt, Gladys C. Hewitt, Wallace F. Higginson, Thedora E. Hill, Mary R.

Hillman, Marjorie K. Hipwell, Glenna M. Hird, Mrs. Madilla R. Hislop, Janet M. Hobbs, Alma E. Hobbs, Mabel J. Hodgins, Annie E. Hodgins, Stanley E. Holliday, Mary A. Hollman, Florence O. Hord, Kathleen A. Horkins, Beatrice B. Hoskins, Mrs. Edna V. Houlahan, Anna E. How, Ethel L. M. Howarth, Almeda E. Hudson, Mareta I. Hull, Margaret V. Humphrey, Arthur T. Hunchberger, Geraldine A. Hunter, Clare. Hunter, Fred. Hunter, Ida M. Huntsman, Myra. Hurley, Bessie A. Hurley, Eleanor H. Huston, George C. Hyatt, Nellie E. Hynes, Lily H. Ireland, Mabel L. Ireton, Annie E. Irvine, Olive L. Isard, Olive G. Jacklin, Aaron W. Jackman, Marion R. Jackson, Alberta M. Jackson, Vera A. Jackson, Verlie K. Jago, Edythe M. James, Laura V. James, Stella. Jamieson, Luella M. lenkins, Dorothy E. Johnson, Lottie G. Johnson, Lulu M. Johnston, Jessie R. Johnston, Nellie C. Jones, Dorothy A.
Jones, Mrs. Florence A.
Jones, Flossie V.
Jordan, Kathleen.
Joyce, Clifford V.
Juby, Maud B.
Jull, Ella P. Junkin, Blanche. Junkin, Daisy E. Junkin, Marjorie. Kaercher, Gertrude E. Kay, Kathryn E. Kearney, Lucy M. Keeley, Margaret (Sr. M. Madeleine). Keillor, James S. Keith, Annie C. Keith, Jean S. Kelly, Elizabeth C. Kelly, Mary B. Kelly, Mary C. Kelly, Rhoda (Sr. M.

Matthew).

Kelly, Rosary. Kennedy, Edna L. C. Kennedy, Evelyn O. Kennedy, Julia M. Kenney, Mary M. Kenniger, Jack J. Kerr, Ruby E. Kerr, Susie E. Ketcheson, Marjorie W. Keyes, Ruskin G. King, Ethel I. Kirwin, Hazel P. Klein, Lottie G. Knight, Lela S. E. Knight, Philip. Laidlaw, Ina V Lally, Gladys M. LaMarsh, Kathleen D. Lang, Edith P. Langford, Zilpha M. Langman, Lillian R. Langman, Elman Lapsley, Grace E. Larkin, Joyce M. Lavery, Mary I. Law, Florence J. Lawson, Kathleen A. Lawson, Mrs. Vera M. Leary, Evelyn J. Lee, Melva P. Leitmeier, Mabel I. Lemay, Millie. Lennan, Hazel M. Lennox, Eva M. Levere, Laura O. Lewis, Edith E. Lewis, Gertrude N. Lewis, Ida B. Lewis, Viola A. Lincke, Hedwig M. Lindsay, Annie A. Lindsay, Jean O. Little, Florence B. C. Livingston, Kathleen M. Lockie, Amy L. Lockie, Bessie S. Logan, Margaret I. Loney, Kathleen. Longeway, Teresa E. M. Loucks, Hugh H.
Lougheed, Evelyn M.
Lovell, William L.
Lowe, Merriam M.
Lowe, Ruth M Lowe, Ruth M Lucas, Myrtle E. Lundy, Kathleen A. Lynch, Cecilia. Lynch, Mary L. Macdonald, Janet C.
MacDonald, Margaret.
MacDonald, Marjorie R.
MacDonald, Mary C.
Macdonald, Mary C.
Macdonald, Mary D. Macfarlane, Jean M.
MacFarlane, John.
MacGillivray, Alma C.
MacGregor, Muriel I.
MacGregor, Myrtle V. Mackay, Agnes. Mackenzie, Isabel M.

MacKenzie, Katherine F. Mackie, Edith. MacKinnon, Flora A. MacLaren, Annie Laurie. MacLean, Williamina T. MacLennan, Margaret J. MacLeod, Christena. MacMillan, Effie J. W. MacMillan, Marie. Macmillan, Victoria R. MacRae, Anna C. MacVicar, Tena E. Madill, Kenneth S. Main, Margaret J. Main, Ola M. Maley, Lyla E. Mallett, Florence W. Maltby, Adelaide H. Manning, Laura W. Manson, Gordon A. Mapledoram, Verna F. B. Marcellus, Florence M. Marquis, Florentena A. Marr, Vera E. Marshall, Lillian P. Martin, Angus. Martin, Marion. Martin, Mary A. (Sr. M. Josephine). Masecar, Florence M. Matthews, Laurabelle M. Matthews, Lorne H. Matthews, Rosa I. Maxwell, Jean I. May, Lottie. Maybee, Lena J. McAlister, Bernice I. J. McArthur, Hugh F. McAuley, Rebecca D. McAuliffe, John.
McBean, Catherine.
McBrady, M. Josephine.
McBride, Cora E.
McCabe, Gertrude (Sr. M. Kathleen). McCabe, Janet C. McCabe, Thomas J. McCallum, Barbara. McCann, Catherine (Sr. M. St. James). McCann, Mary V. (Sr. M. Chrysostom). McCarthy, Lavena.
McCleary, Violet M. J.
McClellan, Lillian.
McClure, Mabel R.
McColl, Beatrice. McCollum, Mabel V. McConnell, Kathleen B. McCrea, Minnie. McCullough, Ethel.
McDonald, Caroline E.
McDonald, Clarence J.
McDonald, Emma I. McDonald, Flora. McDonald, Gladys A. McDonald, Margaret M. McDonald, Norman A. McEachern, Donalda. McElhone, Lucille M.

McFarlane, Dora B. McFarlen, Helen R. McGaw, Dorothy M. McGown, Gladys A. McGrath, Florence. McGregor, Jean R. McGuire, Bridget C. McHaney, Mildred M. McIntosh, Grace E. McIntosh, Leone D. McIntyre, Josephine. McIver, Murdoch. McKague, Nellie M. McKay, Agnes M. McKay, Elva M. McKay, Florence E. McKay, Gladys E. McKay, Margaret A. McKay, Margaret M. McKay, Marguerite A. McKechnie, Janet A. McKee, Eleanor E. McKee, Evelyn J. McKellar, Mary. McKenzie, Margaret J. McKeown, Mary H. McKever, Margaret R. L. McKibbon, Hope. McKim, Helen E. McKnight, Bertha. McLachlan, Jean. McLaren, Janet E. McLarty, Maggie. McLaughlin, Barbara I. McLean, Anne E. McLean, John A. McLeish, Jean E. McLeish, John A. McLellan, Bessie V. McLeod, Hattie B. McLeod, Jean. McLeod, Viola V. McMillan, Jessie M. McMorran, Madeleine. McMullen, Hazel M. McNamara, Agnes M. McNamara, Annie C. McNaughton, Mary C McNaughton, Mary M. McNeilly, Annie E. McNevan, May B. McPherson, Margaret I. McPherson, Mary V. McQuillin, Clara W. McRae, Mary A. McRobert, Eva L. McShane, William J. McTear, Frances H. McTeigue, Clothilde J. Meagher, Marie G. Meeker, Blanche C. Meldrum, Elma L. Menzies, Margaret C Michener, Elizabeth N. Mick, Evelyn J. U. Miller, Arline.
Miller, Irene.
Mills, Mrs. Marion M. Miner, Ethel D. Misener, Marjorie B.

Misener, Myrtle E. Mitchell, Audrey I. Mitchell, Gladys E. Moher, Eleanor M. Monsinger, Merle D. Montgomery, Laura M. Moon, Alice I. C. Mooney, Dora M. Moore, Alice I. Moore, Edna B. Moore, Florence E. Moore, Jennie. Moore, Minnie I. Moore, Orpha C. Moran, Margaret A. Morgan, Gladys J. Morris, Gordon F. Moss, Reva I. Mossey, Leila M. Mulvihill, Margaret. Muma, Margaret K. Munro, Alma. Munro, Elizabeth P. Munro, Isobel H.
Munro, Katharane.
Murchison, Murdoch.
Murphy, Mrs. Mary E.
Murphy, William H.
Murray, Florence A. Murray, Janet C. Murray, Marion A. Murtha, Teresa V. Nash, Hazel L. Neal, Hazel M. Neilson, Ella J. Nesbitt, Annie A. Nichol, Gwendolyne M. Nichol, Martha I. Nicholls, Gladis C Nicholson, Muriel S. Nixon, Clifford J. Nixon, Kathleen E. Nixon, Mary G. Nodwell, Gladys. Nodwell, John W. Nokes, Eva R. Norris, Velma M. Noonan, Anne F. Nyros, Ruth S. O'Connor, Elizabeth M. O'Hara, Kathleen G. O'Neil, Stella M. Orchard, William F O'Reilly, Irene (Sr. M. Dominica). O'Reilly, Mary F. A. Orr, Thomas E. Oswald, Fannie. Owen, Helen M. Owens, Edith V. Owens, Thelma A. Pace, Stella I. Parent, Marie (Sr. M. Calvary). Parker, Lucy C. Parnell, Leda S. Parr, Mona M. Parslaw, Elda A. Passmore, Lola M.

Patterson, Helen M. Patterson, Raymond A. Paul, Gladys C. Payne, Bertha P. Pearen, Wilbur N. Perkins, Gladys V. Perrie, Dorothy B. Perry, Amy M. Perry, Grace L. Perry, Muriel A. Perry, Muriel A.
Phillips, Nina.
Phipps, Marguerite L.
Pierson, Leuta J.
Pittman, Marion S.
Player, Winnifred A.
Pogson, Leila M.
Porterfield, Margaret M.
Postle, Rowena E. Postle, Rowena E. Powell, Johanna (Sr. Mary Norbert) Powell, Pauline L. J. Pratt, Mrs. Annie G. Preston, Dorothea P. Preston, Hertha C. Price, Emma V.
Pyne, Lucy E.
Quinlan, Theresa.
Quirt, Ethel M.
Rae, Mary G. Raftis, Anna M. Railton, Faith V. Railton, Nina M. T. Ralph, Mary L. Ramer, Mabel B. Ramsay, Gladys E. Rankin, Irene M. Ranton, Annie M. Redmond, Olive E. Reid, Myra M. M. Reid, Pearl. Reilly, Mary L. Rellis, Zita. Rentner, Edna M. Reynolds, Mary E. M. Rice, Christine E. Rice, Jessie L. Richardson, Gertrude P. Riddell, Bessie A. Rivington, Frances S. E. Robb, Olive C. Roberton, Belle M. Robertson, Beatrice O. Robins, Mabel B. Robinson, Bessie V. Robinson, Clara E. Robinson, Edithe F Robinson, Gertrude T. Robinson, James Robinson, James Robson, Ivy M. Robbard, Ernest J. Rogers, E. Bell. Rogers, Shirley H. Rogers, Thomasina Root, Margaret. Ross, Ellen A. Ross, Etta L. Ross, Georgina. Ross, Grace G. Ross, Helen M. Ross, Lillian M.

Ross, Mary E. Rouse, Basil E. Rouse, Ida. Rouse, Labelle E. Rowe, Robert J. Rowland, Thomas W. Royce, Laura M. Rudolph, Beulah J. Rushbrook, Gladys N. Russell, Mabel V Rutherford, Edith L. Rutherford, Margaret W. Rutherford, Maud E. Ruthven, Beulah A. Rutledge, Emily M. Sadler, Katharine I. Sandiland, Marjorie. Saunders, Vera E. Sayer, Ethel L. Scarlett, Marion T. Schatz, Elgin L. Schneller, Edna A. Scilly, Winnifred. Scollard, Bernice R Scott, Mrs. Alice M. Scott, Annie I. Scott, Bessie J. Scott, May M. Scratch, Rosie. Seim, Milton. Seltzer, Jacob A. Sergeant, Sara A. Sharp, Florence M. Sharp, Margaret A. Sharpe, Emma. Sharpe, Ida M. Shaughnessy, Irene C. Shaver, Blanche V. Shaver, Edith J. Shaver, Stanley M. Shaw, Cora L. Shaw, Maggie W. Shea, Annie L. (Sr. M. Eleanor) Sheard, Margaret. Sheard, Margaret.
Shepherd, Edith M.
Sheppard, Viola M.
Shewfelt, Gordon A.
Shirley, Georgie M.
Sifton, Atta Wrighta
Simons, Mrs. Isabella A.
Sinclair, Edith A.
Sisler Emma M. Sisler, Emma M. Skinner, Etta V. Slaght, B. Elizabeth Smith, Alexandria M. Smith, Edward H. Smith, Mrs. Ida A. Smith, Joseph H. Smith, Vera M. Smith, Winnie I. Smeath, Frederick S. Snider, Elizabeth M. Somerville, Mildred I. Sonley, Pearle M. Sparrow, Janet H. Speirs, Agnes M. Spencer, Alma B. Sprague, Hazel M. Squire, Florence S. M.

Stacey, Emma M. Stacey, Ethel G. Stanley, Lucretia M. Stark, Keitha M. Stark, Roberta E. Staunton, Florence E. E. Steels, Irene L. Stephenson, Mrs. Myrtle L. Stevens, Catherine E. Stewart, Alice E. Stewart, Catherine W. Stewart, Thomas M. Stewart, Violet. Stiles, Florence H. Stock, Monica (Sr. M. Estelle) Stockfish, Kathleen M. Stone, Archena Etta Stothers, Jessie A.
Strachan, Marie.
Strange, Mary V.
Stricker, Winnifred M.
Stroeder, Teresa A. (Sr. M. Ernesta) Straud, Mildred H. (Sr. M. Constance) Styles, Hugh J. Sullivan, Agnes M. Sullivan, Hazel A. Sweetnam, Aileen J. Tanner, Wallace R. Tarr, Mary O. Taylor, Eliza F. Taylor, Mary A. Telford, Alice. Templeman, Gladys L. Terry, Olive G Thomas, Muriel S Tompkins, Isabelle R. Thompson, Hazel E. Thompson, Isabel L. Thompson, Lois E. M. Thompson, Rhoda L. G. Thompson, Ruth
Thompson, Walter E.
Thompson, William C. G.
Thompson, William E. Thumb, Dellmarion B.
Tilson, Dorothy E.
Todd, Erie I. Tolton, Alice A. Topliffe, Gladys M. Towe, Ida B. Townsend, Agnes V.
Trist, Emily A.
Trotter, Wilhelmine H.
Trusler, John W.
Turner, Evelyn J. Turner, Olive E. Turvey, Zelma M. Tyndale, Sarah F. Unger, Henry C. Upper, Sadie I. Vanderwater, Edna H. Vaughan, Mary A. F. Veale, Maude G. Viccars, Elsie. Vickers, Elizabeth. Vickery, Charlotte G. Waddell, Isabella M. S.

Waldron, William E.
Wales, Mary E.
Walker, Flora A.
Walker, Laura M.
Walker, Norma R.
Wallace, Luella K.
Wallace, Muriel C.
Wallington, Hazel A.
Walsh, Cecilia.
Walsh, Julia J.
Walton, Irene M.
Walton, Mary O.
Wardrope, Dorothy.
Watters, Hilda M.
Watters, Hilda M.
Watters, Ruby A.
Weatherhead, Ida A.
Weatherston, Margaret M.
Webb, Mary E.
Weber, Clasben E.
Webster, Kathleen M.
Wedden, Norma.
Weir, Inez M.
Weld, Marjorie.
Wells, Blanche M.
Wert, Helen M.

West, Helen M.
West, Laura M.
Weston, Dorothy P.
Whalen, Carmel T.
Wheatley, Eva B.
White, Elva E.
White, Hazel D.
White, Maimie E.
Whitehead, Weston J.
Whiteman, Louise M.
Whitmell, Myrtle.
Wice, Verna I.
Wilkie, Andrew T.
Willars, Dorothy H. M.
Williams, Edith M.
Williams, Ethel G.
Williams, Ethel G.
Williams, Ruby.
Willson, Evelyn R. S.
Wilkinson, Evelyn G.
Wilkinson, Mary.
Wilson, Minnie E. E.
Winhold, Laura A.
Winter, Leah M.
Winter, Lillian M.

Wither, Mary R.
Woods, Margaret
Woods, Mrs. Maude.
Woods, Nesbitt.
Wraight, Ellen R.
Wray, Effie G.
Wright, Edith.
Wright, Isabella G.
Wright, Jean H. R.
Wright, Jennie M.
Wright, Margaret M.
Wright, Muriel C.
Yeadell, Olive V.
Yeo, Helena M.
Young, Basil O.
Young, Ethel B.
Young, Gertrude I.
Young, Hazel E.
Young, Janet A.
Young, Violet.
Yourex, Rhoda A.
Zettel, Genevieve.

VIII. Permanent Kindergarten-Primary Certificates

Baessler, Susan (Sr. M. Brigida)
Beacom, Cela.
Blair, Mabel B.
Bole, Mary E. M.
Broughton, Mabelle P.
Bryans, Agnes E.
Chamberlain, Mary A. V.
Finlayson, Mamie E.
Glover, Geraldine R.
Gott, Irene F.
Groves, Marjorie A.
Jackson, Vera M.

Kendrick, Helen.
Lyon, Maude.
MacArthur, Catharine E.
MacBeath, Margaret J.
Marlow, Olive S. R.
McCaffery, Clare M.
McCordic, Ethel M.
McDonald, Amy C.
McMullen, Muriel T.
Miller, Edith M.
Muter, Marie E.
Olver, Louise V.

Ovens, Lilian E.
Patton, Blossom.
Pritchard, Mildred E.
Robb, Gladys E.
Ross, Doris E.
Rudd, Lena M.
Scott, Alice M.
Stewart, Hazel M.
Tucker, Olive H.
Wade, Ruth A.
Watson, Annie P.
Windsor, Nellie M.

IX. Kindergarten Directors' Certificates

Barrett, Frances L.
Bender, Lorene V.
Clow, Marion L.
Cranston, Agnes M.
Ferguson, Annie E.
Fleming, Frances.
Flynn, Loretto.
Fotheringham, Mary E.

Grainger, Elsie M.
Hay, Florence J.
Hyndman, Jean.
Irwin, Margaret L.
Ketcheson, Elizabeth V.
Knapton, Rosalind.
Laur, Vivian E.
Moore, Laura A.

Robb, Marion A.
Rutledge, Alberta H.
Smith, Elsie M.
Snyder, Viola.
Tucker, Nora M.
Vose, Edna B.
Wells, Janet M.
White, Jessie E.

X. Manual Training Certificates

Permanent Ordinary

Currie, William F. Gillespie, Raymond M. Hetherington, Joseph.

Paton, William D. Robertson, J. Ernest.

Permanent Specialist

Carpenter, Theodore T. Degroat, Charles M.

XI. Household Science Certificates

Permanent Ordinary

Abernethy, Velma M.
Alexander, Harriet A.
Beddie, Beatrice.
Curry, Edna W.
Hay, Mabel E.
Hayward, Mary M.
Hilton, Constance E.
Hutchison, Mary.
Lehman, Velma V.
McEwen, Mary G.
McLean, Mrs. Mary E. E.

Olds, Bertha F.
Robb, Mary.
Thomas, Eveline.
Troy, Gertrude (Sr. M.
Leona)
Trynor, Mrs. Pearl.

XII. Professional Certificates

	No. of Candidates	Extramural Students	High School Permanent Certificates	High School Interim Certificates	Permanent Provincial First Class Certificates	Interim First Class Certificates	Permanent Second Class Certificates	Interim Second Class Certificates	Limited Third Class Certificates valid for five years	District Certificates valid for one or two years	Extended District Certificates (Academic Course)	Total number of Certificates
College of Education	153	31		157		30						187
Normal Schools	1455	155				153		1248	118			1519
Autumn Model Schools.	65	27							90			90
English-French Model Schools	80	10							87	2		89
Summer Model Schools.	517								*190	124	178	492
Interim Certificates made permanent			209		202		1030					1441
Total number of newly certificated teachers	• • • •			157		183		1248	485	126		21 9 9

*These previously held District Certificates.

HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE

Number of Interim Ordinary Certificates. Number of Interim Specialist Certificates. Number of Permanent Ordinary Certificates. Number of Permanent Specialist Certificates.	12 12 17 6
Manual Training	
Number of Interim Ordinary Certificates. Number of Interim Specialist Certificates. Number of Permanent Ordinary Certificates. Number of Permanent Specialist Certificates.	1 6 6 2
Kindergarten Certificates	
Number of Interim Kindergarten-Primary Certificates. Number of Permanent Kindergarten-Primary Certificates. Number of Kindergarten Directors' Certificates.	30 39 25
Art and Physical Culture Certificates (College of Education)	
Number of Interim Elementary Physical Culture Certificates	72 24

SUMMER SCHOOL CERTIFICATES

Elementary Agriculture and Horticulture (Interim)	270	Specialists in Commercial Subjects (Interim)	1
Intermediate Agriculture and Horticul-		Elementary Household Science (Interim)	62
ture (Interim)		Kindergarten-Primary (Interim)	
Intermediate Agriculture and Horticul-		Elementary Vocal Music (Interim)	106
ture (Permanent)	1	Supervisors of Vocal Music (Interim)	
Elementary Art (Interim)	142	Elementary Physical Culture (Interim).	
Supervisors of Art (Interim)	46	Supervisors of Physical Culture	
Specialists in Art (Interim)	14	(Interim)	85
Auxiliary Classes (Interim)		Specialists in Physical Culture (Interim)	
Elementary Commercial Subjects (In-		Elementary Manual Training (Interim).	
terim)	5	3 ()	

Note.—In addition to the above, twenty-eight Interim Certificates in Elementary Physical Culture, fifteen Certificates in Agriculture and Horticulture, two Certificates in Sewing and one in Vocal Music were granted, on pro tanto standing.

XIII. Temporary Certificates issued in 1922

Inspectorates	Number during 1st half year	Number during 2nd half year	Inspectorates	Number during 1st half year	Number during 2nd half year
Bruce E Carleton E Carleton W. and Lanark E. Dundas. Elgin, E. Essex, S. Frontenac N., and	2 2 4 1 1	2	Simcoe N. Simcoe S. Victoria W. Waterloo, No. 2. Welland S. Wellington S. York No. 3.	3 3 2 1 1	3 1
Addington Frontenac S. Glengarry Grey E. Grey S. Halton and Wentworth, in part Hamilton Hastings C. Hastings N. Hastings S.	13 3 1 3 1 1 1	21 10 2 1 2 1 4	District Divisions: No. I	3 8 2 3 1 4 9 7 5 1 1	6 2 3 7 1 1 6 6 6 2 3 1
Lambton No. 1	2	2	No. XII No. XIII English - French Divisions:	9 22	12
Leeds and Grenville, No. 3. Lennox. Lincoln. Norfolk. Ontario N.	7 2 2 1	2 2	No. IA	1 11 3 27	2 6
Oxford S Peterborough E Peterborough W., and Victoria E Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew N	1 10 2 15 1 3	22	Divisions:	1 4 13 1 13	3 21 47 1 58
Renfrew S	i	i	Totals	264	275

APPENDIX V

ORDERS-IN-COUNCIL

Miss Mary Dalrymple appointed Assistant Matron at the Northern Academy, Monteith. Approved 25th January, 1922.

Miss Ellen K. Ballard appointed Librarian, North Bay Normal School. Approved 3rd February.

Circular No. 50, "Departmental Examinations, June, 1922." Approved 23rd February.

Amended Regulations for the distribution of Legislative Grants to High Schools and Collegiate Institutes. Approved 23rd February.

Amended Regulations affecting the qualifications of Inspectors in the Northern Districts. Approved 28th February.

Neil McDougall, B.A., appointed General Inspector of Public Schools. Approved 1st March.

Charles Maddock appointed Labourer at the Toronto Normal School, to take effect from 1st November, 1921. Approved 3rd March.

Circular No. 71, in reference to schedule of fees and allowances in connection with the examinations. Approved 17th March.

Circular No. 57, "Junior High School Entrance Examination, 1922." Approved 27th March.

Circular No. 87, "Junior Public School Graduation Diploma Examination, 1922." Approved 28th March.

Instructions No. 5, "Annual Departmental and Matriculation Examinations, 1922." Approved 11th April.

Circular, "Part Time Courses to be established in accordance with the provisions of The Adolescent School Attendance Act." Approved 24th April.

Regulation in reference to the holding of nominations and elections pursuant to Section 20 (g) of the Consolidated Schools Act. Approved 28th April.

Instructions Nos. 12 and 13 in reference to the apportionment of Legislative Grants to the Public and Separate Schools in the Counties and in the Districts respectively. Approved 28th April.

Circular dated 17th February, 1922, affecting Continuation Schools. Approved 1st May.

Circular No. 35, "General Announcement of Summer Courses, 1922." Approved 5th May.

Regulations for the admission of teachers to the course leading to certificates as Specialists in Agriculture. Approved 25th May.

Circular No. 13, 1919, amended so as to allow grants to schools in the Districts and the poorer parts of certain Counties with Third Class teachers on the same basis as schools with Second Class teachers. Approved 29th May.

Regulations in reference to a Consolidated School Board entering into an agreement with an adjacent School Section for incorporation into the Consolidated School. Approved 8th June.

Wm. H. Williams appointed Watchman at The School for the Blind. Approved 8th June.

"Regulations and Courses for the Summer Model Schools, 1922," and "Special List of Schools in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 1 (1) (b) and 1 (4) of Circular No. $30\frac{1}{2}$." Approved 28th June.

Miss Maude Schaffner appointed Matron and Dietitian at the Northern Academy, Monteith. Approved 29th June.

"Text Book Regulations for Public, Separate, Continuation and High Schools and Collegiate Institutes." Approved 29th June.

"Regulations, Courses of Study and Examinations of the Normal Schools of Ontario for First Class Certificates, Session 1922-23." Approved 29th June.

"Regulations, Courses of Study and Examinations of the Normal Schools for Second Class and Kindergarten-Primary Certificates, 1922-23." Approved 29th June.

Courses of the University of Toronto for the Ontario College of Education as contained in the calendar, 1922-23. Approved 4th July.

Consolidated School Regulations amended. Approved 4th July.

Lyman B. Jackes appointed as a Special Lecturer in the Department of Visual Instruction, Department of Education. Approved 4th July.

Miss Estella M. Gillham and Miss Lois G. Black appointed Teachers at the Northern Academy, Monteith. Approved 6th July.

Miss Clara Bernice Blakely appointed Teacher at the School for the Deaf. Approved 13th July.

Misses Verne J. Smith, Clara M. Russell, Tillie E. White and Susie M. Carroll appointed Teachers at the School for the Deaf. Approved 13th July.

General Regulations for Teachers' Institutes as contained in the Amendments to the Regulations in Circular No. 34 of 1918, amended by adding thereto Section $3\frac{1}{2}$, making provision for an additional Teachers' Institute of one-day's session for English-French teachers. Approved 13th July.

Miss Elizabeth R. Cringan appointed Assistant Kindergarten Teacher, Toronto Normal Model School. Approved 18th July.

Regulations and Courses for the English-French Model Schools, 1922-23. Approved 18th July.

Peter P. Harrison appointed Fireman at the Toronto Normal School. Approved 19th July.

Regulations, Courses of Study and Examinations of the Autumn Model Schools, 1922. Approved 20th July.

Dr. S. J. Keyes appointed Principal of the Ottawa Normal School. Approved 25th July.

W. Prendergast, B.A., B.Paed., appointed Principal of the London Normal School. Approved 25th July.

Miss Katherine Bawden appointed Clerk-Stenographer at the School for the Deaf. Approved 8th August.

The following persons appointed as Teachers at the School for the Deaf: Misses Bertha Sunter, Viola Handley, Beatrice Rierdon, Harriet Stirk, Lena Carroll, Ethel Nurse, Hilda Dutton, V. Gladys Bradley, Emily Haugh, Nina Brown, Erma Panter, Fanny Curry; Messrs. Edward Lally and Karl Van Allen. Approved 8th August.

Circular No. 58, "Regulations regarding the Literature in connection with the Examinations." Approved 18th August.

Lewis A. Marlin, M.A., appointed Inspector of Public Schools in the Districts. Approved 18th August.

Adam McLeod appointed Assistant Master at the Toronto Normal School. Approved 18th August.

Miss Margaret Clifford appointed Teacher at the Ottawa Normal School. Approved 22nd August.

Miss Kate McCubbin appointed Librarian and Secretary at the North Bay Normal School. Approved 24th August.

Miss Dorothy Thompson, B.A., appointed Professional Librarian in the Department of Education. Approved 29th August.

John B. Gatenby appointed as Instructor in Music at North Bay Normal School. Approved 31st August.

Miss Marjorie G. Frost appointed Teacher at the School for the Deaf. Approved 5th September.

Miss Mary A. Coffey appointed Teacher at the School for the Deaf. Approved 5th September.

John H. Davidson appointed Mathematical Master at the Hamilton Normal School. Approved 5th Sept.

Miss Mary F. Uren appointed in a part-time capacity as Instructor of Physical Culture at the Toronto Normal Model School, Approved 8th September.

Arthur Archibald appointed Teacher of Agriculture and General Subjects at the Northern Academy, Monteith. Approved 7th September.

Lemen Robert Halnan appointed Master at the Stratford Normal School. Approved 12th September,

George R. Smith, appointed Master at the Ottawa Normal School. Approved 12th September.

Ernest H. Price appointed in a part-time capacity as Instructor in Physical Training at the Toronto Normal School. Approved 15th September.

"Courses of Study and Examinations of the High Schools, Collegiate Institutes and Continuation Schools, 1922." Approved 3rd October.

Wm. James O'Brien appointed Master at the London Normal School. Approved 11th October.

Agreement with The Macmillan Company of Canada, Limited, respecting the right to print, publish and supply "The Ontario High School History of England," for use in the schools of Ontario. Approved 12th October.

Agreement with The Ryerson Press, Limited, Toronto, respecting the right to print, publish and supply "The Ontario High School History of Canada," for use in the schools of Ontario. Approved 12th October.

Miss Grace I. Carruthers appointed Secretary at the Hamilton Normal School. Approved 18th October.

Regulations governing the distributions of Grants to Public and Separate Schools as embodied in Instructions 12, modified to authorize the payment to the Accountant of the Supreme Court of Ontario, pending a decision as to the proper method of distribution, the surplus grants to Separate Schools not absorbed by the above-mentioned Regulations. Approved 19th October.

Miss L. Helen De Laporte appointed Assistant to the Inspector of Auxiliary Classes. Approved 25th October.

Miss Helen Denison appointed Senior Clerk-Stenographer, Department of Education. Approved 25th October.

Circular No. 110, "Announcement re Carter Scholarships." Approved 31st October.

Harry Pollock appointed Fireman at the School for the Blind. Approved 31st October.

Clarence E. Mark appointed Master at the Toronto Normal School. Approved 7th November.

Circular No. 39, "The Courses in History, Geography, Grammar and Arithmetic for the Junior High School Entrance Examination, Revised 1922." Approved 7th November.

Henry M. Leppard appointed Headmaster, Ottawa Normal Model School. Approved 16th November.

Examination Circular No. 144, in reference to the Carter Scholarships. Approved 16th November.

Joseph Racine appointed Caretaker and Fireman at the English-French Training School, Sturgeon Falls. Approved 16th November.

Angus McKenzie appointed Farm Hand, School for the Deaf. Approved 29th November.

Circular No. 33, re Public School Courses of Study and Examination Requirements in Form V. Approved 29th November.

Elwood Oakes, appointed Teacher, Ottawa Normal Model School. Approved 12th December.

Wm. Jas. Neale appointed Headmaster, Ottawa Normal Model School. Approved 18th December.

Miss Grace Morgan appointed Teacher, North Bay Normal School. Approved 28th December.

APPENDIX W

MODEL SCHOOLS

I. Autumn Model Schools, 1922

School School	Principal	Attendance Total Male Femal				Limited Third Class Certificates
KingstonOrillia	G. R. Theobald	18 21 11 15	0 0 4 1	18 21 7 14	2 ' 11 '9 5	20 32 20 18
Totals		65	5	60	27	90

II. Summer Model Schools, 1922

School	Principal	А	ttendand	ce	Extra-	Limited Third Class	District Certificates
	Ŷ	Male	Female	Total	mural	Certificates	for One Year
Gore Bay Madoc Ottawa Port Arthur Sharbot Lake Sturgeon Falls.	E. E. Ingall C. D. Bouck W. T. Baker C. H. Edwards J. H. W. McRoberts W. F. Inman J. M. Kaine John Hartley	11 8 1 4 4 3	125 61 52 39 35 87 53 13	146 72 60 40 39 91 56 13	1 1 5	28 17 17 9 48 8 4	113 53 60 17 31 48 38 8
Totals		52	465	517	7	131	368

APPENDIX Y

ONTARIO SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

To The Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith the fifty-first Annual Report of the Ontario School for the Blind, Brantford, for the year ended 31st October, 1922.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

W. B. RACE,
Superintendent.

Brantford, December, 1922.

The Attendance

In presenting the fifty-first Annual Report of the Ontario School for the Blind, I beg to report the average attendance for the session which ended June, 1922, as 130, and an increase in the total registration for the school session commencing September 27th, 1922, from 119 to 141. The registration of pupils for the twelve months of the official year from October 31st, 1921, to October 31st, 1922, was 155, just nine more than in the preceding year.

Of the fourteen pupils who did not return at the school opening in September, five had completed their courses, four were considered to have good enough vision to enable them to resume their education in a public school, two remained out to take special treatment for their eyes, one entered the school for the blind recently opened in Vancouver, one died, and the other was kept at home on

account of ill-health.

Of the thirty-seven pupils entering for the first time the average age is about eleven years, which can be explained partly from the fact that in several instances the defective eyesight was not pronounced enough at an earlier age, having been caused by accident or being of a progressive nature, or from the natural reluctance of parents to let their children leave home until their lack of education makes them show to a disadvantage when compared with seeing children of the same age.

The Staff

We have been very fortunate this year in that no changes in the staff were found necessary. The frequent changing of teachers in a school for the blind

is a much more serious matter than in schools for the seeing, as it is impossible to secure teachers who are experienced in the special work of teaching the blind. The importance of retaining our experienced teachers cannot be stressed too much. The work of teaching is the more complicated at the present time owing to the necessity of using the two systems of dot reading during the transition period from New York Point to the Revised Braille, which has been adopted as the standard system. A change in the teaching staff would have the effect of retarding the progress of the classes until the new teachers became more or less conversant with the two systems.

Teachers in a school for the blind must have special qualifications in addition to the academic ones insisted on by the Department of Education. They must be tactful, sympathetic, patient and adaptable to an unusual degree. The sensitive natures of blind children make them shrink from evidences of harshness and respond readily to kindness, as revealed in gentleness of speech, a sympathetic tone of voice, and a general forbearance with the physical embarrassment of their pupils.

New Pupils at the Opening of the School, September 27th, 1922

Name	Address	Name	Address
Anderson, Arthur	Bawlf, Alta.	Loewen, Johann	Winkler, Man.
Chimiliar, Paul		McDonald, Elizabeth	. Moffat, Ont.
Cochrane, Ballantyne	eWinnipeg, Man.	Matthews, Frona	. Delisle, Sask.
Cox, George	Spirit River, Man.	Meier, Margaret	. Davidson, Sask.
Fairlie, Ruth	South End, Ont.	Offord, William	. Midland, Ont.
Fine, Sarah	Toronto, Ont.	Orbell, Lawrence	. Prince Albert, Sask.
Gallagher, Hubert	Winnipeg, Man.	Picket, Cornelius	Hodgeville, Sask.
Geer, Floyd	Islay, Sask.	Purvis, Winnifred	.Portagela Prairie, Man.
Ghan, Sherman	Winnipeg, Man.	Semple, Ruth	Weyburn, Sask.
Harris, Hilliard (re-a	ad-	Sinclair, Edna	. Belleville, Ont.
mitted)	Winnipeg, Man.	Sorenson, Walter	.Edmonton, Alta.
Jefferson, Robert	St. Catharines, Ont.	Vance, Earl R	.St. Mary's, Ont.
Kuzyk, John	Pine River, Man.	Wolfe, Roy E	.Port Whitby, Ont.
Lauer, John	Regina, Sask.		

Pupils Registered in Session, 1921-22

Pupils Registered in Session, 1921-22			
Name	Address	Name	Address
Barnstable, David	. Brantford, Ont.	Grausdin, John	.Lettonia, Man.
Barrett, Wilson			.Glandford Stat'n, Ont.
Baxter, Harold		Hackett, John	
Beecham, Leslie		Harris, Robert	
Bellew, Clarence		Hartfield, Adolf	.Lang, Sask.
Bettridge, Edward		Hill, Archie	. North Bay, Ont.
Bielek, Waldemar	. Cochrane, Ont.	Hill, Norman	
Braden, Milton	Calabogie, Ont.	Inglis, David	
Campbell, Charles	Toronto, Ont.	Jarrold, George	. Beaverlodge, Alta.
Carlson, Arthur	Victoria Harbour, Ont.	Jeffrey, Gordon	. Beachburg, Ont.
Carscallen, Archie		Kellar, Nicolay	. Hyas, Sask.
Clarke, Allan		Konopski, Albin	
	Kirkland Lake, Ont.	Leftley, Frank	
Craig, Leslie		Lott, Ernest	
Duffett, Jas		Lyon, Ross	
Duggan, Basil		McCormick, George	
Edmondson, Stanley.		McDonald, James	
Elmes, Alfred		McLaren, Fred	
Evans, Stanley		McLennan, John	
Ferens, Andrew		McSherry, Henry	
French, Clayton		Macbeth, Stanley	
Gallo, Domenico		Martin, Joseph	
Gemmell, Alex		Miscampbell, Lester	
Gilby, Norman		Mollard, Robert	
Gliddon, John		Montgomery, Horace.	
Greene, Edward	Dunnville, Ont.	More, Angus	. Seaforth, Ont.

Pupils Registered in Session 1921-22 (Continued)

			/
Name	Address	Name	Address
Morrison, Alex	.Calgary, Alta.	Dawson, Christina	Toronto Ont
Morrow, Alvin	.Pilot Mound, Ont.	DeCarlonis, Aida	Peterboro' Ont
Mulholland, Thomas	.Toronto, Ont.	Dell, Pearl	Edmonton Alta
Nason, Irvine	Port Arthur Ont	Duciaume, Francina	
Niece, Robert		Dupuis, Agnes	
O'Brien, Philip	Cohourg Ont	Edwards, Mary	
O'Brien, William	Peterboro' Ont		
Pachkowski, Mike		Folis, Rose	
Parfitt, Allan	Toronto Ont	Fox, Marjorie	Georgetown, Ont.
Patrick, George		Fuson, Dora	
Pease, Gordon		Gascoigne, Marjorie	
		Grey, Muriel	
Petrie, Aloysius		Gill, Grace	
Philpott, Ernest		Grills, Iva	
Philpott, Fred		Hughes, Norma	
Philpott, John		Hutson, Amy	
Powell, James		Iverson, Selma	
Richards, Laurie		Joyce, Patricia	
Scherger, Christian		Krauser, Rose	. Winnipeg, Man.
Shaw, Thomas		Mellick, Verna	
Stoddart, Ernest		Mishnishcodare, Eliz	
Sydor, Mike		Philpott, Emily	.Brockville, Ont.
Troughton, Robert	.Arthur, Ont.	Reddick, Jessie	. Toronto, Ont.
Tuttle, Russell	. Toronto, Ont.	Regimbal, May	Norwood Grove, Man.
Vallery, Sandy	. Munson, Alta.	Richea, Phyllis	London, Ont.
Warren, George	. Prince Albert, Ont.	Sadeski, Mary	
White, William	. Thorold, Ont.	Sells, Kathryn	
Young, Kenneth	. Binbrook, Ont.	Simpson, Meryle	
3/	,	Smith, Audrey	
Bews, Anna	. Bridgeburg, Ont.	Smith, Bernice	
Bickerton, Gladys		Smith, Effie	
Bissett, Margaret		Stevens, Myrtle	
Brown, Grace		Taylor, Mabel	
Carpenter, Marjorie		Tennyson, Evelyn	
Casey, Muriel		Vickers, Alice	
Clark, Jessie	North Bay Ont	Waswanipi, Mary	
Clark, Lillian	Toronto Ont	Welsh, Verna	
Crawford, Gwendolyn.		Wood, Bernice	
Crawley, Daisy		Wood, Doris	
Dalton, Mary		Zeller, Lydia	
Daiton, Maly	. Hallinton, Ont.	Zener, Lydia	. Wicivine, bask.

Presentation of Chiming Clock

To commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the school in May, 1872, a number of ex-pupils presented a beautiful chiming clock, which was received by the Superintendent on behalf of the Minister of Education at the June concert. The clock is of beautiful design and has three distinct chimes, Whittington, Westminster and St. Michael. It stands in a conspicuous place in the main hallway of the school and beside it is a bronze tablet on which are inscribed the words, "Presented to the Ontario School for the Blind, June, 1922, by former pupils, in commemoration of half a century of service to the blind." A framed scroll contains the names of the ex-pupils who contributed to the purchase of the clock, and it speaks well for the splendid spirit of devotion, loyalty, and gratitude to the school with which so many happy memories are associated.

Mr. S. C. Swift, M.A., in making the presentation on behalf of the expupils, referred in a happy vein to the jubilee occasion, indulged in reminiscences of his own life at the school, and touched upon the symbolism of the chimes in an eloquent address.

There were present at the presentation a large number of ex-pupils, some of whom were presented to the audience. They were greeted with enthusiastic applause in recognition of their services in behalf of the blind, and of their

loyalty and attachment to the school. Among these were, S. C. Swift, M.A., Librarian for the Blind, Toronto; Mr. Sandford Leppard, President of the Alumni Association; Mr. F. W. Johnson, Past President; Miss Elizabeth Nesbit, Walkerton, 1st Vice-President; Mr. Herbert Treneer, 2nd Vice-President; Mr. W. B. Donkin, Secretary-Treasurer, and Mr. Ira Knapp, of Windsor.

Changes in the Dormitories

Owing to the increased attendance it was found necessary to make provision for an extra bed in each room in the boys' dormitory, with additional cupboard and clothes closet accommodation. Three pupils have hitherto occupied each bedroom, each room containing three closets and a cupboard with three large and three small drawers. The additional space for the extra pupil has been provided by a partition of one of the clothes closets in each room, with a drawer built at the bottom. This does not affect the general appearance of the room and meets the difficulty in the best possible manner.

Improvement in Grounds

The cutting out of many trees has added to the appearance of the grounds in the immediate vicinity of the main buildings. The front has been laid out in attractive beds of flowers and foliage, the unsightly flag pole removed, and a curb built separating the plots from the roadway. A great improvement has been effected, too, on the farm, as the willows have been removed altogether, the stumps of old trees pulled out, and the ground used for a useful purpose. New fences have done much to improve the appearance of the farm for a comparatively small expenditure.

Privileges Enjoyed Outside the School

The pupils of the school feel grateful to the citizens of Brantford for the many evidences of their kindly interest in their welfare. Different musical organizations have from time to time, at considerable inconvenience to themselves, come to the school and put on programmes for the pupils. The Rotary Club provided a happy afternoon taking them all for a motor ride, a treat which they greatly appreciate and rarely enjoy. The University Extension Work carried on in the city has provided an opportunity for some of the older boys, who can thus enlarge their lives by taking the lectures given weekly throughout the winter. Occasionally an address is delivered in our own Assembly Hall, and the reception given by the pupils never fails to impress the visitors who come to speak to them.

Manual Training Department

The work in the Manual Training Department always attracts the attention of visitors to the school. The many articles of furniture, both in simple and more elaborate design, make an appeal to the eye. The piano lamps, writing desks, rockers, flower stands, newspaper racks, medicine chests, workbaskets and hall seats, all bear testimony to the value of the special training given in this department, which is under the management of a teacher who is himself totally blind.

One of the boys received first prize this year at the Toronto Exhibition for a dinner wagon made by him at the school. A visit from Jack Miner to the school resulted in the building of a beautiful bird house with twenty chambers, which the boys erected in a prominent place, not too far from the main building.

Successful Students

It is a pleasure to be able to report the success of two of our students. Miss Kathryn Sells, of London, was successful in obtaining her A.T.C.M. at the University of Toronto examinations in June. She with several other of our talented graduates have been meeting with much success in a series of concerts which they have been giving throughout Western Ontario.

Mr. Albert Lott, of Brussels, succeeded in obtaining his Bachelor of Arts degree at Queen's University, in April, and expects to enter upon his career in

the Methodist ministry.

Death of One of the Pupils

It rarely happens that a death occurs among the pupils during the school term, and I regret to have to record the death of George Warren, of Port Perry, who succumbed after a comparatively short illness in the Brantford General Hospital, to which he was taken when it was evident that his illness was of a serious nature. The pupils were deeply affected at the news, as George was a general favourite, and they paid a fitting tribute of respect to the memory of their school fellow.

June Concert

The June Concert was above the average this year, and the attendance surpassed all previous records. An interesting visitor was Mr. Thomas Marshall, M.P.P., Chairman of the Educational Committee of the Ontario Legislature. Mr. Marshall who was accompanied by a number of friends from Dunnville, gave a brief address, expressing his surprise and delight at the excellence of the entertainment.

The following programme was presented:

moning programme was presented.
1.—Piano Solo:—"La Fileuse"
2.—Children's Choir:—"Polly Oliver"Old English
3.—Playlet:—A Scene from the Life of Mozart:
(a) Living Room of his Parents' House;(b) Court of the Austrian Emperor.
4.—Piano Solo:—(a) May Night (b) Valse Mignon
5.—Songs:—(a) Wayfarer's Night Song Easthope Martin (b) A May Morning Denza GLADYS BICKERTON
6.—Organ:—Intermezzo in D FlatAlfred Hollins KATHRYN SELLS
Presentation of a Chiming Grandfather's Clock on behalf of the expupils of the SchoolS. C. Swift, M.A.
7.—Piano Quartet:—Polonaise
8.—Trio and Chorus:—"Three Little Maids from School" "Comes a Train of Little Ladies, from Scholastic Trammels free." (From Mikado)Sullivan LILLIAN CLARK, GLADYS BICKERTON, KATHRYN SELLS
LILLIAN CLARK, GLADIS DICKERION, IXAIIRIN OBBES

10.—Drill— LILLIAN CLARK

11.—Choir of Boy Sopranos:—"No John".....Old English

12.—Recitation:—"The Baby"

MARY EDWARDS

13.—Part Song (unaccompanied)—"O Hush Thee My Baby"—Sullivan
Senior Choir

Orchestral Accompaniment on Second Piano

In the Playground

A climbing apparatus known as the "Junglegym" was purchased and installed in the boys' playground this year to satisfy the blind child's instinct for climbing, and nothing ever designed for their pleasure has given our boys such satisfaction as this mechanism.

Junglegym contains 278 climbing bars, consisting of about a quarter of a mile of pipe of various diameters, and is 16 feet 8 inches long, 8 feet 4 inches wide, and 10 feet 6 inches high. It contains almost every known stationary piece of apparatus, such as horizontal ladders, vertical ladders, horizontal bars, parallel bars, slides, climbing poles,—a dozen pieces in one.

From its dimensions and design it can be imagined what a great variety of activities in the way of physical exercise it affords. As many as seventy children can occupy it at one time, and it is perfectly safe because the uprights and braces are set in concrete.

The Convention in Texas

The American Association of Instructors of the Blind met in Convention at the School for the Blind, Austin, Texas, and the session lasted from June 27th to 30th.

The reception and entertainment provided by the school officials left nothing to be desired, and the new school buildings are an evidence of the deep interest manifested by those interested in the cause of the blind in the State of Texas.

President VanCleve, of the New York School for the Blind, in an excellent address referred among other things to the two inventions which have been put forward touching the blind most nearly,—the radio-phone and the optophone, the one serving the world of all men, the latter seeking to serve the world of the sightless. To the blind, especially to him who lives remote from great centres, or is in any other sense shut in, the radio is proving a source of entertainment, information, enjoyment and profit. The optophone, if what is prophesied of it ever comes true, will be the most wonderful device as yet invented in the interests of the blind.

It is a machine for turning the black and white page into a sounding medium. It has been known for some time that selenium crystals have the power to make light waves audible and now the application of this knowledge is to be rendered serviceable. At Jersey City for ten months a patient effort to perfect the machine which utilizes the principle has been going forward. Some simplifications have been made in the instrument, the sounds given off by it are amplified so

as to make them more readily discernible, and now a blind woman reads from the novel of the day at the rate of twenty-five words a minute. And the optophone is of use only to the blind. It has no practical value to the sighted. What its future will be no one can foretell.

Date of School Opening

The term will re-open Wednesday, September 26th, of this year, 1923, and the attention of the parents is drawn to the fact that pupils should not be permitted to return to the school without an adequate supply of clothing. It is not to be expected that sturdy boys and girls can go through the school year from September till June with only one suit of clothes and one pair of boots.

The following list is intended to draw attention to the articles of clothing needed, and it is also urged that each article be plainly marked so that there

will be no danger of loss in the laundry.

Girls' List

All articles to be marked with name, and all to be in good condition.

5 Middies.

2 Skirts, dark and of good quality.

1 Sunday dress.

3 Undervests.

3 Pairs of drawers.

2 Dark petticoats.

1 Light petticoat.

3 Night dresses.3 Pairs of stockings.

1 Pair of rubbers.

2 Ferris waists.

2 Pairs of shoes.

1 Cap.

1 Pair of gloves for winter.

Comb and brush. Tooth brush. Kimona.

12 Handkerchiefs.

Slippers.

Extra shoe laces.

Boys' List

All articles to be marked with name, and all to be in good condition.

1 Suit for Sunday.

2 Extra pairs of pants.

1 Overcoat.

2 Light blouses (to be made with col-

lar and waist band).

2 Dark blouses.

3 Suits of underwear.

6 Pairs of stockings or socks.

2 Pairs of boots.

1 Pair of rubbers.

2 Night shirts.

2 Sweater coats.

Suspenders.

1 Pair of mittens.

Neckties.

12 Handkerchiefs.

1 Comb and brush.

1 Tooth brush.

2 Caps.

2 Wash cloths.

Extra shoe laces.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT

TO THE HON. R. H. GRANT, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—I beg to forward my report as physician to the Ontario School for

the Blind for the year ending October 31st, 1922.

In November, 1921, there was an epidemic of tonsilitis, which lasted some weeks. Thirty pupils in all were confined to bed for a number of days each. Chickenpox broke out in January, twenty-two pupils were confined to hospital, before the disease was ultimately eliminated. In March a male pupil was taken down with a very malignant attack of chorea. Owing to the school hospital being overcrowded, he was taken to the General Hospital where he died in a few days. In April a male pupil developed pneumonia and ultimately made a good recovery.

In addition to the diseases here mentioned, there are the numerous minor ailments that are being duly taken care of by Miss Wright, in her usual sym-

pathetic and efficient manner.

The pupils returned in September, 1922, in increased numbers, and for the most part in good physical condition.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOHN A. MARQUIS.

Brantford, November 15th, 1922.

DENTIST'S REPORT

To The Hon. R. H. Grant, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the report of my work in taking care

of the teeth of the pupils for the year ending October 31st, 1922.

During the year all have had their teeth examined and cleaned. At this time I attempt to impress upon them the importance of brushing their teeth daily and keeping them clean.

Twenty boys and nine girls required no further work.

With pupils of this age most of the extracting is that of the deciduous teeth and the first permanent molar. This is the tooth so many parents think is deciduous and is often neglected.

One hundred fillings were inserted for the boys and sixty for the girls.

In connection with this work I have had the most hearty and sympathetic support of the Principal and others of the staff with whom I have come in contact.

Respectfully submitted,

J. R. WILL.

Brantford, January 12th, 1923.

OCULIST'S REPORT

To THE HONOURABLE R. H. GRANT, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour to report the results of the examination of the pupils' eyes for the year 1922.

Thirty-seven new pupils—twenty-three male and fourteen female—were examined for the first time, and a considerable number of the pupils who were examined on previous occasions were looked over again.

Condition of Sight			
	Males	Females	Total
1. Without perception of light in either eye	2	2	4
2. Perception of light in one eye, none in the other	4	1	5
3. Perception of light in both eyes	3	3	6
4. Limited objective vision in one eye	6	4	10
5. Limited objective vision in both eyes	8	4	12
	73	1/1	37
	20	1.2	01

Fifteen of the thirty-seven, almost half, are so deficient in sight as not to be able to distinguish objects, while the sight of the rest, with but few exceptions, is also pretty bad, but yet permits them to find their way around more easily, and thus are of great assistance to the very blind ones in and about the school, not to mention the inestimable assistance to themselves in obtaining their education.

The condition of the eyes in all cases was such that at the present I could not recommend anything that offered a chance of improving the sight, with the exception of a couple who had had cataract operations performed and should be wearing glasses, having formerly worn them, and later for some reason discarded them; these will be attended to.

One boy was found early in the term to have sufficient sight when properly fitted with glasses, which for some reason had never been done before, to be able to obtain his education at public school; the parents were naturally very grateful to have him returned home as a seeing boy.

The average age of the pupils entering is 11.1 years. Comparing this age with the age pupils usually enter public school, say about 6 years, gives an idea of the mistake parents make in holding their blind children back from entering the school when younger, because of the greater difficulties for the blind to obtain an education even with the best facilities, than for those who see. They get just that much less systematic teaching before they must leave the school and consequently about a five-year poorer education than they might have had.

Diseases Causing Blindness			
2200000 0000118 2111411400	Males	Females	Total
Optic Atrophy	4	3	7
	3	2	5
Cataract	3	2	E
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	2	3	3
Injury to one eye followed by Sympathetic			
Ophthalmia in the other	3	1	4
Retinitis Pigmentosa	1	1	2
Injury to both eyes	2		2
	2		2
Choroiditis	4		2
Congenital Coloboma	• •	4	4
Microphthalmus	1		1
Myopia	1		1
Interstitial Keratitis		1	1
Buphthalmus		1	1
	- 1	_	1
Measles	4	• •	1
Uveitis	1		1 4
Neuro-retinitis	1		1
Aniridia	1		1
	23	14	37
	20	2. 2	

There is not much change in the proportion of cases from preventable blindness from last year. Ophthalmia neonatorum five cases, where there absolutely should be none. Injury to one eye followed by sympathetic ophthalmia in the other, four cases. Injury to both eyes, two cases, and both of them from explosion of some sort of ignition caps in the hands of children. Four or five of the cases may possibly be laid at the door of congenital syphilis in some preceding generation, while the rest are the result of congenital imperfections or some cerebral conditions which are yet beyond our control.

There were no changes of note in the sight of the pupils of former years, but their general physique on the whole seemed excellent, and the cosmetic effect of substituting artificial eyes for repulsive appearing diseased and blind

ones in a few cases was very marked.

It was a pleasure to me to perceive the profound gratitude of one of the older pupils for the considerable improvement in sight he received by operation during this term. The results are not complete yet, but certainly already sufficient to warrant the interference.

Respectfully submitted,

B. C. Bell.

Brantford, Ontario, November 28th, 1922.

REPORT ON MUSICAL INSTRUCTION

To THE HONOURABLE R. H. GRANT, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour to present to you, the results of my examination of the practical and theoretical work accomplished by the students of the Ontario

School for the Blind during the past year.

The practical examinations in piano, violin, singing, choral class work, piano and harmonium tuning, were conducted on June 7th and 8th, and the theoretical work on June 10th. The piano students, although much younger than usual, were generally very promising; some ten or eleven of these showed ability beyond their years. The teachers—Mr. Galloway, Miss Smyth and Miss Howell—are to be congratulated on the efficient state of this most important branch of musical study.

I would here recommend that careful attention be given to touch and

technique in the various grades of piano teaching.

I noticed in the playing of some pupils, that the touch was rather hard, and that the phrasing and pedalling were poor.

Piano—In the Introductory Grade, nine pupils were examined and eight passed—two with honours, and one with first-class honours.

In the Elementary Grade of ten, all passed—four with honours.

In the Primary, all seven passed—six with honours.

In the Junior Grade, two passed; and in the Intermediate, one passed.

In the Senior (Diploma) Examination, the one candidate—a young girl student—performed her test pieces in a highly artistic manner. Her tone, technique and interpretation were all excellent. She gained first-class honours with eighty-two marks.

The Violin Class, directed by Miss Jones, was a small one, of first year

students only; two of these passed the Elementary Grade Test.

Singing and Voice Culture. The pupils in this Department were fewer in number than usual. Mr. Galloway, who has experience and ability in training young singers, is already selecting the best of the many good voices available with the idea of giving them special individual instruction.

One Intermediate candidate passed and one Elementary reached the

honour standard.

The School Choral Classes now under Mr. Galloway's direction, are doing good work.

I had the pleasure of listening to several part-songs and choruses, accompanied and unaccompanied. The performance was generally excellent. The tone was bright, the rhythm was well defined and the attack neat and incisive.

There was perhaps a tendency to sacrifice the quality of tone in the effort

made to gain power.

The boys' voices in the junior class, were sweet and the tone well placed. It is evident from the enthusiasm displayed, that the pupils get the keenest

enjoyment out of their choral rehearsals and performances.

At the morning prayer service, the hymn and the National Anthem were sung with great heartiness, and the demeanour of the young people was very reverent—making the service an impressive one.

Tuning. The Piano and Harmonium Tuning Class consists of eleven students, most of whom are in their first year. A number of the older pupils have recently graduated and have secured positions in piano factories and warerooms. One young man, who is a tuner at Shanghai, China, receives \$220 per month for his services. During my visit to the repair shops, the students gave practical illustrations of their ability to tune, regulate and repair, with remarkable ease.

One youth put a short string on a piano in about three minutes.

Here, as in all departments of the Ontario School for the Blind, a more systematic plan of work obtains than was the case a few years ago.

Mr. Ansell deserves a special word of praise for the high efficiency of his

tuning class.

Theory of Music. Thirteen candidates wrote on the Theory (Rudiments) of Music; several gained high marks, but the majority of the papers were weak.

Again, I would suggest that the students in Theory be given two or three test examinations a year, in which they should be encouraged to give their answers in simplest language possible, and not in the exact words of a text-book.

It is satisfactory to know that Mr. Galloway is now organizing a class

for the study of Harmony.

In conclusion, Sir, I would say that the Department of Music in the Ontario

School for the Blind is in a most satisfactory state.

To the Principal, Mr. W. B. Race—whose educational and disciplinary powers are everywhere felt—I offer hearty congratulations on the sure, steady progress made during the past academic year.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Yours obediently,

ALBERT HAM.
Mus. Doc., F.R.C.O.

LITERARY EXAMINER'S REPORT

To The Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P., Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR,—Herewith I submit my report as Literary Examiner at the Ontario School for the Blind for 1922.

Staff

All the staff are duly qualified, with the exception of Miss Patterson, and she informs me that she proposes to take a course of study this summer which will qualify her. Miss Summerby has resigned since my last visit, and her place has been taken by Miss Burns, who seems to be very much interested in the work, and promises success.

Organization and Equipment

The High School classes under the charge of Mr. Cole are making very satisfactory progress, although some of the class of last year have withdrawn since my last visit. I understand, however, that some candidates will take the Entrance examination this year.

The Public School classes are in charge of Mr. Langan and Misses Burns, McGuire, Moffit, Lowry and Patterson. The curriculum has been arranged to correspond very closely with that laid down by the Department in the Course of Study for Public Schools.

The school has been equipped with single adjustable seats, which add greatly to the comfort and convenience of the pupils. I was greatly pleased to see that a suitable Household Science room has been provided and equipped with the most up-to-date electrical equipment.

The classification of the pupils both as to age and ability is the most satisfactory that I have yet seen at the school, and is certainly conducive to the advancement of the pupils.

The enrolment is somewhat larger this year than last and promises to be still larger next year. It will be necessary to provide more class rooms, in order to carry on the work next year as successfully as it has been during the past.

All the teachers are putting forth splendid efforts for the advancement of the pupils and this effort is reciprocated by interest on the part of the pupils.

Pupils' Work

I examined the several classes in the following subjects: Reading, Spelling, Literature, Writing, Grammar, Arithmetic, Physics, Sewing, Knitting, Household Science, Manual Training, and Typewriting.

I found more progress and proficiency in the pupils this year than formerly, and attribute it largely to the improved organization and equipment, and to the increased proficiency of the teachers, which results from experience.

I observe that less attention is given to purely memory work and that the children are being taught to reason. In the Manual Training Departments considerable skill and ability is acquired, e.g., one girl was able to purchase her clothing for this year from the proceeds of work made and sold during the last summer vacation. The increased accommodation in Household Science now permits of sixteen girls receiving instruction. I was glad to note the improved

expression on the part of the pupils. There was a decided improvement in reading and the high standard which I have always found at this school in spelling and arithmetic was maintained this year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. E. C. KILMER.

Brantford, June 12th, 1922.

How shall Parents Manage Their Blind Children in their Early Years at Home and how Bring them up?

If you have a blind child, consider that God has given it to you to be tended with unusual love and care. If you give it proper care and it lives to grow up, it will be a capable and happy human being, who will fill its place in life and will bring comfort to you. But if, on the contrary, you neglect or spoil your child, it will then be a poor bit of humanity, a burden both to you and to itself. Hence attend to the following rules:

1. Treat the blind child exactly as if it were a seeing child, and try as early as possible to make it put its body and mind into action. As soon as it begins to use its hands give it toys to play with. Talk to it, sing to it, and give it toys that make a noise, to attract its attention and arouse its mind.

2. Teach the child to walk at the age when seeing children learn.

3. Do not allow the child to sit long in one place alone and unoccupied; but encourage it to go about the room, in the house, in the yard, and when older, even about the town. Teach it to know by touch all objects around it.

4. As soon as possible teach the child to dress and undress, to wash itself, to comb its hair, to take care of its clothes, and, when at table, to use properly spoon, fork and knife. A blind child can do all these things as well as a seeing child; but you must give it much practice in doing them; because it cannot learn by observation.

5. Watch carefully the child's personal appearance. It cannot see how others act, and so readily acquires habits which are disagreeable to its companions. Some of the most common mannerisms of blind children are rocking the body, twisting the head about, sticking the fingers into the eyes, distorting the face, swinging the arms, stooping and hanging the head in walking and bending over in sitting. As soon as you observe such practices in your child, you should make a vigorous attempt to break them up; for, if they once become habitual, years of schooling may be unable to overcome them.

6. Permit the blind child to play as much as possible with seeing children, and to romp often with them out of doors. Frequently take the child walking, and direct it in some simple physical exercise. If it is obliged to sit still, you should at least give it balls, pebbles, blocks, a doll, a harmonica, or such other

toys as appeal to touch and to hearing.

7. If you would inform your child of the world about it, you must let it touch all the objects that you can get at, and must teach it to appreciate space and distance by actual measurements. To cultivate its sense of touch, let it handle familiar objects, like different woods, plants and coins.

8. Allow the child to take part as early as possible in household duties. Allow it to string buttons or shells; to shell and pick over beans, peas, and nuts; to

clean furniture and kitchen utensils; to wash dishes; to grind the coffee; to peel potatoes; to gather the fruit in the garden; to feed the hens, doves, dog, cat, and other domestic animals. You can also occupy the child pretty well in easy handiwork, such as winding yarn, braiding the hair and in coarse knitting.

9. Speak with your child much and often, for, since it cannot read the loving care which is written on your face, it has special need to hear your voice. Ask the child frequently what it hears or feels, and induce it to ask many questions

as to what is going on around it.

10. Take care what you say before your child; for the blind child is more attentive to all that it hears than the seeing child is, and for this reason retains it better.

11. When in the presence of your child, never indulge in expressions of pity for its blindness, and suffer no one else to do so. Such expressions can only discourage and depress the child. Rather seek to encourage it and keep it engaged in happy activity, in order that it may strive cheerfully and courageously to be independent later in life, and to do without external consolation and assistance.

12. Give the child occasion to exercise its memory. A good memory will later be found invaluable. Have it commit to memory such proverbs, short

poems, and stories as it enjoys.

13. The blind child's moral and religious nature can be developed just as early as the seeing child's.

INFORMATION FOR PARENTS

The following information regarding the aims and objects of the School will be of especial interest to parents who are considering sending their children:

Where It is-What It Is-What It Does

The Ontario School for the Blind was established in 1872, and formally opened in May of that year. The site overlooks the valley of the Grand River, and includes one hundred acres of valuable land. The opportunities afforded to the pupils and other residents of the school for healthful recreation are more than usually ample. No school for the blind in either Great Britain or the United States will compare with this one in that regard. The school is greatly favoured, too, by being within the limits of the City of Brantford, one of the most enterprising in the Province. The city cars pass along St. Paul's Avenue at the entrance to our beautiful park, and radial lines pass on either side in the direction of Paris and Galt. The interest taken by the churches in the welfare of the pupils, the frequent intellectual and musical entertainments to which the latter have access, and the healthful, moral and social conditions generally, all act most favourably on the lives and characters of the young people thus brought in contact with them.

The school was founded for the purpose of imparting general education, as well as instruction in some professional or industrial art to all blind youths of both sexes, between the ages of seven and twenty-one, not being deficient in intellect, and free from disease or physical infirmity. It is not intended as an asylum for the aged or infirm, nor as a hospital for the treatment of disease; but in its design has reference only to the physical, mental, and moral training of blind children.

It is required that all pupils sent to the school should be decently and comfortably clothed, and furnished with a sufficient change and variety of apparel to ensure cleanliness and comfort. A supply sufficient for the term must be furnished or guaranteed before the pupil can be admitted.

The regular session commences on the fourth Wednesday in September, and continues until the third Wednesday in June, at which time every pupil must be removed to his or her ho ne or place of abode. Guides are provided where necessary at the beginning and the end of the school term to look after the safety of children when they are travelling, but parents wishing to have their children with them at the Christmas vacation are expected to make all arrangements for the journey, both going and coming, and to guarantee that they will not be exposed to any contagious disease.

No fee is charged for tuition or board, but parents must pay all travelling expenses to and from school.

Terms of Admission

The term "blind person" is liberally interpreted to mean those who, by reason of actual blindness or impaired or defective vision, are incapable of receiving instruction in the Public Schools. As a matter of fact, about half the pupils have some perception of objects, and have come after trying unsuccessfully to wrestle with the ordinary work of a school for the seeing. In many cases pupils come whose eyesight is in a critical condition from the strain imposed upon it by endeavouring to keep up with seeing pupils.

Pupils are admitted between the ages of seven and twenty-one years, but the rule is flexible enough to be disregarded if in the opinion of the Principal an individual case warrants an exception being made. But pupils must be free from bodily infirmity or mental deficiency.

The Course of Instruction

The courses of study followed in the Ontario School for the Blind are exactly the same as in the Public Schools of the Province, with the single exception of art. Pupils enter, however, at such a variety of ages that our system must be flexible enough to adapt itself to circu nstances. Those who have had a previous training in the first grades of the Public School are given a test and placed in the class for which they are best fitted. But the child of seven or eight years who is attending school for the first time will receive his first lessons in the Kindergarten class, where he will learn all the little handy arts taught in the public Kindergarten schools, such as weaving, sewing, plaiting, and modelling familiar objects in clay. Here he gets his first ideas of music in the Kindergarten songs. Then his physical powers are developed systematically by exercises in a well-warmed and well-ventilated gymnasium. He will devote a short time daily to learning arithmetic, in its elementary stages, and also be taught to read. Arithmetic is rendered easy by use of blocks or other objects, and the alphabet is mastered by the aid of embossed cards. In this way a clever child will, at the end of a session, surprise his friends by the progress, in reading by the touch small words or even sentences, he has made.

As the pupil progresses he will take up new subjects of study in each class. Among these geography, taught by the aid of raised sectional maps, will be one of the most interesting. On these maps our own Province, with its counties, lakes, rivers, railways, cities, towns, etc., is carefully studied. The Dominion, with all its political divisions and geographical features, is mastered. Great Britain, with its commercial centres and other characteristics, is made perfectly familiar to the young pupils; while the United States and the Continents of Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, are all handled in turn on the same principle. That geography can be most successfully taught objectively is admitted. Many are the envious looks cast by public school teachers at our maps.

Natural history is taught with the aid of stuffed birds, animals, reptiles, and fishes. The laws of hygiene are thoroughly impressed upon the minds of the pupils, which naturally tends to the development and maintenance of a robust

and vigorous physical condition.

Blind pupils will, in all essential particulars, hold their own with the highest class in the public schools, while it is probable that they will really have a more complete acquaintance with certain subjects than their seeing competitors, and if a student has higher literary aspirations with a distinctively practical object, he can prepare himself here by fully qualified teachers for University Matriculation.

Music

There is a mistaken impression that the blind are gifted with musical talents to a greater extent than the average of seeing persons. But, as a matter of fact, there is nothing in blindness to quicken musical perceptions. Music is, however, a study particularly adapted to the blind, provided that the pupil has an ear that may be trained, and a musical sense that may be developed and cultivated. Remarkable results are attained, too, from the concentration of the mind on the study, which is easier to a blind person than to a seeing one. Every pupil in the school who can be taught music to reasonable advantage has the opportunity. But to expect us to make an accomplished musician out of a pupil merely because he is blind is absurd. Pupils of our school have passed very creditably the difficult examinations of the Toronto Conservatory of Music and the University of Toronto. Many are reaping the reward, as organists and music teachers, of the instruction they received at our school. That instruction includes the pipe organ, piano, theory, violin, and vocal music, and where the accomplishment is not complete enough to enable the pupil to follow it as a vocation in life, it at least contributes to the pleasure and joy of life, and it is just as important to make people happy as to make them money earners, and music is a powerful agent to that end. Where without such qualifications a blind man or woman might spend a dreary life in listless idleness, he or she may in this way attain a social position many sighted ones will envy.

Blind pupils are taught music just as are seeing ones, by note and by practice. They play just as deftly and correctly as those who have the best vision. The notes are taught in the ordinary way. Then the exercises are dicated by the teacher to the pupil, who writes them in a cipher, consisting of raised dots made with a stylus on stout paper, and so arranged as to constitute the several musical signs. These are read by touch, and the pupil practising at the piano reads with the one hand while he practises with the other, right and left alternately, so that either hand in turn serves for the eyes, and the piece is committed to memory and played over until the teacher is satisfied it is played correctly. Examinations are held annually in both the literary and musical departments by gentlemen of the highest reputation in the respective professions, and the results are fully con-

veyed to the parents.

Typewriting

All well-organized Schools for the Blind make provision for instruction in the use of the typewriter. It supplies the pupils with a convenient means of correspondence very superior to the pencil and grooved card, and its use teaches accuracy and precision in writing and spelling. The use of the dictaphone renders it unnecessary for those who wish to become typists to depend upon shorthand notes, and several of our girls have become quite expert.

Piano Tuning

Special attention is paid to piano tuning, as this vocation is one in which the blind can always excel, and they compete with seeing tuners on equal terms. One can become an excellent tuner without becoming a thoroughly successful pianist, although it is always urged that those who wish to become tuners should become proficient players, for reasons that are obvious. There are altogether thirty-five pianos in the school, as well as an excellent pipe organ, and pupils are taught to understand the mechanism of the instruments. All the pianos used are repaired in the school, and the pupils have the benefit in this way of learning from their instructor much about the structure of the instrument and the execution of such repairs as a tuner is expected to undertake. Pupils graduating from the tuning department receive a complete outfit of tools and a certificate vouching for his qualifications. Many are filling remunerative positions throughout the province.

Manual Training

Under the supervision of an expert instructor the boys are given the same opportunity at manual training as is found in the Public and High Schools, and it is really remarkable how expert they become in the use of tools and in the construction of different articles of woodwork. Cane chair-seating, too, is soon learned, and many of the smaller boys take delight in exhibiting their skill in this respect in their own homes, where the work can be done with little inconvenience. Broom making is also taught, and as brooms are a necessity in every household, lucrative employment has been found for those who select this form of handiwork. But even to those who do not, or are not likely to go permanently into a workshop, there comes such an insight into mechanical methods as may be useful to them in after life.

The Sewing Classes

Under the watchful supervision of a skilled and patient teacher, the girls, whether they choose to adopt music as their profession or not, must follow an outlined course of instruction in sewing. The faculty of passing spare moments delightfully, and of entertaining others with music, vocal or instrumental, is by no means to be deprecated. But the usefulness in the family circle will be complete if, in addition to a delightful accomplishment, the homelier ones of sewing, knitting, fancy-work, and cooking are available, and all these are obtainable by our pupils. Both hand and machine sewing are taught, and not only plain sewing, but every form of work for which the ingenuity of the inventor has supplied an "attachment" to the sewing machine.

Knitting and Fancy Work

The classes in knitting and fancy work afford a rather wider scope for earning money than does the former branch, however useful in a domestic sense the art of sewing may be. The girls buy their own wools, and under the guidance of their teacher, they make knitted articles of every description, which find a ready sale. Many execute orders for friends, who are glad to pay a fair price for the articles. At the great exhibitions on this continent and in Great Britain, both our sewing and knitting room specimens of work have been most favourably commented on.

The Cooking Class

This class is not designed for turning out what are known as professed cooks. To that distinction the most ambitious of our pupils does not aspire. But no one

will deny that, as affecting the health and comfort of the family, cookery takes a first place, and if the blind daughter can cook the dinner, set the table, and wash up the dishes while her sisters mind the store or teach in the school, and the mother performs her numerous matronly duties, the blind girl will be a treasure, and this is what we wish all our blind girls to be.

Our classes in cooking are provided with every facility for acquiring a thor-

ough knowledge of domestic science in all its phases.

Physical Culture—Gymnasium

Given the most healthful surroundings, it is universally admitted that the blind youth needs something more. The robust exercises in which seeing youths indulge and which go so far to develop the muscle and give a tone to the whole system, are almost altogether beyond the reach of the blind. The tendency of blindness is to limit physical exercise and to acquire a generally inactive habit. This manifests itself by a desire to sit down and pass away in idleness moments that could be used with profit to the health and physical development. A wellequipped gymnasium helps to overcome this, and this advantage in our school has a most marked beneficial result. Well warmed and ventilated, the gymnasium can be used at all seasons, and is a splendid place for recreation, even when not needed for systematic instruction. The classes assemble at fixed periods as part of the regular curriculum, and are put through their several exercises according to the perfectly scientific method. In addition to this there are opportunities for recreation out of doors. Slides and swings are provided for both boys and girls, and a running track with wires, to which rings are attached by ropes, enable the pupils to run as fast their legs will carry them without fear of stumbling or getting off the beaten track.

Club Rooms

The boys' club room is fitted up with tables and comfortable chairs, to which they repair at stated times for such games as dominoes, checkers, bagatelle, in all of which they take a great interest. The girls, too, have a sitting-room, in which they have a piano, and may happy moments are spent there after the classes for the day are over, and on holidays.

How the Day is Spent

A brief sketch of the daily life of the pupils will be interesting. The day begins with the ringing of the large bell at 6.30 a.m. That is the signal for every one to be stirring. Pupils must rise, and, after dressing, make their own beds, although some of the smaller boys and girls are unequal to the task, and in the case of others, a certain amount of "tidying" is necessary. Breakfast is at 7.30 after which all pupils must take a morning walk over a prescribed route. At 8.30 the bell summons to the Assembly Hall. The attendance of all is obligatory on this occasion. The National Anthem is sung to the accompaniment of the pipe organ, after which necessary announcements are made by the Principal, and the news of the day in brief is given. The pupils always take a keen delight in this resume of the morning paper, for it keeps them in close touch with current events, and their information is quite up-to-date. A few records from the best artists are then placed on the Victrola, or perhaps a selection is played on the playerpiano, and the day is thus started with the melody of sweet music. The Roman Catholics then retire to a separate room, where a service is conducted by officials of their own communion. For the others, the service conducted by the Principal

consists of hymn singing, Bible reading and prayers. At 9 o'clock the literary, musical, sewing and knitting classes commence, continuing, with an intermission of fifteen minutes, until a quarter to twelve. Dinner is at 12, and classes are resumed at 1.30, continuing until 3.30 or 4 o'clock, when nearly all are at liberty. Supper is at 5.30. At 7 o'clock the very young pupils go to bed, the older ones going to the Assembly Hall for evening reading from the best standard literature available. Letters are then read to the pupils or written for them, and the intermediate pupils retire to the dormitory at 8.30. The older pupils, who in the summer time walk about the grounds, or in the winter play games in their club room, retire for the night at 9.30. On Saturday the younger boys and girls are taken for walks or down town to make purchases, and the older pupils are permitted to go out alone, those who have a slight degree of sight accompanying the totally blind. On Sunday, after the opening prayers, the pupils attend Sunday School classes for an hour in the school, after which everybody goes to church, old and young, under the care of their teachers, the denominations chiefly represented being Anglican, Methodist, Presbyterian and Catholic.

So it will be seen that life in the school is a busy, active life, very different from what the imagination often pictures, and altogether the reverse of that which the blind child or youth is condemned to pass at home. It may safely be affirmed that, allowing for all the defects incidental to their various conditions, and often the lack of an early training it would be hard to find any body of young people in this Province more happy, lively, intelligent and self-respecting than the pupils of

the Ontario School for the Blind.

Domestic Arrangements

The ground floor is devoted to class-rooms, business offices, reception room, etc., etc. On the floor above are teachers' sitting-rooms, and club rooms, practice rooms and library. On the third floor is the large Assembly Hall, with its comfortable opera chairs, its fine pipe organ, and a commodious stage. On the same floor is also the hospital, elaborately equipped, in charge of a well-qualified trained nurse, whose duty it is to take care of those who are sick. In the rear annex are the dining-rooms, domestics' quarters, kitchen, store-rooms and bakery, while beyond these again are the engine-rooms and laundry. The boys' and girls' dormitories are on opposite sides of the main building. In these are to be found the very latest appliances. There are twenty-two rooms in each building for the pupils, each provided with three beds, three clothes closets, and one bureau with three large and three small drawers. The doors are numbered in brass tack point print. Besides the two stories on which the sleeping rooms are located, there are a basement and an attic, with rooms for storage, and every precaution has been used to make the buildings fireproof. In the basement are two large rooms fitted up with shower baths and tub baths, while on the bedroom floors there are several wash rooms and layatories which would be a credit to the finest hotel on the continent.

The manual training room is a large separate building, as is also the building where piano tuning is taught. At a short distance from the main building are the houses of the Superintendent and Bursar. The engineer occupies the lodge house at one of the entrances to the grounds. With two or three exceptions the officers reside on the premises. The general management devolves upon the Superintendent, while the Bursar attends to all financial matters and the purchasing of supplies. The Matron has entire charge of the domestic departments. In addition to the trained nurse there are also two thoroughly competent nurses, one for the boys and one for the girls, whose duties are to look after the clothing

and to report to the head nurse, if necessary, any cases of illness which should

go to the hospital.

The dietary is a very generous one, quite equal to that of any high-class boarding school, if not superior to most. The pupils have a hot dinner daily, with dessert and as great a variety as can be desired. At the same time the pampering of the appetite is discouraged, and pupils so indulged, as is often the case at home, soon learn to enjoy the plain but plentiful and wholesome provision made for them. Watchfulness over the pupils' health and prompt treatment in case of sickness are further secured by a daily visit from the school physician, and once a year at least a well-qualified eye specialist makes an examination of all the pupils' eyes. In addition to this, a thoroughly competent dentist takes care of the teeth of every pupil attending the school.

Correspondence

Pupils may correspond with their friends as often as they please, and once a month it is obligatory on them to do so. On that occasion the postage is provided by the school. All letters received for pupils are supposed to be opened by the Superintendent and handed by him to the respective officers on duty to be read to the receivers. The strictest confidence is observed in regard to the contents of such letters. Money remitted for pupils is placed in the hands of the Bursar, and it can be drawn out when required. This method avoids the risk of money being dropped or lost, with the disagreeable results such accidents are likely to entail.

Vacation

The regular annual session commences on the fourth Wednesday in September, and continues until the third Wednesday in June. Previous to the summer vacation all parents or guardians are notified of the place and hour at which the pupils may be expected to arrive. A similar notice is sent when the pupils reassemble. A guide usually accompanies every party of pupils to their destination. The railway companies grant special rates for the round trip on very liberal terms. It is cause for profound satisfaction that since the school's existence no accident attended with bodily injury has ever befallen a travelling pupil. The care taken by the guides and the very kind and thoughtful attention of the railway officials, who take a friendly interest at all times in the blind traveller, have conduced doubtless to their immunity from harm and danger.

Visitors

Visitors desirous of inspecting the work and methods of the school are welcomed at any time during school hours, and conducted through the building by an attendant. Saturdays and Sundays, however, are closed days. Pupils' friends and relatives are entitled to visit them whenever they please, but the school cannot undertake to provide accommodation for parents whose homes are at a distance.

Inspection and Control

The school is under the direct supervision of the Minister of Education. To him, as the representative of the Government, all the officials are strictly responsible. It is the wish of all connected with the school that everything should be done to enhance the comfort and happiness or aid the progress of the pupils, and thus strengthen the school in the confidence of the public. All applications for admission, or information, should be addressed The Superintendent, Ontario School for the Blind, Brantford.

ONTARIO SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

I.—Attendance each official year since the opening of the School

				Male	Female	Total
Attendance	for portion of ve	ear ended 30th	September, 1872	20	14	34
**	for year ended 3	0th September	1873	44	24	68
4.6	44	our september,	1874	66	46	112
11	4.6	6.6	1875	89	50	139
6.6	4.6	4.6	1876	84	64	148
"	16	4.6	1877	76	72	148
4.6	"	6.6	1878	91	84	175
4.4	6.6	4.6	1879	100	100	200
6.6		6.6	1880	105	93	198
6.6		6.6	1881	103	98	201
6.6	4.6	6.6	1882	94	73	167
4.4	6.6	- 66	1883	88	72	
6.6	6.6	6.6	1884	71	69	160 140
6.6	11	66	1885	86	74	
4.6	**	6.6	1005	93	74	160
4.6	"	4.6	1886	93		164
44	6.6	6.6	1887		62	155
4.6			1888	94	62	156
8.6	66		1889	99	68	167
4.6	11	.66	1890	95	69	164
66	66	66	1891	91	67	158
44	"	4.6	1892	85	70	155
66	6.6	6.6	1893	90	64	154
66	"	6.6	1894	84	66	150
66	166	4.6	1895	82	68	150
66	4.6	44	1896	72	69	141
			1897	76	73	149
66			1898	74	73	147
	. 44	6.6	1899	77	71	148
	4.6	4.6	1900	77	67	144
4.4	6.6	6.6	1901	72	66	138
4.6	6.6	. 66	1902	68	70	138
6.6	4.4	4.6	1903	67	64	131
6.6	4.6	6.6	1904	68	66	134
6.6	. "	4.6	1905	67	74	141
6.6	4.6	4.4	1906	71	76	147
+ 6	6.6	4.4	1907	72	72	144
1.1	6.6	6.6	1908	71	68	139
4.4	6.6	4.6	1909	72	70	142
6.6	. "	31st October,	1910	77	67	144
4.6	11	4.4	1911	76	61	137
6.6	6.6	4.6	1912	69	55	124
6.6	11	4.4	1913	. 62	62	124
6.6	6.6	4.6	1914	65	59	124
6.6	"		1915	70	62	132
4.6	44 '	4.6	1916	82	61	143
6.6	"	6.6	1917	74	53	127
6.6	"	4.6	1918	75	51	126
6.6	4.6	6.6	1919	77	51	128
6.6	66	6.6	1920	81	55	136
66	66	44	1921	87	59	146
6.6	, "	11	1922	96	59	155
					~ ~	200

II.—Age of Pupils for the year ended 31st October, 1922

Years N	lumber	Years	Nun	ıber	Years	
Five		Thirteen			Twenty-one Twenty-two	
Six		Fifteen			Twenty-three	1
Eight		Sixteen			Twenty-four Over twenty-five	
Nine Ten		Eighteen		8		
Eleven		Nineteen Twenty			Total	155

III.—Nationality

Number American 2 Austrian 3 Canadian 60 Danish 1 English 39 Finlander 1	Number Indian 3 Irish 9 Italian 3 Hebrew 1 Norwegian 1 Polish 3	Number Ruthenian 1 Scandinavian 1 Scotch 12 Ukranian 1 Welsh 1
French	Roumanian	Total 155
Number Anglican 39 Baptist 8 Christian Science 1 Hebrew 2	Number Lutheran	Number Ruthenian 2 Total 155
	V.—Occupation of Parents	
Number Accountant 1 Bakers 2 Barber 1 Blacksmith 1 Bookkeepers 2 Bricklayer 1 Butcher 1 Cabinet Makers 2 Carpenters 6 Carters 3 Clerks 4 Coal Dealer 1 Conductor 1 Confectioner 1 Contractors 2 Craneman 1 Dentist 1	Number Electricians 2 Engineer 1 Farmers 40 Foreman 1 Gardeners 2 Grocer 1 Horseman 1 Hotel Man 1 Hunter 1 Janitor 1 Jeweller 1 Labourers 35 Machinists 5 Magistrate 1 Manager 1 Mechanic 1 Merchants 3	Mumber Millers 2 Musician 1 Paper Maker 1 Painter 1 Pedlars 2 Policemen 1 Printer 1 Railway Employees 8 Salesman 1 Sawyers 2 Soldier 1 Stove Mounter 1 Tuner 1 Unknown 3 Total 155

VI.—Cities and Counties from which Pupils were received during the official year ended 31st October, 1922

City or County	Male	Female	Total	City or County	Male	Female	Total
County of Addington District of Algoma City of Belleville. City of Brantford. County of Frontenac. County of Grenville. City of Hamilton. County of Haldimand. County of Huron. City of Kingston. County of Leeds. County of Lincoln. City of London. District of Muskoka. District of Muskoka. District of Nipissing. County of Northumberland. County of Ontario. City of Ottawa. County of Oxford.	1 1 2 2 2 3 1 2 1 3 1 3	1 1 1 3 1	2 1 1 4 1 1 3 2 2 2 4 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	County of Perth City of Peterboro'. County of Renfrew. County of Russell City of Sarnia. County of Simcoe. City of St. Thomas. District of Thunder Bay. City of Toronto. District of Timiskaming. County of Welland. County of Wellington. County of Wellington. County of Windsor. Alberta. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Totals.	2 :: 3 1	2 1 10 1 1 2 1 1 10 7	1 3 2 2 1 3 1 1 25 3 3 2 3 1 15 29 17

VII.—Cities and Counties from which Pupils were received from the opening of the School until 31st October, 1922

County of Addington. 1 1 2 District of Nipissing. 10 8 1 District of Algoma. 10 6 16 County of Northumberland. 6 9 1 County of Brantford. 17 14 31 City of Othario. 10 14 2 City of Belleville. 4 2 6 County of Oxford. 8 14 2 County of Bruce. 10 12 22 District of Parry Sound. 3 . County of Bruce. 10 12 22 District of Parry Sound. 3 . County of Bruce. 10 12 22 District of Parry Sound. 3 . County of Carleton. 2 2 4 County of Perl. 6 11 1 County of Durham. 2 1 3 County of Perth. 6 11 1 County of Elgin. 7 6 13 County of Prescott. 2 2 County o					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
District of Algoma	City or County	Male	Female	Total	City or County	Male	Female	Total
City of Niagara Palis	District of Algoma County of Brant. City of Brantford. City of Belleville County of Bruce. County of Carleton County of Dufferin County of Dufferin County of Dundas. County of Elgin County of Elgin County of Elgin County of Grenville. County of Grenville. County of Grenville. County of Grey City of Guelph County of Haldimand County of Haldimand County of Halton. City of Hamilton County of Harings County of Harings County of Kingston County of Lambton County of Leeds County of Lennox County of Lennox County of Lincoln City of London. County of Middlesex District of Muskoka County of Muskoka County of Norfolk	10 10 17 4 10 2 2 3 3 4 7 15 5 8 8 3 11 4 6 6 2 7 2 4 6 15 15 15 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	6 8 14 2 12 2 11 3 4 6 6 22 5 5 5 3 23 6 6 13 4 4 8 8 8 5 5 4 1 1 3 11 13 4 4 10	16 18 31 6 22 4 3 6 8 13 37 10 10 5 23 9 11 2 10 47 12 28 28 21	County of Northumberland. County of Ontario. City of Ottawa. County of Oxford. District of Parry Sound. County of Peel. County of Perth. County of Peterborough. County of Prince Edward. County of Renfrew. County of Rainy River. City of St. Catharines. City of St. Thomas. City of Stratford. County of Simcoe. County of Toronto. District of Thunder Bay. County of Waterloo. County of Wellington. County of Wellington. County of Wellington. County of Wentworth. County of York. Province of Quebec. Alberta. British Columbia. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. United States.	6 10 27 8 3 4 4 6 6 15 7 7 2 9 9 6 6 1 3 4 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 14 4 11 7 2 2 11 1 7 2 2 2 6 6 4 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 5 9 1 1 1 1 7 1 1 8 4 2 1 1 1 1 3 1 1	18 15 24 31 22 3 6 17 22 9 4 15 10 2 5 6 6 4 2 5 7 7 150 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	City of Niagara Falls		1	1	Totals	669	490	1159

VIII.—Cities and Counties from which Pupils were received who were in Residence on 31st October, 1922

City or County	Male	Female	Total	City or County	Male	Female	Total
Addington. District of Algoma. City of Belleville. City of Brantford. County of Frontenac. County of Grenville. County of Haldimand. City of Hamilton. County of Huron. City of Kingston. County of Leeds. County of Lincoln. City of London. District of Muskoka. District of Nipissing. County of Northumberland. County of Ontario. City of Ottawa.	2 1 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 2 1 2	1 1 1 3 1	1 1 1 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 3 1 5 1	County of Peel County of Perth. City of Peterboro'. County of Renfrew. County of Russell. City of Sarnia. County of Simcoe. City of St. Thomas. City of Toronto. District of Timiskaming. County of Welland. County of Wellington. County of Wentworth. City of Windsor. Alberta. Manitoba. Saskatchewan.	1 1 1 2 3 1 15 1 1 1 3 10 17 10	··· 2 ··· 1 ··· 9 2 2 1 ··· 1 3 8 7	1 1 3 2 1 1 3 1 24 3 3 2 3 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 7
County of Oxford		1	1	Totals	87	54	141

Maintenance Expenditure for the Year ended October 31st, 1922, Compared with the Previous Year.

Service	Expenditure Year ended October 31st, 1921	Expenditure Year ended October 31st, 1922
Medicine and Medical Comforts. Groceries and Provisions. Bedding and Clothing. Fuel, Light and Power. Laundry—Soap and Cleaning. Furniture and Furnishings. Farm and Garden. Repairs and Alterations. Advertising and Printing. Books, Apparatus and Appliances. Pupils' Sittings in Church Y. M. C. A. Memberships. Rent of Hydrants. Water Supply. Inspection of Literary and Musical Classes. Oculist—Care of Eyes. Dental Inspection—Care of Teeth. Musical Instruments, including Supplies. Repairs to Pianos and Organs. Hardware, Paint and Oils. Workshop—Tools and Material. Engineer's Supplies. Models and Outfits. Travelling Expenses. Motor Conveyances and Maintenance. Contingencies. Salaries.	200 00 100 00 160 00 297 66 200 00 171 00 150 50 89 40 77 98 734 55 1,279 59 486 12 71 55 137 63 	\$ c. 422 44 9,377 98 915 05 8,312 42 1,169 44 1,484 45 1,038 59 1,286 26 591 87 1,650 11 200 00 100 00 160 00 630 22 250 00 150 00 163 00 570 46 94 95 442 11 1,395 97 362 81 98 00 451 61 900 00 1,155 65 47,822 84
	\$85,614 88	\$81,196 23
Our Expenditure for the year ended October 31st Less amount of Perquisites and Casual Rever	., 1922	\$81,196 23 14,599 92
Actual Cost of Maintenance		\$66,596 31 130

Certified correct, G. H. RYERSON,

Bursar.

October 31st, 1922.

APPENDIX Y

ONTARIO SCHOOL

FOR

THE DEAF

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR:

I have the honour to submit for your consideration the annual report of the Ontario School for the Deaf for the year ending October 31st, 1922.

The Attendance

The average attendance for the session 1921-22 was 270. This was an increase of 25 over that of the previous year or an increase of 10.2 per cent. The number of pupils on the roll at the close of school in June was 269, and at the reopening in October it was 281, which has since been increased to 292, the largest attendance in the history of the school. Applications now being received would point to a still further increase in the number of pupils in future sessions.

The Expenditure

The net expenditure for the year was \$111,605.09 and that of the year 1920-21 was \$126,615.47, which shows a decrease in net expenditure of \$15,010.38. The total amount of salaries for the year 1920-21 was \$70,296.52, and that for 1921-22 was \$74,842.82, showing an increase in salaries of \$4,546.30. The cost of supplies, etc., for 1920-21 was \$56,318.95, and that for 1921-22 was \$36,762.27, showing a decrease of \$19,556.68. A reduction of \$10,747.16 for "fuel, light and power" accounts for more than half the total reduction and a saving estimated at \$3,000 from a shortened session owing to building operations, still leaves an amount of \$5,809.52 of a reduction in cost of supplies other than "fuel, light and power." Everything that could possibly be done to economize was done to the limit of not lessening the efficiency of the work of the school.

The New Main Building

The new main building is now approaching completion, the greater portion being occupied since the reopening of school on October 1st. This building comprises offices, school rooms, teachers' rest rooms, library, reception room, dining-room and kitchen with the necessary refrigerator rooms and scullery, attendants' dining-room, bakeshop, storeroom and assembly hall. It is well and substantially built and well planned for the work it is intended to do.

The classrooms are of a suitable size and well lighted and are equipped with all appliances necessary in the work of teaching the deaf. The whole building is such that it can be kept in a very sanitary condition and heated at a considerable reduction in the quantity of fuel. The building, without being extravagant, is first-class in every particular, and is a credit to the Province and to the architect, Mr. F. R. Heakes.

The Work of the Session

The school work was carried on during the session 1920-21 in 24 classes with 25 teachers. In October, owing to the large increase in pupils, three additional teachers were engaged, and at present we have 26 classes and a staff of 28 teachers, two teachers doing supervising work. The progress in all classes has been good and the improved organization is showing results. The attendance will likely require still further addition to our teaching staff for the session of 1922-23.

The Convention

The Convention of the American Instructors of the Deaf will be held here

in June, commencing on Monday, June 25th, and closing July 2nd.

It is expected that all the leaders in deaf education in the United States and Canada, along with a good representation from Great Britain, will be in attendance, and that our school will benefit materially by all our staff having an opportunity of being in attendance at the convention.

The report of Mr. H. J. Clarke, literary examiner, and that of Dr. Boyce,

the attending physician, are hereby appended.

Before concluding this report I wish to thank you, Dr. Grant, and the Deputy Minister, Dr. Colquhoun, for the constant courtesy and assistance given me in the management of the school throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your obedient servant,

C. B. Coughlin,
Superintendent

Belleville, November 1st, 1922.

Officers of the School

C. B. Coughlin, MDSuperintendent.
I. W. Pearce
W. W. Bovce, M.D. Physician
J. Chant, M.D
Miss E. A. Willoughby

Teachers

Manual.
Miss G. Linn, Supervising Teacher, Manual
Department.
D. R. Coleman, M.A., Teacher Emeritus.
Mrs. Sylvia C. Balis.
Miss Ada James.
Miss Nina Brown

21	rs
	Oral.
	W. J. Campbell, Supervising Teacher, Senior Oral Department.
	Miss C. Ford, Supervising Teacher, Junior
	Oral Department.
	Geo. F. Stewart.
	E. B. Lally.
	K. C. VanAllen.
	Miss E. Deannard.
	Miss V. G. Handley. Miss L. Carroll.
	Miss E. Nurse.
	Miss B. Sunter.
	Miss B. Rierdon.
	Miss H. A. Stirk.
	Miss E. Panter.
	Miss E. M. Haugh.
	Miss H. M. Dutton.
	Miss Fanny Curry.
	Miss G. Bradley.
	Miss Verne J. Smith.
	Miss Clara Russell.
	Miss Tillie White.
	Miss Clara Blakely.

Miss Mary Coffey. Miss Marjorie Frost. Miss Annie Aitchison.

Mrs. L. G. Williams	Teacher of Sewing.
Miss K. Bawden	Clerk and Stenographer.
	Storekeeper and Assistant Supervisor of Boys.
A. Morrice	Shoemaker and Instructor in Shoemaking.
M. W. Parks	Carpenter and Instructor in Carpentry.
J. N. Boyd	Baker and Instructor in Baking.
J. Spanner	

LITERARY EXAMINER'S REPORT

To the Honourable R. H. Grant, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

SIR:

I have the honour to present herewith my report on the Ontario School

for the Deaf, for the current year.

In accordance with your instructions, I have made a careful inspection of the Literary Classes at the Ontario School for the Deaf, situated at Belleville, the inspection extending over seventeen days. From the fact that the appointment was made somewhat earlier than usual, I was able to so arrange my other duties that I was able to inspect the school twice, with an interval of two months between the inspections. This had two advantages. Being in an earlier part of the term, I saw the actual work of teaching new matter, whereas when the work of inspection comes late in the term, the work is largely review and drill. The interval between the inspections gave me an opportunity of judging progress as I was able to see what had been accomplished in a definite period. I would strongly recommend that, whoever is entrusted with this important work in the future, the appointment be made early in the year, for the two inspections

have an advantage that will be manifest to you. It brings conditions more nearly in harmony with the Public Schools. If one short inspection could be made before Christmas, it would be better still.

This school now enrolls in the Literary Classes 279 pupils, in charge of 24 regular teachers and one supply teacher. There are three subdivisions or departments in the school, namely, the Manual Department, the Senior Oral Department and the Junior Oral Department. In the Manual Department there are 28 pupils with 3 teachers, Miss Linn, Mrs. Balis and Miss James. Miss Linn has a general supervision of the department. In the Senior Oral Department, there are 54 pupils in 5 classes, the teachers being Mr. Campbell, Mr. Stewart, Miss Deannard, Mr. Van Allen, and Miss Sunter. Mr. Campbell is supervisor of this department. The Junior Oral Department is by much the largest department of the school and is under the supervision of Miss C. Ford. There are 197 pupils in this department in 16 classes, the teachers being Miss Carroll, Mr. Lally, Miss Rierdon, Miss Curry, Miss Panter, Miss Stirk, Miss Brown, Miss Bradley, Miss Handley, Miss Nurse, Miss Wilson, Miss Scott, Miss Malcolm, Miss Haugh and Miss Dutton. At Christmas the teaching staff was interrupted by the resignation of Miss I. L. Palen, who resigned to accept a position in the city of Toronto. One of the teachers from the Junior Oral Department, Mr. Van Allen, was placed in charge of her class, and Miss Ford, who is generally fully employed in supervision and training of the new teachers on the staff, took charge of a regular class. This has seriously interrupted the training of the new teachers, but recently Miss Hood, an experienced teacher of the deaf, has joined the staff, and is relieving the teachers-in-training, who are being given as much help as possible by Miss Ford. This has entailed a great deal of extra work on Miss Ford, and at the same time the new members of the staff have not had the usual amount of valuable assistance and instruction from Miss Ford, but they were evidently expert public school teachers before coming here, and have done remarkably good work. I need not say that Miss Ford is an outstanding figure among the expert teachers of the deaf on this continent and probably of the world.

In addition to the Literary Classes referred to above, there are 55 girls being instructed in Cookery by the teacher of Domestic Science; 69 girls are instructed in Sewing; 94 girls are instructed in other departments of Household Science under the term "Practice Work"; 22 boys are being instructed in Manual Training; while in the Industrial Department, 15 boys are taking instruction in the carpenter shop; 16 in the printing office; 14 in the shoe shop; and one in the bakeshop. The larger boys also are instructed in farm work. From the American census which shows that about 37 per cent. of the deaf take up agriculture as a means of livelihood, the importance of this training in agriculture is evident. If they could have more of it, it would be an advantage.

My first inspection was made early in January, when I carefully observed the methods of teaching and the condition of the several classes, and after a period of about two months I again visited the several classes, noting the progress made in the interval. I am pleased to report to you that I find the staff of teachers efficient instructors of the deaf, and that the pupils are proficient in their work as laid down in their course of study, and that the progress is satisfactory. The deportment of these children is in my judgment exemplary.

The course of study embraces practically the four forms of the Public School with the exception of Art, and the introduction of this subject is under consideration. Should the question be raised as to why this or any other subject should not be included, the answer is, that everything cannot be taught in the

time at the disposal of the pupils and teachers, and as the business of the school is to develop the child and give him a command of language that will fit him for life, and put him in a position to continue his education, after he leaves school, should he so desire, the course is designed to give the maximum of development and language. Whether we consider the *training* view, or the *practical* view of education as the more important, neither should be adopted exclusively, and certainly a distinction should not be made in early education. In fact, they cannot be separated, and this staff are trying to so harmonize them that while the essentially human training has its proper share of attention, all that will fit the child for his future work is not neglected wherever it is feasible to aid its cultivation. The education provided by the school, lasting but a few years at most, cannot carry on the work of education to perfection; it can only lead the individual some distance on the road, and give him the power and the disposition to continue by himself after the guidance and encouragement of the teacher are withdrawn. This is the object to which this school aspires.

There are two main methods of teaching the deaf, namely, (1) The manual method, which depends on signs, writing and printing, pictures and the manual The object in view in this method is the mental development of the child, and facility in the use of written language. (2) The oral method. which employs lip-reading, writing and printing, pictures, natural signs, but excludes finger-spelling and theoretical signs. In this method, the aim is facility in speech and in reading the speech of others as it appears on the lips, as well as general development and the use of written language. The phonetic value of the letters are taught, not their names. In the manual method it is claimed that signs are used to awaken the child's thoughts; finger-spelling and writing to express these thoughts in the vernacular; in other words, the latter are used to express English, the former to explain English. In the oral method articulation and lip-reading are chiefly used. There is a third so-called method, the combined method, which, as its name implies, is a combination of the other two. This method rejects no means of teaching. It practically implies the use of manual methods for some and oral methods for others. The manual method has been largely supplanted by other methods. The combined method is used largely in institutions in the United States, but not to any extent in day schools. In this school, the manual department is taught by manual methods of course, and the oral departments by a method patterned after the Northampton School, which is an oral school. In a school with a manual department, it may readily be seen that a "pure oral" method would not be feasible. I have no intention of entering into a discussion on the merits of the several methods, for there are strong advocates of all three methods. I will, however, say that the methods used here are bringing results, and this is the test of a good method.

I was particularly interested, at this inspection, with the work in "visible speech." Visible speech is a method of representing speech sounds by means of diagrams depicting the shape of the mouth parts in uttering them. There are twenty diagrams or signs, by the use of which deaf mutes have been taught to pronounce difficult words in an unknown language. The system was first made known by A. M. Bell in 1867 in his book, "Visible Speech." Instruction has been given here for years using extended drawings of the mouth-parts, but this is the first time I have noticed definite classes in this system. Since September, Miss Deannard, who is a most efficient teacher of the deaf, has been giving instruction in this system to the three senior classes, having in view the correction and perfecting of the speech of these older pupils. I am very pleased to testify to the marked improvement that I saw. You will recollect that when, with Mrs. Grant and the deputation from the Legislature, you visited this school

last autumn you were shown some of this work. I believe that you were favourably impressed with what you saw. I can say that you would see much better work now.

The new school building is nearing completion, and it is a credit to the Province of Ontario. While money has not been wasted on extravagances neither has it been withheld in such a way as to impair the structure for the purpose for which it is intended. It is a beautiful school, well designed and well finished. Pupils and staff are anxiously looking forward to the day, in the near future, when they will begin classes under conditions that must inspire the best efforts of both, for while the building does not make the school, it goes a long way towards creating the spirit that does make a school.

I must apologize for extending this report to this unexpected length, but it seemed unavoidable. And, in conclusion, let me express my deep appreciation of your confidence in entrusting me with this work for this, the fifteenth time.

I have the honour to be,

Sir, Your obedient servant,

H. J. CLARKE,

Inspector of Public Schools,

South Hastings, Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville, March 24th, 1923.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT

TO THE HONOURABLE R. H. GRANT, M.P.P.,

Minister of Education for Ontario.

STR:

I have the honour to present my report on the health of the Ontario School for the Deaf for the session 1921-22.

An inspection of the school in the early days of the session found a number of children requiring medical attention, due to general debility, caries of teeth, skin infections, eye troubles, impaired vision, and others constitutionally feeble. Under medical attention, these pupils were soon able for school duties.

In November we had an outbreak of diphtheria, six cases in all. They were promptly quarantined and all available means used to prevent any spreading of the disease.

In March we had an epidemic of whooping cough, 25 cases in all. It continued on until May. Some were severe and complicated cases, but all recovered and were able to return home at the close of school.

Other sickness which required special attention was pneumonia, 5; chorea, 3; heart disease, 3; enlarged tonsils and adenoids, 10; tonsillitis, 16; rhinitis, 3; jaundice, 5; fractured arm, 1; disease of the bone, 1; typhoid fever, 1; severe wound of forearm severing tendons at wrist, 1.

Besides the cases herein reported we had about the average of general ailments, such as gastro-intestinal disorders, la grippe, colds, minor injuries, etc., etc.

Among the staff there has been some sickness, but not more than the average, the institution nurse being very ill for some considerable time.

The health of the school at close of the session was very satisfactory.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. W. Boyce.

Belleville, November 1st, 1922.

List of Pupils in the Ontario School for the Deaf for the Year Ending, October 31, 1922

List of Pupils in the Ontario Sch	nool for the	Deaf for the Year Ending	g, October 31, 192
County, etc P.O. A	ddress	County, etc.	P.O. Address
Algoma District: Donovan, EllenSault Ste Webb, KathleenDayton. Alberta, Province of: Girduckis, HelenBurfield. Mandzink, AntonSmoky L. Vance, GladysWellsdale	ake.	Elgin: Eames, Carl Gwalter, Kathleen Fawcett, George Lawrence, Jean Stoner, Irene Wonnacott, Nellie Whalls, Maxwell	. St. Thomas West Lorne St. Thomas St. Thomas Aylmer.
, said y	•	within, maxwell	ingai.
Brant: Black, Nellie	d. ge. ge. d.	Frontenac: Godfrey, Delpha Smith, Marie Wood, Alonzo* Grey: Grimoldby, Clifford Henderson, Harvey Kinsman, Mary	Kingston. Cataraqui. Owen Sound. Owen Sound.
Bruce: Cronkwright, ClaraChesley.		Snell, Ruby	
Crowe, RobertDobbinto	n.	II-14:4.	
McKee, MaudPinkertor Rourke, MelvilleTara. Thompson, RobertLucknow	1.	Haldimand: Foster, Dorothy Foster, Sylvia Foster, Irene	Dunnville. Dunnville.
Carleton:		Foster, Kurven	. Dunnville.
Brigham, MurrayOttawa. Carriere, JosephOttawa.		Laform, John Maw, Harris	. Caledonia.
Cecchini, JamesOttawa. Christy, JamesBlackbur	n	Halton:	76.75 * 1 .
Delinelle, LaurettaOttawa.		Cust, Morley Patterson, Lewis	
Fagan, FrancesOttawa.			
Garvin, Jean Ottawa. Little, Sadie Ottawa. Pittaway, Audrey Ottawa. Quinn, Carman Ottawa. Radmore, Frank Ottawa. Simpson, Ian Ottawa. Towns, Dora Ottawa.		Hastings: Coles, Clifford. Coles, Irene. Bowers, Clarence. Fox, Arnold. Guy, Lawrence. Ingram, Nellie. Liddle, Pearl.	. Belleville. . Foxboro. . Moira. . Belleville. . Faraday.
Dundas: Dixon, FredWinchest	er.	Lafreniere, Edith Partrick, Margaret Roberts, John H	Otter Creek. Trenton.
Dufferin: Boyle, LizzieWaldema	ır.	Robbins, Cecil Shaw, Vera	. Belleville. . Trenton.
Boyle, JohnWaldema	r.	Schwager, Albert Scott, Bruce	
Smith, Gordon Riverview Sherritt, Susie Corbetton	v. n.	Waldron, Arthur Whalen, Mary A Yerrow, Bruce	. Trenton Point Anne.
Essex: Andrews, KennethWindsor.			
Fairful, MaisieLeamingt Agopsouriez, HelenaWindsor. Agopsouriez, BogdanWindsor.	con.	Huron: Bell, Elwood Laporte, Dennis	. Goderich. . Zurich.
Bostnari, GeorgeFord. Greenwood, WmWindsor.		Kenora District:	
Kowalewich, SteveWindsor. Krick, WillieLeamingt		McMillan, Hugh	. Kenora.
Krick, NormanLeamingt	on.	Kent:	C1 .11
Mazzali, Emma Windsor.		Antaya, Roy Brewer, Blanche	. Chatham. . Bothwell.
Maitre, Margaret Sandwich Maitre, Loretta Sandwich	lo.	Dubois, Madeline	. Wallaceburg.
Maitre, EvelynSandwich	l.	DeShetler, Franklin Goodison, Ada	. Paincourt.
Maitre, DonatSandwich O'Connor, CleonWindsor.		Healey, Dorothy	. Wheatley.
Sanders, AlmaWindsor.		Iulien Ioseph	Wheatley.
Standish, DorothyEssex. Suddy, FredWindsor.		Roberts, John E Rechie, Napoleon	. Chatham.

List of Pupils in the Ontario School for the Deaf (Continued)

. Dist of 1 up.	ns in the Ontario s	enour or the Dear (Contin	(ded)
County, etc.	P.O. Address	County, etc.	P.O. Address
Lanark: Dart, Grace	Smith's Falls.	Ontario.—Continued Luke, Elsie	Brooklin
Rathwell, Charles		Scott, Walter	.Sunderland.
Wenzel, Doris	Lanark.	Toyne, Nellie	
Leeds:		Wilton, Leslie	. Claremont.
Bishop, Ethel		Prince Edward:	
Cloutier, Edmour	Brockville.	Harris, Mary	. Picton.
Lambton:		Perth:	
Batty, Blanche Batty, June	Sarnia.	Eickemeyer, Norman	. Monkton.
Johnston, Olive	Sarnia.	Parry Sound:	
Jackson, Myrel	Oil Springs.	Bagby, Florence	
Jackson, Leone Henderson, Gordon	Sarnia.	Hurtubise, Archie Rayburn, Winnifred	
McMillen, Douglas	Sarnia.	Windsor, George	. Callander.
Pembleton, Anna Volk, Mildred		Young, Édna	Trout Creek.
Kemper, Stewart		Peel:	
Lincoln:		Davey, John Elliott, Madeline	
Harrison, Jack	Grimsby.	Dillott, Wadeline	. Doiton.
McMillan, Duncan Thornton, Lloyd	St. Catharines.	Peterborough:	Poterborough
Watson, Bert	St. Catharines.	Farrance, James Gerow, Estella	. Peterborough.
Middlesex:		Gerow, Albert	. Peterborough.
Bosley, Wilfred	London.	Meyett, Charles Meyett, Frances	
Bradshaw, Carl	London.	McMillan, Ean	.Havelock.
Eager, Mary		Richardson, Herbert	. Keene.
Hodgins, Albert	London.	Prescott:	
Hutchison, Wm Smith, Wesley		Gwynne, Stuart	. Hawkesbury.
Summers, Moses	Muncey.	Quebec, Province of:	
Nottage, Audrey	London.	Joyce, Andrew Pye, Rodger	. Quyon. . Windsor.
Muskoka District:	n n		
Franklin, Elmer	Foote's Bay.	Renfrew: Coules, Michael	Renfrew.
Nipissing District:		Dick, Alton	. Renfrew.
Anderson, Julia	North Bay.	Hunter, George Hunter, Raymond	
Hanna, Abraham Jassan, Nichola	Coniston.	Hunter, Clifford	.Renfrew.
Trottier, Antonia	North Bay.	Jette, Lemay	Pembroke.
Yandeau, Garfield	Madawaska,	Larocque, Cyril Schneider, Milton	
Norfolk:		Scully, Mamie	
Davis, Florence	Simcoe.	Sleeth, Gordon	. Douglas.
Northumberland:		Rainy River District: Olson, Alma	Shenston
Parker, Mary		Simpson, Norine	Rainy River.
LaBrash, Francis Mulvaney, Leo	Cobourg.	Simpson, Zona	.Rainy River.
Tait, William	Port Hope.	Love, Jack	. Dai wick.
Smith, Isabella	Cobourg,	Simcoe: Bowen, Esther	Cookstown
Oxford:		Bowen, Margaret	. Cookstown.
Groves, Russell	Ingersoll.	Bowen, Roy Green, Jean	Orillia
Miller, Willie	Tavistock.	Rivet, Douglas	. Midland.
Wilson, Arnold	Princeton.	Powell, Harold Sloan, Harry	Lisle.
Youngs, Cylene	Embro.	Sloan, Wallace	. Lefroy.
Ontario:	Whithy	Tudhope, Catherine Wheat, Dorothy	.Orillia.
Ballagh, Edith Gura, Nicky		Wright, Elsie	

List of Pupils in the Ontario School for the Deaf (Continued)

List of Pu	pils in the Untario	School for the Deaf (Contin	nued)
County, etc.	P.O. Address	County, etc.	P.O. Address
Stormont:		York.—Continued.	
Benedict, Rose	. Cornwall,	Breeze, Frank	Toronto
Campbell, Mary	. Avonmore.	Buchan, Caroline	Toronto
Ingle, Agnes	. Cornwall,	Bennett, Charles	Toronto
Latour, Rene	.Cornwall.	Brown, Leonard	. Toronto.
Boileau, Gervais	. Cornwall.	Buckle, Oscar	. Toronto.
		Breen, Doris	Long Branch
Sudbury District:		Burlie, Willie	. Toronto.
Bealer, Frank	. Copper Cliff	Bellamy, Edith	.Toronto.
Legrandeur, Victor	.St. Charles.	Carman, Phillip	. Toronto.
Martel, Lorenzo	.Sudbury.	Clark, Gladys	. Toronto.
Toppazzini, Albert	. Copper Cliff.	Daniels, Walter	. Toronto.
		Davey, Charles	Toronto.
Thunder Bay District:		Dine, George	. Toronto.
Thompson, Jean	.Fort William.	Ducker, Freida	Mount Dennis.
		Deyell, Bob	. Toronto.
Timiskaming District:		Davis, Thelma	Toronto.
Audet, Alcide	.Cobalt.	Egginton, Maud	. Toronto.
Brent, Margaret		Egginton, Gwendoline	Toronto.
Leo, Rosa	. Cobalt.	Egginton, Victor	. Toronto.
Morton, William	.Cobalt.	Ford, Raymond	.Humber Bay.
Curtis, William	. I immins.	Freedman, Sarah	. Toronto.
Whalen, Mary	. New Liskeard.	Goulding, Tom	. Toronto.
Victoria		Goldman, Joe	Toronto.
Victoria: Burke, Thelma	Lindage	Glasner, Morris	Toronto.
Brandon, William	Kinmount	Glennie, Alexander Graham, Dorothy	Toronto
McNish, Helen	Kirkfield	Herman, Jack	
Patrick, Nellie	I indeay	Gale, Mary	
action, avoido,	· Limasay ·	Kendall, Harold	Toronto
Wellington:		Kelcey, Lillian	. Toronto.
Chambers, Pearl	. Rockwood.	Lee, Charlie	. Toronto.
Johnston, Viola	.Drayton.	Laforte, Augustine	. Toronto.
Borth, Carl	. Moorefield.	Laforte, Isabella	Toronto.
,		Laughlin, Nellie	Toronto.
Wentworth:		Lawrence, Jack	Toronto.
Armes, Dennis	.Hamilton.	Lockett, Freda	Lambton Mills.
Bluestein, Shina	. Hamilton.	Maiola, Lorenzo	Toronto.
Gorman, Walter		Malinsky, Rosie	
Bartkiewicz, Helen		Malinsky, Louis	Toronto.
Dennis, Harry		Morton, Ruth	I oronto.
Hacking, Willie		McGovern, William	Toronto.
Holt, Nathan	. Hamilton.	McGovern, Elizabeth.	Vinc.
Moreland, Jack	Lamilton.	McCallum, Duncan	Toronto
Murtell, Čecil	Hamilton,	Natale, May Osborne, Iona	
Maule, Rona	Hamilton.	Petch, Lera	Millikens
Peel, Douglas	Hamilton.	Pack, Sydney	
Webb, Gordon	Hamilton.	Rank, Joffre	
WCDD, Cordon		Roach, Lawrence	
Welland:		Robinson, Charles	Toronto.
Anthony, Jessie	.Bridgeburg.	Roberts, Florence	. Toronto.
Hulett, Virginia	. Niagara Falls	Richardson, Gordon	. Toronto.
Tryon, William	. Welland.	Stothers, Alva	. Toronto.
		Sole, Erna	. Toronto.
Waterloo:		Smith, Norma	. Toronto.
Durrant, Evelyn		Storks, Doreen	. Toronto.
Gartung, Gertrude	.Kitchener.	Scuse, Irvine	
Graf, Emma	. Kitchener.	Strasser, Anna Scott, Willie	Toronto
Hirons, George	. waterioo.	Miller, Abie	Toronto.
Jantzi, Amanda	Now Hamburg	Matthews, James	Toronto.
Klinkman, Mary	Witchener	Mondel, Morris	. Toronto.
Kube, Laura Wagler, Elmina	Raden	Reid, Elizabeth	
wagier, Ellillia	. Daden.	Tate, James	. Toronto.
York:		Tweedie, Lorena	. Toronto.
Angus, Jack	. Toronto.	Tettman, Gladys	. Toronto.
Abrams, Willie	. Toronto.	Thomson, Daphne	. Toronto.
Blais, Gladys	. Toronto.	Wall, Nettie	. Toronto.
Baillie, Dorothy	. Toronto.	Wall, Sydney	.Toronto.
Brooks, James	. Toronto.	Wraight, Lucy	. Toronto

Number of Pupils in Attendance each Official Year since the Opening of the School

			Period.			Male	Female	Total
From	October 2	27th, 1870	, to Septembe	er 30th,	1871	64	36	100
66	"	1st, 1871	·* "	,	1872	97	52	149
66	66	1872	"		1873	130	63	193
66	66	1873			1874	145	. 76	221
66	66	1874	66		1875	155	83	238
66	66	1875			1876	160	96	256
66	66	1876	"		1877	167	104	271
66	66	1877	"		1878	166	111	277
66	66	1878	"		1879	164	105	269
66	66	1879			1880	162	119	281
66	66	1880			1881	164	132	296
66	66	1881			1882	165	138	303
66	66	1882			1883	158	135	293
66	66	1883			1884	156	130	286
66	66	1884			1885	168	116	284
66	66	1885			1886	161	112	273
66	66	1886			1887	151	113	264
66	46	1887			1888	156	109	265
66	66	1888			1889	153	121	274
66	66	1889			1890	159	132	291
66		1890			1891	166	130	296
46	66	1891			1892	158	127	285
66	66	1892			1893	162	136	298
66	66	1893			1894	158	137	295
66	66	1894			1895	160	135	295
66	46	1895			1896	173	137	310
66	66	1896			1897	164	128	292
66	. 66	1897			1898	167	138	305
66	66	1898			1899	161	132	293
66	66	1899			1900	153	130	283
66	66	1900			1901	157	143	300
66	66	1901	7		1902	147	141	288
66	66	1902			1903	140	143	283
66	66	1903			1904	137	134	271
66	66	1904			1905	130	138	268
66	66	1905			1906	116	143	259
66	66	1906			1907	126	145	271
66	66	1907			1908	133	143	276
66	66	1908	to October	31st	1909	130	151	281
66	November	r 1st, 1909		O I DC,	1910	143	149	292
66	"	1910			1911	138	143	281
66	66	1911			1912	135	126	261
66	66	1912			1913	139	129	268
66	66	1913			1914	152	144	296
66	66	1914			1915	156	160	316
66	66	1915			1916	158	152	310
66	66	1916			1917	145	148	293
66	66	1917	,		1018	143	147	290
66	4.6	1917	,		1918 1919	137	140	277
66	66	1910				143	134	277
66	66	1919	9		1920	153	147	300
66	66	1920	9		1921	173	147	320
		1921	,		1922	173	147	320

Cost per Pupil, School for the Deaf, Years Ending October 31st, 1921 and 1922

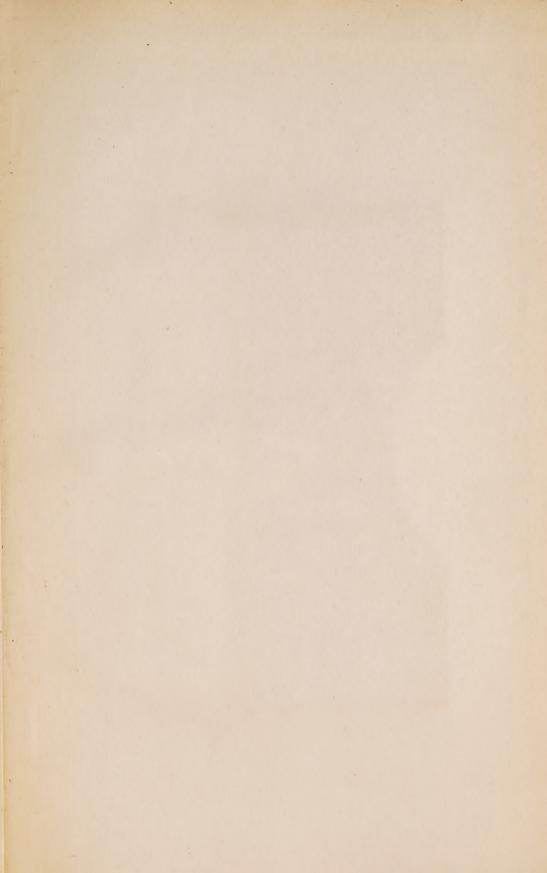
	er	l ië	1	I is	1 :	
Heading of Expenditure	Total expenditure year ending October 31st, 1921	Yearly cost per pupil October 31st, 1921	Weekly cost per pupil October 31st, 1921	Total expenditure year ending October 31st, 1922	Yearly cost per pupil October 31st, 1922	Weekly cost per pupil October 31st, 1922
Medical department. General groceries Bedding and clothing. Fuel, light and power Laundry, soap and cleaning. Furniture and furnishings. Farm, feed, etc. Repairs and alterations. Advertising, stationery and postage. Books and apparatus.	\$ c. 278 85 22,621 24 1,563 79 29,720 71 1,497 66 1,222 10 454 17 1,811 97 825 98 1,656 71	\$ c. 1 13 92 33 6 38 121 31 6 11 4 99 1 85 7 40	\$ c. 02 1 77 12 2 33 11 09 03 14	\$ c. 399 60 16,275 09 1,001 82 18,973 55 1,625 55 628 32 666 61 773 13 895 66	\$ c. 1 48 60 28 3 71 70 27 6 02 2 33 2 47 2 86 3 32	\$ c. 03 1 16 07 1 35 12 04 04 05 06
Musical instruments and office equipment. Sewage works. Water supply. Travelling expenses. Lumber for seats, etc. Lumber, hardware, etc. Supplies for boiler room. Classroom supplies.	219 05 306 35 900 00 558 06 266 65 999 95 176 63 498 12	90 1 25 3 67 2 28 1 09 4 08 72 2 03	01 02 07 04 02 08 01	3 16 108 00 1,141 67 491 09 165 48 947 70 289 38 193 04	40 4 23 1 82 61 3 51	08 04 02 06 02
Transportation and expenses, indigent pupils. Excess railway fares. Miscellaneous. Salaries and wages. Wages extra painters, carpenters, etc.	19 10 146 05 1,747 25 69,318 52 978 00	282 93	00 01 13 5 44		32 5 47 277 19	01 11 5 33
Total expenditure	137,786 91 11,171 44	562 39 45 59	10 74			
Net expenditure	126,615 47	516 79		111,605 09		

Average number of pupils, 1920-21, 245. Annual cost per pupil, \$516.79. Weekly cost per pupil, \$10.58. Average number of pupils, 1921-22, 270. Annual cost per pupil, \$413.35. Weekly cost per pupil, \$7.94.

Certified correct,

J. W. PEARCE, Bursar.







Gox. Doc. Title Report of the Minister of Education, 1922. Author Ontario. Education, Dept. of

University of Toronto
Library

DO NOT
REMOVE
THE
CARD
FROM
THIS
POCKET

Acme Library Card Pocket
Under Pat. "Ref. Index File"
Made by LIBRARY BUREAU